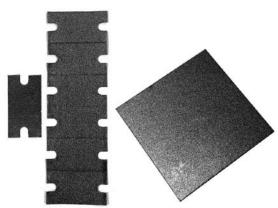
Thermal Pads

Thermal Interface Material for Heatsinkable devices



Ohmite thermal interface materials (TIMs) are designed for use in applications requiring reliable performance, low contact resistance, long life, low maintenance and high thermal conductivity. The flexible graphite materials are die-cut to ensure exact fit and reduce module-to-module variation during assembly. The compressibility of the material improves surface contact, reducing thermal impedance. The material compression can compensate for flatness variations of up to 125µm. The high in-plane thermal conductivity of this material reduces hot spots.

Ohmite's high performance TIMs are designed for long life applications with extreme heat cycles and are made of flexible graphite specifically engineered for demanding power electronics applications.



FEATURES

- Consistent, reliable thermal performance enabling zero maintenance applications
- Will not low or pump out under any thermal extremes, thermal cycles, power again and power cycling or part orientation
- No degradation in performance from initial install and over the life of the application, reducing PM and improving MTTF
- Assembly-ready foil form factor eliminates dispensing and cleaning processes
- Easy installation removes the need for Burn-in or re-torque, enabling a single step install
- Minimal outgassing prevents fouling of optics in lighting applications

APPLICATIONS

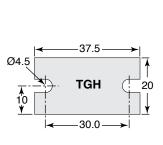
Power modules such as IGBT, RF devices used in:

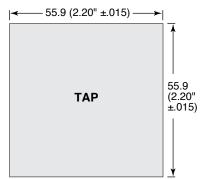
- UPS and inverters
- Motor drives
- · Base stations / Telecommunication
- Thermo Electric Devices
- Power supply modules, rectifiers and chargers
- High performance computers and servers
- EV / HEV / PHEV modules

SPECIFICATIONS					
Part No.	Device type	Ohmite series	Typical thickness	Min. Clamping Force	Operating Temperature
TAP-TP1	TAP	TAP600, 650, 800, 2000	200uм ±20	100кРа (15PSI) -40° ~ +400°С (-40° ~ +752°F)	
TGH-TP1	SOT-227	ALL TGHXXX			-40° ~ +400°C (-40° ~ +752°F)

DIMENSIONS

(mm)







Thermal Pads

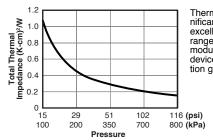
Thermal Interface Material for Heatsinkable devices

CHARACTERISTICS

At room temperature. Properties listed are typical and cannot be used as accept/reject specifications.

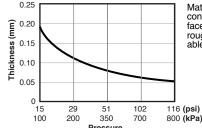
Max. Clamping Force	100 kPa (15 PSI)
Surface Compensation	@ 700 KPA (100 PSI); Up to 0.030 mm roughness; Up to 0.1 mm flatness compensation
Material Compression	@ 700 KPA (100 PSI); 70% of starting thickness
Outgassing Losses TML	<0.1%; E595 total mass loss (TML) test results of bare TIMs
Thickness Range	From 0.127 to 0.51mm (varies depending on grade)
Certifications	Meets RoHS certifications; Flammability Rating; UL94V-0
Thermal Impedance	0.49 K-cm2/W @ 200 kPa (29 psi); 0.18 K-cm2/W @ 700 kPa (101 psi)
Typical Thermal	Through-Plane: 7 W/m-K @ 700 kPa
Conductivity	In-Plane: 800 W/m-K @ 700 kPa
	In-Plane conductivity at ambient tempera-
	ture determined using Angstrom's Method. Thru-thickness conductivity determined using ASTM D5470 Modified Method.
Typical Starting Thickness	200μm ±20 (0.008" ±0.001)
Coefficient of Thermal	Through-Thickness: 27 ppm/°C
Expansion	In-Plane: -0.4 ppm/°C
Electrical Conductivity	Through-Thickness: 5 S/cm
	In-Plane: 19,000 S/cm
Flammability Rating	UL 94V-0 Compliant
Operating Temperature	-40 to +400°C
Specific Heat	0.80J/g-°C @ 25°C
Halogen Free	Yes

Thermal Impedance vs. Interface Pressure



Thermal impedance reduces significantly with pressure, ensuring excellent performance in pressure ranges common for most standard modules and power electronic devices per manufacturer's application guide.

Thickness Under Compression



Material compressibility improves contact between the mating surfaces, adjusting for flatness and roughness variations, ensuring reliable performance.

Material Performance

When determining which grade and thickness of TIMs will work for your application, the effective thermal impedance is the critical factor. The thermal impedance is the combination of the thermal resistance at the contact surfaces and the bulk resistance of the TIM.

ORDERING INFORMATION

