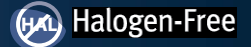


EPC2067 – Enhancement Mode Power Transistor

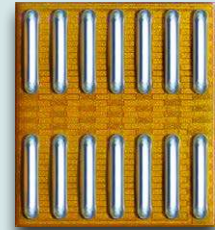
 V_{DS} , 40 VMax $R_{DS(on)}$, 1.55 m Ω I_D , 69 A

Gallium Nitride's exceptionally high electron mobility and low temperature coefficient allows very low $R_{DS(on)}$, while its lateral device structure and majority carrier diode provide exceptionally low Q_G and zero Q_{RR} . The end result is a device that can handle tasks where very high switching frequency, and low on-time are beneficial as well as those where on-state losses dominate.

Maximum Ratings			
PARAMETER		VALUE	UNIT
V_{DS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage (Continuous)	40	V
	Drain-to-Source Voltage (up to 10,000 5 ms pulses at 150°C)	48	
I_D	Continuous ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	69	A
	Pulsed (25°C , $T_{PULSE} = 300 \mu\text{s}$)	409	
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	6	V
	Gate-to-Source Voltage	-4	
T_J	Operating Temperature	-40 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature	-40 to 150	

Thermal Characteristics			
PARAMETER		TYP	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	0.4	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{\theta JB}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Board	1.4	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1)	48	

Note 1: $R_{\theta JA}$ is determined with the device mounted on one square inch of copper pad, single layer 2 oz copper on FR4 board. See https://epc-co.com/epc/documents/product-training/Appnote_Thermal_Performance_of_eGaN_FETs.pdf for details.



EPC2067 eGaN® FETs are supplied only in passivated die form with solder bars.
Die Size: 2.85 x 3.25 mm

Applications

- High frequency DC-DC Converters
- BLDC Motor Drives
- Sync Rectification for AC-DC and DC-DC

Benefits

- High Power Density
- High Efficiency
- No Reverse Recovery
- Ultra Low Q_G
- Small Footprint
- High Frequency Capability



Static Characteristics ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated)						
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 1.1 \text{ mA}$	40			V
I_{DSS}	Drain-Source Leakage	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $V_{DS} = 32 \text{ V}$		0.01	0.9	mA
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	$V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}$		0.002	4	
	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage [#]	$V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		0.2	9	
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	$V_{GS} = -4 \text{ V}$		0.01	1	
$V_{GS(TH)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 18 \text{ mA}$	0.7	1	2.5	V
$R_{DS(on)}$	Drain-Source On Resistance	$V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 37 \text{ A}$		1.3	1.55	m Ω
V_{SD}	Source-Drain Forward Voltage	$I_S = 0.5 \text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$		1.2		V

Defined by design. Not subject to production test.

Dynamic Characteristics ($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated)						
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
C_{ISS}	Input Capacitance [#]	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		2178	3267	pF
C_{RSS}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			24		
C_{OSS}	Output Capacitance [#]			1071	1607	
$C_{OSS(ER)}$	Effective Output Capacitance, Energy Related (Note 2)	$V_{DS} = 0\text{ to }20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		1597		pF
$C_{OSS(TR)}$	Effective Output Capacitance, Time Related (Note 3)			1860		
R_G	Gate Resistance			0.4		Ω
Q_G	Total Gate Charge [#]	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}, I_D = 37\text{ A}$		17.1	22.3	nC
Q_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Charge	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_D = 37\text{ A}$		5.3		
Q_{GD}	Gate-to-Drain Charge			2		
$Q_{G(TH)}$	Gate Charge at Threshold			4.2		
Q_{OSS}	Output Charge [#]	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		37	56	
Q_{RR}	Source-Drain Recovery Charge			0		

Defined by design. Not subject to production test.

Note 2: $C_{OSS(ER)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{OSS} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 50% BV_{DSS} .

Note 3: $C_{OSS(TR)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{OSS} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 50% BV_{DSS} .

Figure 1: Typical Output Characteristics at 25°C

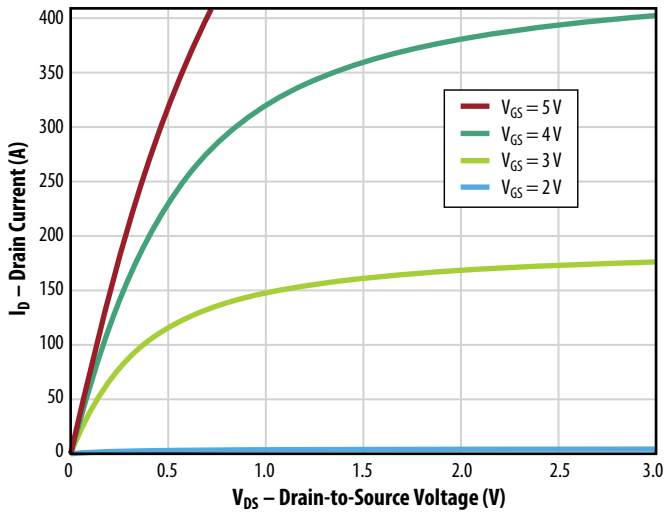


Figure 2: Typical Transfer Characteristics

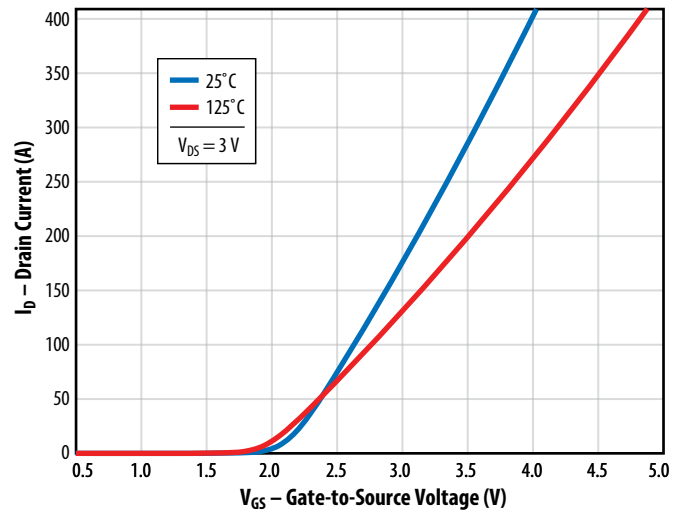


Figure 3: $R_{DS(on)}$ vs. V_{GS} for Various Drain Currents

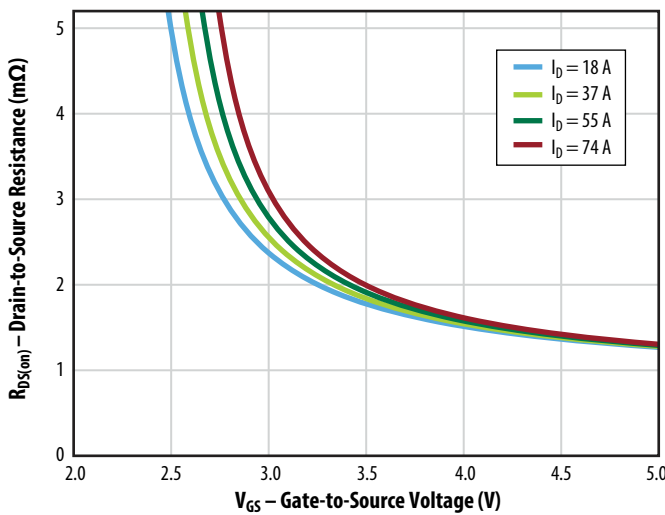


Figure 4: $R_{DS(on)}$ vs. V_{GS} for Various Temperatures

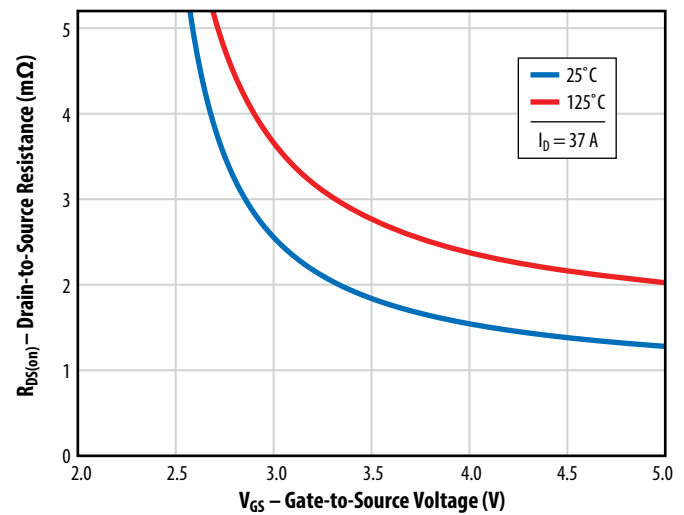


Figure 5a: Capacitance (Linear Scale)

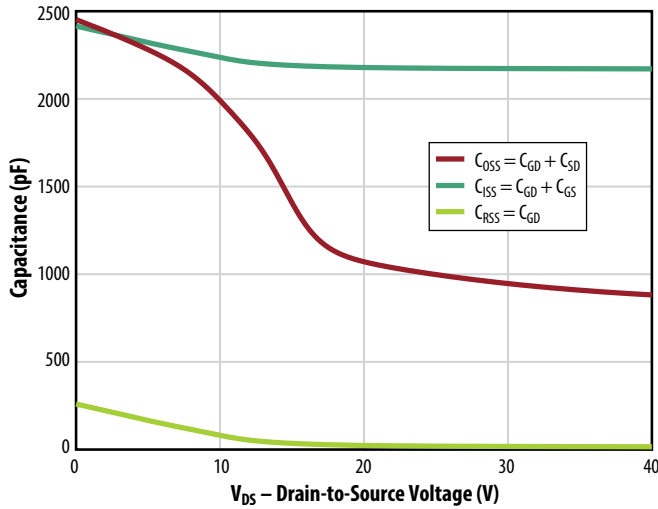


Figure 5b: Capacitance (Log Scale)

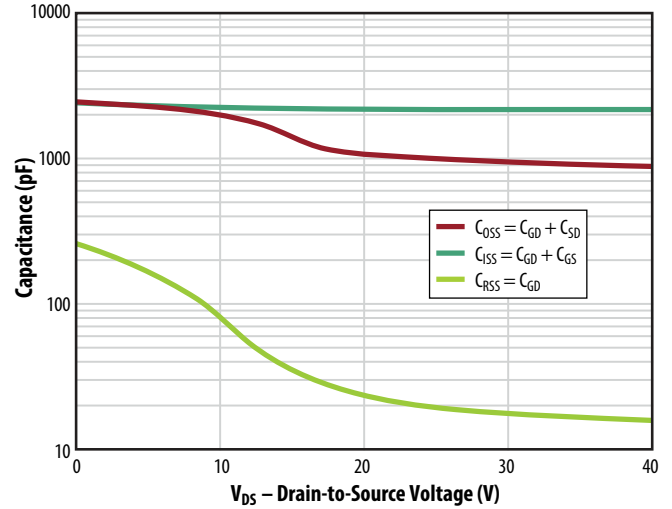


Figure 6: Output Charge and C_{oss} Stored Energy

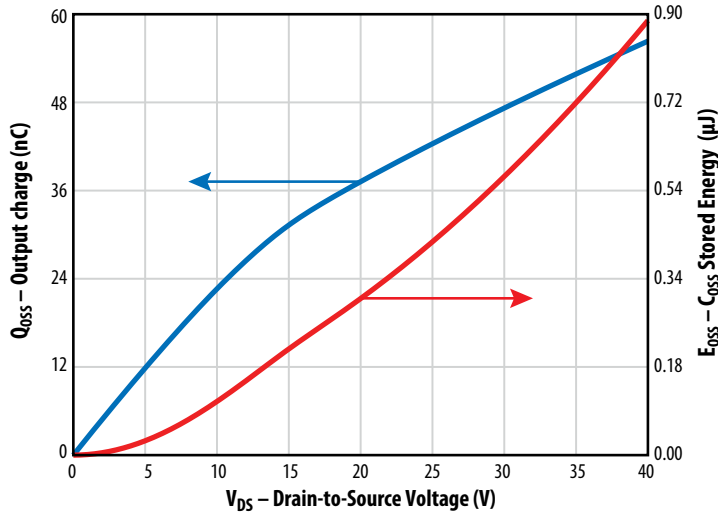


Figure 7: Gate Charge

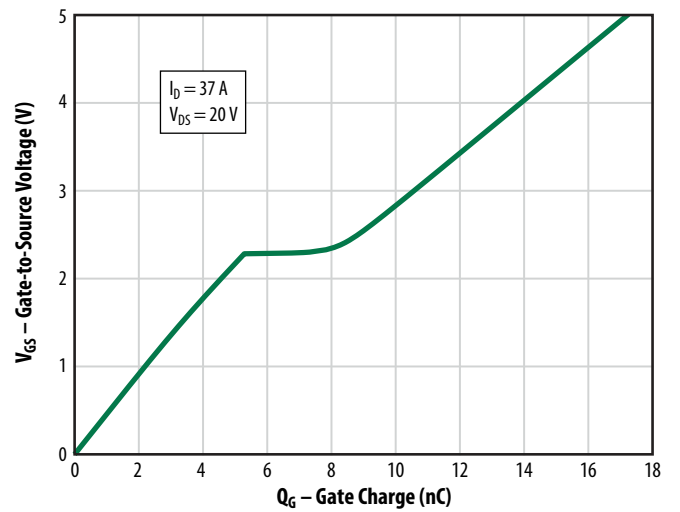


Figure 8: Reverse Drain-Source Characteristics

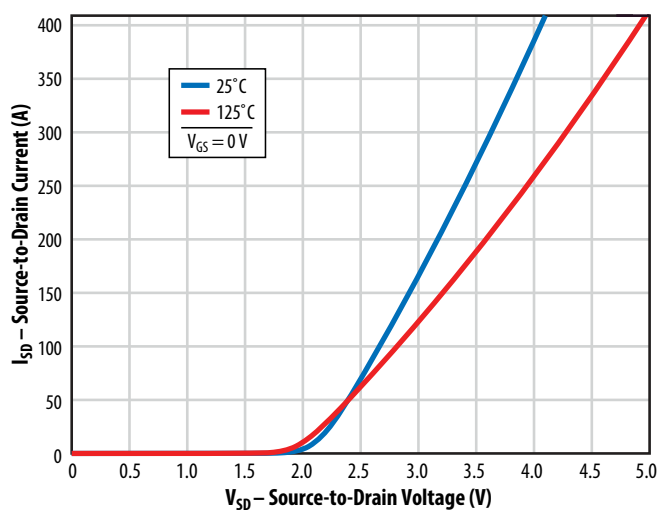


Figure 9: Normalized On-State Resistance vs. Temperature

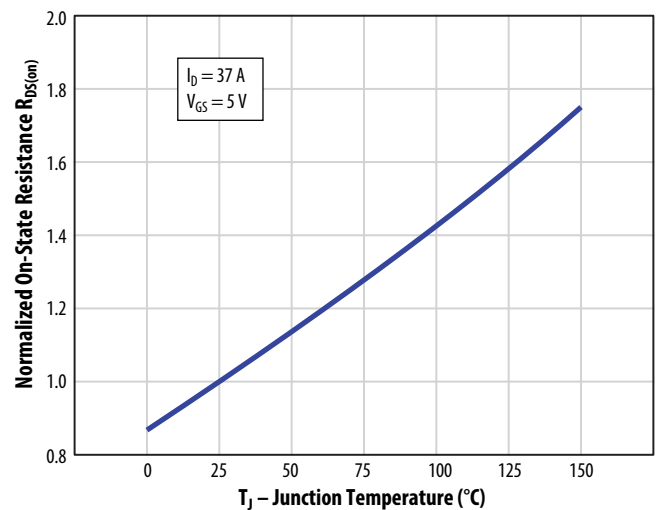


Figure 10: Normalized Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

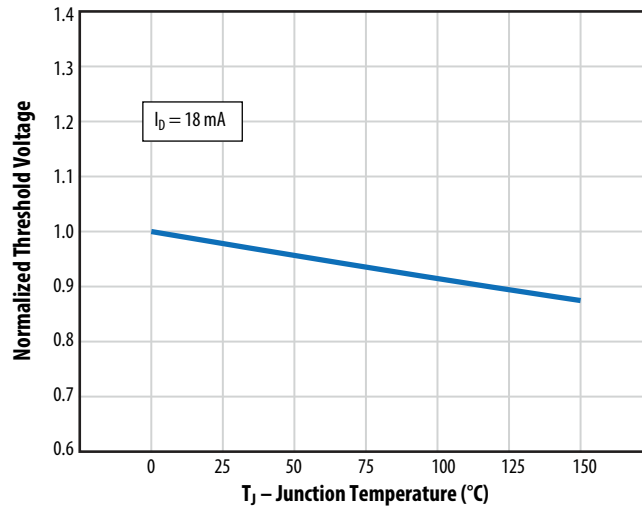


Figure 11: Transient Thermal Response Curves

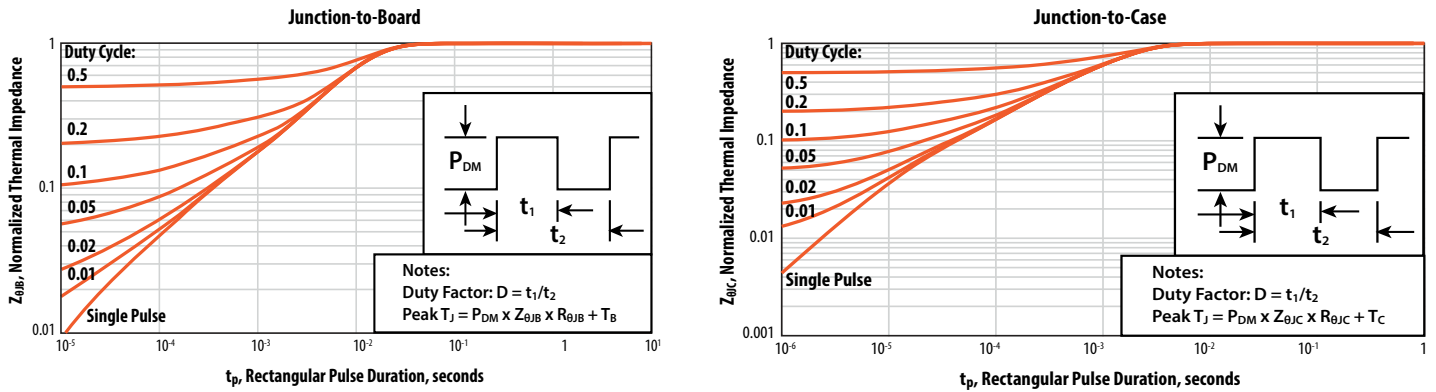
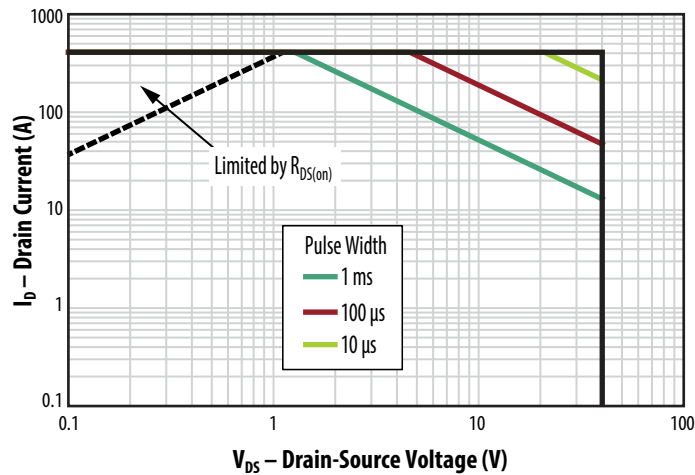
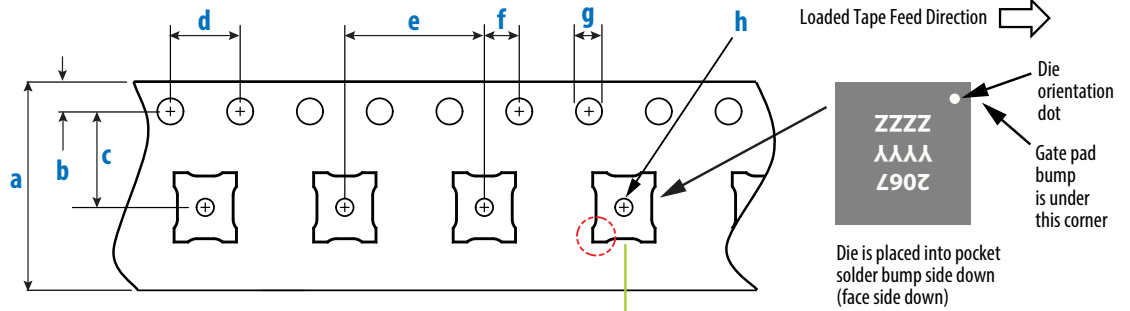
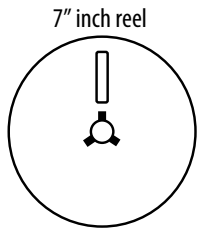


Figure 12: Safe Operating Area

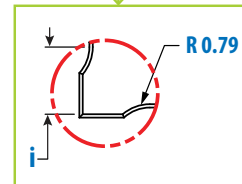


TAPE AND REEL CONFIGURATION

8 mm pitch, 12 mm wide tape on 7" reel



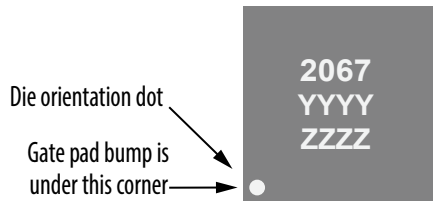
EPC2067 (Note 1)	Dimension (mm)		
	Target	MIN	MAX
a	12.00	11.90	12.30
b	1.75	1.65	1.85
c (Note 2)	5.50	5.45	5.55
d	4.00	3.90	4.10
e	8.00	7.90	8.10
f (Note 2)	2.00	1.95	2.05
g	1.50	1.50	1.60
h	1.00	0.95	1.05
i	1.27		



Note 1: MSL 1 (moisture sensitivity level 1) classified according to IPC/ JEDEC industry standard.

Note 2: Pocket position is relative to the sprocket hole measured as true position of the pocket, not the pocket hole.

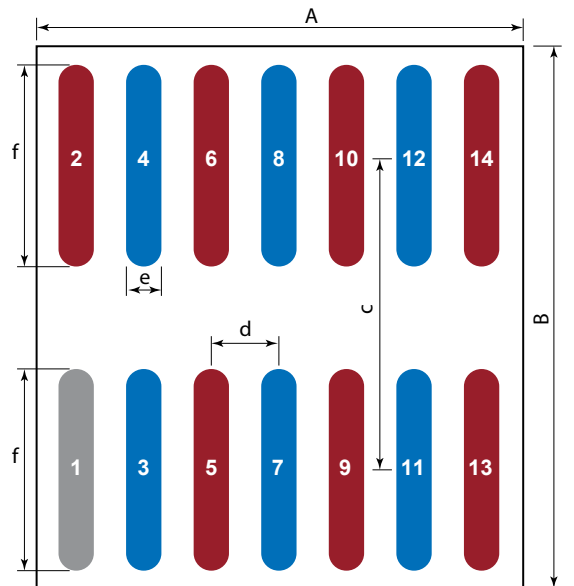
DIE MARKINGS



Part Number	Laser Markings		
	Part # Marking Line 1	Lot Date Code Marking Line 2	Lot Date Code Marking Line 3
EPC2067	2067	YYYY	ZZZZ

DIE OUTLINE

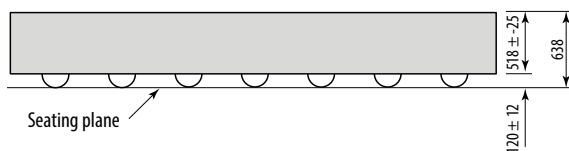
Solder Bump View



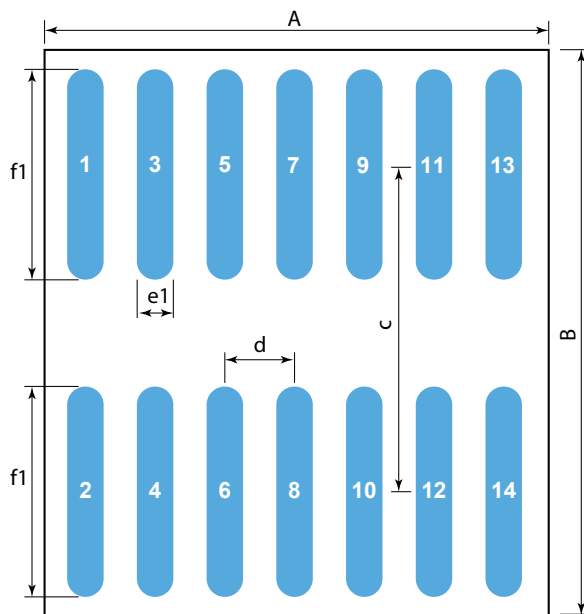
DIM	Micrometers		
	MIN	Nominal	MAX
A	2820	2850	2880
B	3220	3250	3280
c		1805	
d		400	
e		200	
f		1195	

Pad 1 is Gate;
Pads 2,5,6,9,10,13,14 are Source;
Pads 3,4,7,8,11,12 are Drain

Side View



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN
(units in μm)



Land pattern is solder mask defined
Solder mask is 10 μm smaller per side than bump

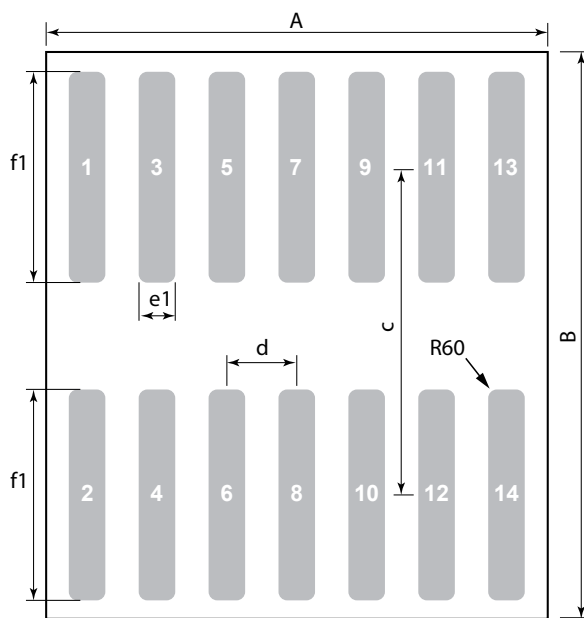
Pad 1 is Gate;

Pads 2,5,6,9,10,13,
14 are Source;

Pads 3,4,7,8,11,12,
are Drain

DIM	Micrometers
A	2850
B	3250
c	1805
d	400
e1	180
f1	1175

RECOMMENDED STENCIL DRAWING
(units in μm)



DIM	Micrometers
A	2850
B	3250
c	1805
d	400
e1	180
f1	1175

Recommended stencil should be 4 mil (100 μm) thick, laser cut stainless steel, opening per drawing.

The corner has a radius of R60.

Intended for use with SAC305 Type 4 solder, reference 88.5% metals content.

Additional assembly resources available at <https://epc-co.com/epc/DesignSupport/AssemblyBasics.aspx>

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Revised October, 2021