



Spec No. :DS23-2020-0031 Effective Date: 05/19/2021

Revision: C

LITE-ON DCC

RELEASE

BNS-OD-FC001/A4



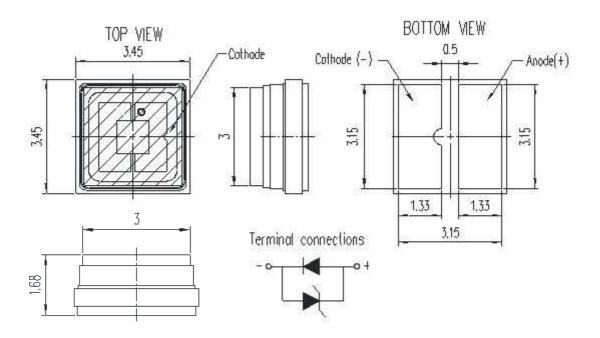
1. Description

The LiteON LTPL-G35UVC product series is a revolutionary, energy efficient light source for sterilization and medical application, combining the lifetime and reliability advantages of Light Emitting Diodes with the brightness of conventional light source. It gives you design freedom, and creating a new opportunities for solid state UVC light source to displace conventional UV technologies.

Features

- I.C. compatible
- RoHS compliant and Pb free
- Lower operating costs
- Reduced maintenance costs

2. Outline Dimensions



Notes:

All dimensions are in millimeters and tolerance is ±0.2mm unless otherwise noted.



3. Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation	Po	4.2	W
DC Forward Current	IF	600	mA
Operating Temperature Range	T _{opr}	-30~+80	C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-40~+100	C
Junction Temperature	Tj	105	C

Notes:

Operating the LED under reverse bias condition long time might result in damage or failure of the component.

Part No.: LTPL-G35UVC275GZ

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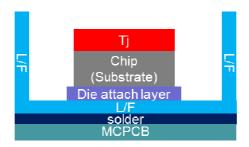


4. Electro-Optical Characteristics at Ta=25℃

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Test Condition	Unit
	Vf	Max.	7.0		
Forward Voltage		Тур.	6.2	If = 350mA	V
		Min.	5.5		
		Max.	-		
D. II El	Фе	Тур.	50	If = 350mA	mW
Radiant Flux		Min.	40		
		Тур	72	If = 600mA	
Peak Wavelength	14/	Max	280	If 250m A	
	Wp	Min	265	If = 350mA	nm
Thermal Resistance (Junction-Solder)	Rth j-s	Тур.	12.3	If = 350mA	K/W
Viewing Angle	2 0 1/2	Тур.	120	If = 350mA	o
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	-	Max	2000	JESD22-A114-B	V

Notes:

- 1. Radiant flux (Φe) is the total Radiant flux output as measured with an integrating sphere.
- 2. Forward voltage (Vf) measurement tolerance is ± 0.1V
- 3. Peak Wavelength measurement tolerance is ± 3nm
- 4. Forward Radiant Flux measurement tolerance is ± 10%
- 5. The thermal resistance is defined as the figure. Rth j-s is the thermal resistance from chip junction to solder. Reference for thermal resistance: Using 2.0x2.0x0.17cm aluminum MCPCB





5. Bin Code list

Vf : Forward Voltage Spec. Table			
V _F Bin	Vf (V) @ If = 350mA		
	Min.	Max.	
V1	5.5	6.0	
V2	6.0	6.5	
V3	6.5	7.0	

Tolerance on each Forward Voltage bin is +/- 0.1V

Фе: Radiant Flux Spec. Table			
do Bin	Фе (mW) @ If = 350mA		
Фе Bin	Min.	Max.	
X1	40	45	
X2	45	50	
Х3	50	55	
X4	55	-	

Tolerance on each Radiant Flux bin is +/- 7%

Wp: Peak Wavelength Spec table			
Wp Bin	Wp (nm) @ If = 350mA		
	Min.	Max.	
W1	265	280	

Tolerance on each Peak Wavelength bin is +/- 3nm

Notes:

Bin classification code is marked on each packing bag.



6. Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

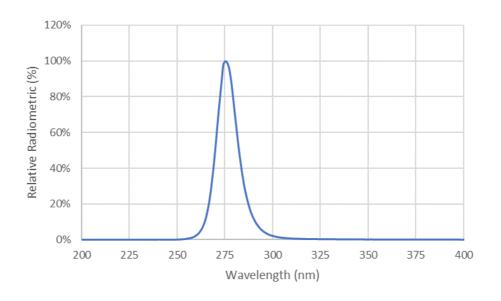


Fig 1. Relative Spectral Distribution

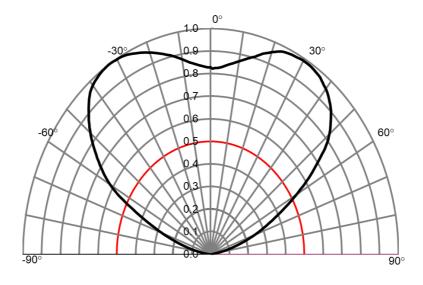


Fig 2. Radiation Characteristics



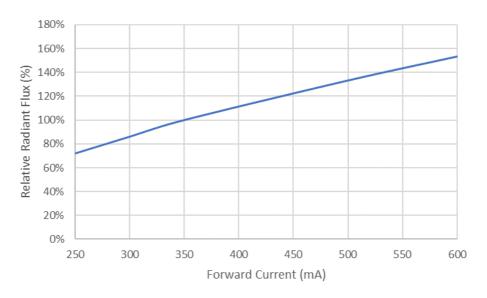


Fig 3. Relative Radiant Flux vs. Forward Current

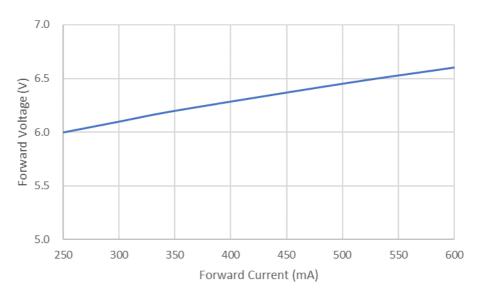


Fig 4. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

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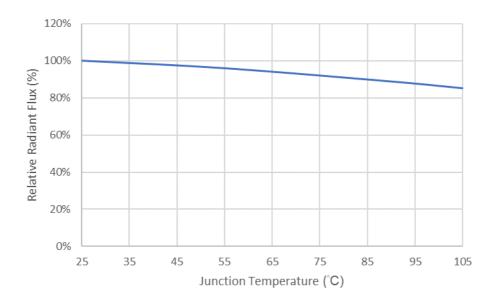


Fig.5 Relative Radiant Flux vs Junction Temperature

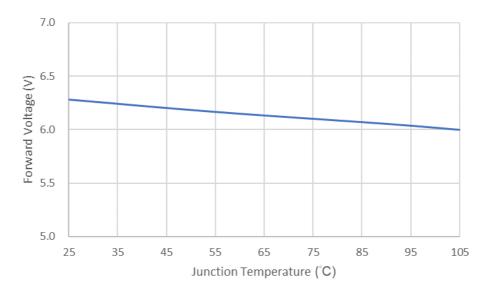


Fig 6. Forward Voltage vs Junction Temperature



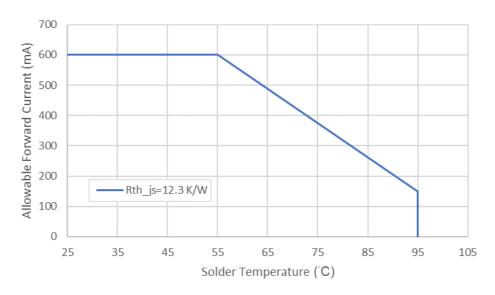


Fig 7. Forward Current Derating Curve



7. Reliability Test Plan

7.1 Reliability Test Condition

No	Test item	Condition	Duration
1	Room Temperature Operating Life (RTOL)	Ta = 25℃, IF=350mA	1,000 hrs
2	Room Temperature Operating Life (RTOL)	Ta = 25℃, IF=600mA	1,000 hrs
3	High Temperature Operating Life (HTOL)	Ta = 85℃ , IF=150mA	1,000 hrs
4	Low Temperature Operating Life (LTOL)	Ta = -40℃, IF=350mA	1,000 hrs
5	High Temperature & Humidity Operating Life (WHTOL)	Ta = 60℃, RH = 90% IF=250mA	1,000 hrs
6	High Temperature Storage Life (HTSL)	Ta = 100℃	1, 000 hrs
7	Low Temperature Storage Life (LTSL)	Ta = -40℃	1,0 00 hrs
8	High Temperature & Humidity Storage (WHTSL)	Ta = 60℃, RH = 90%	1,000 hrs
9	Non-Operating Thermal Shock (TS)	-30℃ (30min) ~ 85 ℃ (30min)	100 cycles

Notes:

Operating life test are mounted on 115x95x40 mm metal thermal heat sink

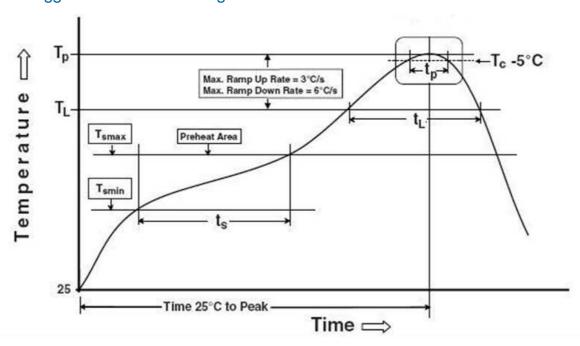
7.2 Criteria for Judging the Damage

lkom	Cumbol	Test Condition	Criteria for	Criteria for Judgment		
Item	Symbol	rest Condition	Min.	Max.		
Forward Voltage	Vf	<i>IF</i> = 350mA	-	10%		
Radiant Flux	Фе	<i>IF</i> = 350mA	50%	-		



8. User Guide

8.1 Suggested Reflow Soldering Characteristics

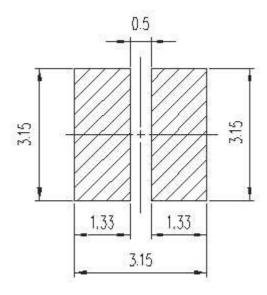


Profile Feature	Lead Free Assembly
Average Ramp-Up Rate (T _L to T _P)	3℃ / second max
Preheat Temperature Min (T _{Smin})	150℃
Preheat Temperature Max (Tsmax)	200℃
Preheat Time (ts)	60 – 120 seconds
Time Maintained Above Temperature (T _L)	217℃
Time Maintained Above Time (t∟)	60 – 150 seconds
Peak / Classification Temperature (T _P)	260℃ *
Time Within 5℃ of Actual Peak Temperature (t P)	10~30 seconds
Ramp – Down Rate (T _P to T _L)	6℃ / second max
Time 25℃ to Peak Temperature	8 minutes max

The recommended peak temperature is 245℃. The maxi mum soldering temperature should be controlled under 260℃



8.2 Recommend Printed Circuit Board Attachment Pad

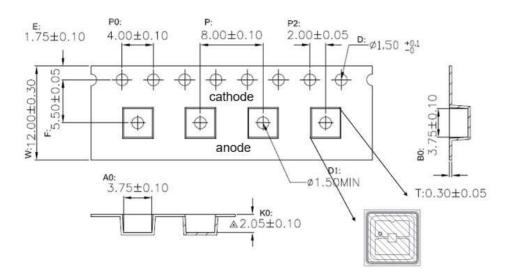


Notes:

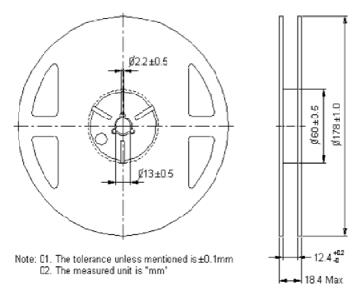
- The LEDs can be soldered using the reflow soldering or hand soldering method. The recommended hand soldering condition is 300℃ max and 2secs max, only once, and the operation of reflow soldering is only up to three times at maximum.
- 2. All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.
- 3. The soldering profile could be further referred to different soldering grease material characteristic. The grease vendor will provide this information.
- 4. A rapid-rate process is not recommended for the LEDs cooling down from the peak temperature.
- 5. Although the recommended reflow conditions are specified above, the reflow or hand soldering condition at the lowest possible temperature is desirable for the LEDs.
- LiteOn cannot make a guarantee on the LEDs which have been already assembled using the dip soldering method.
- 7. Recommend printed circuit board attachment pad specification tolerance ±0.1mm.



8.3 Package Dimensions of Tape



8.4 Package Dimensions of Reel



Notes:

- 1. Empty component pockets sealed with top cover tape.
- 2. 7 inch reel-maximum 500 pieces per reel. (Min. packing quantities are 100 pieces for remainders)
- 3. The maximum number of consecutive missing lamps is two.
- 4. In accordance with EIA-481-1-B specifications.



9. Caution

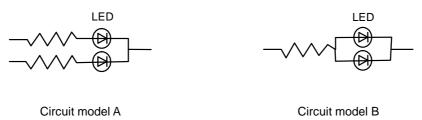
Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED if necessary.

Do not use unspecified chemical liquid to clean LED, it could harm the package.

Drive Method

An LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit below.



- (A) Recommended circuit.
- (B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs.
- (C) This LED should be used under forward current, particularly not used under continuous reverse current to avoid the damage to LED.

The electrode pads are plated with gold, but it is still not recommended to the use under any of the following conditions, please confirm the performance and reliability are well enough if you use it under any of the following conditions

- Do not use sulfur-containing materials in commercial products including the materials such as seals and adhesives that may contain sulfur.
- Do not put this product in a place with a lot of moisture (over 85% relative humidity), dew condensation, briny air, and corrosive gas (CI, H2S, NH3, SO2, NOX, etc.).

Manual Handling Remark

The LED should only be picked up by making contact with the sides of the LED body. It should not put any pressure on the lens either by finger or any hand tool. Do not puncture or push the lens.



ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED. Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- · Use a conductive wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs.
- · All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded.
- · Work tables, storage racks, etc. Should be properly grounded.
- · Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the

LED's plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handling.

ESD-damaged LEDs will exhibit abnormal characteristics such as high reverse leakage current, low forward voltage, or "no light up" at low currents. To verify for ESD damage, check for "light up" and V_F of the suspect LEDs at low currents.

Training and Certification

- 1. Working area is ESD-certified.
- 2. Training records and re-certification dates monitored.

Static-Safe Workstation & Work Areas

- 1. Static-safe working stations or work-areas have ESD signs.
- 2. All surfaces and objects at all static-safe workstation and within 1 ft measure less than 100V.
- 3. All ionizer activated, positioned towards the units.
- 4. Each work surface mats grounding is good.

Personnel Grounding

- 1. Every person (including visitors) handling ESD sensitive (ESDS) items wear wrist strap, heel strap or conductive shoes with conductive flooring.
- 2. If conductive footwear used, conductive flooring also present.
- 3. Garments, hairs or anything closer than 1 ft to ESD items measure less than 100V.
- 4. The wrist strap or heel strap/conductive shoes are checked daily and result recorded.
- 5. All wrist strap or heel strap checkers calibration up to date.

Device Handling

- 1. Each ESDS items identified by EIA-471 labels on item or packaging.
- 2. No static charge generators (e.g. plastics) inside shielding containers with ESDS items.
- 3. All flexible conductive and dissipative package materials are inspected before reuse or recycles





Storage

This product is qualified as Moisture sensitive Level 3 per JEDEC J-STD-020 Precaution when handling this moisture sensitive product is important to ensure the reliability of the product.

The package is sealed:

The LEDs should be stored at 30℃ or less and 85%RH or less. And the LEDs are limited to use within one year, while the LEDs is packed in moisture-proof package with the desiccants inside.

The package is opened:

The LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 60%RH or less. The LEDs are limited to solder process within 168hrs. If the Humidity Indicator shows the pink color in 10% even higher or exceed the storage limiting time since opened, we recommended to baking LEDs at 60°C at least 24hours before solder. To seal the remainder LEDs return to package, it's recommended to be with workable desiccants in original package.

Safety

DO NOT directly look at the UV light from LED or optical instrument because it is harmful to human eyes. And it is recommended to use UV goggles protective glasses for avoiding eye damage.





10. Datasheet Version

Version	Date	Owner	Change Item
Preliminary	2020/02/26	Joan SC Wang	Initial specification
А	2020/04/23	Joan SC Wang	Add fig. 7.
		1 Charles Hsu	Update max power dissipation to 4.2W
			Update max forward current to 600mA
			Update max junction temperature to 105℃
В	2020/11/11		Update typ/min [¢] e to 50/40mW
			Add typ ∮e 72mW @ 600mA
			Add RA plan RTOL Ta=25℃ If=600mA
			Remove RA plan RTOL Ta=25℃ If=500mA
С	2021/05/17	Charles Hsu	Add ESD spec
			Update min wp 270 to 265nm