# 74ALVC162334A

16-bit registered driver with inverted register enable and 30  $\Omega$  termination resistors (3-state)

Rev. 03 — 13 December 2006

**Product data sheet** 

# 1. General description

The 74ALVC162334A is a 16-bit universal bus driver. Data flow is controlled by active LOW output enable  $(\overline{OE})$ , active LOW latch enable  $(\overline{LE})$ , and clock input (CP).

When  $\overline{LE}$  is LOW, the A to Y data flow is transparent. When  $\overline{LE}$  is HIGH and CP is held at LOW or HIGH, the data is latched; on the LOW to HIGH transient of CP, the A data is stored in the latch/flip-flop.

The 74ALVC162334A is designed with 30  $\Omega$  series resistors in both HIGH or LOW output stages.

When  $\overline{OE}$  is LOW, the outputs are active. When  $\overline{OE}$  is HIGH, the outputs go to the high-impedance OFF-state. Operation of the  $\overline{OE}$  input does not affect the state of the latch/flip-flop.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power-up or power-down,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to  $V_{CC}$  through a pull-up resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

#### 2. Features

- Wide supply voltage range of 1.2 V to 3.6 V
- Complies with JEDEC standard 8-1A
- CMOS low power consumption
- Direct interface with TTL levels
- Current drive: ±24 mA at 3.0 V
- MULTIBYTE flow-through standard pinout architecture
- Low inductance multiple V<sub>CC</sub> and GND pins for minimum noise and ground bounce
- Output drive capability 50 Ω transmission lines at 85 °C
- Integrated 30 Ω termination resistors
- Input diodes to accommodate strong drivers



### 3. Quick reference data

Table 1. Quick reference data

 $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ ; GND = 0 V;  $t_r = t_f \le 2.5 \text{ ns}$ ;  $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$  (see Figure 11).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit
t <sub>PHL</sub>	HIGH-to-LOW propagation delay	An to Yn; Figure 5	1.0	2.8	4.3	ns
		LE to Yn; Figure 6	1.3	2.8	4.4	ns
		CP to Yn; Figure 8	1.4	3.2	4.9	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay	An to Yn; Figure 5	1.0	2.8	4.9 4.3 4.4 4.9	ns
		LE to Yn; Figure 6	1.3	2.8	4.4	ns
		CP to Yn; Figure 8	1.4	3.2	4.9	ns
f <sub>max</sub>	maximum input clock frequency	Figure 8	150	240	-	MHz
Ci	input capacitance		-	4.0	-	pF
C <sub>io</sub>	input/output capacitance		-	8.0	-	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	power dissipation capacitance	per buffer; $V_I = GND$ to $V_{CC}$	[2]			
		transparent mode; output enabled	-	10	-	pF
		transparent mode; output disabled	-	3	-	pF
		clocked mode; output enabled	-	21	-	pF
		clocked mode; output disabled	-	15	-	pF

<sup>[1]</sup> All typical values are at  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C.

[2]  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P<sub>D</sub>) in  $\mu$ W.

 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ , where:

 $f_i$  = input frequency in MHz;

C<sub>L</sub> = output load capacitance in pF;

 $f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;

 $V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in V;

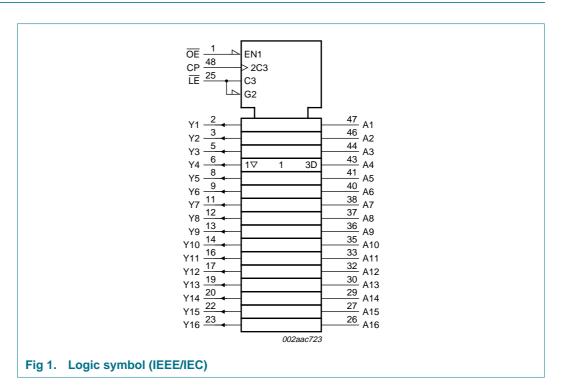
 $\Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_0) = \text{sum of outputs.}$ 

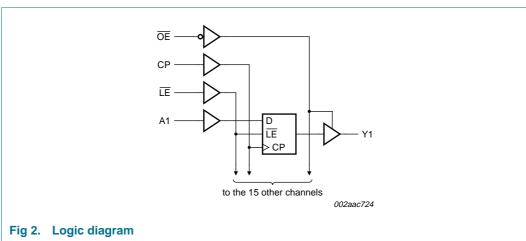
# 4. Ordering information

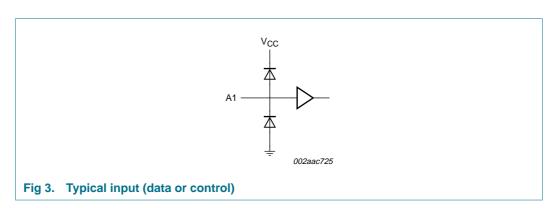
Table 2. Ordering information

Type number	Temperature	Package	Package				
	range	Name	Description	Version			
74ALVC162334ADGG	–40 °C to +85 °C	TSSOP48	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 48 leads; body width 6.1 mm	SOT362-1			

# 5. Functional diagram

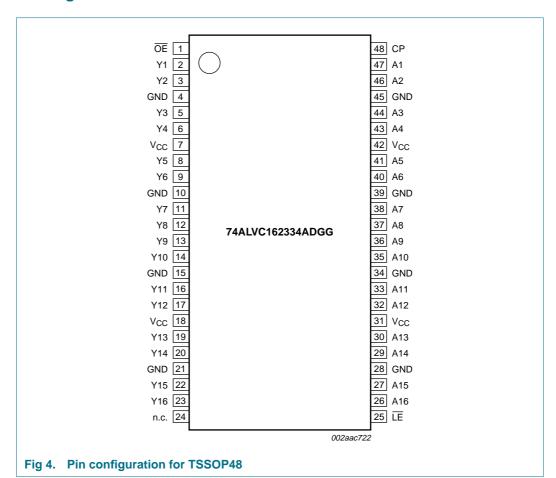






# 6. Pinning information

### 6.1 Pinning



### 6.2 Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
ŌĒ	1	output enable input (active LOW)
Y1	2	data output 1
Y2	3	data output 2
GND	4, 10, 15, 21, 28, 34, 39, 45	ground supply (0 V)
Y3	5	data output 3
Y4	6	data output 4
V <sub>CC</sub>	7, 18, 31, 42	positive supply voltage
Y5	8	data output 5
Y6	9	data output 6
Y7	11	data output 7
Y8	12	data output 8

 Table 3.
 Pin description ...continued

Y9         13         data output 10           Y10         14         data output 10           Y11         16         data output 12           Y12         17         data output 13           Y14         20         data output 14           Y15         22         data output 15           Y16         23         data output 16           n.c.         24         not connected           LE         25         latch enable input (active LOW)           A16         26         data input 16           A15         27         data input 15           A14         29         data input 13           A12         32         data input 13           A12         32         data input 12           A11         33         data input 12           A11         33         data input 9           A8         37         data input 9           A8         37         data input 6           A5         41         data input 5           A4         43         data input 5           A4         43         data input 4           A3         44         data input 3           A2	Symbol	Pin	Description
Y11       16       data output 11         Y12       17       data output 12         Y13       19       data output 13         Y14       20       data output 14         Y15       22       data output 15         Y16       23       data output 16         n.c.       24       not connected         LE       25       latch enable input (active LOW)         A16       26       data input 16         A15       27       data input 15         A14       29       data input 14         A13       30       data input 13         A12       32       data input 12         A11       33       data input 11         A10       35       data input 10         A9       36       data input 9         A8       37       data input 8         A7       38       data input 7         A6       40       data input 5         A4       43       data input 4         A3       44       data input 2         A1       47       data input 1	Y9	13	data output 9
Y12       17       data output 12         Y13       19       data output 13         Y14       20       data output 14         Y15       22       data output 15         Y16       23       data output 16         n.c.       24       not connected         LE       25       latch enable input (active LOW)         A16       26       data input 16         A15       27       data input 15         A14       29       data input 13         A12       32       data input 12         A11       33       data input 11         A10       35       data input 10         A9       36       data input 9         A8       37       data input 8         A7       38       data input 6         A5       41       data input 5         A4       43       data input 4         A3       44       data input 3         A2       46       data input 2         A1       47       data input 1	Y10	14	data output 10
Y13       19       data output 13         Y14       20       data output 14         Y15       22       data output 15         Y16       23       data output 16         n.c.       24       not connected         LE       25       latch enable input (active LOW)         A16       26       data input 16         A15       27       data input 15         A14       29       data input 14         A13       30       data input 13         A12       32       data input 12         A11       33       data input 11         A10       35       data input 10         A9       36       data input 9         A8       37       data input 8         A7       38       data input 7         A6       40       data input 6         A5       41       data input 5         A4       43       data input 3         A2       46       data input 2         A1       47       data input 1	Y11	16	data output 11
Y14       20       data output 14         Y15       22       data output 15         Y16       23       data output 16         n.c.       24       not connected         LE       25       latch enable input (active LOW)         A16       26       data input 16         A15       27       data input 15         A14       29       data input 14         A13       30       data input 13         A12       32       data input 12         A11       33       data input 11         A10       35       data input 10         A9       36       data input 9         A8       37       data input 8         A7       38       data input 7         A6       40       data input 6         A5       41       data input 5         A4       43       data input 3         A2       46       data input 2         A1       47       data input 1	Y12	17	data output 12
Y15       22       data output 15         Y16       23       data output 16         n.c.       24       not connected         LE       25       latch enable input (active LOW)         A16       26       data input 16         A15       27       data input 15         A14       29       data input 14         A13       30       data input 13         A12       32       data input 12         A11       33       data input 11         A10       35       data input 10         A9       36       data input 9         A8       37       data input 8         A7       38       data input 7         A6       40       data input 6         A5       41       data input 5         A4       43       data input 3         A2       46       data input 2         A1       47       data input 1	Y13	19	data output 13
Y16       23       data output 16         n.c.       24       not connected         LE       25       latch enable input (active LOW)         A16       26       data input 16         A15       27       data input 15         A14       29       data input 14         A13       30       data input 13         A12       32       data input 12         A11       33       data input 11         A10       35       data input 10         A9       36       data input 9         A8       37       data input 8         A7       38       data input 7         A6       40       data input 6         A5       41       data input 5         A4       43       data input 3         A2       46       data input 2         A1       47       data input 1	Y14	20	data output 14
n.c.       24       not connected         LE       25       latch enable input (active LOW)         A16       26       data input 16         A15       27       data input 15         A14       29       data input 14         A13       30       data input 13         A12       32       data input 12         A11       33       data input 11         A10       35       data input 10         A9       36       data input 9         A8       37       data input 8         A7       38       data input 6         A6       40       data input 6         A5       41       data input 5         A4       43       data input 4         A3       44       data input 2         A1       47       data input 1	Y15	22	data output 15
LE       25       latch enable input (active LOW)         A16       26       data input 16         A15       27       data input 15         A14       29       data input 14         A13       30       data input 13         A12       32       data input 12         A11       33       data input 11         A10       35       data input 10         A9       36       data input 9         A8       37       data input 8         A7       38       data input 6         A5       41       data input 5         A4       43       data input 4         A3       44       data input 3         A2       46       data input 1	Y16	23	data output 16
A16	n.c.	24	not connected
A15 27 data input 15 A14 29 data input 14 A13 30 data input 13 A12 32 data input 12 A11 33 data input 11 A10 35 data input 10 A9 36 data input 9 A8 37 data input 8 A7 38 data input 7 A6 40 data input 6 A5 41 data input 5 A4 43 data input 4 A3 44 data input 3 A2 46 data input 1	LE	25	latch enable input (active LOW)
A14       29       data input 14         A13       30       data input 13         A12       32       data input 12         A11       33       data input 11         A10       35       data input 10         A9       36       data input 9         A8       37       data input 8         A7       38       data input 7         A6       40       data input 6         A5       41       data input 5         A4       43       data input 4         A3       44       data input 3         A2       46       data input 1	A16	26	data input 16
A13 30 data input 13 A12 32 data input 12 A11 33 data input 11 A10 35 data input 10 A9 36 data input 9 A8 37 data input 8 A7 38 data input 7 A6 40 data input 6 A5 41 data input 5 A4 43 data input 4 A3 44 data input 3 A2 46 data input 2 A1 47 data input 1	A15	27	data input 15
A12 32 data input 12 A11 33 data input 11 A10 35 data input 10 A9 36 data input 9 A8 37 data input 8 A7 38 data input 7 A6 40 data input 6 A5 41 data input 5 A4 43 data input 4 A3 44 data input 3 A2 46 data input 2 A1 47 data input 1	A14	29	data input 14
A11       33       data input 11         A10       35       data input 10         A9       36       data input 9         A8       37       data input 8         A7       38       data input 7         A6       40       data input 6         A5       41       data input 5         A4       43       data input 4         A3       44       data input 3         A2       46       data input 2         A1       47       data input 1	A13	30	data input 13
A10 35 data input 10 A9 36 data input 9 A8 37 data input 8 A7 38 data input 7 A6 40 data input 6 A5 41 data input 5 A4 43 data input 4 A3 44 data input 3 A2 46 data input 2 A1 47 data input 1	A12	32	data input 12
A9 36 data input 9 A8 37 data input 8 A7 38 data input 7 A6 40 data input 6 A5 41 data input 5 A4 43 data input 4 A3 44 data input 3 A2 46 data input 2 A1 47 data input 1	A11	33	data input 11
A8 37 data input 8 A7 38 data input 7 A6 40 data input 6 A5 41 data input 5 A4 43 data input 4 A3 44 data input 3 A2 46 data input 2 A1 47 data input 1	A10	35	data input 10
A7 38 data input 7 A6 40 data input 6 A5 41 data input 5 A4 43 data input 4 A3 44 data input 3 A2 46 data input 2 A1 47 data input 1	A9	36	data input 9
A6 40 data input 6 A5 41 data input 5 A4 43 data input 4 A3 44 data input 3 A2 46 data input 2 A1 47 data input 1	A8	37	data input 8
A5 41 data input 5 A4 43 data input 4 A3 44 data input 3 A2 46 data input 2 A1 47 data input 1	A7	38	data input 7
A4 43 data input 4 A3 44 data input 3 A2 46 data input 2 A1 47 data input 1	A6	40	data input 6
A3       44       data input 3         A2       46       data input 2         A1       47       data input 1	A5	41	data input 5
A2 46 data input 2 A1 47 data input 1	A4	43	data input 4
A1 47 data input 1	A3	44	data input 3
<u>'</u>	A2	46	data input 2
CP 48 clock input	A1	47	data input 1
	CP	48	clock input

# 7. Functional description

Refer to Figure 1 "Logic symbol (IEEE/IEC)" and Figure 2 "Logic diagram".

#### 7.1 Function selection

Table 4. Function selection

 $H = HIGH \ voltage \ level; \ L = LOW \ voltage \ level; \ X = Don't \ care; \ Z = high-impedance \ OFF-state;$   $\uparrow = LOW \ to \ HIGH \ level \ transition.$ 

Inputs	Outputs			
ŌĒ	LE	СР	An	Yn
Н	X	X	X	Z
L	L	Χ	L	L
L	L	Χ	Н	Н
L	Н	$\uparrow$	L	L
L	Н	$\uparrow$	Н	Н
L	Н	Н	X	Y <sub>0</sub> [1]
L	Н	L	Χ	Y <sub>0</sub> [2]

<sup>[1]</sup> Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established, provided that CP is HIGH before  $\overline{\text{LE}}$  goes LOW.

<sup>[2]</sup> Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established.

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# 8. Limiting values

#### Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

9	10	,			
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	supply voltage		-0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0 V	-	-50	mA
$V_{I}$	input voltage		<u>[1]</u> –0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>OK</sub>	output clamping current	$V_O > V_{CC}$ or $V_O < 0 V$	-	±50	mA
V <sub>O</sub>	output voltage		<u>[1]</u> –0.5	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I <sub>O(sink/source)</sub>	output sink or source current	$V_O = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CC}$	-	±50	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current		-	±100	mA
$I_{GND}$	ground current		-	±100	mΑ
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub> /pack	total power dissipation per package	for temperature range –40 °C to +125 °C; above +55 °C derate linearly with 8 mW/K	-	600	mW

<sup>[1]</sup> The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

# 9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage	2.5 V range for maximum speed performance at 30 pF output load	2.3	-	2.7	V
		3.3 V range for maximum speed performance at 50 pF output load	3.0	-	3.6	V
		for low-voltage applications	1.2	-	3.6	V
VI	input voltage		0	-	$V_{CC}$	V
Vo	output voltage		0	-	$V_{CC}$	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature	operating in free-air	-40	-	+85	°C
t <sub>r</sub>	rise time	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 3.0 V	0	-	20	ns/V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	0	-	10	ns/V
t <sub>f</sub>	fall time	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 3.0 V	0	-	20	ns/V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	0	-	10	ns/V

### 10. Static characteristics

Table 7. Static characteristics

 $T_{amb} = -40 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  to +85  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; over recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	1.2	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	2.0	1.5	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	1.2	0.7	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	1.5	8.0	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 3.6 V; $I_{O}$ = -100 $\mu A$	$V_{CC}-0.2$	V <sub>CC</sub>	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V; } I_{O} = -4 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC}-0.4$	V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.11	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}; I_{O} = -6 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC}-0.6$	$V_{CC} - 0.17$	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}; I_{O} = -4 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC}-0.5$	$V_{CC} - 0.09$	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}; I_{O} = -8 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC}-0.7$	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.19	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}; I_{O} = -6 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC}-0.6$	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.13	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}; I_{O} = -12 \text{ mA}$	V <sub>CC</sub> - 1.0	$V_{CC} - 0.27$	-	V
$V_{OL}$	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 3.6 V; $I_{O}$ = 100 $\mu A$	-	GND	0.20	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V; } I_{O} = 4 \text{ mA}$	-	0.07	0.40	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V; } I_{O} = 6 \text{ mA}$	-	0.11	0.55	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V; } I_{O} = 4 \text{ mA}$	-	0.06	0.40	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V; } I_{O} = 8 \text{ mA}$	-	0.13	0.60	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}; I_{O} = 6 \text{ mA}$	-	0.09	0.55	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}; I_{O} = 12 \text{ mA}$	-	0.19	0.80	V
I <sub>LI</sub>	input leakage current	$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 3.6 V; $V_I$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND	-	0.1	5	μΑ
I <sub>OZ</sub>	off-state output current	3-state; $V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 3.6 V; $V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $V_O$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND	-	0.1	10	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V};$ $V_{I} = V_{CC} \text{ or GND; } I_{O} = 0 \text{ mA}$	-	0.2	40	μΑ
$\Delta I_{CC}$	additional supply current	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V};$ $V_1 = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$	-	150	750	μΑ
Ci	input capacitance		-	4.0	-	pF
C <sub>io</sub>	input/output capacitance		-	8.0	-	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	power dissipation	per buffer; $V_I = GND$ to $V_{CC}$	[2]			
	capacitance	transparent mode; output enabled	-	10	-	pF
		transparent mode; output disabled	-	3	-	pF
		clocked mode; output enabled	-	21	-	pF
		clocked mode; output disabled	-	15	-	pF

<sup>[1]</sup> All typical values are at  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C.

<sup>[2]</sup>  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P<sub>D</sub>) in  $\mu$ W.  $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \Sigma \ (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o), \ where: f_i = input \ frequency \ in \ MHz;$ 

 $C_L$  = output load capacitance in pF;  $f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;  $V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in V;

 $\Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_0) = \text{sum of outputs.}$ 

# 11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 8. Dynamic characteristics for  $V_{CC}$  = 2.3 V to 2.7 V range  $V_{CC}$  = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; GND = 0 V;  $t_f = t_f \le 2.0$  ns;  $C_L = 30$  pF (see Figure 11).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit
t <sub>PHL</sub>	HIGH-to-LOW propagation delay	An to Yn; Figure 5	1.0	3.5	5.0	ns
		LE to Yn; Figure 6	1.3	3.5	5.0	ns
		CP to Yn; Figure 8	1.4	3.7	5.4	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay	An to Yn; Figure 5	1.0	3.5	5.0	ns
		LE to Yn; Figure 6	1.3	3.5	5.0	ns
		CP to Yn; Figure 8	1.4	3.7	5.4	ns
$t_{PZH}$	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	OE to Yn; Figure 10	<sup>[2]</sup> 1.4	3.5	5.0	ns
$t_{PZL}$	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	OE to Yn; Figure 10	<sup>[2]</sup> 1.4	3.5	5.0	ns
$t_{PHZ}$	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	OE to Yn; Figure 10	[ <u>3</u> ] 1.0	2.8	4.5	ns
$t_{PLZ}$	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	OE to Yn; Figure 10	[ <u>3</u> ] 1.0	2.8	4.5	ns
$t_{w}$	pulse width	CP HIGH or LOW; Figure 8	3.3	1.0	-	ns
		LE HIGH; Figure 6	3.3	0.7	-	ns
$t_{su}$	set-up time	An to CP; Figure 9	1.0	-	-	ns
		An to LE; Figure 7	1.5	-	-	ns
t <sub>h</sub>	hold time	An to CP; Figure 9	0.4	0.4	-	ns
		An to LE; Figure 7	1.4	0.4	-	ns
f <sub>max</sub>	maximum input clock frequency	Figure 8	150	190	-	MHz

<sup>[1]</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 2.5 V and  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C.

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics for  $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ 

 $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ ; GND = 0 V;  $t_f = t_f \le 2.5 \text{ ns}$ ;  $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$  (see <u>Figure 11</u>).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ <mark>[1]</mark>	Max	Unit
$t_{PHL}$	HIGH-to-LOW propagation delay	An to Yn; Figure 5	1.0	3.3	4.6	ns
		LE to Yn; Figure 6	1.3	3.4	4.8	ns
		CP to Yn; Figure 8	1.4	3.8	6.2	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay	An to Yn; Figure 5	1.0	3.3	4.6	ns
		LE to Yn; Figure 6	1.3	3.4	4.8	ns
		CP to Yn; Figure 8	1.4	3.8	6.2	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	OE to Yn; Figure 10	<sup>[2]</sup> 1.1	3.7	6.0	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	OE to Yn; Figure 10	2 1.1	3.7	6.0	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	OE to Yn; Figure 10	<b>3</b> 1.3	3.5	4.9	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	OE to Yn; Figure 10	<b>3</b> 1.3	3.5	4.9	ns

<sup>[2] 3-</sup>state output enable time.

<sup>[3] 3-</sup>state output disable time.

**Table 9. Dynamic characteristics for V**<sub>CC</sub> = **2.7 V** ... continued  $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ ; GND = 0 V;  $t_r = t_f \le 2.5 \text{ ns}$ ;  $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$  (see Figure 11).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit
$t_{w}$	pulse width	CP HIGH or LOW; Figure 8	3.3	1.2	-	ns
		LE HIGH; Figure 6	3.3	0.6	-	ns
t <sub>su</sub>	set-up time	An to CP; Figure 9	1.0	-	-	ns
		An to LE; Figure 7	1.5	-	-	ns
t <sub>h</sub>	hold time	An to CP; Figure 9	0.6	0.3	-	ns
		An to LE; Figure 7	1.7	0.4	-	ns
f <sub>max</sub>	maximum input clock frequency	Figure 8	150	190	-	MHz

<sup>[1]</sup> All typical values are measured at  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C.

Table 10. Dynamic characteristics for  $V_{CC}$  = 3.0 V to 3.6 V range  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.3 V; GND = 0 V;  $t_r$  =  $t_f$   $\leq$  2.5 ns;  $C_L$  = 50 pF (see Figure 11).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit
t <sub>PHL</sub>	HIGH-to-LOW propagation delay	An to Yn; Figure 5	1.0	2.8	4.3	ns
		LE to Yn; Figure 6	1.3	2.8	4.4	ns
		CP to Yn; Figure 8	1.4	3.2	4.9	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay	An to Yn; Figure 5	1.0	2.8	4.3	ns
		LE to Yn; Figure 6	1.3	2.8	4.4	ns
		CP to Yn; Figure 8	1.4	3.2	4.9	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	OE to Yn; Figure 10	2 1.1	2.4	4.5	ns
$t_{PZL}$	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	OE to Yn; Figure 10	2 1.1	2.4	4.5	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	OE to Yn; Figure 10	<sup>3</sup> 1.3	2.4	4.8	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	OE to Yn; Figure 10	<sup>3</sup> 1.3	2.4	4.8	ns
t <sub>w</sub>	pulse width	CP HIGH or LOW; Figure 8	3.3	0.7	-	ns
		LE HIGH; Figure 6	3.3	0.6	-	ns
t <sub>su</sub>	set-up time	An to CP; Figure 9	1.0	-	-	ns
		An to LE; Figure 7	1.5	-	-	ns
t <sub>h</sub>	hold time	An to CP; Figure 9	0.9	0.3	-	ns
		An to LE; Figure 7	1.4	0.4	-	ns
f <sub>max</sub>	maximum input clock frequency	Figure 8	150	240	-	MHz

<sup>[1]</sup> All typical values are measured at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V,  $T_{amb}$  = 25  $^{\circ}C.$ 

<sup>[2] 3-</sup>state output enable time.

<sup>[3] 3-</sup>state output disable time.

<sup>[2] 3-</sup>state output enable time.

<sup>[3] 3-</sup>state output disable time.

#### 11.1 AC waveforms

 $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$  to 3.6 V and  $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$  range:

$$V_M = 1.5 \text{ V}$$
;  $V_X = V_{OL} + 0.3 \text{ V}$ ;  $V_Y = V_{OH} - 0.3 \text{ V}$ ;  $V_I = 2.7 \text{ V}$ .

V<sub>OL</sub> and V<sub>OH</sub> are the typical output voltage drop that occur with the output load.

 $V_{CC}$  = 2.3 V to 2.7 V and  $V_{CC}$  < 2.3 V range:

$$V_{M} = 0.5 \text{ V}; V_{X} = V_{OL} + 0.15 \text{ V}; V_{Y} = V_{OH} - 0.15 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{CC}.$$

V<sub>OL</sub> and V<sub>OH</sub> are the typical output voltage drop that occur with the output load.

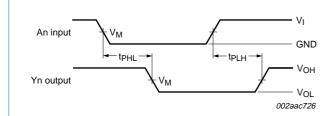


Fig 5. Input (An) to output (Yn) propagation delay

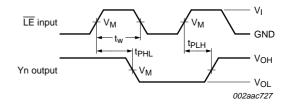
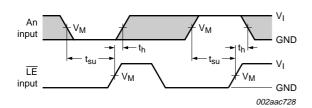


Fig 6. LE input pulse width, LE input to Yn output propagation delays



The shaded areas indicate when the input is permitted to change for predictable output performance.

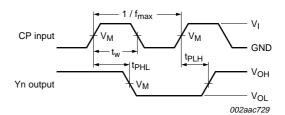
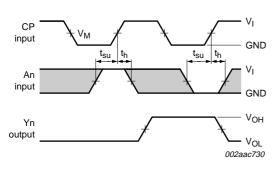


Fig 8. CP to Yn propagation delays, clock pulse width, and maximum clock frequency





The shaded areas indicate when the input is permitted to change for predictable output performance.

Fig 9. Data set-up and hold times, An input to CP input

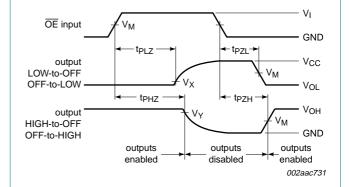
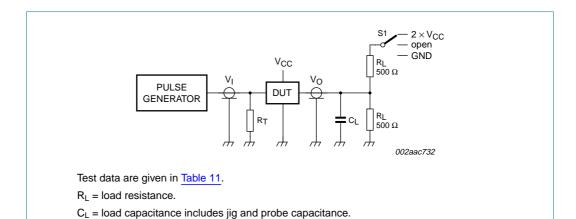


Fig 10. 3-state enable and disable times

# 12. Test information



 $R_T = \text{termination resistance should be equal to } Z_o \text{ of pulse generators}. \\$  Fig 11. Test circuitry for switching times

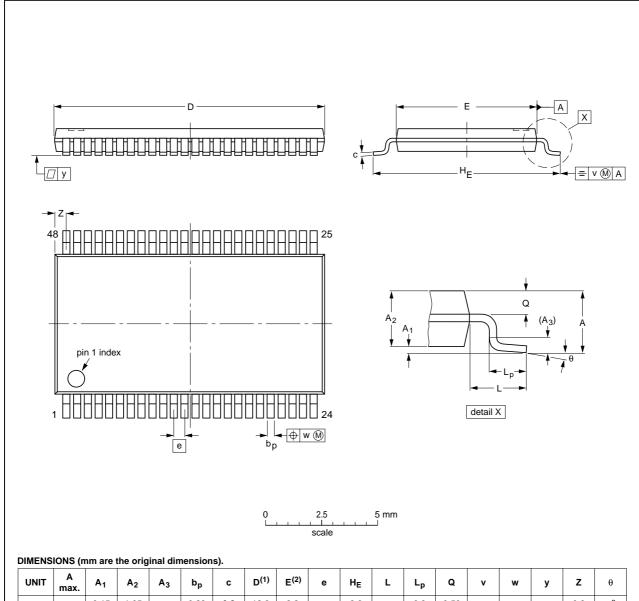
Table 11. Test data

Supply voltage	Input		Load		Switch S1			
V <sub>CC</sub>	VI	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	CL	R <sub>L</sub>	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub>	t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>	
2.3 V to 2.7 V	$V_{CC}$	≤ 2.0 ns	30 pF	$500 \Omega$	open	GND (0 V)	$2\times V_{CC}$	
2.7 V	2.7 V	≤ 2.5 ns	50 pF	$500 \Omega$	open	GND (0 V)	$2\times V_{CC}$	
3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.7 V	≤ 2.5 ns	50 pF	$500 \Omega$	open	GND (0 V)	$2\times V_{CC}$	

# 13. Package outline

TSSOP48: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 48 leads; body width 6.1 mm

SOT362-1



UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	bp	С	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(2)</sup>	е	HE	L	Lp	Q	v	w	у	z	θ
mm	1.2	0.15 0.05	1.05 0.85	0.25	0.28 0.17	0.2 0.1	12.6 12.4	6.2 6.0	0.5	8.3 7.9	1	0.8 0.4	0.50 0.35	0.25	0.08	0.1	0.8 0.4	8° 0°

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE			REFER	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE			
	VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE	
	SOT362-1		MO-153				<del>99-12-27</del> 03-02-19	
L						1	03-02	

Fig 12. Package outline SOT362-1 (TSSOP48)

# 14. Soldering

This text provides a very brief insight into a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in Application Note *AN10365 "Surface mount reflow soldering description"*.

### 14.1 Introduction to soldering

Soldering is one of the most common methods through which packages are attached to Printed Circuit Boards (PCBs), to form electrical circuits. The soldered joint provides both the mechanical and the electrical connection. There is no single soldering method that is ideal for all IC packages. Wave soldering is often preferred when through-hole and Surface Mount Devices (SMDs) are mixed on one printed wiring board; however, it is not suitable for fine pitch SMDs. Reflow soldering is ideal for the small pitches and high densities that come with increased miniaturization.

### 14.2 Wave and reflow soldering

Wave soldering is a joining technology in which the joints are made by solder coming from a standing wave of liquid solder. The wave soldering process is suitable for the following:

- Through-hole components
- Leaded or leadless SMDs, which are glued to the surface of the printed circuit board

Not all SMDs can be wave soldered. Packages with solder balls, and some leadless packages which have solder lands underneath the body, cannot be wave soldered. Also, leaded SMDs with leads having a pitch smaller than ~0.6 mm cannot be wave soldered, due to an increased probability of bridging.

The reflow soldering process involves applying solder paste to a board, followed by component placement and exposure to a temperature profile. Leaded packages, packages with solder balls, and leadless packages are all reflow solderable.

Key characteristics in both wave and reflow soldering are:

- Board specifications, including the board finish, solder masks and vias
- · Package footprints, including solder thieves and orientation
- The moisture sensitivity level of the packages
- Package placement
- Inspection and repair
- · Lead-free soldering versus PbSn soldering

#### 14.3 Wave soldering

Key characteristics in wave soldering are:

- Process issues, such as application of adhesive and flux, clinching of leads, board transport, the solder wave parameters, and the time during which components are exposed to the wave
- Solder bath specifications, including temperature and impurities

### 14.4 Reflow soldering

Key characteristics in reflow soldering are:

- Lead-free versus SnPb soldering; note that a lead-free reflow process usually leads to higher minimum peak temperatures (see <u>Figure 13</u>) than a PbSn process, thus reducing the process window
- Solder paste printing issues including smearing, release, and adjusting the process window for a mix of large and small components on one board
- Reflow temperature profile; this profile includes preheat, reflow (in which the board is heated to the peak temperature) and cooling down. It is imperative that the peak temperature is high enough for the solder to make reliable solder joints (a solder paste characteristic). In addition, the peak temperature must be low enough that the packages and/or boards are not damaged. The peak temperature of the package depends on package thickness and volume and is classified in accordance with Table 12 and 13

Table 12. SnPb eutectic process (from J-STD-020C)

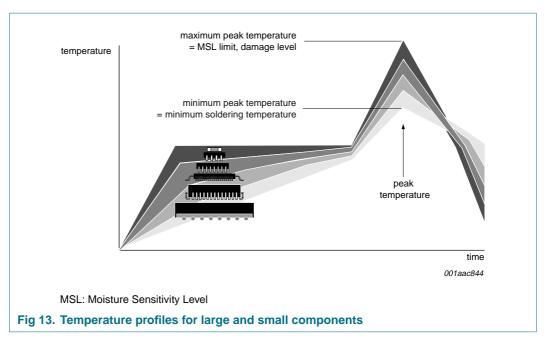
Package thickness (mm)	Package reflow temperature (°C)				
	Volume (mm³)				
	< 350	≥ 350			
< 2.5	235	220			
≥ 2.5	220	220			

Table 13. Lead-free process (from J-STD-020C)

Package thickness (mm)	Package reflow temperature (°C)  Volume (mm³)					
	< 1.6	260	260	260		
1.6 to 2.5	260	250	245			
> 2.5	250	245	245			

Moisture sensitivity precautions, as indicated on the packing, must be respected at all times.

Studies have shown that small packages reach higher temperatures during reflow soldering, see Figure 13.



For further information on temperature profiles, refer to Application Note *AN10365* "Surface mount reflow soldering description".

### 15. Abbreviations

Table 14. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic

# 16. Revision history

Table 15. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes				
74ALVC162334A_3	20061213	Product data sheet	-	74ALVC162334A_2				
Modifications:		<ul> <li>The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the new identity guidelines of NXP Semiconductors.</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate.</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>Section 1 "General description", 1st paragraph, 2nd sentence: changed "OE" to "OE"</li> </ul>							
	• Table 2 "Ordering information": changed (SOT364-1; TSSOP56) package to (SOT362-1;							
	TSSOP48) package							
	• Table 3 "Pin description" corrected:							
	<ul> <li>changed "Y<sub>1</sub> to Y<sub>18</sub>" to (Y1 to Y16, noted separately)</li> </ul>							
	<ul><li>GND pins:</li></ul>	added pins 4 and 39						
	<ul> <li>V<sub>CC</sub> pins changed from "7, 22, 35, 50" to "7, 18, 31, 42"</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>changed "A<sub>1</sub> to A<sub>18</sub>" to (A1 to A16, noted separately)</li> </ul>							
	• Figure 1 "Logic	c symbol (IEEE/IEC)": corrected	d pin number for Y15	from "21" to "22"				

 Table 15.
 Revision history ...continued

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes				
Modifications:	• Figure 1 "Lo	gic symbol (IEEE/IEC)": corr	ected pin number for Y1	5 from "21" to "22"				
(continued)	• Figure 2 "Logic diagram":							
	<ul><li>changed signal "A<sub>0</sub>" to "A1"</li></ul>							
	<ul><li>changed signal "Y<sub>0</sub>" to "Y1"</li></ul>							
	<ul> <li>changed "to the 17 other channels" to "to the 15 other channels"</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>Table 5 "Lim</li> </ul>	iting values" (title changed fr	om "Absolute maximum	ratings"):				
	<ul><li>paramete</li></ul>	er definition of I <sub>IK</sub> changed from	m "DC input diode curre	nt" to "input clamping current"				
	<ul><li>paramete current"</li></ul>	er definition of I <sub>OK</sub> changed for	om "DC output diode cu	rrent" to "output clamping				
	<ul> <li>symbol "I<sub>O</sub>" (DC output source or sink current) changed to "I<sub>O(sink/source)</sub>" (output sink or source current)</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>removed P<sub>tot</sub>/pack information for SSOP package</li> </ul>							
	• Table 7 "Static characteristics" (title changed from "DC electrical characteristics"):							
	<ul><li>changed symbol "I<sub>I</sub>" to "I<sub>LI</sub>"</li></ul>							
	<ul> <li>parameter definition of I<sub>OZ</sub> changed from "3-State output OFF-state current" to "OFF-state output current" (moved "3-state" to Conditions column)</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>parameter definition of I<sub>CC</sub> changed from "quiescent supply current" to "supply current"</li> </ul>							
	– parameter definition of $\Delta I_{CC}$ changed from "additional quiescent supply current" to "additional supply current"							
	<ul> <li>added C<sub>i</sub>, C<sub>io</sub>, and C<sub>PD</sub> parameters</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>Section 11 "Dynamic characteristics": table "AC characteristics for V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V range and V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V" separated into 2 tables</li> </ul>							
	Section 11.1 "AC waveforms":							
	– 1 <sup>st</sup> paragraph, 2 <sup>nd</sup> line: changed " $V_M = 1.5 V_{CC}$ " to " $V_M = 1.5 V$ "							
	<ul> <li>removed statement "V<sub>M</sub> = 0.5V<sub>CC</sub> at V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V." from <u>Figure 5</u>, <u>Figure 6</u>, <u>Figure 7</u>, <u>Figure 8</u>, <u>Figure 9</u> and <u>Figure 10</u> as redundant (depends on voltage as stated above these figures)</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li><u>Section 13 "Package outline"</u>: replaced SOT364-1 (TSSOP56) package outline drawing with Figure 12 "Package outline SOT362-1 (TSSOP48)"</li> </ul>							
74ALVC162334A_2 (9397 750 07246)	20000620	Product specification	853-2197 23931	74ALVC162334A_1				
74ALVC162334A_1 (9397 750 06963)	20000314	Product specification	853-2197 23314	-				

# 17. Legal information

#### 17.1 Data sheet status

Document status[1][2]	Product status[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions"
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