SPM 49 Series Smart Power Module (SPM) Inverter, 1200 V, 35 A

NFAL3512L5B

General Description

The NFAL3512L5B is a smart power module providing a fully-featured, high-performance inverter output stage for AC induction, BLDC, and PMSM motors. These modules integrate optimized gate drive of the built-in IGBTs to minimize EMI and losses, while also providing multiple on-module protection features: under-voltage lockouts, over-current shutdown, temperature sensing, and fault reporting. The built-in, high-speed HVIC requires only a single supply voltage and translates the incoming logic-level gate inputs to high-voltage, high-current drive signals to properly drive the module's internal IGBTs. Separate negative IGBT terminals are available for each phase to support the widest variety of control algorithms.

Features

- 1200 V 35 A 3–Phase IGBT Inverter, Including Control ICs for Gate Drive and Protections
- Low-Loss, Short-Circuit-Rated IGBTs
- Very Low Thermal Resistance Using Al₂O₃ DBC Substrate
- Built-In Bootstrap Diodes/Resistors
- Separate Open-Emitter Pins from Low-Side IGBTs for Three-Phase Current Sensing
- Adjustable Over-Current Protection via Integrated Sense-IGBTs
- Isolation Rating of 2500 Vrms/1 min
- These Devices are RoHS Compliant

Typical Applications

• Motion Control – Industrial Motor (AC 400 V Class)

Integrated Power Functions

• 1200 V – 35 A IGBT Inverter for Three–Phase DC/AC Power Conversion (Refer to Figure 2)

Integrated Drive, Protection, and System Control Functions

- For Inverter High-Side IGBTs: gate-drive circuit, high-voltage isolated high-speed level-shifting control circuit, Under-Voltage Lock-Out protection (UVLO), available bootstrap circuit example is given in Figures 4 and 15
- For Inverter Low-Side IGBTs: gate-drive circuit, Short-Circuit Protection (SCP) control circuit, Under-Voltage Lock-Out protection (UVLO)
- Fault Signaling: corresponding to UV (low-side supply) and SC faults
- Input Interface: active—HIGH interface, works with 3.3 V/5 V logic, Schmitt—trigger input



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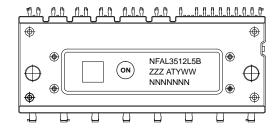
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3D Package Drawing (Click to Activate 3D Content)

SPM49-CAA CASE MODGR

MARKING DIAGRAM



NFAL3512L5B = Specific Device Code

ZZZ = Lot ID

AT = Assembly & Test Location
Y = Year

WW = Work Week

NNNNNNN = Serial Number

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 10 of this data sheet.

PIN CONFIGURATION

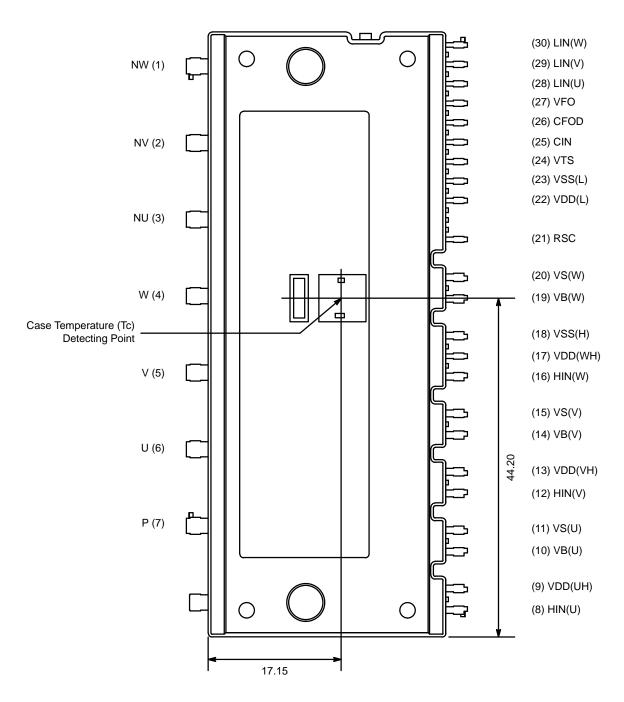
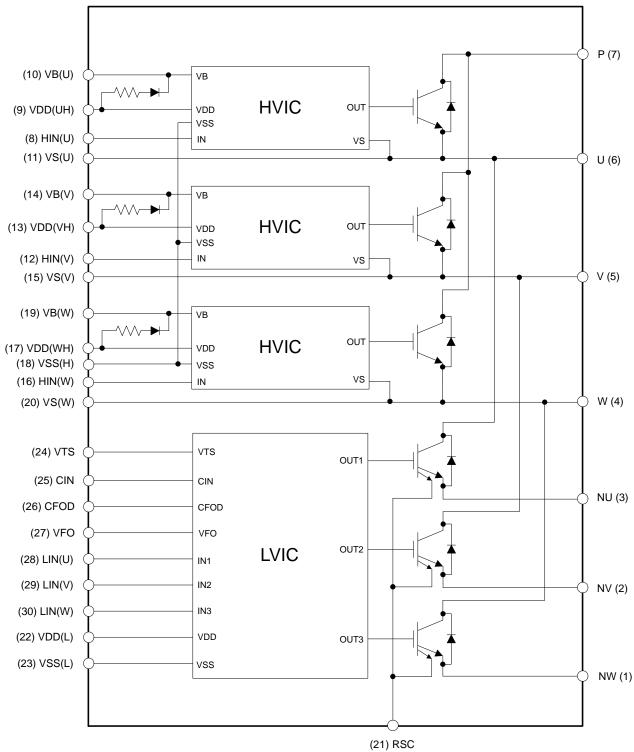


Figure 1. Pin Configuration - Top View

PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Description				
1	NW	Negative DC-Link Input for W Phase				
2	NV	Negative DC-Link Input for V Phase				
3	NU	Negative DC-Link Input for U Phase				
4	W	Output for W Phase				
5	V	Output for V Phase				
6	U	Output for U Phase				
7	Р	Positive DC-Link Input				
8	HIN(U)	Signal Input for High-Side U Phase				
9	VDD(UH)	High-Side Bias Voltage for U Phase IC				
10	VB(U)	High-Side Bias Voltage for U Phase IGBT Driving				
11	VS(U)	High-Side Bias Voltage GND for U Phase IGBT Driving				
12	HIN(V)	Signal Input for High-Side V Phase				
13	VDD(VH)	High–Side Bias Voltage for V Phase IC				
14	VB(V)	High-Side Bias Voltage for V Phase IGBT Driving				
15	VS(V)	High-Side Bias Voltage GND for V Phase IGBT Driving				
16	HIN(W)	Signal Input for High-Side W Phase				
17	VDD(WH)	High–Side Bias Voltage for W Phase IC				
18	VSS(H)	High-Side Common Supply Ground, connected to HVIC				
19	VB(W)	High-Side Bias Voltage for W Phase IGBT Driving				
20	VS(W)	High-Side Bias Voltage GND for W Phase IGBT Driving				
21	RSC	Resistor for Over and Short–Circuit Current Detection				
22	VDD(L)	Low-Side Bias Voltage for IC and IGBTs Driving				
23	VSS(L)	Low-Side Common Supply Ground, connected to LVIC				
24	VTS	Voltage Output for LVIC Temperature Sensing Unit				
25	CIN	Input for Current Protection				
26	CFOD	Capacitor for Fault Output Duration Selection				
27	VFO	Fault Output				
28	LIN(U)	Signal Input for Low–Side U Phase				
29	LIN(V)	Signal Input for Low–Side V Phase				
30	LIN(W)	Signal Input for Low–Side W Phase				

INTERNAL EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT AND INPUT/OUTPUT PINS



NOTES:

- Inverter high-side is composed of three normal-IGBTs, freewheeling diodes, and one control IC for each IGBT.
 Inverter low-side is composed of three sense-IGBTs, freewheeling diodes, and one control IC for each IGBT. It has gate drive and protection functions.
- 3. Inverter power side is composed of four inverter DC-link input terminals and three inverter output terminals.

Figure 2. Internal Block Diagram

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Tj = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Rating	Conditions	Rating	Unit
INVERTER PAR	₹T			
VPN	Supply Voltage	Applied between P – NU, NV, NW	900	V
VPN(surge)	Supply Voltage (Surge)	Applied between P – NU, NV, NW	1000	V
Vces	Collector-Emitter Voltage		1200	V
±lc	Each IGBT Collector Current	Tc = 25°C, Tj ≤ 150°C	35	Α
±lcp	Each IGBT Collector Current (Peak)	Tc = 25°C, Tj ≤ 150°C, Under 1 ms Pulse Width (Note 4)	70	А
Pc	Collector Dissipation	Tc = 25°C per One Chip (Note 4)	201	W
Tj	Operating Junction Temperature		-40~150	°C
CONTROL PAR	τ			
VDD	Control Supply Voltage	Applied between VDD(H), VDD(L) – VSS	20	V
VBS	High-Side Control Bias Voltage	Applied between VB(U) – VS(U), VB(V) – VS(V), VB(W) – VS(W)	20	V
VIN	Input Signal Voltage	Applied between HIN(U), HIN(V), HIN(W), LIN(U), LIN(V), LIN(W) – VSS	-0.5~VDD+0.5	V
VFO	Fault Output Supply Voltage	Applied between VFO – VSS	-0.5~VDD+0.5	V
IFO	Fault Output Current	Sink Current at VFO pin	5	mA
VCIN	Current Sensing Input Voltage	Applied between CIN – VSS	-0.5~VDD+0.5	V
Tj	Operating Junction Temperature		-40~150	°C
BOOSTSTRAP	DIODE PART			
VRRM	Maximum Repetitive Reverse Voltage		1200	٧
Tj	Operating Junction Temperature		-40~150	°C
TOTAL SYSTE	<u>. </u>			•
VPN(PROT)	Self–Protection Supply Voltage Limit (Short–Circuit Protection Capability)	VDD = VBS = 13.5~16.5 V, Tj = 150°C, Vces < 1200 V, Non-Repetitive, < 2 μs	800	V
Tc	Module Case Operation Temperature	See Figure 1 -40~125		°C
Tstg	Storage Temperature		-40~125	°C
Viso	Isolation Voltage	60 Hz, Sinusoidal, AC 1 Minute, Connection Pins to Heat Sink Plate	2500	Vrms

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

THERMAL RESISTANCE

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
		Inverter IGBT Part (per 1/6 module)	-	-	0.62	°C/W
Rth(j-c)F	Resistance (Note 5)	Inverter FWDi Part (per 1/6 module)	_	_	1.15	°C/W

^{5.} For the measurement point of case temperature (Tc), please refer to Figure 1. DBC discoloration and Picker Circle Printing allowed, please refer to application note AN-9190 (Impact of DBC Oxidation on SPM® Module Performance).

^{4.} These values had been made an acquisition by the calculation considered to design factor.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Tj = 25°C unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol Parameter		Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
NVEI	RTER PAI	RT				-		-
VCE(sat)		Collector–Emitter Saturation Voltage	VDD = VBS = 15 V IN = 5 V	Ic = 35 A, Tj = 25°C	-	1.90	2.40	V
	VF FWDi Forward Voltage		IN = 0 V	Ic = −35 A, Tj = 25°C	_	2.00	2.60	V
HS	ton	Switching Times	VPN = 600 V, VDD = 15 V, Ic	= 35 A	1.10	1.70	2.30	μS
	tc(on)		Tj = 25° C IN = 0 V \leftrightarrow 5 V, Inductive Load	d	_	0.25	0.55	μS
	toff		See Figure 3 (Note 6)		_	1.50	2.10	μS
	tc(off)		(Note 6)		_	0.15	0.45	μS
	trr				_	0.20	_	μS
LS	ton		VPN = 600 V, VDD = 15 V, Ic	= 35 A	1.00	1.60	2.20	μS
	tc(on)		Tj = 25° C IN = $0 \text{ V} \leftrightarrow 5 \text{ V}$, Inductive Load	d	_	0.20	0.50	μS
	toff		See Figure 3 (Note 6)		_	1.40	2.00	μS
	tc(off)		(Note o)		_	0.15	0.45	μs
	trr				_	0.20	_	μS
	Ices	Collector–Emitter Leakage Current	Vce = Vces	Vce = Vces		-	1	mA
CONT	TROL PA	RT				•		
IQDDH		Quiescent VDD Supply Current	VDD(UH,VH,WH) = 15 V, HIN(U,V,W) = 0 V	VDD(UH) – VSS(H), VDD(VH) – VSS(H), VDD(WH) – VSS(H)	-	-	0.30	mA
IQDDL			VDD(L) = 15 V, LIN(U,V,W) = 0 V	VDD(L) - VSS(L)	-	-	3.50	mA
IPDDH		Operating VDD Supply Current	VDD(UH,VH,WH) = 15 V, FPWM = 20 kHz, Duty = 50%, Applied to one PWM Signal Input for High–Side	VDD(UH) - VSS(H), VDD(VH) - VSS(H), VDD(WH) - VSS(H)	-	-	0.40	mA
IPDDL			VDD(L) = 15 V, FPWM = 20 kHz, Duty = 50%, Applied to one PWM Signal Input for Low–Side	VDD(L) – VSS(L)	-	-	6.50	mA
I	QBS	Quiescent VBS Supply Current	VDD = VBS = 15 V, HIN(U,V,W) = 0 V	VB(U) – VS(U), VB(V) – VS(V), VB(W) – VS(W)	_	-	0.30	mA
IPBS		Operating VBS Supply Current	VDD = VBS = 15 V, FPWM = 20 kHz, Duty = 50%, Applied to one PWM Signal Input for High–Side VB(U) – VS(U), VB(V) – VS(V)		-	-	5.50	mA
VFOH Fault Output Voltage		Fault Output Voltage	VDD = 15 V, CIN = 0 V, VFO Circuit: 10 k Ω to 5 V Pull		4.90	-	_	٧
\	VFOL		VDD = 15 V, CIN = 1 V, IFO =	1 mA	-	-	0.95	V
ı	SEN	Sensing Current of Each Sense IGBT	VDD = 15 V, LIN = 5 V, Rsc = 0 Ω , No Connection of Shunt Resistor at NU, NV, NW Terminal	Ic = 35 A	-	15	-	mA
VS	SC(ref)	Short Circuit Trip Level	VDD = 15 V	CIN - VSS(L)	0.46	0.48	0.50	V
	ISC	Short Circuit Current Level for Trip	Rsc = 30 Ω (±1%), No Connection of Shunt Resistor at NU, NV, NW Terminal (Note 7)		52	-	_	Α

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Tj = 25°C unless otherwise specified.) (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	ons	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
ONTROL PA	RT						
UVDDD	Supply Circuit Under-Voltage	Detection Level		10.3	_	12.5	V
UVDDR	Protection	Reset Level		10.8	_	13.0	V
UVBSD	7	Detection Level		10.0	_	12.0	V
UVBSR	7	Reset Level		10.5	_	12.5	V
VIN(ON)	ON Threshold Voltage	Applied between HIN(U,V,W) – VSS(H),		-	_	2.6	V
VIN(OFF)	OFF Threshold Voltage	LIN(U,V,W) – VSS(L)		0.8	_	_	V
VTS	Voltage Output for LVIC Temperature Sensing Unit	VDD(L) = 15 V, TLVIC = 25°C See Figure 6 and 7 (Note 8)		0.909	1.030	1.151	V
tFOD	Fault-Out Pulse Width	CFOD = 22 nF (Note 9)	CFOD = 22 nF (Note 9)		_	_	ms
OOTSTRAP	DIODE/RESISTOR PART						
VF	Forward Voltage	If = 0.1 A, Tj = 25°C	See Figure 8	2.1	2.5	2.9	V
RBOOT	Bootstrap Resistor		•	12.5	15.5	18.5	Ω

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

- 6. ton and toff include the propagation delay of the internal drive IC. tc(on) and tc(off) are the switching times of IGBT under the given gate-driving condition internally. For the detailed information, please see Figure 3.
- 7. Short-circuit current protection functions only at the low-sides because the sense current is divided from main current at low-side IGBTs. Inserting the shunt resistor for monitoring the phase current at NU, NV, NW terminal, the trip level of the short-circuit current is changed.
- 8. TLVIC is the temperature of LVIC itself. VTS is only for sensing temperature of LVIC and cannot shutdown IGBTs automatically. The relationship between VTS voltage output and LVIC temperature is described in Figure 6. It is recommended to add a ceramic capacitor of 10 nF or more between VTS and VSS (Signal Ground) to make the VTS more stable as described in Figure 7. Refer to the application note for this products about usage of VTS.
- 9. The fault-out pulse width tFOD depends on the capacitance value of CFOD according to the following approximate equation: tFOD = 0.1 × 10⁶ × CFOD [s].

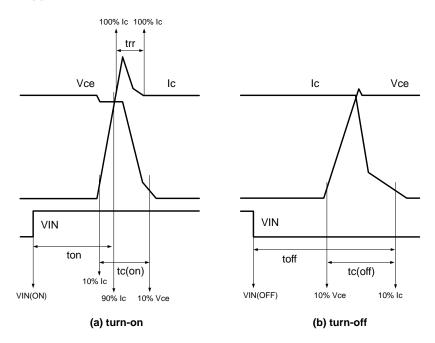


Figure 3. Switching Time Definition

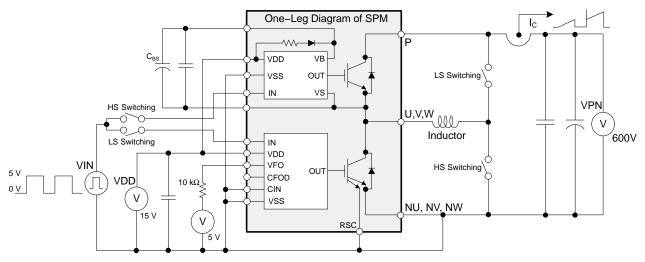


Figure 4. Example Circuit of Switching Test

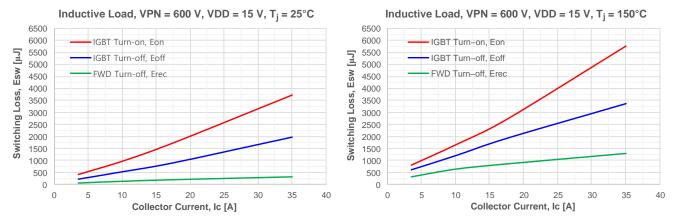


Figure 5. Switching Loss Characteristics

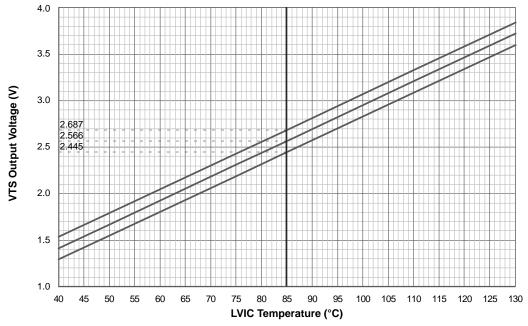


Figure 6. Temperature Profile of VTS

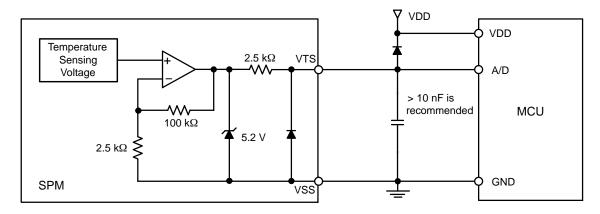


Figure 7. Internal Block Diagram and Interface Circuit of VTS

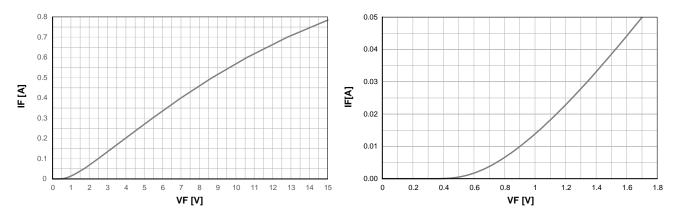


Figure 8. Characteristics of Bootstrap Diode/Resistor (Right Figure is Enlarged Figure)

RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGES

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
VPN	Supply Voltage	Applied between P-NU, NV, NW			600	800	V
VDD	Control Supply Voltage	Applied between VDD(UH,VH,WH)-VSS	(H), VDD(L)-VSS(L)	13.5	15.0	16.5	V
VBS	High-Side Control Bias Voltage	Applied between VB(U)-VS(U), VB(V)-V	'S(V), VB(W)–VS(W)	13.0	15.0	18.5	V
dVDD/dt, dVBS/dt	Control Supply Variation		-1	-	+1	V/μs	
tdead	Blanking Time for Preventing Arm – Short	For Each Input Signal	2.0	-	-	μs	
FPWM	PWM Input Signal	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Tc} \le 125^{\circ}\text{C}, -40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Tj} \le 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			-	20	kHz
lo	Allowable r.m.s. Output Current	VPN = 600 V, VDD = VBS = 15 V, P.F = 0.8, Sinusoidal PWM			-	20	Arms
	Output Current	Tc ≤ 125°C, Tj ≤ 150°C (Note 10)	FPWM = 15 kHz	_	_	13	
VSEN	Voltage for Current Sensing	Applied between NU, NV, NW – VSS (Including Surge Voltage)			-	+5.0	V
PWIN(ON)	Minimum Input Pulse	(Note 11) VDD = VBS = 15 V, Ic ≤ 70 A, Wiring Inductance between NU, NV, NW and DC Link N < 10 nH (Note 11)			-	-	μS
PWIN(OFF)	Width				-	-	
Tj	Junction Temperature			-40	-	+150	°C

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

10. This allowable output current value is the reference data for the safe operation of this product. This may be different from the actual application

and operating condition.

^{11.} This product might not make output response if input pulse width is less than the recommended value.

PACKAGE MARKING AND ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Device Marking	Package	Shipping
NFAL3512L5B	NFAL3512L5B	SPM49-CAA	6 Units/Tube

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND RATINGS

Parameter	Cor	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Device Flatness	See Figure 9	See Figure 9		_	100	μm
Mounting Torque	Mounting Screw: M4 See Figure 10	Recommended 1.18 N · m	0.98	1.18	1.47	N · m
		Recommended 12.03 kg · cm	10.00	12.03	14.98	kg · cm
Terminal Pulling Strength	Load 19.6 N	Load 19.6 N			_	S
Terminal Bending Strength	Load 9.8 N, 90 degrees Bend	Load 9.8 N, 90 degrees Bend		_	_	times
Weight			-	44.5	_	g

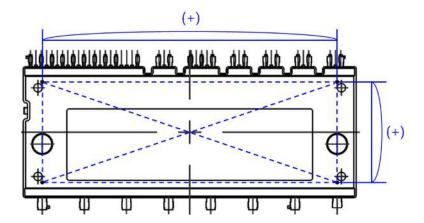
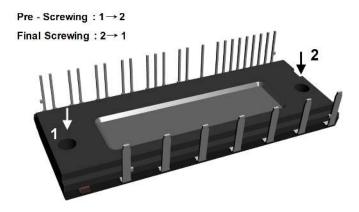


Figure 9. Flatness Measurement Position

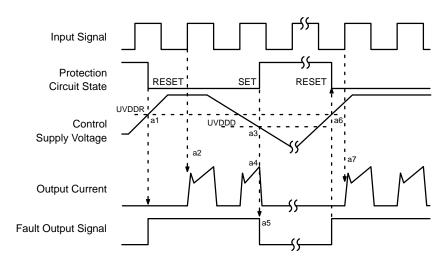


NOTES:

- 12. Do not over torque when mounting screws. Too much mounting torque may cause DBC cracks, as well as bolts and Al heat–sink destruction.
- 13. Avoid one–sided tightening stress. Figure 10 shows the recommended torque order for the mounting screws. Uneven mounting can cause the DBC substrate of package to be damaged. The pre–screwing torque is set to 20~30% of maximum torque rating.

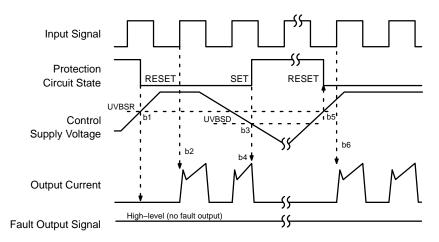
Figure 10. Mounting Screws Torque Order

TIME CHARTS OF SPMs PROTECTIVE FUNCTION



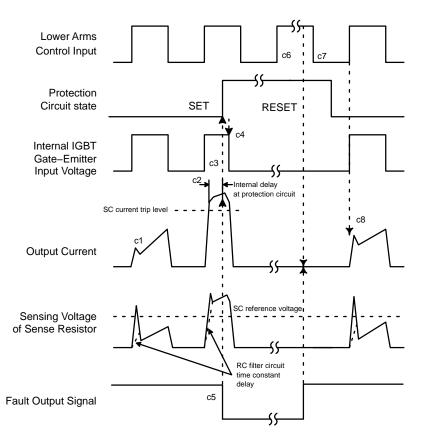
- a1: Control supply voltage rises: after the voltage rises UVDDR, the circuits start to operate when the next input is applied.
- a2: Normal operation: IGBT ON and carrying current.
- a3: Under-voltage detection (UVDDD).
- a4: IGBT OFF in spite of control input condition.
- a5: Fault output operation starts with a fixed pulse width according to the condition of the external capacitor CFOD.
- a6: Under-voltage reset (UVDDR).
- a7: Normal operation: IGBT ON and carrying current by triggering next signal from LOW to HIGH.

Figure 11. Under-voltage Protection (Low-side)



- b1: Control supply voltage rises: after the voltage reaches UVBSR, the circuits start to operate when the next input is applied.
- b2: Normal operation: IGBT ON and carrying current.
- b3: Under-voltage detection (UVBSD).
- b4: IGBT OFF in spite of control input condition, but there is no fault output signal.
- b5: Under-voltage reset (UVBSR).
- b6: Normal operation: IGBT ON and carrying current by triggering next signal from LOW to HIGH.

Figure 12. Under-voltage Protection (High-side)

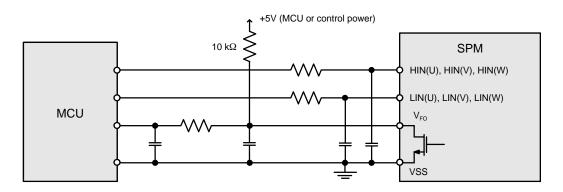


(With the external sense resistance and RC filter connection)

- c1: Normal operation: IGBT ON and carrying current.
- c2: Short-circuit current detection (SC trigger).
- c3: All low-side IGBTs gate are hard interrupted.
- c4: All low-side IGBTs turn OFF.
- c5: Fault output operation starts with a fixed pulse width according to the condition of the external capacitor CFOD.
- c6: Input HIGH IGBT ON state, but during the active period of fault output, the IGBT doesn't turn ON.
- c7: Fault output operation finishes, but IGBT doesn't turn on until triggering the next signal from LOW to HIGH.
- c8: Normal operation: IGBT ON and carrying current.

Figure 13. Short-circuit Current Protection (Low-side Operation Only)

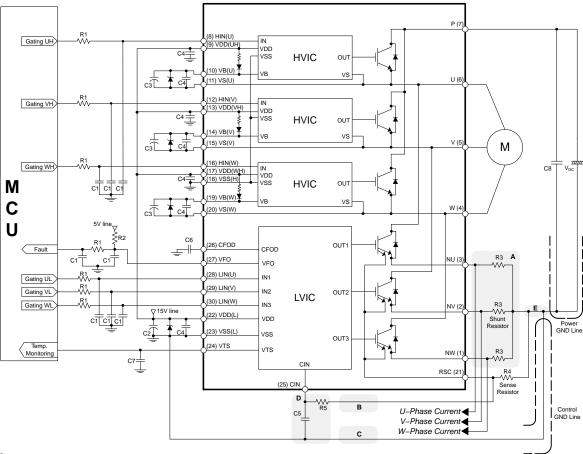
INPUT/OUTPUT INTERFACE CIRCUIT



NOTE:

14. RC coupling at each input might change depending on the PWM control scheme used in the application and the wiring impedance of the application's printed circuit board. The input signal section of the SPM49 product integrates 5 kΩ (typ.) pull–down resistor. Therefore, when using an external filtering resistor, please pay attention to the signal voltage drop at input terminal.

Figure 14. Recommended MCU I/O Interface Circuit



NOTES:

- 15. To avoid malfunction, the wiring of each input should be as short as possible (less than 2-3 cm).
- 16. VFO output is an open-drain type. This signal line should be pulled up to the positive side of the MCU or control power supply with a resistor that makes IFO up to 1 mA. Please refer to Figure 14.
- 17. Fault out pulse width can be adjusted by capacitor C6 connected to the CFOD terminal.
- 18. Input signal is active–HIGH type. There is a 5 k Ω resistor inside the IC to pull–down each input signal line to GND. RC coupling circuits should be adopted for the prevention of input signal oscillation. R1C1 time constant should be selected in the range 50~150 ns (recommended R1 = 100 Ω , C1 = 1 nF).
- 19. Each wiring pattern inductance of point A should be minimized (recommend less than 10 nH). Use the shunt resistor R3 of surface mounted (SMD) type to reduce wiring inductance. To prevent malfunction, wiring of point E should be connected to the terminal of the shunt resistor R3 as close as possible.
- 20. To insert the shunt resistor to measure each phase current at NU, NV, NW terminal, it makes to change the trip level ISC about the short-circuit current.
- 21. To prevent errors of the protection function, the wiring of points B, C, and D should be as short as possible. The wiring of B between CIN filter and RSC terminal should be divided at the point that is close to the terminal of sense resistor R4.
- 22. For stable protection function, use the sense resistor R4 with resistance variation within 1% and low inductance value.
- 23. In the short–circuit protection circuit, select the R5C5 time constant in the range 1.5~2.0 μs. R5 should be selected with a minimum of 10 times larger resistance than sense resistor R4. Do enough evaluation on the real system because short-circuit protection time may vary wiring pattern layout and value of the R5C5 time constant.
- 24. Each capacitor should be mounted as close to the pins of the SPM product as possible.
- 25. To prevent surge destruction, the wiring between the smoothing capacitor C8 and the P & GND pins should be as short as possible. The use of a high–frequency non–inductive capacitor of around 0.1~0.22 µF between the P & GND pins is recommended.
- 26. Relays are used in most systems of electrical equipment in industrial application. In these cases, there should be sufficient distance between the MCU and the relays.
- 27. The Zener diode or transient voltage suppressor should be adopted for the protection of ICs from the surge destruction between each pair of control supply terminals (recommended Zener diode is 20~22 V/1 W, which has the lower Zener impedance characteristic than about 15 Ω).
- 28. C2 of around seven times larger than bootstrap capacitor C3 is recommended.
- 29. Please choose the electrolytic capacitor with good temperature characteristic in C3. Choose $0.1 \sim 0.2~\mu F$ R-category ceramic capacitors with good temperature and frequency characteristics in C4.

Figure 15. Typical Application Circuit

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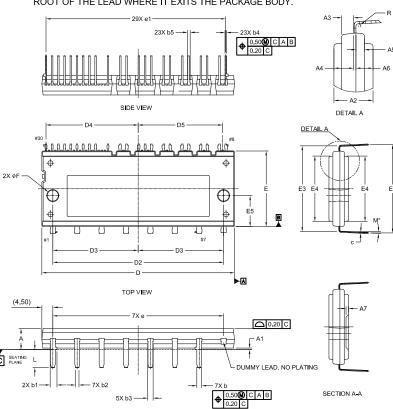


DIP30, 79x30/SPM49 CAA CASE MODGR ISSUE A

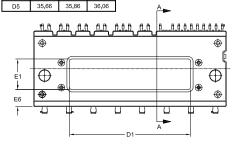
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NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER. ASME Y14.5M, 2009.
- 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS
- 3. DIMENSION b and c APPLY TO THE PLATED LEADS AND ARE MEASURED BETWEEN 1.00 AND 2.00 FROM THE LEAD TIP.
- 4. POSITION OF THE LEAD IS DETERMINED AT THE ROOT OF THE LEAD WHERE IT EXITS THE PACKAGE BODY.



	М	ILLIMETER	RS		M	ILLIMETER	RS	
DIM	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	DIM	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	
Α	8.40	8.60	8.80	Е	30.80	31.00	31.20	
A1	0.40	0.60	0.80	E1	12.30	12.50	12.70	
A2	7.90	8.00	8.10	E2	35.75	36.20	36.65	
A3	2,30	2.40	2,50	E3		35.17 REF		
A4	3.90	4.00	4.10	E4	26.60	26.80	27.00	
A5	1.65	1.75	1.85	E5	12.55	12.70	12.85	
A6	3.40	3.50	3.60	E6	6.80	7.00	7.20	
A7		1.00 REF		е		10.00 BSC		
b	1.90	2.00	2.10	e1	2.54 BSC			
b1	_	_	2.80	F	4.40	4.50	4.60	
b2		1.40 REF		L		7.40 REF		
b3		-	2.20	M	_	_	5.0°	
b4	0.50	0.60	0.70	R		0.50 REF		
b5	_	_	0.80					
С	0.45	0.50	0.60					
D	78.80	79.00	79.20					
D1	49.50	49.70	49.90					
D2	69.85	70.00	70.15					
D3	34.80	35.00	35.20					



BOTTOM VIEW

GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM*

SIDE VIEW

XXXXXXXXXX ZZZ ATYWW NNNNNNN XXXX = Specific Device Code

ZZZ = Assembly Lot Code

AT = Assembly & Test Location

Y = Year

W = Work Week

NNN = Serial Number

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "•", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

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