

MX150 MAT SEAL / UNSEALED RECEPTACLE CRIMP TERMINAL

1.0 SCOPE

This specification details the crimping information and common practices of general crimps for the Molex MX150 Mat Seal / Unsealed Receptacle Terminal. Please refer to sales drawing SD-33012-002 for additional part information. The information in this document is for reference and benchmark purposes only. Customers are required to complete their own validation testing if tooling and/or wire is different than what is shown in this specification.

All measurements are in millimeters and Newtons unless specified otherwise.

Terminals shown in this document are generic representations. They are not intended to be an image of any terminal listed in the scope.

2.0 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

DEFINITION OF TERMS:

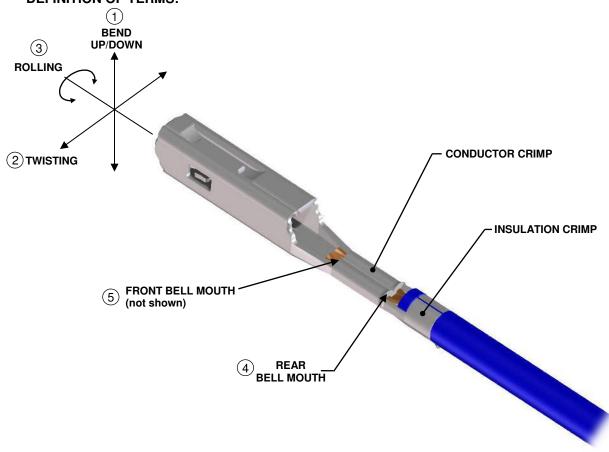


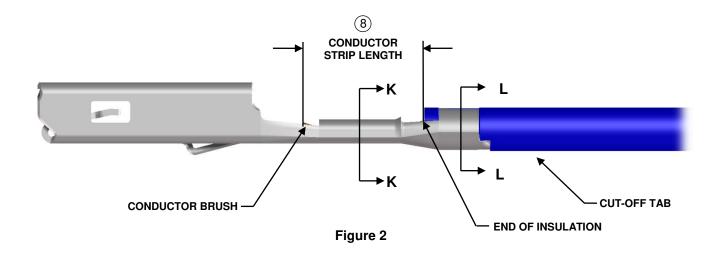
Figure 1

C ECR/ECN INFORMATION: EC No: UAU2016-0383 DATE: 2015 / 07 / 13		/ UNSEALED RECE ION SPECIFICATION	
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	CREATED / REVISED BY: CHECKED BY: APPROVED I		
AS-33012-002	J. Burgio	A. Dhir	B. Moser



molex APPLICATION SPECIFICATION

DEFINITIONS OF TERMS (CONT.):



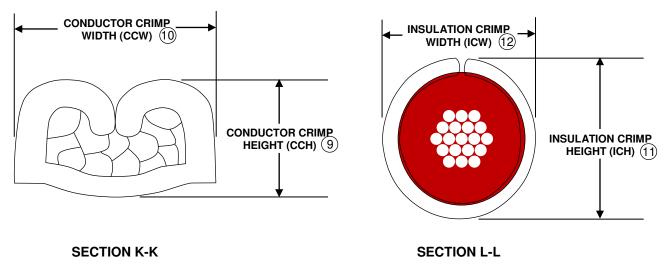


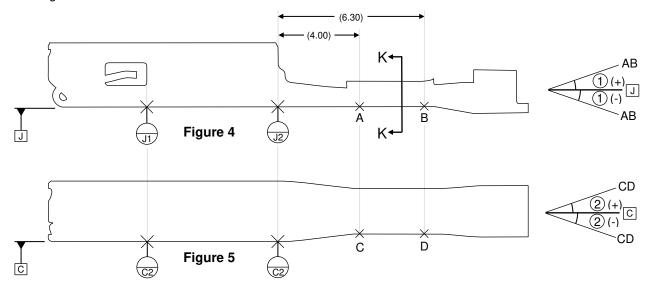
Figure 3

REVISION:	ECR/EC	N INFORMATION:				SHEET No.
С	EC No:	UAU2016-0383	MX150 MAT SEAL	2 of 22		
C	DATE:	2015 / 07 / 13	APPLICAT	ION SPECIFICATION	V	20122
DOCUMEN	IT NUMBI	<u>:R:</u>	CREATED / REVISED BY:	CHECKED BY:	<u>APPROV</u>	'ED BY:
AS-33012-002		J. Burgio	A. Dhir	B. Moser		



STRAIGHTNESS MEASUREMENTS

The crimping process may result in some bending between the conductor crimp and the terminal box. This bending must not exceed the limits shown in Table 3.



BEND UP/DOWN (1)

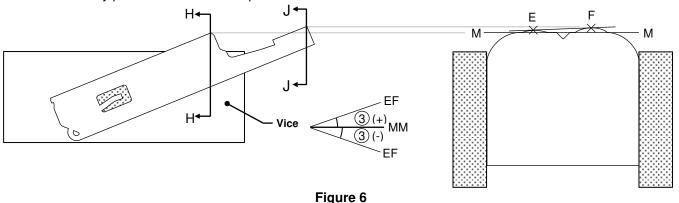
To measure bend up/down, establish datum J as shown in Figure 4 then measure the angle of the line defined by points A and B with respect to the datum. Positive angles are defined as bend up and negative angles are defined as bend down, see Figure 4.

TWISTING (2)

To measure twisting, establish datum C as shown in Figure 5, then measure the angle of the line defined by points C and D with respect to the datum, see Figure 5.

ROLLING ③

To measure rolling, cross section the part at section K-K (see Figure 4), then clamp the part in a vice as shown in Figure 6. Using a shadowgraph, focus the graph to section H-H and establish line M-M as the top of the terminal box. With line M-M established, refocus the graph to section J-J. Measure the angle of the line defined by points E and F with respect to line M-M.



			3			
REVISION:	ECR/EC	N INFORMATION:				SHEET No.
С	EC No:	UAU2016-0383 2015 / 07 / 13	MX150 MAT SEAL APPLICAT	3 of 22		
DOCUMENT NUMBER:		CREATED / REVISED BY:	CHECKED BY:	APPROV	'ED BY:	

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

AS-33012-002

CREATED / REVISED BY:

J. Burgio

A. Dhir

B. Moser



BELLMOUTH (FLARE) (4)(5)

The flare that is formed on the edge of the conductor crimp acts as a funnel for the wire strands. This funnel reduces the possibility that a sharp edge on the conductor crimp will cut or nick the wire strands. A rear bellmouth is required on the conductor crimp. A front bellmouth is optional. <u>Caution:</u> Excessively large bellmouths will reduce crimp area and reduce pull forces. See Table 3 for bellmouth specifications.

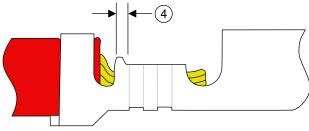
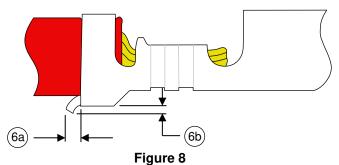


Figure 7

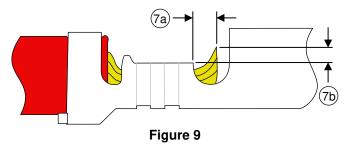
CUT- OFF TAB (6)

This is the material that protrudes outside the insulation crimp after the terminal is separated from the carrier strip. A cut-off tab that is too long may expose a terminal outside the housing and it may fail electrical spacing requirements. In most situations, a tool is setup to provide a cut-off tab that shall not exceed the value indicated in Table 3. CAUTION: Burrs on the cut-off tab are not allowed as they have the potential to cut mat seals.



CONDUCTOR BRUSH (7)

The conductor brush is made up of the wire strands that extend past the conductor crimp on the contact side of the terminal. This helps ensure that mechanical compression occurs over the full length of the conductor crimp. The conductor brush should not extend into the contact area or above the conductor crimp/transition wall height (whichever is tallest), see Figure 9 and Table 3. CAUTION: Excessive conductor brush extended above the transition/crimp area can cause terminal retention issues inside plastic cavity and potentially could compromise/tear the glands of the mat seal.



C ECR/ECN INFORMATION: EC No:	MX150 MAT SEAL	MX150 MAT SEAL / UNSEALED RECEPTACLE APPLICATION SPECIFICATION					
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	CREATED / REVISED BY:	CREATED / REVISED BY: CHECKED BY: APPROVED					
AS-33012-002	J. Burgio	A. Dhir B.		ser			



CONDUCTOR STRIP LENGTH (8)

The strip length is determined by measuring the exposed conductor strands after the insulation is removed. The strip length determines the conductor brush length when the end-of-insulation position is centered in the transition area between conductor and insulation crimps. See Table 3 for the length requirement

CAUTION: Care must be taken to ensure that all conductor strands are equal in length (no diagonally cut strands). No scratched or missing strands are permitted. The insulation cut must be uniform (no diagonally cut insulation and no extrusions of insulation). Care must also be taken not to leave indentations on the wire strands during the strip and cut operation as this can compromise the effectiveness of the mat seal and can result in leaks.

CONDUCTOR CRIMP

This is the metallurgical compression of a terminal around the wire's conductor. This connection creates a common electrical path with low resistance and high current carrying capabilities. The crimp seam shall not be open and all conductor strands must be contained within the conductor crimp.

CONDUCTOR CRIMP HEIGHT (9)

The conductor crimp height is measured from the top surface of the formed crimp to the bottom most radial surface. Do not include the extrusion points in this measurement. Measuring crimp height is a quick, non-destructive way to help ensure the correct metallurgical compression of a terminal around the wire's conductor and is an excellent attribute for process control. The crimp height specification is typically set as a balance between electrical and mechanical performance over the complete range of wire stranding and coatings, and terminal materials and plating. Although it is possible to optimize a crimp height to individual wire strands and terminal plating, one crimp height specification is normally created. See Table 2 for crimp height specifications.

INSULATION CRIMP HEIGHT (1)

Insulation crimp heights are specified in Table 2. MX150 Mat Seal / Unsealed Receptacle Terminals are designed to accommodate multiple wire sizes. Although within the terminal range, an insulation grip may not completely surround the wire, an acceptable insulation crimp will still be provided. Evaluate the insulation section by cutting the wire flush with the back of the terminal. Once the optimum setting for the application is determined, it is important to document the insulation crimp height. Then, as part of the setup procedure, the operator can check the crimp height.

C ECR/ECN INFORMATION: ECR/ECN INFORMATION: ECR/ECN INFORMATION: ECR/ECN INFORMATION:		/ UNSEALED RECE ION SPECIFICATION	PTACLE	of 22
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	CREATED / REVISED BY: CHECKED BY: APPROVED			3Y:
AS-33012-002	J. Burgio	A. Dhir B. N		ı



CONDUCTOR ANVIL FLASH (EXTRUSIONS/BURR) (3)

These are the small flares that form on the bottom of the conductor crimp resulting from the clearance between the punch and anvil tooling. If the anvil is worn or the terminal is over-crimped, excessive extrusion can result.

An uneven extrusion may also result if the punch and anvil are misaligned, if the feed is misadjusted or if there is insufficient or excessive terminal drag. CAUTION: Anvil Flash has the potential to damage mat seals and should be maintained within specifications (see Figure 10 and Table 3). Note: Anvil Flash (Burr) may not extend below the bottom of the crimp.

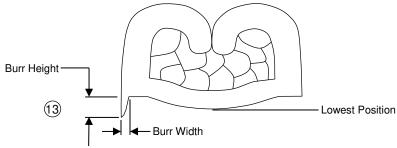
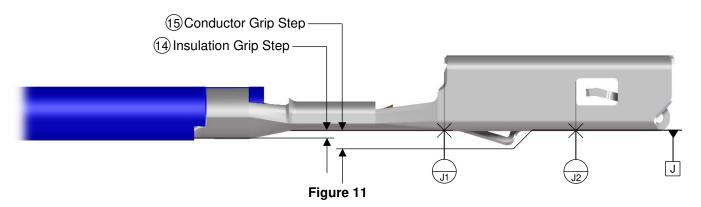


Figure 10

INSULATION GRIP STEP (4)

The insulation grip step is the designed offset between the conductor grip and the insulation grip which must be met by the crimp process (see Figure 11 and Table 3).



END-OF-INSULATION POSITION

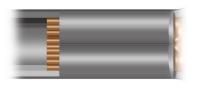
This is the location of the insulation in relation to the transition area between the conductor and insulation crimps. Equal amounts of the conductor strands and insulation needs to be visible in the transition area. The end-of insulation position ensures that the insulation is crimped along the full length of the insulation crimp and that no insulation gets crimped under the conductor crimp. The end-of-insulation position is set by the wire stop and strip length for bench applications. For automatic wire processing applications the end-of-insulation position is set by the in/out press adjustment (see Figure 2).

C ECR/ECN INFORMATION EC No: UAU2016-03 DATE: 2015 / 07 / 13	83 MX150 MAT SEAL APPLICAT	/ UNSEALED RECE ION SPECIFICATION	_	SHEET No. 6 of 22
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	CREATED / REVISED BY:	CREATED / REVISED BY: CHECKED BY: APPROVED		
AS-33012-002	J. Burgio	A. Dhir B. M		ser



CRIMP BULGE 16

Caution needs to be taken with the crimp tooling to prevent a bulge in the transition area during crimping. The transition should generally flow smoothly from the conductor crimp to the terminal box. Any bulge must not exceed the width shown in Table 3. See Figure 12 for an example of crimp bulge.



Good Crimp (No Bulge)

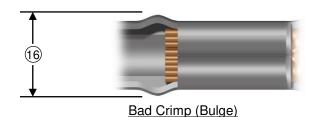


Figure 12

BOX DEFORMATION

Care must be taken to ensure that the terminal box is not deformed during crimping and handling. Any deformation of the terminal box must not exceed the tolerances specified in sales drawing SD-33012-002.

C ECR/ECN INFORMATION: ECR/ECN INFORMATION: ECR/ECN INFORMATION: ECR/ECN INFORMATION:		/ UNSEALED RECE ION SPECIFICATION	_	7 of 22
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	CREATED / REVISED BY: CHECKED BY: APPROVED			ED BY:
AS-33012-002	J. Burgio	A. Dhir B.		ser



molex APPLICATION SPECIFICATION

3.0 PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Table 1

Terminal Family	Gender	Sealing	Plating	Special Characteristics	Grip Code	Wire Size	Insulation Diameter Range		
			Sn	Standard Performance Tin					
		Mat Seal	Sn	High Performance Tin	N40	0.05 0.502	100 170		
		ONLY	Ag	High Performance Silver	- M3	0.35 – 0.50mm ²	1.20 – 1.70		
			Au	High Performance Gold	-				
			Sn	High Performance Tin					
			Ag	High Performance Silver	22	22AWG 0.35 – 0.50mm ²	1.20 – 1.70		
MX150	Receptacle		Au	High Performance Gold					
		Mat Seal	Sn	High Performance Tin					
		OR	Ag	High Performance Silver	18	20 – 18 AWG 0.75 – 1.00mm ²	1.60 – 2.54		
		Unsealed	Au	High Performance Gold					
			Sn	High Performance Tin					
			Ag	High Performance Silver	14	16 – 14AWG 1.50 – 2.00mm ²	2.10 – 2.70		
			Au	High Performance Gold					

	ECR/ECN INFORMATION: EC No: UAU2016-0383 DATE: 2015 / 07 / 13		/ UNSEALED RECEION SPECIFICATION		8 of 22
DOCUMEN'	T NUMBER:	CREATED / REVISED BY: CHECKED BY: APPROVED			<u>ED BY:</u>
AS-33012-002		J. Burgio A. Dhir		B. Mo	oser



Table 2

ı	Molex Product Attribute		Validated V	Validated Wire		uctor rel	Insulation Barrel		MIN PULL
Grip Code	Special Characteristics	Sealing	Wire Type	Wire Size	CCH ± 0.05	CCW ± 0.10	ICH ± 0.10	ICW ± 0.10	OUT
	Standard Performance Tin High Performance Tin			0.35mm ²	1.05 ±0.03		1.75		50
M3	High Performance Silver High Performance Gold	Mat Seal ONLY	T3ZHID	0.50mm ²	1.10	1.60	1.90	2.00	75
	High Performance Tin		M1L-123A4 (TXL)	22AWG	1.00		1.85		50
22	High Performance Silver	Mat Seal OR	WSK-1A348-A2	0.35mm ² •	0.95	1.60	1.70	1.90	50
22	High Performance	Unsealed	M1L-126A1	0.50mm ² •	1.10	1.60	1.80	1.90	75
	Gold	onocaroa	JASO D611 (AVSS)	0.50mm ² •	1.10		1.85		75
			M1L-123A4 (TXL)	20AWG	1.15		1.90	2.10	75
			HIFLON 2	20AWG	1.15		1.90	2.10	75
	High Performance Tin High Performance	Mat Seal	SAE J1128 (GXL)	20AWG	1.15		2.00	2.30	75
18	Silver	OR	M1L-123A4 (TXL)	18AWG	1.25	2.15	2.00	2.30	90
	High Performance Gold	Unsealed	SAE J1128 (GXL)	18AWG	1.25		2.40	2.60	90
			M1L-126A1	0.75mm ²	1.25		2.30±0.05	2.10	90
			WIIL-IZOAI	1.00mm ²	1.30		2.35±0.05	2.30	120
			M1L-123A4 (TXL)	16AWG	1.35		2.40	2.60	120
			M1L-135A1 (UTX)	14AWG	1.65		2.70	2.60	180
	High Performance Tin High Performance	Mat Seal	M1L-123A4 (TXL)	14AWG	1.65		2.95±0.05	2.70±0.05	180
14	Silver	OR	JASO D611 (AVSS)	1.25mm ²	1.35	2.45	2.51	2.63	176.5
	High Performance Gold	Unsealed	JASO D611 (AVS)	1.25mm ²	1.35		2.95±0.05	2.70±0.05	176.5
			M1L-126A1	1.50mm ²	1.40		2.60	2.60	150
			JASO D611 (AVSS)	2.00mm ²	1.60		2.90	2.75	180

The above specifications are guidelines to an optimum crimp.

Crimp heights/widths are applicable for punch/anvil tooling shown in Figures 15 - 17.

Note: Please refer to the Molex Product and Application Specification for the approved wires and terminals that have been qualified in the specific connector being used. This table does not imply that the terminal and wire combination has been qualified in a Molex connection system.

- Unsealed applications only
- HIFLON specification:

Core: Stainless Steel, Ø0.16, 7 strands.

Surrounding wire: Nickel plated Copper, 30 strands.

Pull force should be measured with no influence from the insulation crimp.

Customers are required to complete their own validation testing if tooling and/or wire is different than what is shown in this specification.

ECR/ECN INFORMATION: EC No: UAU2016-0383 DATE: 2015 / 07 / 13		/ UNSEALED RECE ION SPECIFICATION	=
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	CREATED / REVISED BY: CHECKED BY: APPROVE		
AS-33012-002	J. Burgio A. Dhir		B. Moser



molex APPLICATION SPECIFICATION

Table 3

	Specifications						
Balloon #	Feature			Requirement			
		TYP.		± 3° MAX			
1	Bend Up/Down	Grip Code M3		± 1.5° MAX			
2	Twisting			± 3° MAX			
3	Rolling			± 3° MAX			
4	Rear Bell Mouth			0.30 – 0.70			
5	Front Bell Mouth			Not Applicable			
	O. 4 Off T-1	а		0.50 MAX			
6	Cut-Off Tab	b		No Burr			
7	On the star Dress.	а		0.40 MAX			
7	Conductor Brush	b	b Not to extend above conductor crimp/transition heigh				
8	Conductor Strip Length			4.70 – 5.60 for reference			
9	Conductor Crimp Height			See Table 2			
10	Conductor Crimp Width			See Table 2			
11	Insulation Crimp Height			See Table 2			
12	Insulation Crimp Width			See Table 2			
13	Conductor Anvil Flash	Burr Hei	ght	Not to extend below lowest point on conductor crimp			
10	Odriductor Artvir rasir	Burr Wi	dth	0.10 MAX			
		TYP.		0.30 ± 0.10			
14	Insulation Grip Step From J1-J2 (see Figure 12)	Grip Code 22		0.00 ± 0.10			
	()	Grip Code M3		0.15 ± 0.30			
45	Conductor Grip Step	TYP.		0.00 ± 0.10			
15	From J1-J2 (see Figure 12) For M3 Grip Terminals Only	Grip Code M3		0.30 ± 0.10			
16	Crimp Bulge			2.62 MAX			

REVISION: ECR/ECN INFORMATION: EC No: UAU2016-0383 DATE: 2015 / 07 / 13		/ UNSEALED RECE ION SPECIFICATION	PTACLE	10 of 22
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	CREATED / REVISED BY:	CHECKED BY:	APPROVE	ED BY:
AS-33012-002	J. Burgio	A. Dhir	B. Mo	ser



4.0 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

Reference documentation for general practices is located on the website per the below links:

- 1. Molex Quality Crimping Handbook http://www.molex.com/images/products/apptool/qual-crimp.pdf
- 2. Molex-Recognizing Good Crimps http://www.molex.com, search for Application Tooling

5.0 PROCEDURE

5.1 GENERAL MEASUREMENT AND EVALUATION REQUIREMENTS Crimp Height Measurement (Anvil Flash Evaluation)

- 1. Complete tool set-up procedure.
- 2. Crimp a minimum of 5 samples.
- 3. Place the flat blade of the crimp micrometer across the center of the dual radii of the conductor crimp. Do not take the measurement near the conductor bell mouth (see Figure 13).
- 4. Rotate the micrometer dial until the point contacts the bottom most radial surface. If using a caliper, be certain not to measure the conductor anvil flash (extrusions) of the crimp (see Figure 14).

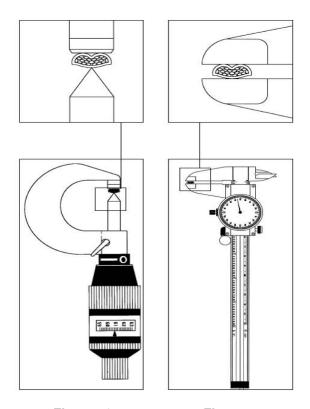


Figure 13

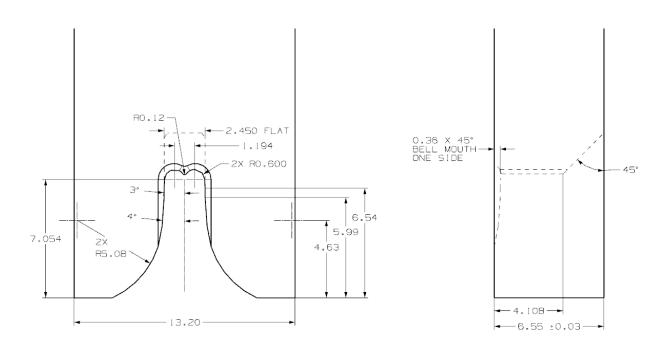
Figure 14

C	ECR/ECN INFORMATION: EC No: UAU2016-0383 DATE: 2015 / 07 / 13	MX150 MAT SEAL / UNSEALED RECEPTACLE APPLICATION SPECIFICATION			11 of 22
DOCUMENT NUMBER:		CREATED / REVISED BY:	CHECKED BY:	APPROV	ED BY:
AS-33012-002		J. Burgio	A. Dhir	B. Moser	



6.0 CRIMP TOOLING GEOMETRY

The crimp tooling information shown on the following pages defines the tooling used by Molex to perform validation testing, to establish recommended crimp height and widths. The user is responsible for validating crimp performance based on tooling, equipment and wire that is being used.



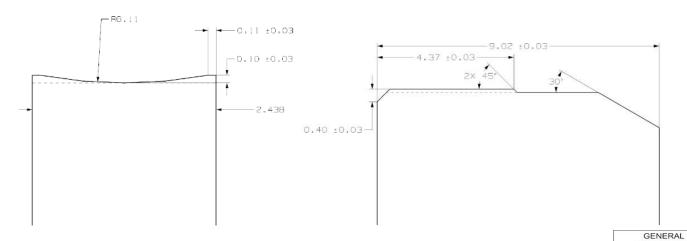


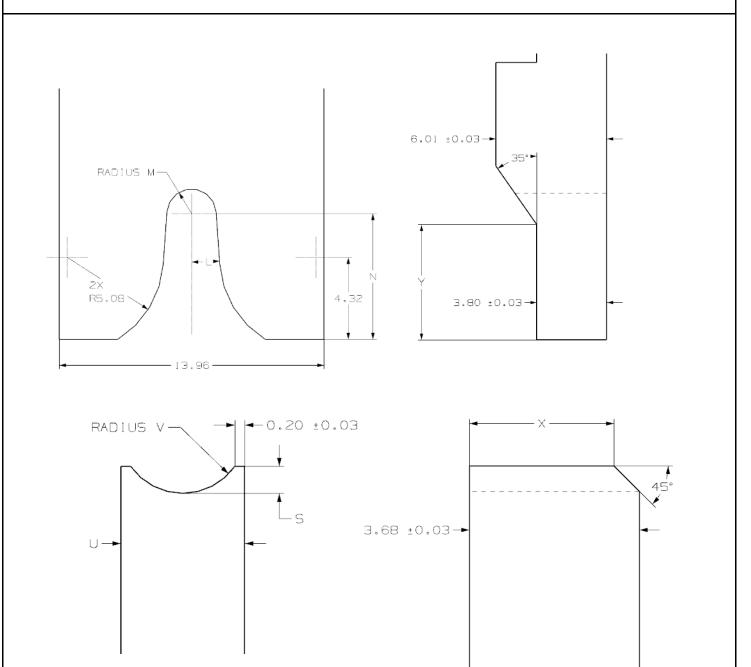
Figure 15

The conductor punch (top), and conductor anvil (bottom) are shown for Grip Codes 14 and 16 only.

	TOLERA (UNLESS S		
	ANGULAR TO	DL ±	0.5 °
	4 PLACES	±	-
	3 PLACES	±	0.005
	2 PLACES	±	0.13
	1 PLACE	±	0.25
	0 PLACES	±	
,	SHE	FT	· Nο

REVISION: ECR/ECN INFORMATION EC No: UAU2016-0383 DATE: 2015 / 07 / 13	MX150 MAT SEAL	/ UNSEALED RECE	PTACLE	HEET No. 2 of 22
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	CREATED / REVISED BY:	CHECKED BY:	APPROVED	BY:
AS-33012-002	J. Burgio	A. Dhir	B. Mose	·r





GENERAL TOLERANCES (UNLESS SPECIFIED)

ANGULAR TOL ± 0.5

0.005

0.13

0.25

Figure 16

The insulation punch (top), and insulation anvil (bottom) are shown for Grip Codes 14 and 16 only.

ECR/ECN INFORMATION:

EC No: UAU2016-0383

Grip	Size	Dim X	Dim Y	4 PLACES
Code	SAE/Metric	±0.13	±0.13	3 PLACES
	16 / 1.50	3.13	6.71	2 PLACES
14		0.10	· · · ·	1 PLACE
' '	14 / 2.00	3.06	6.25	0 PLACES

	5	
SHE	ΞΤ	No.
13 (of	22

<u>DATE:</u> 2015 / 07 / 13

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

REVISION:

AS-33012-002

CREATED / REVISED BY:

J. Burgio

CHECKED BY:

A. Dhir

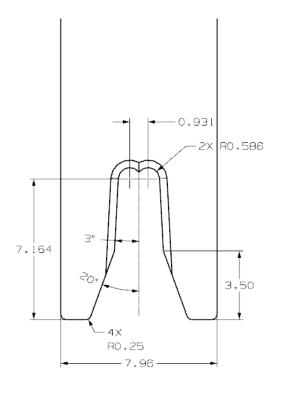
MX150 MAT SEAL / UNSEALED RECEPTACLE

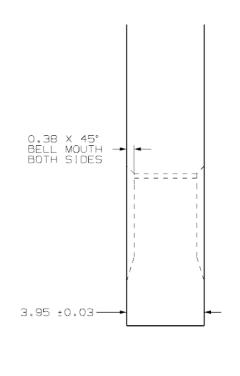
APPLICATION SPECIFICATION

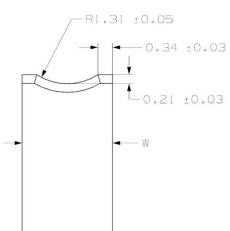
APPROVED BY: **B. Moser**

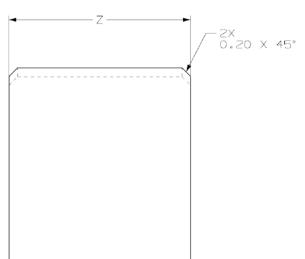


molex APPLICATION SPECIFICATION









GENERAL TOLERANCES (UNLESS SPECIFIED)

ANGULAR TOL ± 0.5

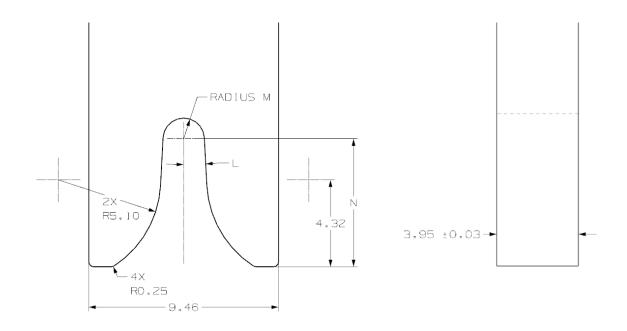
REVISION: ECR/ECN INFORMATION:

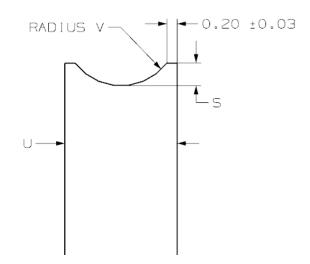
Figure 17
The conductor punch (top), and conductor anvil (bottom) are shown for Grip Code 18 only.

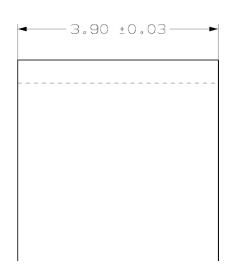
Grip	Size			4 PL	ACES	±	
Code	SAE/Metric Dim W ±0.13	Dim W ±0	±0.13	3 PL	ACES	±	0.005
	20 / 0.75	2.10 ±0.005	4.30	2 PL	ACES	±	0.13
18	20 / 0.73	2.10 ±0.005	4.30	1 PL	ACE	+	0.25
10	18 / 1.00	2.06 ±0.03	4.15			-	
	10 / 1.00	2.00 ±0.03	7.13	0 PL	ACES	±	
					SHE	FT	- No
					011	_ '	140.

С	EC No: UAU2016-0383 DATE: 2015 / 07 / 13		/ UNSEALED RECE ON SPECIFICATION	=
DOCUMEN	IT NUMBER:	CREATED / REVISED BY:	CHECKED BY:	APPROVED BY:
Α	\S-33012-002	J. Burgio	A. Dhir	B. Moser









GENERAL
TOLERANCES
(UNLESS SPECIFIED)

ANGULAR TOL ± 0.5 °

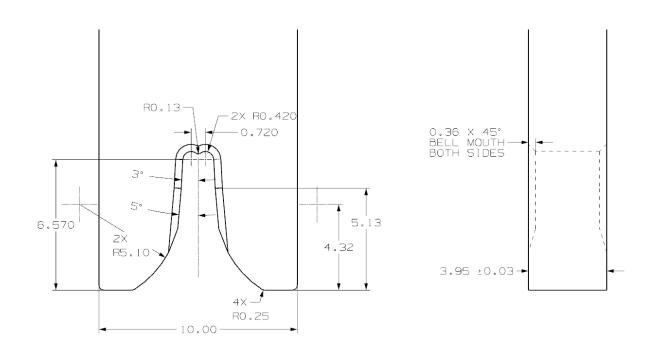
4 PLACES ± --3 PLACES ± 0.005
2 PLACES ± 0.13
1 PLACE ± 0.25
0 PLACES ± ---

Figure 18 insulation punch (top), and i

The insulation punch (top), and insulation anvil (bottom) are shown for Grip Code 18 only.

REVISION:	ECR/ECN INFORMATION: EC No: UAU2016-0383 DATE: 2015 / 07 / 13	MX150 MAT SEAL / UNSEALED RECEPTACLE APPLICATION SPECIFICATION			SHEET No. 15 of 22
DOCUMEN	T NUMBER:	CREATED / REVISED BY:	CHECKED BY:	APPROV	ED BY:
AS-33012-002		J. Burgio	A. Dhir	B. Moser	





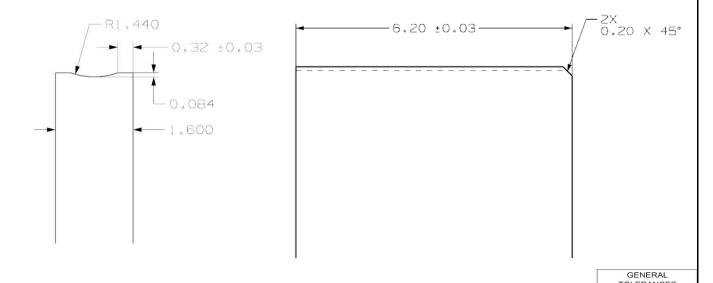


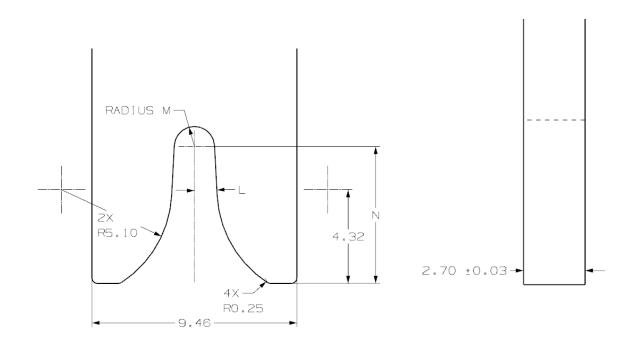
Figure 19
The conductor punch (top), and conductor anvil (bottom) are shown for Grip Code 22 only.

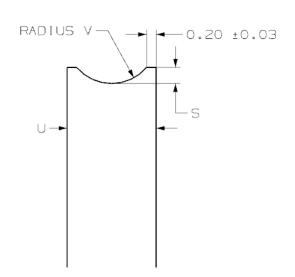
TOLERANCES (UNLESS SPECIFIED)					
ANGULAR TO	DL ±	0.5			
4 PLACES	±				
3 PLACES	±	0.005			
2 PLACES	±	0.13			
1 PLACE	±	0.25			
0 PLACES	180				

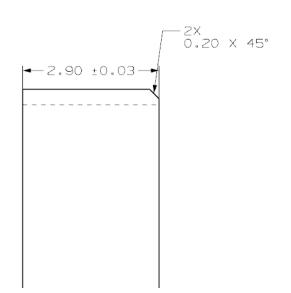
C DAT			/ UNSEALED RECEION SPECIFICATION	_	SHEET No. 16 of 22
DOCUMENT NUMBER:		CREATED / REVISED BY:	CHECKED BY:	APPROV	<u>'ED BY:</u>
AS-33012-002		J. Burgio	A. Dhir	B. Mo	oser

molex

APPLICATION SPECIFICATION







GENERAL
TOLERANCES
(UNLESS SPECIFIED)

ANGULAR TOL ± 0.5 °

4 PLACES ± --3 PLACES ± 0.005
2 PLACES ± 0.13
1 PLACE ± 0.25
0 PLACES ± ---

Figure 20

The insulation punch (top), and insulation anvil (bottom) are shown for Grip Code 22 only.

REVISION:	ECR/ECN INFORMATION: EC No: UAU2016-0383 DATE: 2015 / 07 / 13		/ UNSEALED RECEION SPECIFICATION	_	17 of 22
DOCUMENT NUMBER:		CREATED / REVISED BY:	CHECKED BY:	<u>APPROV</u>	ED BY:
AS-33012-002		J. Burgio	A. Dhir	B. Mo	ser

molex

APPLICATION SPECIFICATION

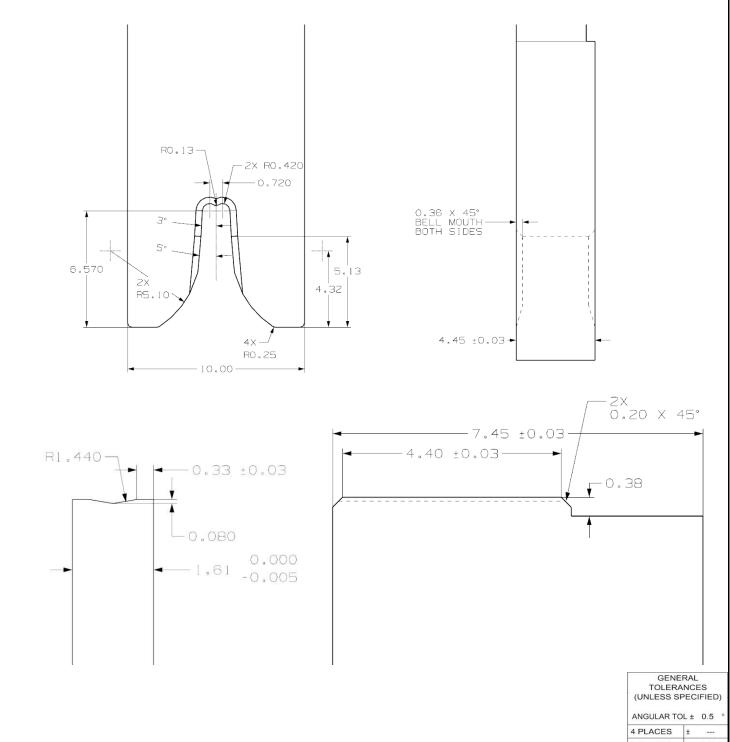


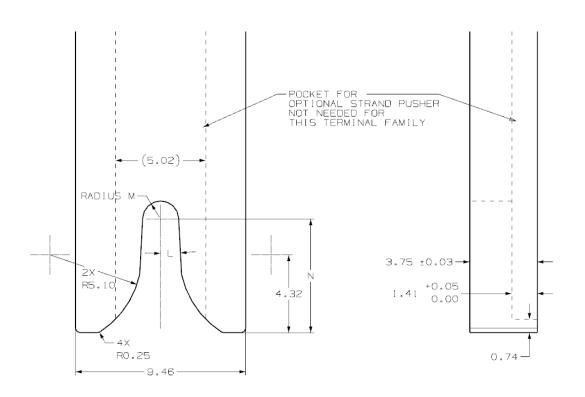
Figure 21

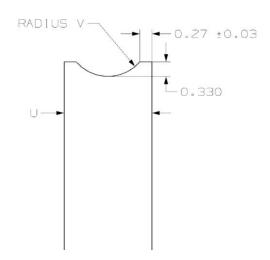
The conductor punch (top), and conductor anvil (bottom) are shown for Grip Code M3 only

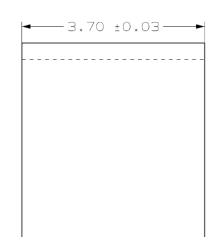
TOLERANCES (UNLESS SPECIFIED)						
ANGULAR T	OL ±	0.5 °				
4 PLACES	±	-				
3 PLACES	±	0.005				
2 PLACES	±	0.13				
1 PLACE	±	0.25				
0 PLACES	±					

REVISION:	ECR/ECN INFORMATION: EC No: UAU2016-0383 DATE: 2015 / 07 / 13		MX150 MAT SEAL / UNSEALED RECEPTACLE APPLICATION SPECIFICATION			
DOCUMEN'	T NUMBER:	CREATED / REVISED BY: CHECKED BY: APPROVED			D BY:	
AS-33012-002		J. Burgio	A. Dhir	B. Moser		









GENERAL TOLERANCES (UNLESS SPECIFIED)

ANGULAR TOL ± 0.5 °

4 PLACES ± --
3 PLACES ± 0.005

2 PLACES ± 0.13

1 PLACE ± 0.25

0 PLACES ± ---

Figure 22 ation punch (top), and inst

The insulation punch (top), and insulation anvil (bottom) are shown for Grip Code M3 only

REVISION:	ECR/ECN INFORMATION: EC No: UAU2016-0383 DATE: 2015 / 07 / 13		/ UNSEALED RECEION SPECIFICATION		SHEET No. 19 of 22
DOCUMEN	IT NUMBER:	CREATED / REVISED BY:	CHECKED BY:	<u>APPROV</u>	ED BY:
AS-33012-002		J. Burgio	A. Dhir	B. Mo	ser



6.1 GENERAL CRIMP TOOLING GEOMETRY

The crimp tooling information shown on the following pages defines the tooling used by Molex to perform validation testing, to establish recommended crimp height and widths. The user is responsible for validating crimp performance based on tooling, equipment and wire that is being used.

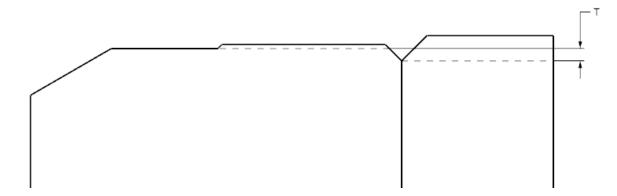


Figure 23
(Side view of conductor and insulation anvil assembly)
The anvil step (T) can be found in Table 4.

Table 4 – Tooling Dimensions See Figures 15 – 23 for geometry									
ODID CODE	WIRE APPLICATION		L	М	N	s	Т	U	٧
GRIP CODE	SAE	METRIC	±0.25°	±0.005	±0.005	±0.03		±0.005	±0.005
M3	N/A	0.35-0.50 •	3°	1.00	6.31	-	0.15	1.98	0.95
22	22	0.35–0.50 2	3°	0.93	6.31	0.33	0.00	1.84	0.95
10	20 🕄	0.75	3°	1.03	6.36	0.40	0.45	2.04	1.05
	20 (GXL)	N/A	3°	1.13	6.45	0.45	0.45	2.23	1.15
18	18 😉	1.00	3°	1.13	6.45	0.45	0.45	2.23	1.15
	18 (GXL)	N/A	3°	1.28	6.50	0.55	0.45	2.53	1.30
14	16	1.50	3°	1.28	6.50	0.55	0.30	2.53	1.30
	14 (UTX)	1.25 AVSS	3°	1.28	6.50	0.55	0.30	2.53	1.30
	14 4	2.00 1.25 AVS	4°	1.30	6.63	0.62	0.30	2.72	1.40

- For use in sealed applications only
- 2 For use in unsealed applications only
- 3 Except GXL wire
- Except UTX wire

REVISION: ECR/ECN INFORMATION: EC No: UAU2016-0383 DATE: 2015 / 07 / 13	MX150 MAT SEAL / UNSEALED RECEPTACLE APPLICATION SPECIFICATION				
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	CREATED / REVISED BY:	CHECKED BY:	APPROVED BY:		
AS-33012-002	J. Burgio	A. Dhir	B. Moser		

molex

APPLICATION SPECIFICATION

7.0 CRIMP STRAIGHTNESS

A sample method for maintaining crimp straightness is shown in Figure 21 below.

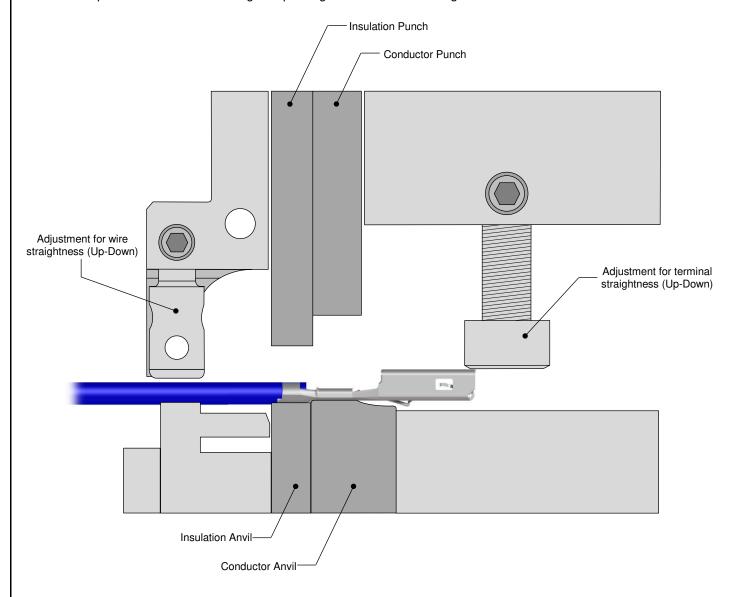


Figure 18

REVISION:		UAU2016-0383 2015 / 07 / 13		MX150 MAT SEAL / UNSEALED RECEPTACLE APPLICATION SPECIFICATION				
DOCUMENT NUMBER:		CREATED / REVISED BY: CHECKED BY: APPF		<u>APPROV</u>	<u>ED BY:</u>			
AS-33012-002		J. Burgio	A. Dhir	B. Mo	oser			



8.0 APPLICATION TOOLING

Application tooling for the terminals can be obtained directly from Molex.

To find the proper and latest Molex Application Tooling

- 1. Go to http://www.molex.com
- 2. Enter the terminal / connector part number into the search box and select the "Go" button.
 - a. Molex part numbers can also be found by searching on the product description.
- 3. Review the Application Tooling available on the right side of the product window.
 - a. It may be necessary to scroll down on the right side of the terminal / connector product page to view all the tooling options.
 - Hand tools and manual type tools require the loose terminal / connector part number to be used in the search.
 - c. Applicator or semi-automatic type tools require the reeled terminal / connector part number to be used in the search.
- 4. Select the tool part number link
- 5. Review the tooling page for general tool information
- 6. Open the link for the Application Tooling Specification (ATS) (located on the left under *Specifications & Other Documents*) for additional details such as:
 - a. Termination specifications: crimp height, pull force, wire strip length, insulation diameter, etc.
 - b. Tool information: tool diagram, tool parts list, repair parts, perishable parts list.
- 7. Order Molex Application Tooling through your preferred distributor

Notes:

- 1. Hand crimp tooling can only be used with certain wires and terminal part numbers. Check the Application Tooling Specification Sheet on the Molex website for details.
- 2. Application Tooling product numbers are subject to change without prior notice. Customers are advised to check the Molex website for the most up-to-date information.
- 3. Molex FineAdjust™ and MiniMac™ Application Tooling requires the use of left payoff ("D" Wind) parts.

REVISION:	ECR/ECN INFORMATION:				SHEET No.			
С	EC No: UAU2016-0383 DATE: 2015 / 07 / 13		MX150 MAT SEAL / UNSEALED RECEPTACLE APPLICATION SPECIFICATION					
DOCUMENT NUMBER:		CREATED / REVISED BY:	CHECKED BY:	<u>APPROV</u>	<u>'ED BY:</u>			
AS-33012-002		J. Burgio A. Dhir B.		B. Mo	oser			