Pin-Compatible, Low-Dropout, 120 mA Linear Regulator

Delivering up to 120 mA, the MAX8863 is a fixed output, low–dropout linear regulator that operates from a +2.5 V to +6.0 V input range. The 50 μ A supply current remains independent of load, making these devices ideal for battery–operated portable equipment.

The output of the MAX8863 is preset at 3.15 V, 2.84 V, 2.80 V or 1.80 V. (Other output voltage options are available – contact ON Semiconductor for more information.) The MAX8863 is pin–compatible with the Maxim MAX8863 LDO and is available in the SOT–23–5 package.

Features

- Low Cost
- Pin–Compatible with MAX8863
- Stable with Any Type of Capacitors
- Low, 55 mV Dropout Voltage @ 50 mA IOUT
- Low, 50 µA Operating Supply Current (Even in Dropout)
- 140 µsec (Typ.) Turn–On Response Time from SHDN
- Low, 350 µV_{RMS} Output Noise
- Miniature External Components
- Thermal Overload Protection
- Output Current Limit
- Low-Power Shutdown Mode

Applications

- Cordless, PCS, and Cellular Telephones
- PCMCIA Cards
- Modems
- Hand–Held Instruments
- Palmtop Computers
- Electronic Planners

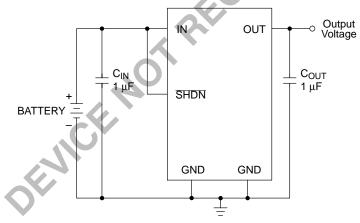
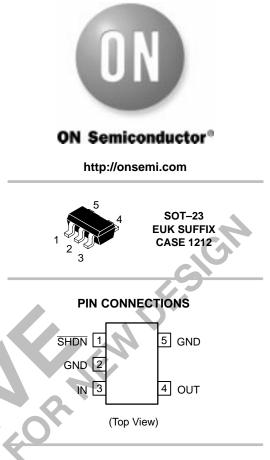


Figure 1. Typical Application



ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 9 of this data sheet.

DEVICE MARKING INFORMATION

See general marking information in the device marking section on page 9 of this data sheet.

MME

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

| R | ating | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Input Voltage | | _ | 6.5 | V |
| Output Short–Circuit Duration | | - | Infinite | - |
| SET to GND | | - | - 0.3 to +6.5 | V |
| SHDN to GND | | - | - 6.5 to + 6.5 | V |
| SHDN to IN | | _ | -6.5 to + 0.3 | V |
| Output Voltage | Output Voltage | | –0.3 to V _{IN} + 0.3 | V |
| Continuous Power Dissipation (SOT–23–5 (Derate 7.1 mW/°C | , , | - | 571 | mW |
| Operating Temperature Range | | T _A | -40 to 85 | °C |
| Storage Temperature Range | | T _{stg} | -65 to +160 | °C |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 1 | 0 Sec.) | - | +300 | O°C |
| ESD Withstand Voltage | Human Body Model (Note 1) | V _{ESD} | >2000 | V |
| Latch–Up Performance (Note 2) | Positive Negative | I _{LATCH-UP} | 420 240 | mA |

*Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_{IN} = +3.6 V, GND = 0 V, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 3)

| Characteristics | Test Conditions | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------------------|--|------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Input Voltage (Note 4) | $V_{OUT} \ge 2.5 V$ $V_{OUT} = 1.8 V$ | V _{IN} | V _{OUT} + 0.5 V 2.7 | - | 6.0 6.0 | V |
| Output Voltage | 0 mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 50 mA T S R Q | Vout | 3.05 2.75 2.70 1.745 | 3.15 2.84 2.80 1.80 | 3.25 2.93 2.88 1.85 | V |
| Maximum Output Current | - | I _{ОUT} | 120 | - | - | mA |
| Current Limit (Note 5) | | I _{LIM} | - | 280 | - | mA |
| Input Current | $I_{OUT} = 0$ | l _{IN} | - | 50 | 90 | μΑ |
| Dropout Voltage (Note 6) | I _{OUT} = 1.0 mA I _{OUT} = 50 mA I _{OUT} = 100 mA | - | - - - | 1.1 55 110 | _ 120 240 | mV |
| Line Regulation | V _{IN} = V _{OUT} + 0.5 V to 6.0 V I _{OUT} = 1.0 mA | ΔV_{LNR} | -0.10 - | .001 _ | 0.10 | %/V |
| Load Regulation | I _{OUT} = 0 mA to 50 mA | ΔV_{LDR} | - | 0.01 | 0.040 | %/mA |
| Output Voltage Noise | 10 Hz to 1.0 MHz C _{OUT} = 1.0 μF C _{OUT} = 100 μF | - | | 350 220 | | μV _{RMS} |
| Wake Up Time (from Shutdown Mode) | $V_{IN} = 3.6 V$ $C_{IN} = 1.0 \mu F, C_{OUT} = 1.0 \mu F$ $I_L = 30 mA, (See Fig. 1)$ | t _{WK} | - | 10 | - | μsec |
| Settling Time (from Shutdown Mode) | $\label{eq:VIN} \begin{array}{l} V_{IN} = 3.6 \ V \\ C_{IN} = 1.0 \ \mu\text{F}, \ C_{OUT} = 1.0 \ \mu\text{F} \\ I_L = 30 \ \text{mA}, \ (\text{See Fig. 1}) \end{array}$ | t _S | - | 140 | - | μsec |

1. Tested to EIA/JESD22-A114-A

2. Tested to EIA/JESD78

Limits are 100% production tested at T_A = +25°C. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed through correlation using Statistical Quality Control (SQC) Methods.

4. Guaranteed by line regulation test.

5. Not tested. For design purposes, the current limit should be considered 150 mA minimum to 410 mA maximum.

6. The dropout voltage is defined as $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$ when V_{OUT} is 100 mV below the value of V_{OUT} for $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 2.0$ V.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued) (V_{IN} = +3.6 V, GND = 0 V, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 7)

| Characteristics | Test Conditions | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|----------|--------------|----------|------|
| Shutdown | | - | | | | • |
| SHDN Input Threshold | _ | V _{IH} V _{IL} | 2.0 _ | | _ 0.4 | V |
| SHDN Input Bias Current | $V_{SHDN} = V_{IN}$ $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_A = T_{MAX}$ | I _{SHDN} | | 0 50 | 100 - | nA |
| Shutdown Supply Current | $V_{OUT} = 0 V$ $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_A = T_{MAX}$ | IQSHDN | | .002 0.02 | 1.0 | μΑ |
| Shutdown to Output Discharge Delay | C _{OUT} = 1.0 μF, No Load to 10% of V _{OUT} | - | - | 1.0 | - | msec |
| Thermal Protection | | | | | | 5 |
| Thermal Shutdown Temperature | - | T _{SHDN} | - | 170 | E | °C |

Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis– ΔT_{SHDN} –20°C

 Limits are 100% production tested at T_A = +25°C. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed through correlation using Statistical Quality Control (SQC) Methods.

PIN DESCRIPTION

| | Symbol | Description | | | | |
|-----|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | SHDN | Active–Low Shutdown Input. A logic low reduces the supply current to 0.1 nA. A logic low also causes the output voltage to discharge to GND. Connect to IN for normal operation. | | | | |
| 2 | GND | Ground. This pin also functions as a heatsink. Solder to large pads or the circuit board ground plane to maximize thermal dissipation. | | | | |
| 3 | IN | Regulator Input. Supply voltage can range from +2.5 V (+2.7 V for V_{OUT} = 1.8 V) to +6.0 V. Bypass w 1.0 μ F to GND (see <i>Capacitor Selection and Regulator Stability</i>). | | | | |
| 4 | OUT | Regulator Output. Sources up to 120 mA. Bypass with a 1.0 μ F, < 1.0 Ω typical ESR capacitor to GN | | | | |
| 5 | GND | Connect to GND. | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| OEV | CEN | Connect to GND. | | | | |

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The MAX8863 is a fixed output, low-dropout, low-quiescent current linear regulator designed specifically for portable, battery-operated equipment such as cellular phones, cordless phones, and modems. A 1.20 V reference, error amplifier, MOSFET driver, P-channel pass transistor, comparator, and internal feedback voltage divider comprise the MAX8863 (see Figure 3).

The bandgap reference is connected to the error amplifier's inverting input. The error amplifier then compares the reference with the selected feedback voltage and amplifies the difference. The MOSFET driver, reading the error signal, applies the correct drive to the P–channel pass transistor. If the feedback voltage is lower than the reference, the pass–transistor is pulled lower to allow more current through, and to increase the output voltage. Conversely, if the feedback voltage is higher than the reference, the pass–transistor is pulled up, which allows less current through to the output.

Turn On Response

The turn on response is defined as two separate response categories, Wake Up Time (t_{WK}) and Settling Time (t_S) .

The MAX8863 has a fast Wake Up Time (10 μ sec typical) when released from shutdown. See Figure 2 for the **Wake Up Time** designated as **t**_{WK}. The **Wake Up Time** is defined as the time it takes for the output to rise to 2.0% of the V_{OUT} value after being released from shutdown.

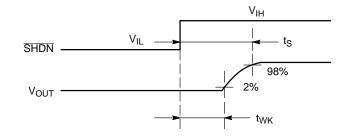
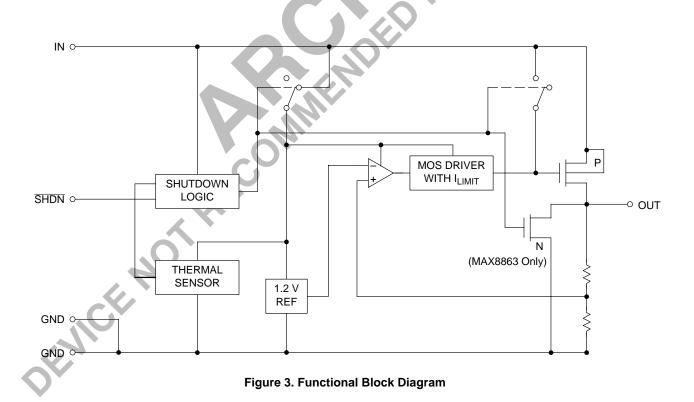


Figure 2. Wake Up Response Time

The total turn on response is defined as the **Settling Time** (t_S), see Figure 2. **Settling Time** (inclusive with t_{WK}) is defined as the condition when the output is within 2.0% of its fully enabled value (140 µsec typical) when released from shutdown. The settling time of the output voltage is dependent on load conditions and output capacitance on V_{OUT} (RC response).

Internal P–Channel Pass Transistor

Featuring a 1.1 Ω P-channel MOSFET pass transistor, the MAX8863 offers longer battery life than similar designs using PNP pass transistors, which waste current in dropout when the pass transistor saturates. PNP-based regulators also use high base-drive currents under large loads. The P-channel MOSFET, however, does not require a base drive current, which reduces quiescent current. The MAX8863 uses only 50 μ A of quiescent current.



Shutdown

Low input on $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ shuts down the MAX8863 by turning off the pass transistor, control circuit, reference, and all biases. This reduces the supply current to 0.1 nA, typical. For normal operation, connect $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ to IN. When the MAX8863 is placed in shutdown mode, the output voltage is actively discharged to ground.

Current Limit

The current limiter on the MAX8863 monitors and controls the pass transistor's gate voltage. It estimates the output current, limiting it to 280 mA. The current limit should be considered 150 mA (min) to 410 mA (max) for design purposes. The output can be shorted to ground indefinitely without damaging the device.

Thermal Overload Protection

The MAX8863 features thermal overload protection, which limits total power dissipation. The thermal sensor signals the shutdown logic to turn off the pass transistor when the junction temperature exceeds $T_J = +170^{\circ}$ C. This allows the IC's junction temperature to cool by 20°C before the thermal sensor turns the pass transistor back on. This results in a pulsed output during continuous thermal overload conditions.

This feature is designed to protect the MAX8863 during thermal events. High load currents and high input–output differential voltages may cause a momentary overshoot of 2.0% to 8.0% for 200 msec when the load is removed. This can be avoided by raising the minimum load current from $0 \,\mu\text{A}$ (+125°C) to 100 μA (+150°C). The maximum junction temperature rating of +150°C should not be exceeded for continuous operation.

Operating Region and Power Dissipation

The MAX8863's maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of the case and circuit board, the rate of air flow, and the temperature difference between the die junction and ambient air. The devices' power dissipation is $P = I_{OUT} (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$; resulting maximum power dissipation is:

$$\mathsf{P}_{MAX} = (\mathsf{T}_J - \mathsf{T}_A) / \Theta_{JA}$$

where $(T_J - T_A)$ is the temperature difference between the devices' die junction and the surrounding air, and Θ_{JA} is the thermal resistance of the chosen package to the surrounding air.

The devices' GND pin provides an electrical connection to ground and channels heat away. The GND pin should be connected to ground with a large pad or ground plane.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Capacitor Selection and Regulator Stability

A 1.0 μ F capacitor on the input, and a 1.0 μ F capacitor on the output should generally be used on the MAX8863. For better supply–noise rejection and transient response, larger input capacitor values and lower ESR should be used. If the device is several inches from the power source or if large, fast transients are expected, a higher–value input capacitor (10 μ F) may be required.

Using large output capacitors may improve load–transient response, stability, and power–supply rejection. A minimum of 1.0 μ F is recommended for stable operation over the full temperature range with load currents up to 120 mA.

Noise

During normal operation, the MAX8863 have low $(350 \,\mu V_{RMS})$ output noise. The ADC's power–supply rejection specifications should be considered for applications that include analog–to–digital converters of greater than 12 bits.

Power–Supply Rejection and Operation from Sources Other than Batteries

Power–supply rejection for the MAX8863 is 62 dB at low frequencies, rolling off above 300 Hz. Power supply noise rejection is primarily controlled by the output capacitor at frequencies of more than 20 KHz.

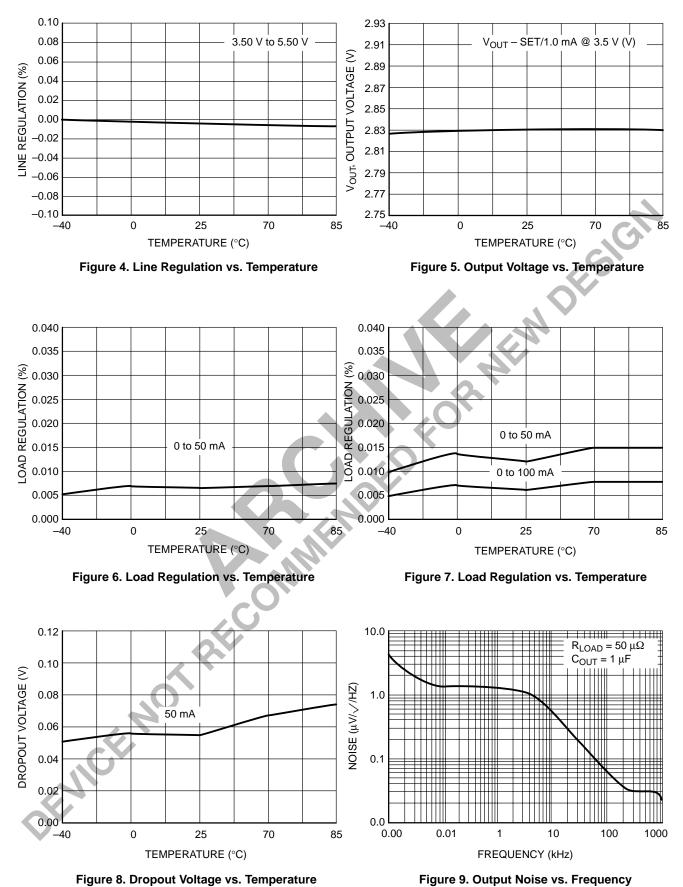
Supply noise rejection and transient response can be improved when operating from sources other than batteries by increasing the values of the input and output capacitors, and using passive filtering techniques.

Load Transient Considerations

With the MAX8863, typical overshoot for step changes in the load current from 0 mA to 50 mA is 12 mV. To lessen transient spikes, increase the output capacitor's value, and decrease its ESR.

Input–Output (Dropout) Voltage

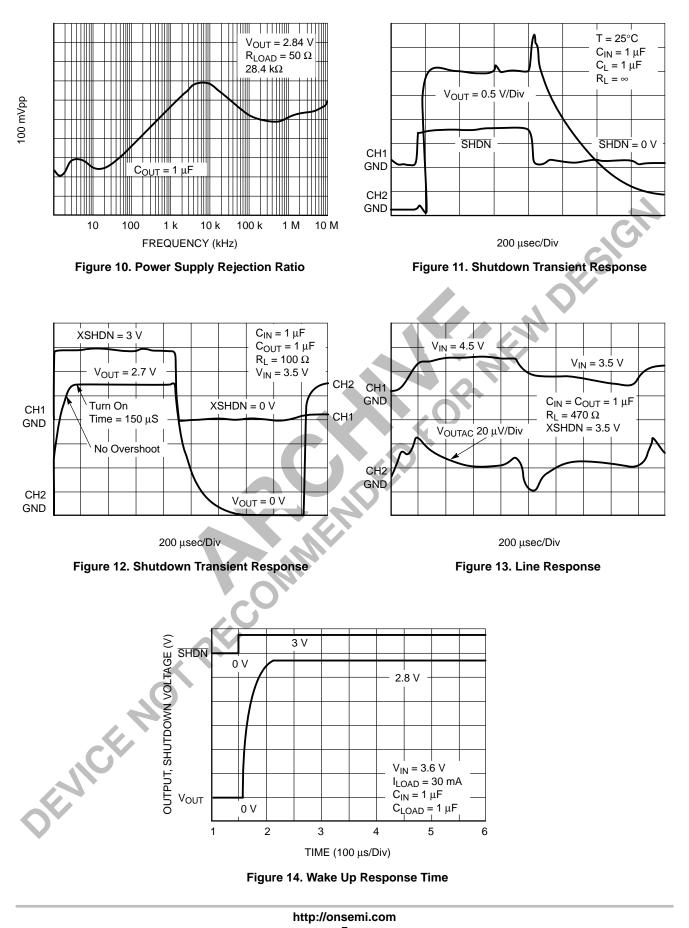
A regulator's dropout voltage determines the lowest usable supply voltage. This determines the useful end–of–life battery voltage for battery–powered systems. Since the MAX8863 uses a P–channel MOSFET pass transistor, the devices' dropout voltage is a function of $R_{DS(ON)}$ multiplied by the load current.



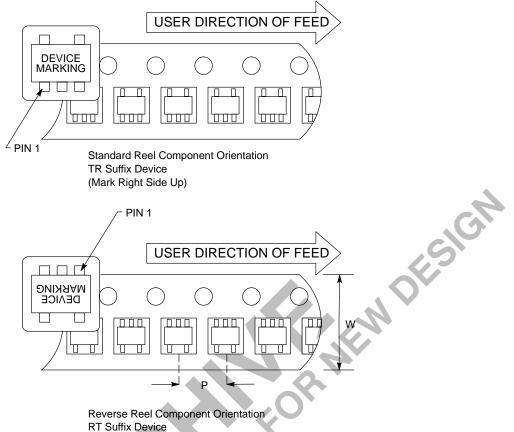
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

http://onsemi.com

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



Component Taping Orientation for 5-Pin SOT-23 Devices



(Mark Upside Down)

| | Package | Carrier Width (W) | Pitch (P) | Part Per Full Reel | Reel Size |
|-----|---------|-------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|
| | SOT-23 | 8 mm | 4 mm | 3000 | 7 inches |
| | | | | 11 | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | .0 | | | | |
| | NO | | | | |
| | CENO | | | | |
| | CENO | | | | |
| | ICE NO | | | | |
| OEV | ICE NO | | | | |

MARKING DIAGRAM



(1) and (2) = Two Letter Part Number Codes + Temperature Range and Voltage

(3) = Year and Quarter Code

(4) = Lot ID Number

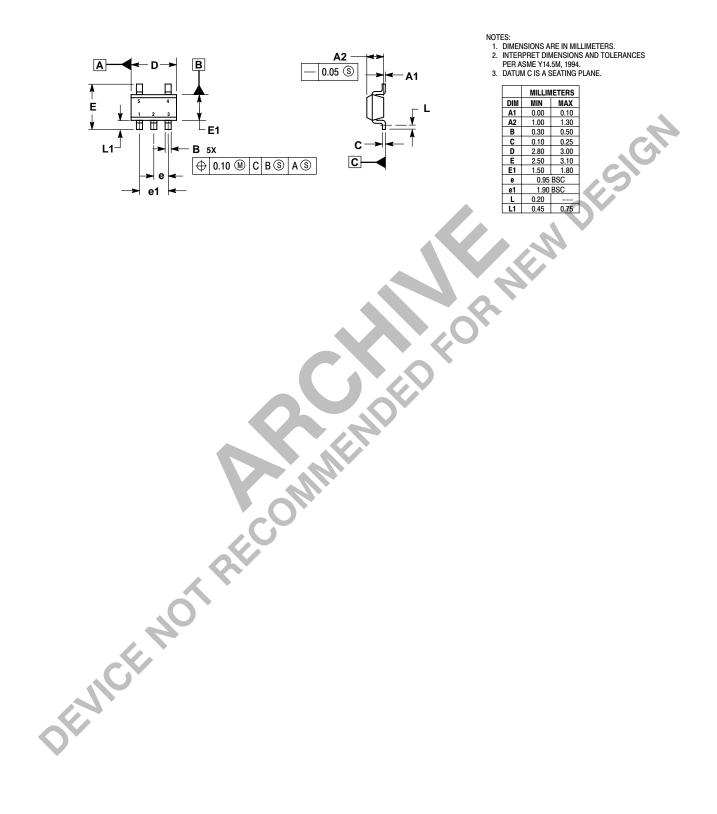
ORDERING INFORMATION

•

| Device | Output Voltage* | Marking ① and ② | Package | Junction Temperature Range | Shipping |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|-------------------------------|------------------|
| MAX8863QEUK-T | 1.80 | G4 | | | |
| MAX8863REUK-T | 2.80 | G3 | | | |
| MAX8863SEUK-T | 2.84 | G2 | SOT-23 | -40°C to +85°C | 3000 Tape & Reel |
| MAX8863TEUK-T | 3.15 | G1 | | | |
| Other output voltages are avai | | | | | |

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOT-23 EUK SUFFIX CASE 1212-01 ISSUE O



Notes

DEWCE NOT RECOMMENDED FOR MENDESIGN http://onsemi.com

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