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TPS22919

SLVSEN5B-OCTOBER 2018-REVISED MAY 2019

# TPS22919 5.5 V, 1.5 A, 90-m $\Omega$ Self-Protected Load Switch with Controlled Rise Time

Technical

Documents

## 1 Features

- Input operating voltage range (V<sub>IN</sub>): 1.6 V to 5.5 V
- Maximum continuous current (I<sub>MAX</sub>): 1.5 A
- On-Resistance (R<sub>ON</sub>):
  - 5-V V<sub>IN</sub>: 89 m $\Omega$  (typical)
  - 3.6-V V<sub>IN</sub>: 90 m $\Omega$  (typical)
  - 1.8-V V<sub>IN</sub>: 105 mΩ (typical)
- Output short protection (I<sub>SC</sub>): 3 A (typical)
- Low power consumption:
  - ON state (I<sub>Q</sub>): 8 μA (typical)
    - OFF state (I<sub>SD</sub>): 2 nA (typical)
- Smart ON pin pull down (R<sub>PD</sub>):
  - − ON ≥  $V_{IH}$  ( $I_{ON}$ ): 100 nA (maximum)
  - ON  $\leq V_{IL}$  (R<sub>PD</sub>): 530 k $\Omega$  (typical)
- Slow Turn ON timing to limit inrush current (t<sub>ON</sub>):
  - 5.0 V Turn ON time (t\_ON): 1.95 ms at 3.2 mV/ $\mu s$
  - 3.6 V Turn ON time (t<sub>ON</sub>): 1.75 ms at 2.7 mV/μs
  - 1.8 V Turn ON time (t<sub>ON</sub>):
     1.5 ms at 1.8 mV/μs
- Adjustable output discharge and fall time:
  - Internal QOD resistance = 24  $\Omega$  (typical)

## 2 Applications

Tools &

Software

- Personal electronics
- Set top box
- HDTV
- Multi function printer

## 3 Description

The TPS22919 device is a small, single channel load switch with controlled slew rate. The device contains an N-channel MOSFET that can operate over an input voltage range of 1.6 V to 5.5 V and can support a maximum continuous current of 1.5 A.

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The switch ON state is controlled by a digital input that is capable of interfacing directly with low-voltage control signals. When power is first applied, a Smart Pull Down is used to keep the ON pin from floating until system sequencing is complete. Once the pin is deliberately driven High (>V<sub>IH</sub>), the Smart Pull Down will be disconnected to prevent unnecessary power loss.

The TPS22919 load switch is also self-protected, meaning that it will protect itself from short circuit events on the output of the device. It also has thermal shutdown to prevent any damage from overheating.

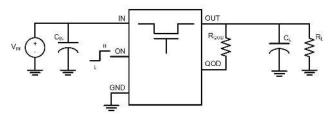
TPS22919 is available in a standard SC-70 package characterized for operation over a junction temperature range of -40°C to 125°C.

#### **Device Information**<sup>(1)</sup>

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS22919DCK	SC-70 (6)	2.1 mm × 2.0 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

#### Simplified Schematic



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# 4 Revision History

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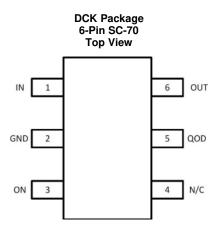


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#### TPS22919 SLVSEN5B – OCTOBER 2018 – REVISED MAY 2019

# 5 Pin Configuration and Functions



#### **Pin Functions**

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME	1/0	DESCRIPTION
1	IN	I	Switch input.
2	GND	—	Device ground.
3	ON	I	Active high switch control input. Do not leave floating.
4	NC	_	No connect pin, leave floating.
5	QOD	0	<ul> <li>Quick Output Discharge pin. This functionality can be enabled in one of three ways.</li> <li>Placing an external resistor between VOUT and QOD</li> <li>Tying QOD directly to VOUT and using the internal resistor value (R<sub>PD</sub>)</li> <li>Disabling QOD by leaving pin floating</li> <li>See the <i>Fall Time (t<sub>FALL</sub>) and Quick Output Discharge (QOD)</i> section for more information.</li> </ul>
6	VOUT	0	Switch output.

## 6 Specifications

#### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IN</sub>	Maximum Input Voltage Range	-0.3	6	V
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Maximum Output Voltage Range	-0.3	6	V
V <sub>ON</sub>	Maximum ON Pin Voltage Range	-0.3	6	V
V <sub>QOD</sub>	Maximum QOD Pin Voltage Range	-0.3	6	V
I <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Continuous Current		1.5	А
I <sub>PLS</sub>	Maximum Pulsed Current (2 ms, 2% Duty Cycle)		2.5	А
TJ	Junction temperature	Internally Limit	ed	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C
T <sub>LEAD</sub>	Maximum Lead Temperature (10 s soldering time)		300	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Rating may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Condition. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, allpins <sup>(1)</sup>	±2000	V
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specificationJESD22-C101, all pins <sup>(2)</sup>	±1000	v

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Manufacturing with less is possible with the necessary precautions. Pins listed may actually have higher performance.

## 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage Range	1.6	5.5	V
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage Range	0	5.5	V
VIH	ON Pin High Voltage Range	1	5.5	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	ON Pin Low Voltage Range	0	0.35	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient Temperature	-40	105	°C

#### 6.4 Thermal Information

		TPS22919	
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	DCK (SC-70)	UNIT
		PINS	
$R_{ heta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	210.7	°C/W
R <sub>0JC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	142.0	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	69.0	°C/W
$\Psi_{JT}$	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	52.7	°C/W
$\Psi_{JB}$	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	68.8	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

#### 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

Typical values at VIN = 3.6V unless otherwise specified

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	ONDITIONS	TJ	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Sup	ply (VIN)							
			0	25°C		8	15	μA
IQ, VIN	VIN Quiescent Current	V <sub>ON</sub> ≥ V <sub>IH</sub> , VOUT	= Open	-40°C to 125°C			20	μA
	VIN Chutdown Current	$I_{OUT} = -200 \text{ mA}$ $V_{II}$ $V_{II} = -200 \text{ mA}$ $V_{II}$ $V_{II}$ $V_{II} = -200 \text{ mA}$ $V_{II}$ $V_{II}$ $V_{II} = -200 \text{ mA}$	CND	25°C		2	20	nA
SD, VIN	VIN Shutdown Current	$v_{ON} \leq v_{IL}, v_{OUI}$	= GND	-40°C to 125°C			800	nA
ON-Resis	tance (RON)							
				25°C		89	125	mΩ
R <sub>ON</sub> ON-Resistant ON-Resistant R <sub>ON</sub> Contput Short I <sub>SC</sub> V <sub>SC</sub> t <sub>SC</sub> T <sub>SD</sub> Enable Pin (C I <sub>ON</sub> R <sub>PD, ON</sub> Quick-output Resident			V <sub>IN</sub> = 5 V	-40°C to 85°C			150	mΩ
			$v_{IN} = 5 v$	-40°C to 105°C			175	mΩ
				-40°C to 125°C			200	mΩ
				25°C		90	150	mΩ
D	ON-State Resistance	L _ 200 mA	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.6 V	-40°C to 85°C			200	mΩ
R <sub>ON</sub>	ON-State nesistance	$I_{OUT} = -200 \text{ mA}$		-40°C to 105°C			225	mΩ
				-40°C to 125°C			250	mΩ
				25°C		105	300	mΩ
			V _ 1 8 V	-40°C to 85°C			400	mΩ
	$\frac{-40^{\circ}\text{C to } 105^{\circ}\text{C}}{-40^{\circ}\text{C to } 125^{\circ}\text{C}} = \frac{225}{-40^{\circ}\text{C to } 125^{\circ}\text{C}} = \frac{225}{-40^{\circ}\text{C to } 125^{\circ}\text{C}} = \frac{225}{-40^{\circ}\text{C to } 125^{\circ}\text{C}} = \frac{255^{\circ}\text{C}}{-40^{\circ}\text{C to } 125^{\circ}\text{C}} = \frac{255^{\circ}\text{C}}{-40^{\circ}\text{C to } 105^{\circ}\text{C}} = \frac{255^{\circ}\text{C}}{-40^{\circ}\text{C to } 125^{\circ}\text{C}} = \frac{255^{\circ}\text{C}}{-40^{\circ}C to$		VIN - 1.0 V	-40°C to 105°C			450	mΩ
		500	mΩ					
Output Sh	nort Protection (ISC)				T			
امم	Short Circuit Current Limit	$V_{OUT} \le V_{IN} - 1.5$	V	-40°C to 125°C		3		Α
isc		$V_{OUT} \le V_{SC}$		-40°C to 125°C	30	500	900	mA
V <sub>SC</sub>	Output Short Detection Threshold	V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub>		-40°C to 125°C	0.3	0.36	0.46	V
t <sub>SC</sub>	Output Short Reponse Time		V, 10m $\Omega$ short	-40°C to 125°C		2		μs
т	Thermal Shutdown			Rising		180		°C
ISD				Falling		145		°C
Enable Pi	n (ON)							
I <sub>ON</sub>	ON Pin Leakage	$V_{ON} \ge V_{IH}$		-40°C to 125°C			100	nA
R <sub>PD, ON</sub>	Smart Pull Down Resistance	$V_{ON} \le V_{IL}$		-40°C to 125°C		530		kΩ
Quick-out	tput Discharge (QOD)				-			
R <sub>PD, QOD</sub>	QOD Pin Internal Discharge Resistance	$V_{ON} \le V_{IL}$		-40°C to 125°C		24	_	Ω

## 6.6 Switching Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted, the typical characteristics in the following table apply to an input voltage of 3.6V, an ambient temperature of 25°C, and a load of CL = 0.1  $\mu$ F, RL = 100  $\Omega$ 

I	PARAMETER	TES	ST CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
		VIN = 5.0 V			1950		μs
t <sub>ON</sub>	Turn ON Time	VIN = 3.6 V			1750		μs
		VIN = 1.8 V			1500		μs
		VIN = 5.0 V			1280		μs
t <sub>R</sub>	Output Rise Time	VIN = 3.6 V			1100		μs
ч		VIN = 1.8 V			750		μs
		VIN = 5.0 V			3.2		mV/μs
SR <sub>ON</sub>	Turn ON Slew Rate	VIN = 3.6 V			2.7		mV/μs
	Tialo	VIN = 1.8 V			1.8		mV/μs
t <sub>OFF</sub>	Turn OFF Time	VIN = 1.8 V to 5.0V	$R_L = 100\Omega, C_L = 0.1 uF$		6		μs

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## Switching Characteristics (continued)

Unless otherwise noted, the typical characteristics in the following table apply to an input voltage of 3.6V, an ambient temperature of 25°C, and a load of CL = 0.1  $\mu$ F, RL = 100  $\Omega$ 

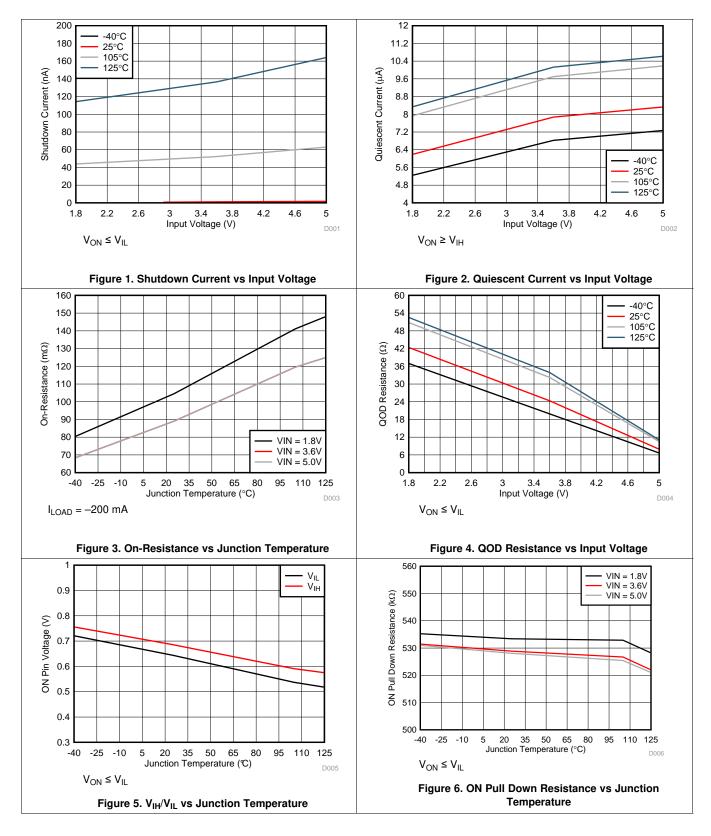
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT	
t <sub>FALL</sub>	Output Fall Time	$R_L = 100\Omega$	$C_L = 0.1 \mu F$ , $R_{QOD} = Short$		10		μs	
		Output Fall Time $R_L = Open^{(2)}$		$C_L = 10 \mu F, R_{QOD} = Short$		0.4		ms
			R <sub>L</sub> = Open <sup>(2)</sup>	$C_L = 10 \mu F, R_{QOD} = 100 \Omega$		3.5		ms
			$C_L = 100 \mu F, R_{QOD} = Short$		4		ms	

(1) Output may not discharge completely if QOD is not connected to VOUT

(2) See the Timing Application section for information on how R<sub>L</sub> and C<sub>L</sub> affect Fall Time.

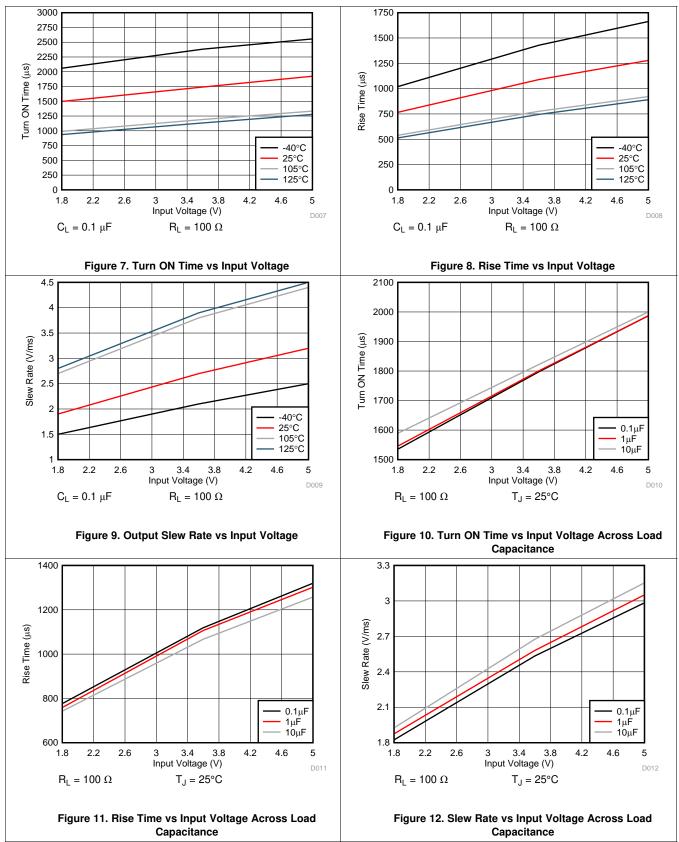


## 6.7 Typical Characteristics



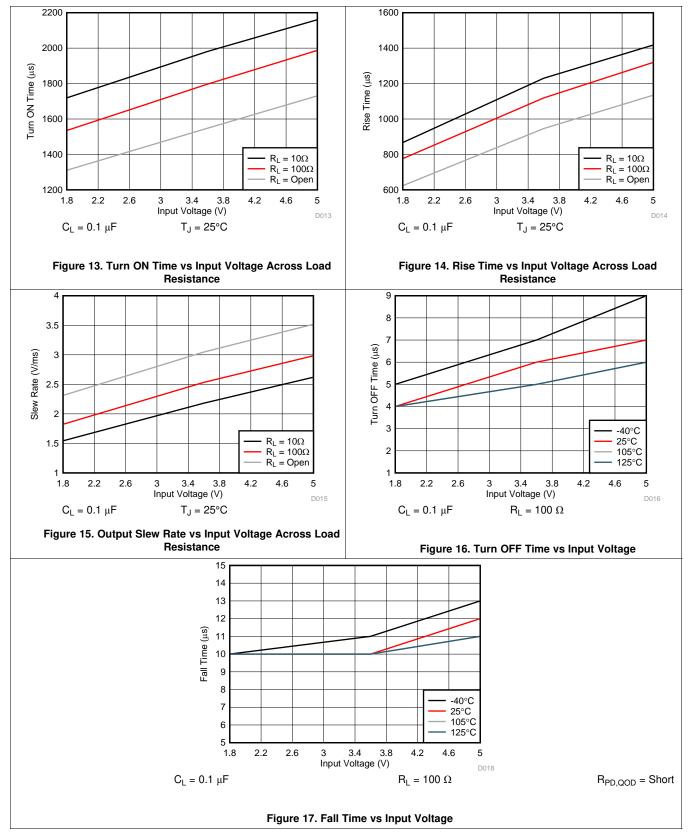


#### **Typical Characteristics (continued)**



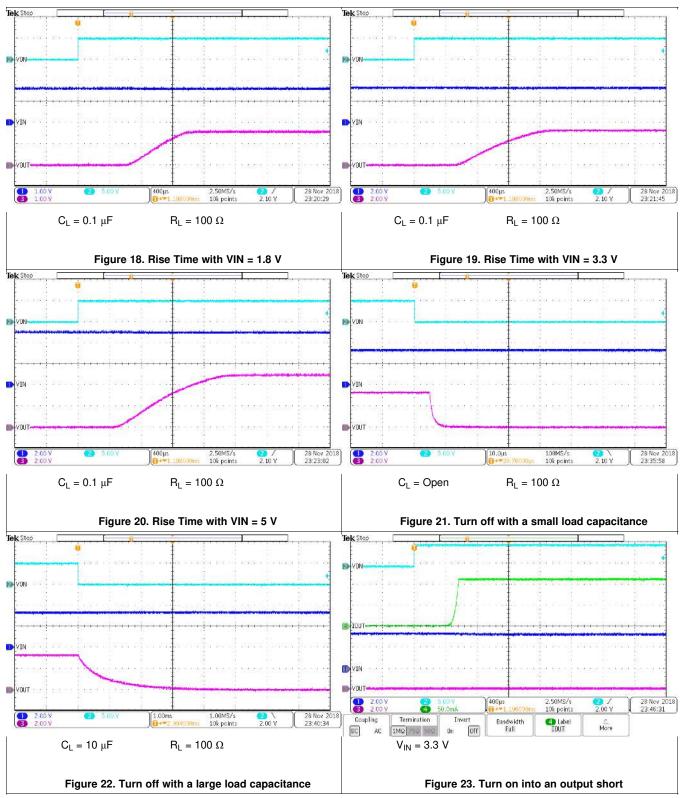


## **Typical Characteristics (continued)**



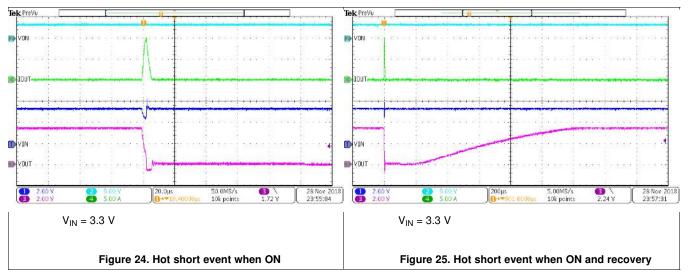


#### **Typical Characteristics (continued)**



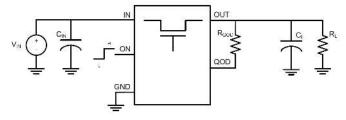


## **Typical Characteristics (continued)**



## 7 Parameter Measurement Information

#### 7.1 Test Circuit and Timing Waveforms Diagrams



- (1) Rise and fall times of the control signal are 100 ns
- (2) Turn-off times and fall times are dependent on the time constant at the load. For the TPS22919 devices, the internal pull-down resistance QOD is enabled when the switch is disabled. The time constant is  $(R_{QOD} + R_{PD,QOD} || R_L) \times C_L$ .

Figure 26. Test Circuit

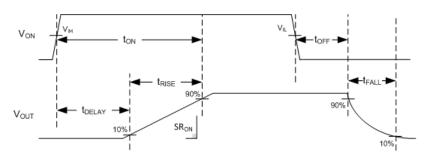


Figure 27. Timing Waveforms



## 8 Detailed Description

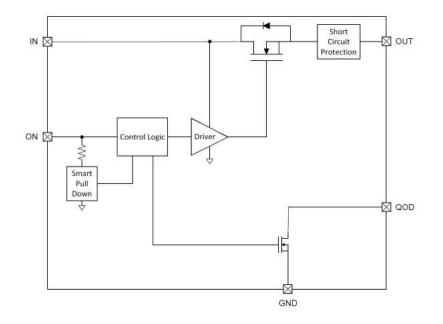
#### 8.1 Overview

The TPS22919 device is a 5.5-V, 1.5-A load switch in a 6-pin SOT-23 package. To reduce voltage drop for low voltage and high current rails, the device implements a low resistance N-channel MOSFET which reduces the drop out voltage across the device.

The TPS22919 device has a slow slew rate which helps reduce or eliminate power supply droop because of large inrush currents. Furthermore, the device features a QOD pin, which allows the configuration of the discharge rate of VOUT once the switch is disabled. During shutdown, the device has very low leakage currents, thereby reducing unnecessary leakages for downstream modules during standby. Integrated control logic, driver, charge pump, and output discharge FET eliminates the need for any external components which reduces solution size and bill of materials (BOM) count.

The TPS22919 load switch is also self-protected, meaning that it will protect itself from short circuit events on the output of the device. It also has thermal shutdown to prevent any damage from overheating.

#### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram





#### 8.3 Feature Description

#### 8.3.1 On and Off Control

The ON pin controls the state of the switch. The ON pin is compatible with standard GPIO logic threshold so it can be used in a wide variety of applications. When power is first applied to VIN, a Smart Pull Down is used to keep the ON pin from floating until the system sequencing is complete. Once the ON pin is deliberately driven high ( $\geq V_{IH}$ ), the Smart Pull Down is disconnected to prevent unnecessary power loss. See Table 1 when the ON Pin Smart Pull Down is active.

VON	Pull Down
≤ V <sub>IL</sub>	Connected
≥ V <sub>IH</sub>	Disconnected

#### Table 1. Smart-ON Pull Down

#### 8.3.2 Output Short Circuit Protection (I<sub>SC</sub>)

The device will limit current to the output in case of output shorts. When a short occurs, the large VIN to VOUT voltage drop causes the switch to limit the output current ( $I_{SC}$ ) within ( $t_{SC}$ ). When the output is below the hard short threshold ( $V_{SC}$ ), a lower limit is used to minimize the power dissipation while the fault is present. The device will continue to limit the current until it reaches its thermal shutdown temperature. At this time, the device will turn off until its temperature has lowered by the thermal hysteresis (35°C typical) before turning on again.

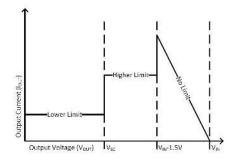


Figure 28. Output Short Circuit Current Limit

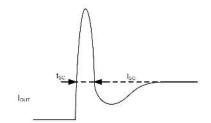


Figure 29. Output Short Circuit Response

#### 8.3.3 Fall Time (t<sub>FALL</sub>) and Quick Output Discharge (QOD)

The TPS22919 device includes a QOD pin that can be configured in one of three ways:

- QOD pin shorted to VOUT pin. Using this method, the discharge rate after the switch becomes disabled is controlled with the value of the internal resistance QOD (R<sub>PD,QOD</sub>).
- QOD pin connected to VOUT pin using an external resistor R<sub>QOD</sub>. After the switch becomes disabled, the discharge rate is controlled by the value of the total discharge resistance. To adjust the total discharge resistance, Equation 1 can be used:

 $R_{\text{DIS}} = R_{\text{PD,QOD}} + R_{\text{QOD}}$ 

Where:

R<sub>DIS</sub> = Total output discharge resistance (Ω)

- $R_{PD,QOD}$  = Internal pulldown resistance ( $\Omega$ )
- $R_{QOD}$  = External resistance placed between the VOUT and QOD pins ( $\Omega$ )
- QOD pin is unused and left floating. Using this method, there will be no quick output discharge functionality, and the output will remain floating after the switch is disabled.

The fall times of the device depend on many factors including the total discharge resistance ( $R_{DIS}$ ) and the output capacitance ( $C_L$ ). To calculate the approximate fall time of  $V_{OUT}$  use Equation 2.

 $t_{FALL} = 2.2 \times (R_{DIS} || R_L) \times C_L$ 

Where:

- $t_{FALL}$  = Output Fall Time from 90% to 10% (µs)
- $R_{DIS} = Total QOD + R_{QOD} Resistance (\Omega)$
- R<sub>L</sub> = Output Load Resistance (Ω)
- $C_L$  = Output Load Capacitance ( $\mu$ F)

#### 8.3.3.1 QOD When System Power is Removed

The adjustable QOD can be used to control the power down sequencing of a system even when the system power supply is removed. When the power is removed, the input capacitor discharges at  $V_{IN}$ . Past a certain  $V_{IN}$  level, the strength of the  $R_{PD}$  will be reduced. If there is still remaining charge on the output capacitor, this will result in longer fall times. For further information regarding this condition, see the *Setting Fall Time for Shutdown Power Sequencing* section.

#### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 2 describes the connection of the VOUT pin depending on the state of the ON pin as well as the various QOD pin configurations.

ON	QOD CONFIGURATION	TPS22919 VOUT
L	QOD pin connected to VOUT with R <sub>QOD</sub>	GND (R <sub>PD, QOD</sub> + R <sub>QOD</sub> )
L	QOD pin tied to VOUT directly	GND (R <sub>PD, QOD</sub> )
L	QOD pin left open	Floating
Н	N/A	VIN

#### Table 2. VOUT Connection

(1)

(2)



## 9 Application and Implementation

#### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

#### 9.1 Application Information

This section highlights some of the design considerations when implementing this device in various applications.

#### 9.2 Typical Application

This typical application demonstrates how the TPS22919 devices can be used to power downstream modules.

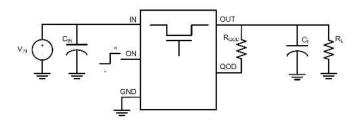


Figure 30. Typical Application Schematic

#### 9.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the values listed in Table 3 as the design parameters:

#### **Table 3. Design Parameters**

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )	3.6 V
Load Current / Resistance (RL)	1 kΩ
Load Capacitance (CL)	47 μF
Minimum Fall Time (t <sub>F</sub> )	40 ms
Maximum Inrush Current (I <sub>RUSH</sub> )	150 mA

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

9.2.2.1 Limiting Inrush Current

(Slew Rate) =  $I_{RUSH} \div C_L$ 

where

using Equation 2:

 $R_{DIS} = 630 \ \Omega$ 

 $R_{QOD} = 600 \Omega$ 

## 9.2.2.3 Application Curves

 $R_{DIS} = QOD + R_{QOD}$ 

 $t_{FALL} = 2.2 \times (R_{DIS} \parallel R_L) \times C_L$ 



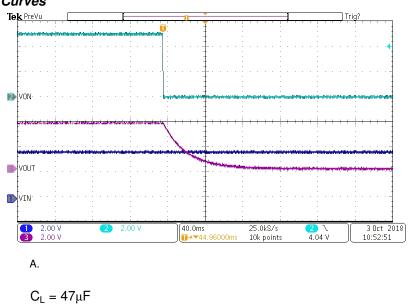


Figure 31. Fall Time ( $R_{QOD} = 1 \ k\Omega$ )

Use Equation 3 to find the maximum slew rate value to limit inrush current for a given capacitance:

Based on Equation 3, the required slew rate to limit the inrush current to 150 mA is 3.2 mV/µs. The TPS22919

Microcontrollers and processors often have a specific shutdown sequence in which power must be removed. Using the adjustable Quick Output Discharge function of the TPS22919 device, adding a load switch to each power rail can be used to manage the power down sequencing. To determine the QOD values for each load switch, first confirm the power down order of the device you wish to power sequence. Be sure to check if there

Once the required fall time is determined, the maximum external discharge resistance (R<sub>DIS</sub>) value can be found

Equation 1 can then be used to calculate the R<sub>QOD</sub> resistance needed to achieve a particular discharge value:

I<sub>INBUSH</sub> = maximum acceptable inrush current (mA)

Slew Rate = Output Slew Rate during turn on (mV/µs)

has a slew rate of 2.3 mV/ $\mu$ s, so the inrush current will be below 150 mA.

are voltage or timing margins that must be maintained during power down.

To ensure a fall time greater than, choose an  $R_{OOD}$  value greater than 600  $\Omega$ .

9.2.2.2 Setting Fall Time for Shutdown Power Sequencing

 $C_{I}$  = capacitance on VOUT ( $\mu$ F)

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(4)

(5)

(6)

(7)



## **10 Power Supply Recommendations**

The device is designed to operate with a VIN range of 1.6 V to 5.5 V. The VIN power supply must be well regulated and placed as close to the device terminal as possible. The power supply must be able to withstand all transient load current steps. In most situations, using an input capacitance ( $C_{IN}$ ) of 1  $\mu$ F is sufficient to prevent the supply voltage from dipping when the switch is turned on. In cases where the power supply is slow to respond to a large transient current or large load current step, additional bulk capacitance may be required on the input.

#### TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

## 11 Layout

#### 11.1 Layout Guidelines

For best performance, all traces must be as short as possible. To be most effective, the input and output capacitors must be placed close to the device to minimize the effects that parasitic trace inductances may have on normal operation. Using wide traces for VIN, VOUT, and GND helps minimize the parasitic electrical effects.

#### 11.2 Layout Example

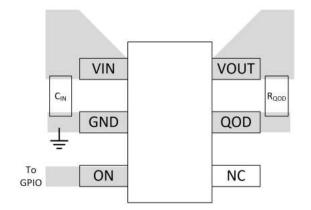


Figure 32. Recommended Board Layout

#### **11.3 Thermal Considerations**

The maximum IC junction temperature should be restricted to 125°C under normal operating conditions. To calculate the maximum allowable dissipation,  $P_{D(max)}$  for a given output current and ambient temperature, use Equation 8:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = \frac{T_{J(MAX)} - T_{A}}{\theta_{JA}}$$

where

- P<sub>D(MAX)</sub> = maximum allowable power dissipation
- $T_{J(MAX)}$  = maximum allowable junction temperature (125°C for the TPS22919 devices)
- T<sub>A</sub> = ambient temperature of the device
- θ<sub>JA</sub> = junction to air thermal impedance. Refer to the Thermal Parameters table. This parameter is highly dependent upon board layout.

(8)



## 12 Device and Documentation Support

#### 12.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

#### 12.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community.* Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

**Design Support** *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

#### 12.3 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

#### 12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

#### 12.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



## PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device		Package Type	Package Drawing		Package Qty		Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
PTPS22919DCKR	OBSOLETE	SC70	DCK	6		TBD	Call TI	Call TI			
TPS22919DCKR	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	1CS	Samples
TPS22919DCKT	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	250	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	1CS	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW**: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

<sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

<sup>(6)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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# PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TPS22919 :

• Automotive : TPS22919-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

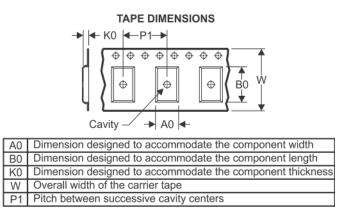
# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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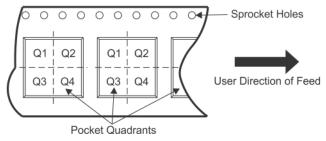
Texas Instruments

## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





## QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



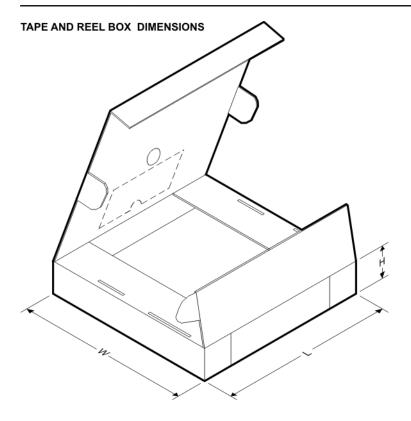
*All dimen	sions are nominal												
	Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS	22919DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	178.0	9.0	2.4	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS	22919DCKT	SC70	DCK	6	250	178.0	9.0	2.4	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

3-May-2019

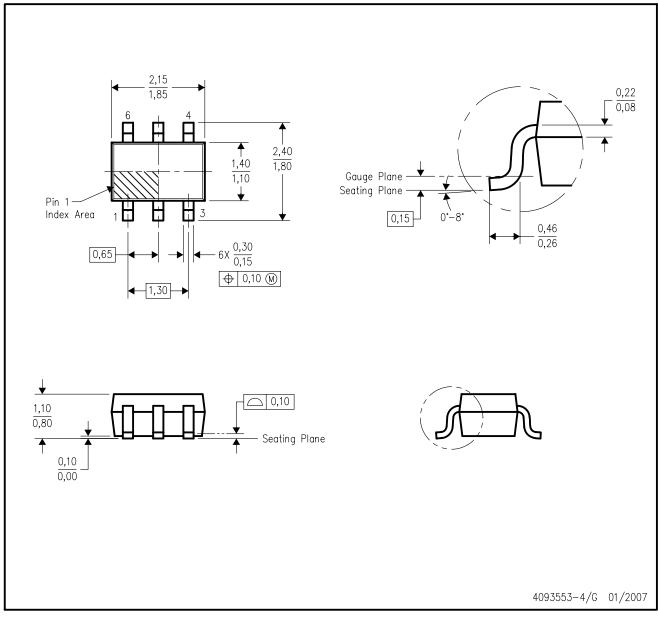


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS22919DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
TPS22919DCKT	SC70	DCK	6	250	180.0	180.0	18.0

DCK (R-PDSO-G6)

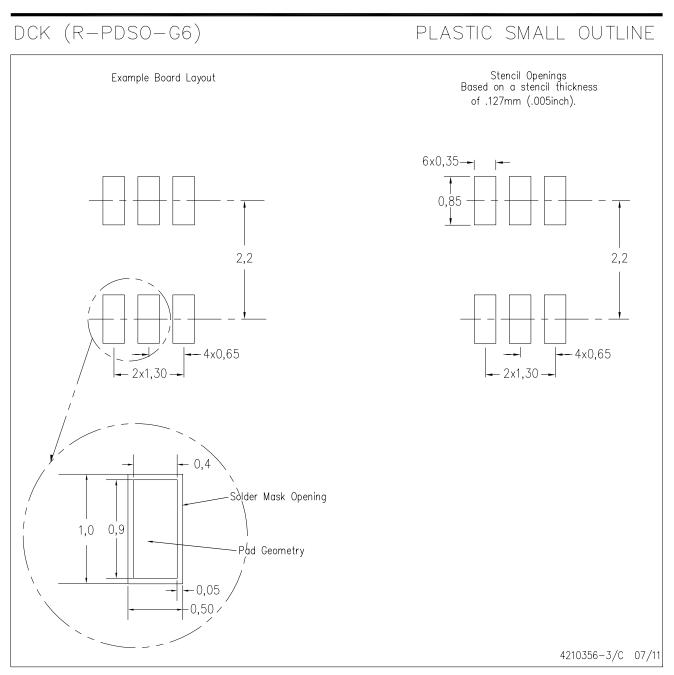
PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
  - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AB.



# LAND PATTERN DATA



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



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