AtlasScientific Environmental Robotics

V 1.4

EZO-PMP-LTM

Large Embedded Dosing Pump

Flow rate

Accuracy

Modes of operation

Connector

Calibration

Tubing size

Data protocol

Default I²C address

Operating voltage

Pump head

Data format

Food safe

Written by Jordan Press Designed by Noah Press 10ml to 750ml/min

+/- 2%, +/-2ml

Continuous dispensing Volume dispensing Dose over time Constant flow rate Dispense at startup

5 lead data cable

Single point

Any 8mm O.D. tubing

UART & I²C

109 (0x6D)

3.3V-5V (logic) 24V (motor)

10.3 meters (34')

ASCII

Yes

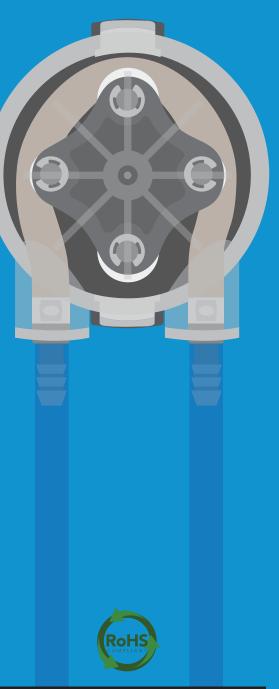


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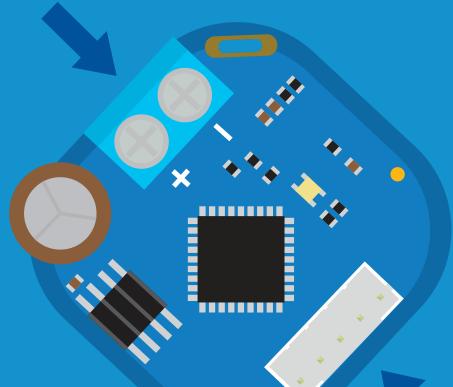
1²**C**

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Attention

The EZO-PMP-L Embedded Dosing Pump requires two power supplies to operate.



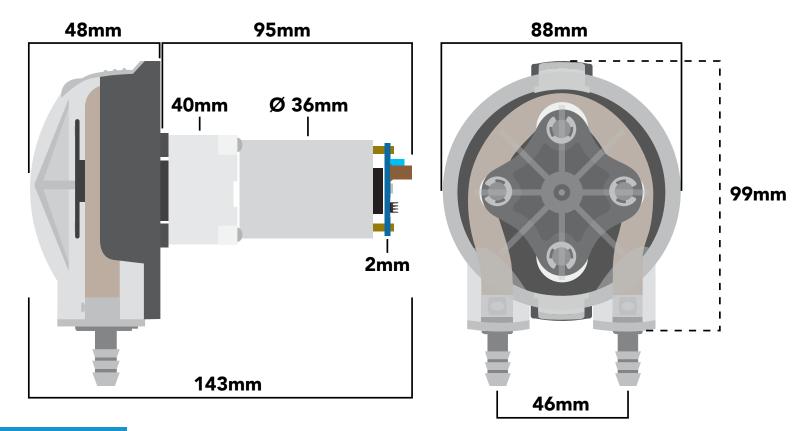


Control system (Back side of dosing pump)

3.3V - 5.5V for the control system



EZO-PMP-L[™] dimensions



Weight 405g

	LED	MAX		STAND	BY	SLEEP
5V	ON	13.7 r	nА	13.4 m/	4	0.415 mA
	OFF	13.1 r	тA	12.8 m/	Д	
3.3V	ON	12.5 r	mA	12.4 m/	4	0.13 mA
	OFF	12.3 r	πA	12.2 m/	4	
Motor	or 24V = ~700mA					
	11.0		4.0			
Tubing	g life spa	life span +1,000 hrs.				
Casset	tte life sp	span 1,500 hrs.				

5,000 hrs.

Power consumption Absolute max ratings

Parameter	MIN	ТҮР	MAX
Storage temperature (EZO-PMP-L™)	-65 °C		125 °C
Operational temperature (EZO-PMP-L™)	-40 °C	25 °C	85 °C
VCC	3.3V	5V	5.5V
Motor	17V	24V	26V
Max input / output pressure		1	01.3 kPa



Motor life span

EZO-PMP-L[™] tubing NSF/ANSI 51 Compliant

Tan tubing Saint-Gobain[™] PharMed[™] BPT tubing Length: 15.24cm Outer diameter: 10mm Inner diameter: 8mm

This tubing is highly chemically resistant and has 30X more resistant to mechanical wear than silicone tubing.

Food safe

Food safe 🔪

Hose barb fitting ETFE Length: 2.1cm Outer diameter: 10mm Inner diameter: 4.4mm

Blue tubing

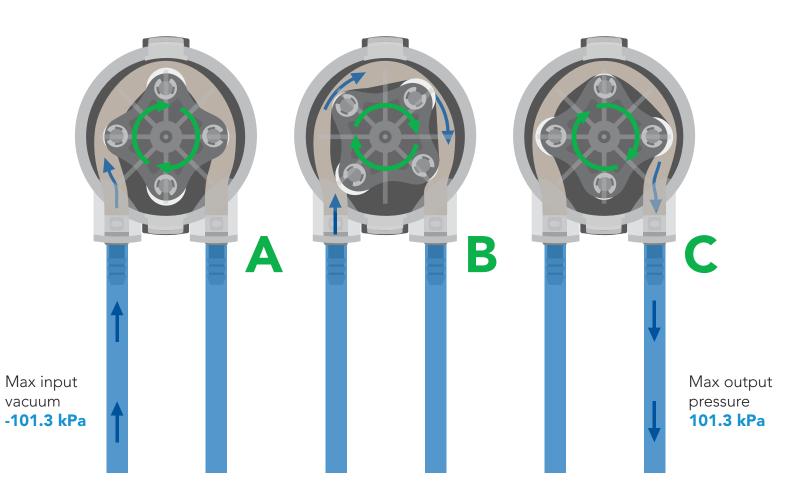
Silicone Length: 2x 30.48cm Outer diameter: 8mm Inner diameter: 6mm Bend radius: 24mm Temperature -67°C to 200°C Max pressure: 34 kPa (5 PSI)





Operating principle

Self-primingRun dry



Operating modes

The EZO-PMP-L[™] can operate in four different modes.

Continuous dispensing

Run the pump continuously 750ml/min ∞ (with supplied tubing)

Volume dispensing

Pump a specific volume (Smallest possible volume is 10 ml)

Volume is always in ml.

Dose over time Pump a specific volume over a set time

Constant flow rate

Pump a specific volume per minute

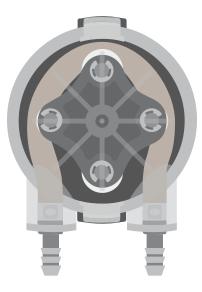
Dispense at startup

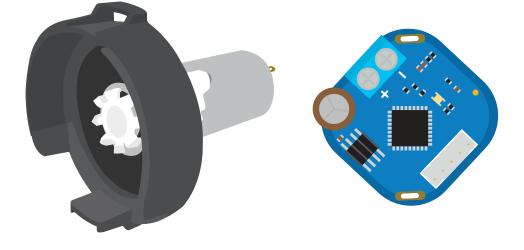
- Dispense a specific volume at startup
- Continuous dispensing at startup
- Dose over time at startup



This device requires two power supplies 3.3V–5.5V for the control system 24V to drive the motor

The Atlas Scientific EZO-PMP-L[™] consists of three main components.



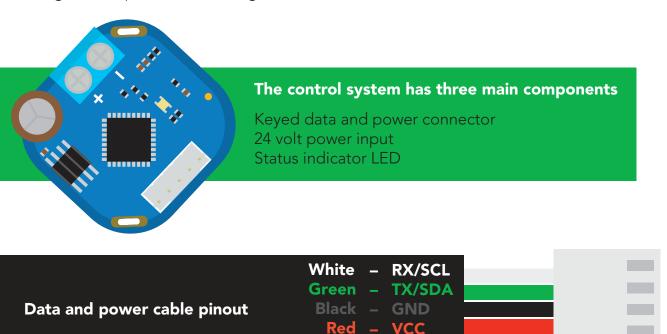


Cassette Cassettes can be autoclave sterilized 24 volt motor



The actual peristaltic pumping is done within the cassette. It has been designed to be easily detached from the motor and disassembled.

The 24 volt motor and control system have been soldered together. Both components are designed to operate as one single unit.



Blue – INT

Power supplies

The nature of this inductive motor can cause a high inrush current upon its first spin. Threfore, not all power supplies will work with the EZO-PMP-L[™].



Most power supplies have a built in protection against inrush currents and will prevent the motor from spinning. It has become very difficult to determine which power supplies will and won't work for the EZO-PMP-L[™], as the manufacturers do not list whether it can handle inrush currents in the specs.

Atlas Scientific has tested both of these two power supplies, and can verify that they work with the EZO-PMP-L[™].

Mean Well #GE30I24-P1J



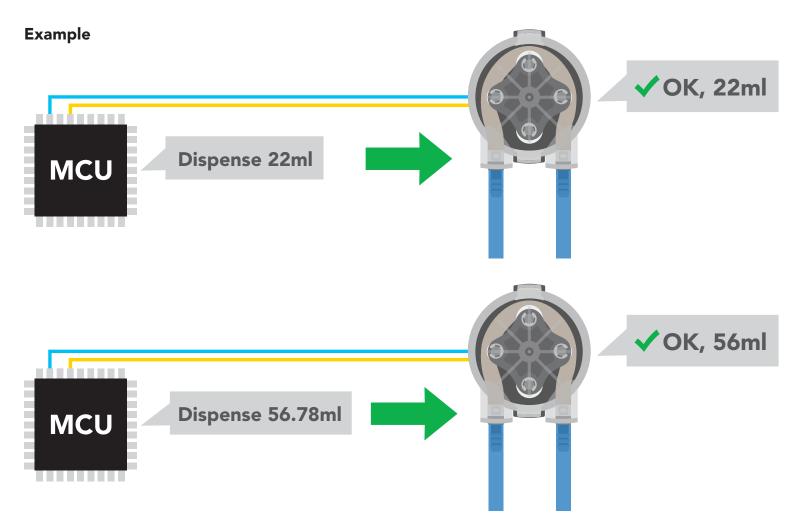
Mean Well #EDR-120-24





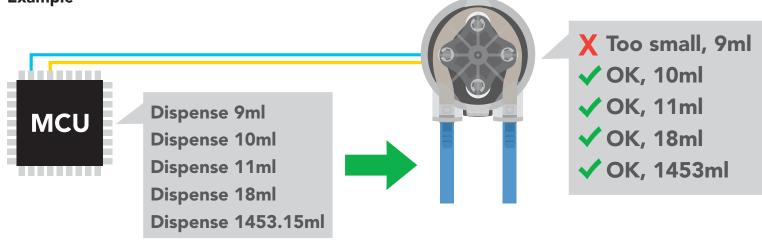
Dispensing volumes

The EZO-PMP-L[™] can only dispense volumes in whole numbers. The pump will not reject a request to dispense a volume with a decimal place, it will just ignore the decimal.



The minimum volume the EZO-PMP-L[™] can dispense is 10 ml.

Example



👞 Atlas**Scier**





$|^2C$

X Unavailable data protocols SPI Analog **RS-485** Mod Bus 4–20mA 🔩 Atlas**Scient**

10 Copyright © Atlas Scientific LLC

Default state UART mode

Baud

Readings

Speed

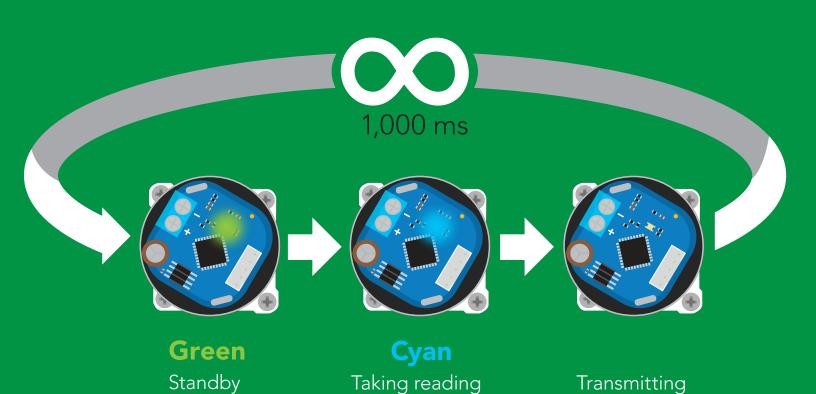
LED

9,600

continuous

1 reading per second

on



UART mode

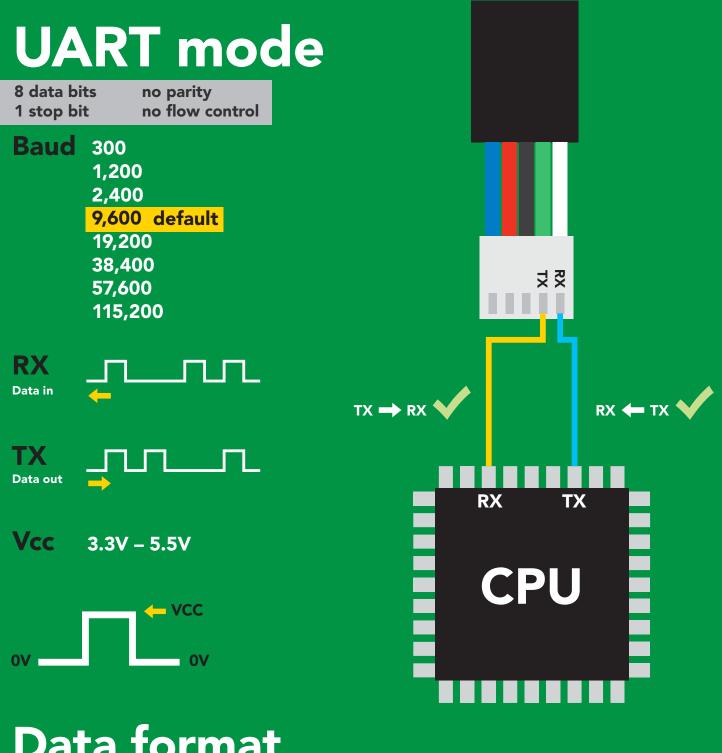
Settings that are retained if power is cut

Baud rate Calibration Continuous mode Device name Enable/disable parameters Enable/disable response codes Hardware switch to I²C mode Invert LED control Protocol lock Software switch to I²C mode

Settings that are **NOT** retained if power is cut

Absolute total volume Find Sleep mode Total volume





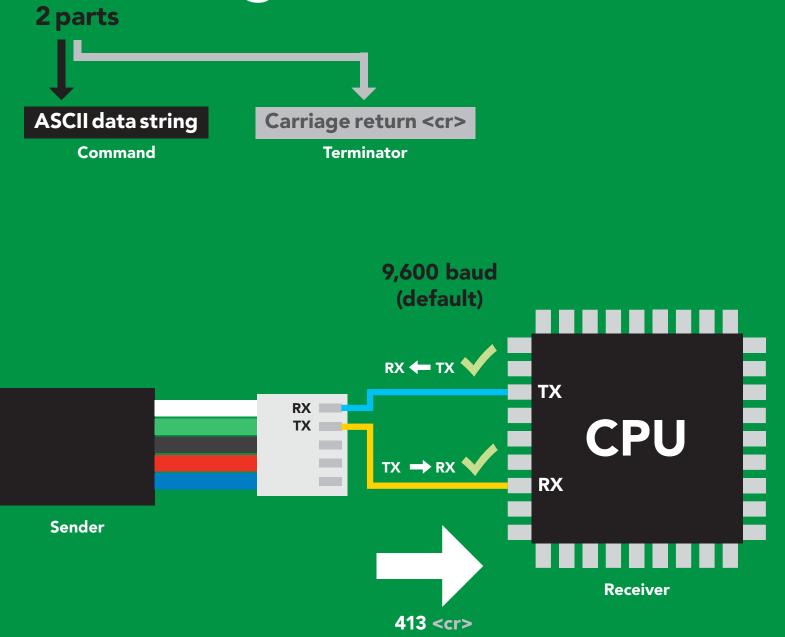
Data format

Output	volume
Units	ml
Encoding	ASCII
Format	string

Terminator carriage return long int Data type **Decimal places none Smallest string 3 characters** Largest string **39 characters**







Advanced

ASCII:	4	1	3	<cr></cr>
Hex:	34	31	33	0D
Dec:	52	49	51	13



Sending commands to device

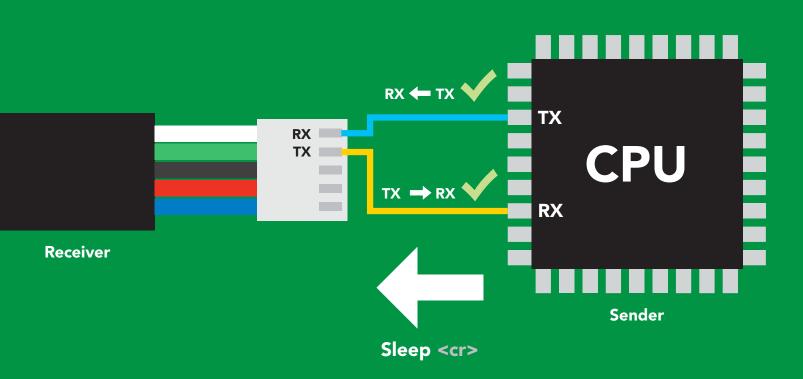
2 parts

Command (not case sensitive)

Carriage return <cr>

ASCII data string

Terminator



Advanced

ASCII:	S		е	е	р	<cr></cr>
Hex:	53	6C	65	65	70	0D
Dec:	83	108	101	101	112	13



LED color definition



Green UART standby



Cyan Taking reading



Purple Changing baud rate



Red Command not understood



White Find

5V	LED ON +2.5 mA
3.3V	+1 mA



UART mode command quick reference

All commands are ASCII strings or single ASCII characters.

Command	Function	Default state
Baud	change baud rate	pg. 41 9,600
С	enable/disable continuous mode	pg. 20 enabled
Cal	performs calibration	pg. 33 n/a
D	dispense modes	pg. 22 – 28 n/a
Factory	enable factory reset	pg. 43 n/a
Find	finds device with blinking white LED	<mark>pg. 19</mark> n/a
i	device information	pg. 37 n/a
Invert	invert dispensing direction	pg. 31 n/a
12C	change to I ² C mode	pg. 44 not set
L	enable/disable LED	pg. 18 enabled
Name	set/show name of device	pg. 36 not set
0	enable/disable parameters	pg. 34 all enabled
Ρ	pause dispensing	pg. 29 n/a
Plock	enable/disable protocol lock	pg. 42 disabled
Pv	check pump voltage	pg. 35 n/a
R	returns a single reading	pg. 21 n/a
Sleep	enter sleep mode/low power	pg. 40 n/a
Status	retrieve status information	pg. 39 enable
Тv	total volume dispensed	pg. 32 n/a
X	stop dispensing	pg. 30 n/a
*OK	enable/disable response codes	pg. 38 enable

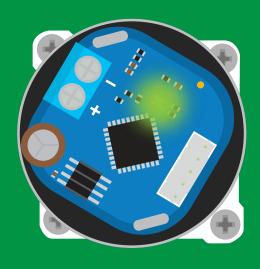
LED control

Command syntax

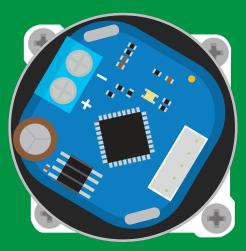
L,1	<cr></cr>	LED on	default

- L,0 <cr>> LED off
- L,? <cr>> LED state on/off?

Example	Response
L,1 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
L,0 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
L,? <cr></cr>	?L,1 <cr> or ?L,0 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr></cr>



L,1



L,0





Command syntax

This command will disable continuous mode Send any character or command to terminate find.

Find <cr> LED rapidly blinks white, used to help find device

ExampleResponseFind <cr>*OK <cr>



Continuous mode

Command syntax

C,*	<cr></cr>	continuously reports volume once per second default
C,1	<cr></cr>	continuously reports volume only when pumping
C,0	<cr></cr>	disable continuous reporting
C,?	<cr></cr>	continuous reporting mode on/off?

Example	Response
dispense 23ml C,* <cr></cr>	18 <cr> 23 <cr> *Done,23 <cr> 23 <cr> 23 <cr> 23 <cr> 23 <cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr>
C,1 <cr></cr>	18 <cr> 23 <cr> *Done,23 <cr></cr></cr></cr>
C,0 <cr></cr>	*Done,23 <cr></cr>
C,? <cr></cr>	?C,1 <cr> or ?C,0 <cr> or ?C,* <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr></cr></cr>



Single reading mode

Command syntax

R <cr> returns a single value showing dispensed volume

Example	Response	
R <cr></cr>	25 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>	(If issued half way through dispensing 50ml)
	50 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>	(If issued once dispensing has stopped)



Continuous dispensing

Pump on/pump off

Command syntax

After running in continuous mode for 20 days the EZO-PMP-L[™] will reset.

- D,* <cr> dispense until the stop command is given
- D,-* <cr> dispense in reverse until the stop command is given
- D,? <cr> dispense status

Example	Response	
D,* <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> pump will continuously run at ~750ml/min</cr> (with supplied tubing)	
D,-* <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> pump will continuously run in reverse at ~750ml/min (with supplied tubing)</cr>	
D,? <cr></cr>	?D,*,1 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>	

Response breakdown





Volume dispensing

Pump a specific volume

Command syntax		where [ml] is any volume in millimeters >= 0.5
D,[ml] <cr>dispense [this specific volume]D,[-ml]<cr>dispense [in reverse this specific volume]D,?<cr>dispense status</cr></cr></cr>		
Example	Response	
D,15 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> 15 ml v</cr>	will be dispensed
D,-40 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> 40 ml v</cr>	will be dispensed <i>in reverse</i>
D,? <cr></cr>	?D,-40,0 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>	

Response breakdown





Dose over time

Pump a fixed volume over a fixed time

Command syntax

D,[ml],[min] <cr> Dispense [this volume], [over this many minutes]

Example Response D,7000,20 <cr> *OK <cr> Dispense 7000ml over 20 minutes



Constant flow rate

Maintain a constant flow rate

Command syntax

DC,? <cr>

After running in continuous mode for 20 days the EZO-PMP-L[™] will reset.

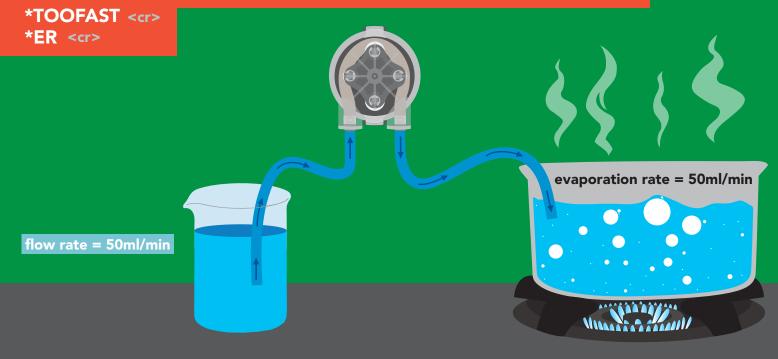
DC,[ml/min],[min or *] <<r>

reports maximum possible flow rate

[ml/min] = a single number (int or float) representing the desired flow rate [min or *] = the number of minutes to run or (*) indefinitely A negative value for ml/min = reverse

Example	Response	
DC,50,40 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> Dispense 50ml per minute for 40 minutes</cr>	
DC,? <cr></cr>	?MAXRATE,385 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>	
The maximum flow rate is determined after calibration		

The maximum flow rate is determined after calibration. If the flowrate entered is too fast the EZO-PMP-L[™] will send an error.



Dispense at startup

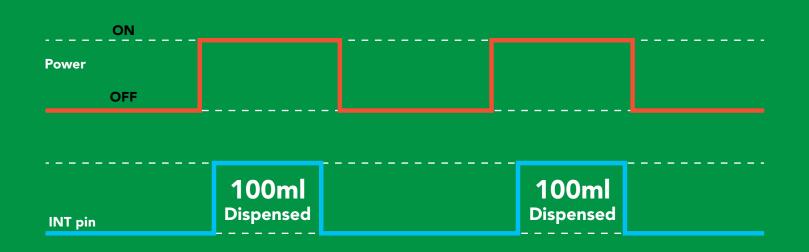
Pump a specific volume at startup and then stop

Use this command to make a simple fixed-volume pump

Command syntax

Dstart,[ml]	<cr></cr>	dispense [this specific volume] at startup
Dstart,off	<cr></cr>	disables dispense at startup mode
Dstart,?	<cr></cr>	startup dispense status

Example	Response
Dstart,100 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
Dstart,off < <r></r>	*OK <cr></cr>
Dstart,? <cr></cr>	?Dstart,100 <cr> or ?Dstart,0 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr></cr>

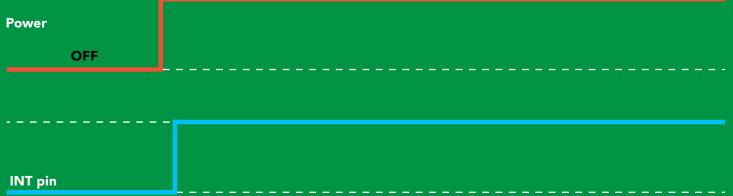




Continuous dispensing at startup

Pump on & continuously dispense

		fter running in continuous mode for 0 days the EZO-PMP-L™ will reset.	
	dispense in re	verse at startup un	e stop command is given til the stop command is given
Example	Respon	se	
Dstart,* <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>	Pump will startup ~750ml/min (with	and continuously run at supplied tubing)
Dstart,-* <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>		and continuously run in l/min (with supplied tubing)
Dstart,? <cr></cr>	?Dstart,*	<cr></cr>	
<u>ON</u>			





Dose Over time at startup

Pump a fixed volume over a fixed time at startup

Command syntax

D,[ml],[min] <cr> Dispense [this volume], [over this many minutes] at startup</cr>		
Example	Response	
Dstart,7000,20 <cr></cr>	*OK < <r><hr/><hr/><hr/><hr/><hr/><hr/><hr/><hr/><hr/></r>	
Dstart,? <cr></cr>	?Dstart,7000,20.00 <cr></cr>	





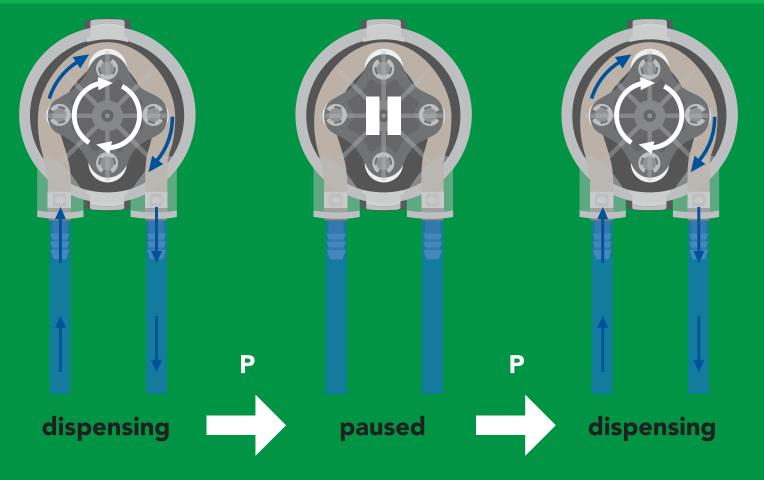
Pause dispensing

Command syntax

Issue the command again to resume dispensing

- P <cr> pauses the pump during dispensing
- P,? <<r> pause status

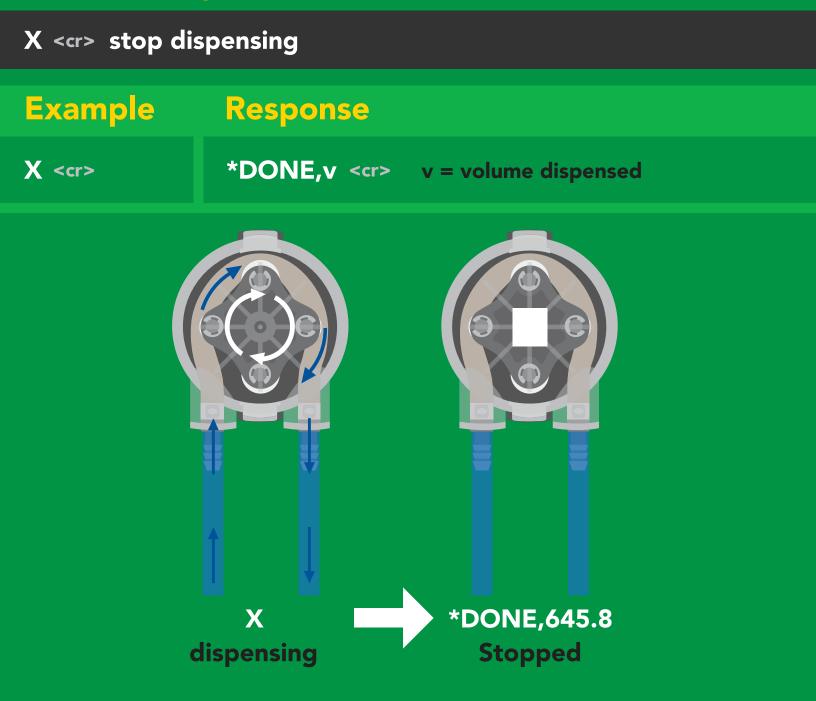
Example	Response
P <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
P,? <cr></cr>	<pre>?P,1 <cr> or ?P,0 <cr> paused unpaused *OK <cr></cr></cr></cr></pre>





Stop dispensing

Command syntax





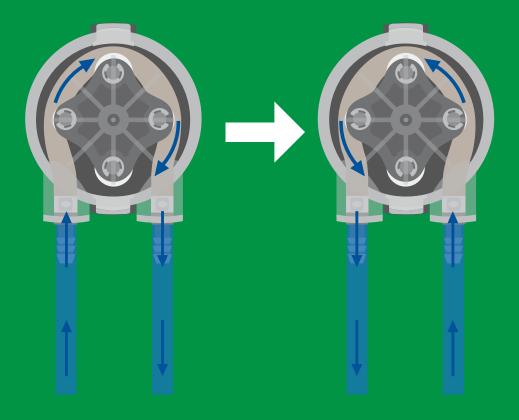
Invert dispensing direction

Command syntax

Invert direction will be retained if power is cut

Invert <cr> changes dispensing direction of pump

Example	Response
Invert < <r></r>	*OK <cr></cr>
Invert,? <cr></cr>	<pre>?Invert,1 <cr> or ?Invert,0 <cr> inverted uninverted *OK <cr></cr></cr></cr></pre>





Total volume dispensed

Command syntax

- TV,? <cr> shows total volume dispensed
- ATV,? <cr> absolute value of the total volume dispensed
- Clear <cr> clears the total dispensed volume

Example	Response
TV,? <cr></cr>	?TV,434.50 <cr></cr>
ATV,? <cr></cr>	?ATV,623.00 <cr></cr>
Clear <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> total now 0.00</cr>

This data will be lost if the power is cut.



Calibration

Command syntax

Calibrate to the actual volume dispensed.

Cal,v	<cr></cr>	v = corrected volume
Cal,clear	<cr></cr>	delete all calibration data
Cal,?	<cr></cr>	device calibrated?

This command is used for both, single dose and dose over time calibrations.

Example	Response
Cal,146.2 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
Cal,clear < <r></r>	*OK <cr></cr>
Cal,? <cr></cr>	<pre>?Cal,1 <cr> or ?Cal,2 <cr> or fixed volume ?Cal,3 <cr> or ?Cal,0 <cr> both *OK <cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></pre>



Enable/disable parameters from output string

Command syntax

O, [parameter],[1 O,?	,0] <cr> enable or disable output parameter <cr> enabled parameter?</cr></cr>
Example	Response
O,V,1 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> enable volume being pumped</cr>
O,TV,0 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> disable total volume pumped</cr>
O,ATV,1 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> enable absolute volume pumped</cr>
O,? <cr></cr>	?,O,V,TV,ATV < <r> if all three are enabled</r>



Pump voltage

Command syntax

PV,? <cr> check pump voltage

Example	Response
PV,? <cr></cr>	?PV,24.67 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>

Response breakdown





Naming device

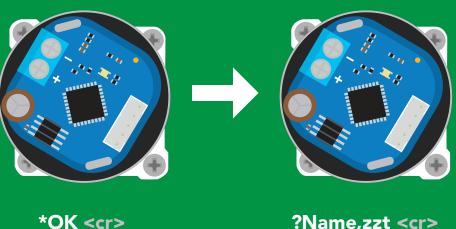
Command syntax

		Syntax				D	o no	t us	e sp	aces	in t	he ı	nam	he
Name,n	<cr></cr>	set name	n =	<u> </u>	 	<u> </u>	 7 \$		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 15 1	16
Name,	<cr></cr>	clears name								acte				
Name,?	<cr></cr>	show name												

Example	Response
Name, <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> name has been cleared</cr>
Name,zzt <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
Name,? <cr></cr>	?Name,zzt <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>

Name,zzt

Name,?



?Name,zzt <cr> *OK <cr>



Device information

Command syntax

i <cr> device information

Example Response

?i,PMPL,1.1 <cr> *OK <cr>

Response breakdown



i <cr>



Response codes

Command syntax

*OK,1 <cr> enal *OK,0 <cr> disa *OK,? <cr> resp</cr></cr></cr>	ble response	lefault	
Example	Response		
R <cr></cr>	413 <cr></cr>		

	*OK <cr></cr>
*OK,0 <cr></cr>	no response, *OK disabled
R <cr></cr>	413 <cr> *OK disabled</cr>
*OK,? <cr></cr>	?*OK,1 <cr> or ?*OK,0 <cr></cr></cr>

Other respo	onse codes
*ER	unknown command

	*OV *UV	over volt (VCC>=5.5V) under volt (VCC<=3.1V)	
*WAwake up*DONEdispensing complete*MINVOLdispense amount too low	*RS *RE		These resp cannot be
*MINVOL dispense amount too low	-		
	*MINVOL	dispense amount too low	

These response codes cannot be disabled



Reading device status

Command syntax

Status <cr> voltage at Vcc pin and reason for last restart

- W watchdog
- U unknown



Sleep mode/low power

Command syntax

Send any character or command to awaken device.

Exam	ple	Response
Sleep -	<cr></cr>	*OK <cr> *SL <cr></cr></cr>
Any cor	nmand	*WA <cr> wakes up device</cr>
5V	stande 13.4 m	BY SLEEP A 0.415 mA
3.3V	12.4 m	nA 0.13 mA



Standby 13.4 mA

Sleep 0.415 mA

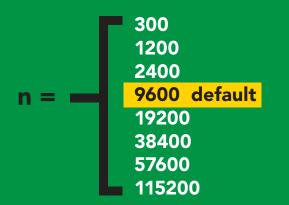


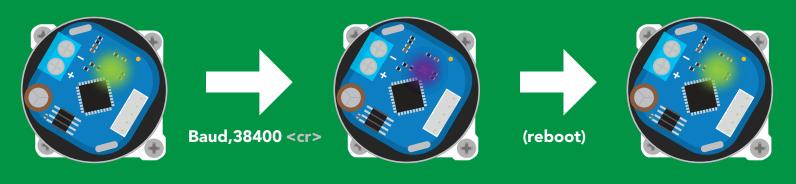
Change baud rate

Command syntax

Baud,n <cr> change baud rate

Example	Response
Baud,38400 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
Baud,? <cr></cr>	?Baud,38400 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>





Standby

Changing baud rate *OK <cr> Standby



Protocol lock

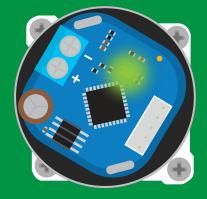
Command syntax

Locks device to UART mode.

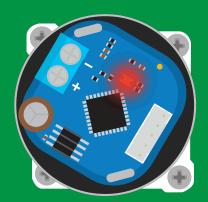
Plock,1 <cr> e Plock,0 <cr> f Plock,? <cr> f Plock,? <cr> f Plock Plock,? <cr> f Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock Plock P</cr></cr></cr></cr></cr>	lisable Plock <mark>default</mark>
Example	Response
Plock,1 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
Plock,0 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
Plock,? <cr></cr>	?Plock,1 <cr> or ?Plock,0 <cr></cr></cr>

Plock,1

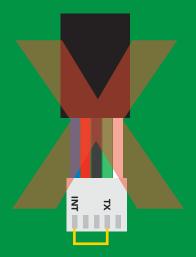
I2C,100



*OK <cr>



cannot change to I²C *ER <cr>



cannot change to I²C

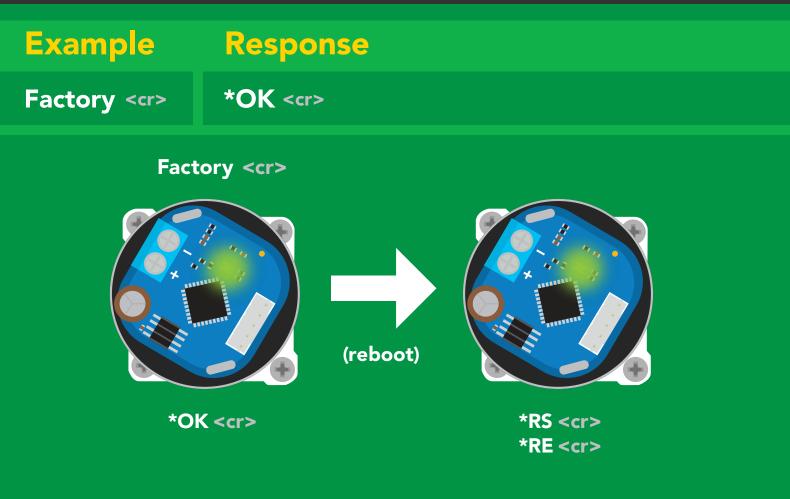


Factory reset

Command syntax

Factory <cr> enable factory reset

Clears calibration LED on "*OK" enabled



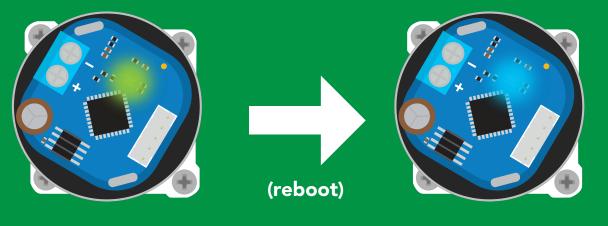
Baud rate will not change

Atlas Scientific

Change to I²C mode

Command syntax Default I ² C address 109 (0)			
I2C,n <cr> sets I²C address and reboots into I²C mode n = any number 1 – 127</cr>			
ExampleResponseI2C,100 < <r>>*OK (reboot in I²C mode)</r>			
Wrong example I2C,139 <cr> n ≯ 127</cr>		Response *ER <cr></cr>	

I2C,100



Green *OK <cr>

Blue now in I²C mode

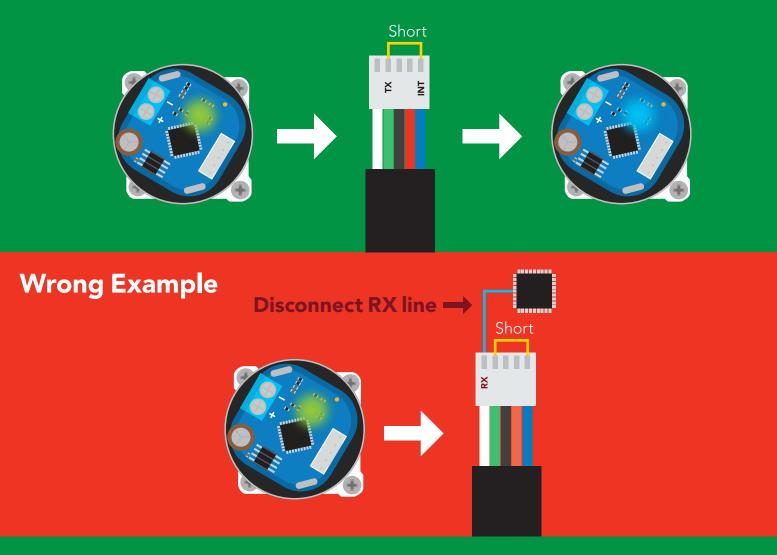


Manual switching to I²C

- Disconnect ground (power off)
- Disconnect TX and RX
- Connect TX to INT
- Confirm RX is disconnected
- Connect ground (power on)
- Wait for LED to change from Green to Blue
- Disconnect ground (power off)
- Reconnect all data and power

Manually switching to I²C will set the I²C address to 109 (0x6D)

Example





12C mode

The I²C protocol is **considerably more complex** than the UART (RS–232) protocol. Atlas Scientific assumes the embedded systems engineer understands this protocol.

To set your EZO-PMP-L[™] into I²C mode click here

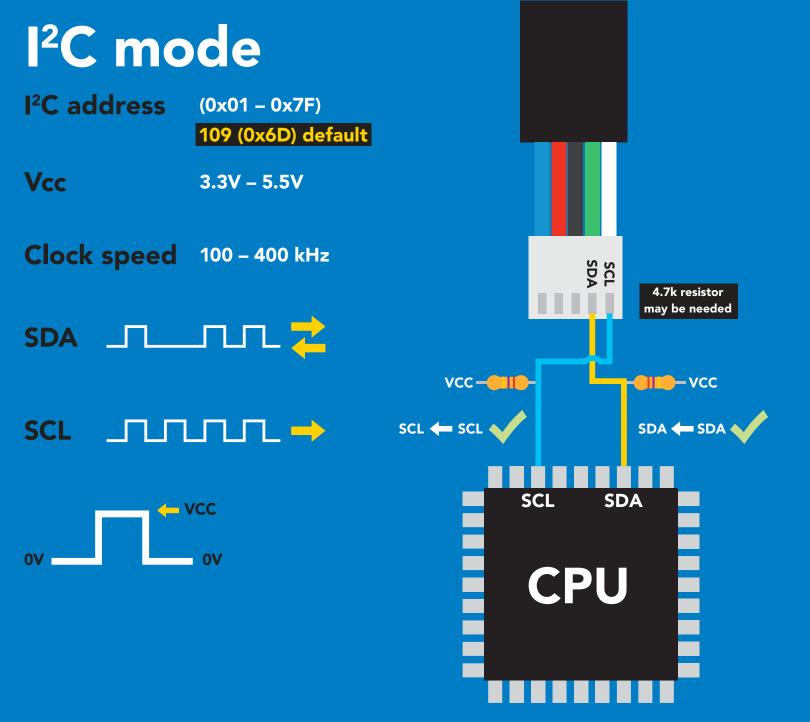
Settings that are retained if power is cut

Calibration Change I²C address Enable/disable parameters Hardware switch to UART mode Invert LED control Protocol lock Software switch to UART mode

Settings that are **NOT** retained if power is cut

Absolute total volume Find Sleep mode Total volume





Data format

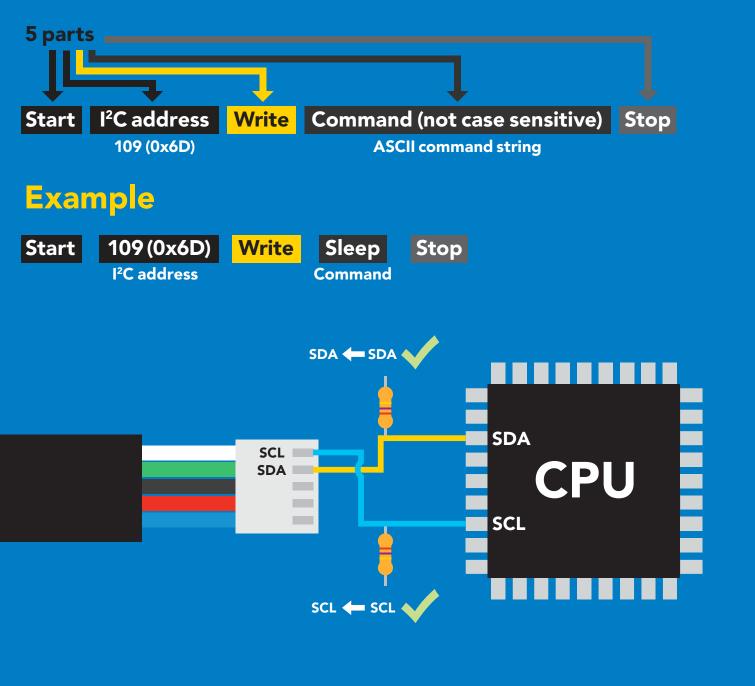
Reading	volume		
Units	ml		
Encoding	ASCII		
Format	string		

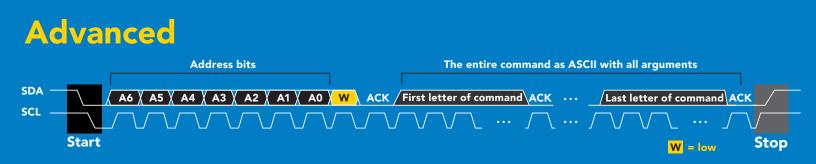
Data type **Decimal places none** Smallest string 3 characters Largest string

long int **39 characters**

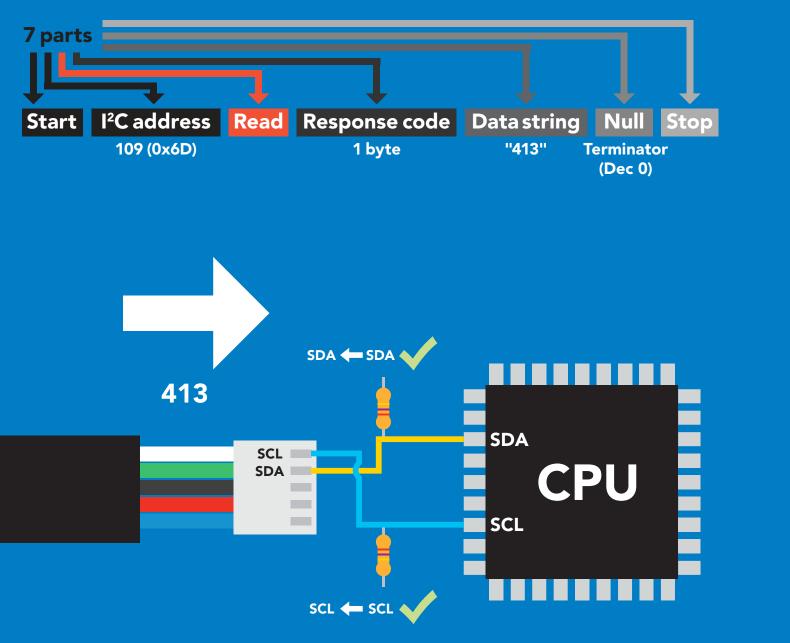


Sending commands to device

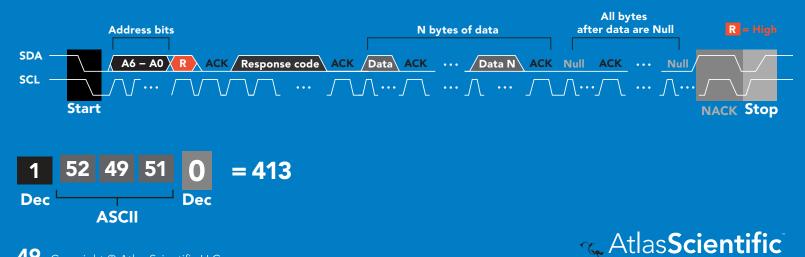




Requesting data from device



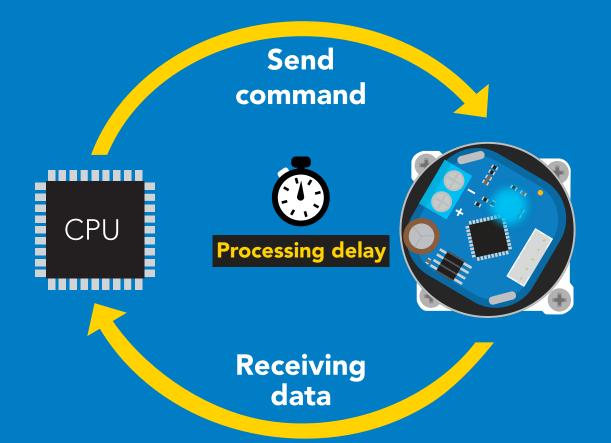
Advanced



Response codes

After a command has been issued, a 1 byte response code can be read in order to confirm that the command was processed successfully.

Reading back the response code is completely optional, and is not required for normal operation.



Example

I2C_start; I2C_address; I2C_write(EZO_command); I2C_stop;

delay(300);



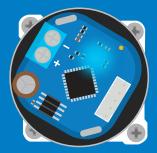
I2C_start; I2C_address; Char[] = I2C_read; I2C_stop; If there is no processing delay or the processing delay is too short, the response code will always be 254.

Response codes Single byte, not string

- 255 no data to send
- 254 still processing, not ready
- 2 syntax error
- 1 successful request



LED color definition

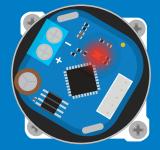




n



Changing I²C address



Command

not understood



White Find

			reen reading
I ² C stand	dby	Taking	reading
	LEI	DON	
5V	+2.	5 mA	

3.3V	+1 mA



I²C mode command quick reference

All commands are ASCII strings or single ASCII characters.

Command	Function	
Baud	switch back to UART mode	pg. 77
Cal	performs calibration	pg. 67
D	dispense modes	pg. 56 – 62
Factory	enable factory reset	pg. 76
Find	finds device with blinking white LED	pg. 54
i	device information	pg. 71
12C	change I ² C address	pg. 75
Invert	invert dispensing direction	pg. 65
L	enable/disable LED	pg. 53
Name	set/show name of device	pg. 70
Ο	enable/disable parameters	pg. 68
Ρ	pauses the pump during dispensing	pg. 63
Plock	enable/disable protocol lock	pg. 74
Pv	check pump voltage	pg. 69
R	returns a single reading	pg. 55
Sleep	enter sleep mode/low power	pg. 73
Status	retrieve status information	pg. 72
Тv	total volume dispensed	pg. 66
x	stop dispensing	pg. 64



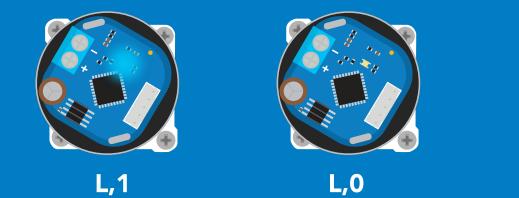
LED control

Command syntax

ntax 300ms 💮 processing delay

- L,1 LED on default
- L,0 LED off
- L,? LED state on/off?







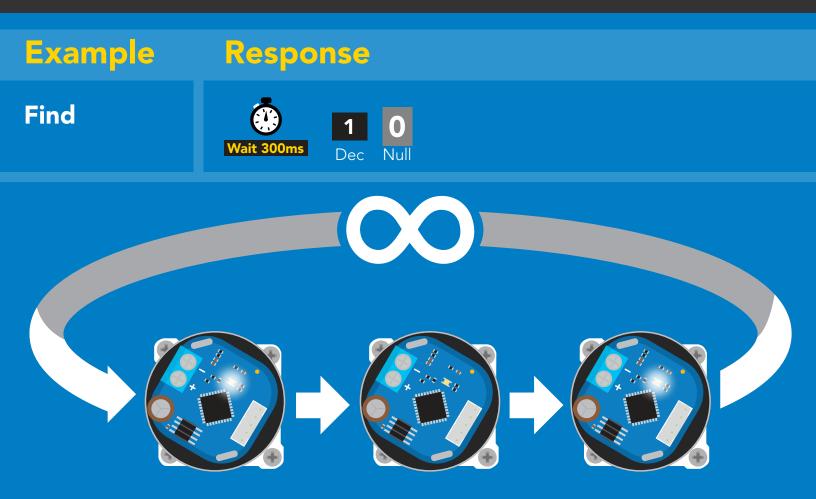
Find

300ms 🕐 processing delay

Command syntax

This command will disable continuous mode Send any character or command to terminate find.

Find LED rapidly blinks white, used to help find device





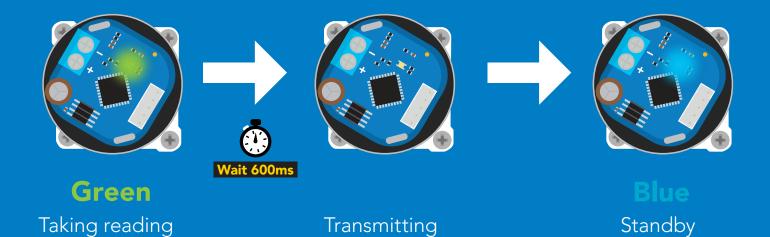
Single report mode

Command syntax

300ms 💮 processing delay

R returns a single value showing dispensed volume







Continuous dispensing

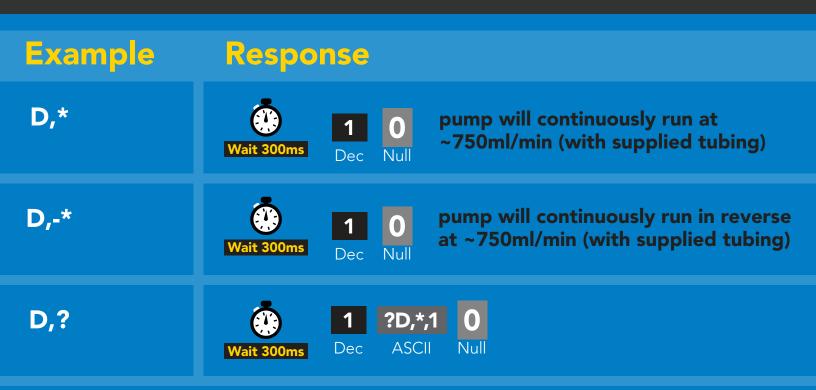
Pump on/pump off

300ms 🕐 processing delay

Command syntax

After running in continuous mode for 20 days the EZO-PMP-L[™] will reset.

- D,* dispense until the stop command is given
- D,-* dispense in reverse until the stop command is given
- D,? dispense status



Response breakdown





Volume dispensing

Pump a specific volume

300ms 💮 processing delay

Command syntax

where [ml] is any volume in millimeters >= 0.5

- D,[ml] dispense [this specific volume] D,[-ml] dispense [*in reverse* this specific volume]
- D,? dispense status

Example Response D,15 15 ml will be dispensed Dec 40 ml will be dispensed **D**,-40 0 1 in reverse Null Wait 300ms Dec ?D,-40,0 D,? ASCII Dec

Response breakdown

?D,-40,0 ↑ ↑ last volume pump off dispensed



Dose over time

Pump a fixed volume over a fixed time

Command syntax

300ms 💮 processing delay

D,[ml],[min] Dispense [this volume], [over this many minutes]

Example Response D,7000,20 Dispense 7000ml over 20 mins Dec



Constant flow rate

Maintain a constant flow rate

300ms 💮 processing delay

Command syntax

After running in continuous mode for 20 days the EZO-PMP-L[™] will reset.

DC,[ml/min], [min or *][maintain this rate], [for this much time]DC,?reports maximum possible flow rate

[ml/min] = a single number (int or float) representing the desired flow rate [min or *] = the number of minutes to run or (*) indefinitely A negative value for ml/min = reverse



Dispense at startup

Pump a specific volume at startup and then stop

Use this command to make a simple fixed-volume pump

Command syntax



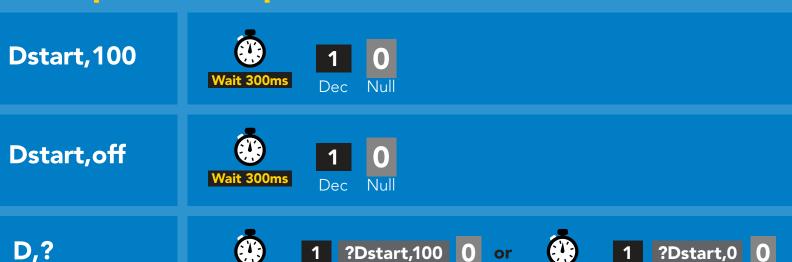
- Dstart,[ml] dispense [this specific volume] at startup
- Dstart,off

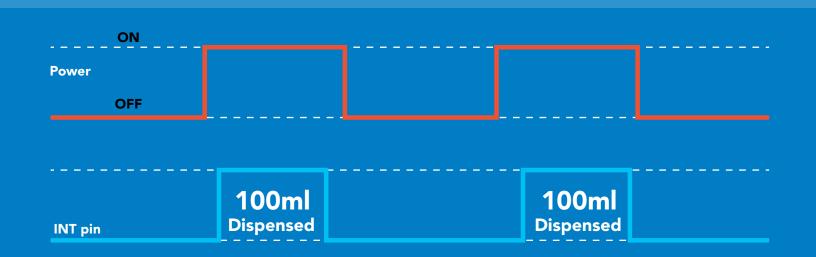
disables dispense at startup mode

Dstart,? startup dispense status



Response





ASCII

Dec

Wait 300ms

Null

Wait 300ms

Dec



Null

ASCII

Continuous dispensing at startup

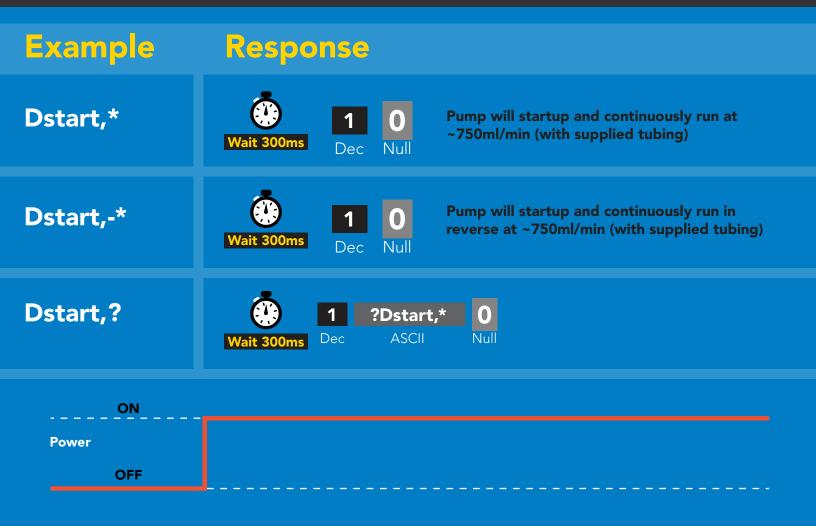
Pump on & continuously dispense

300ms 💮 processing delay

Command syntax

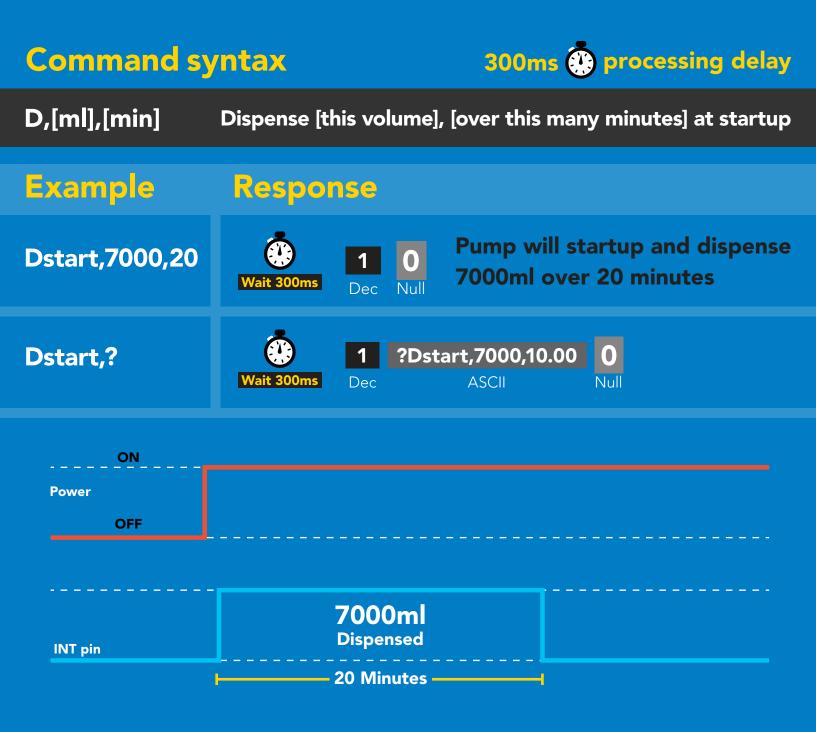
After running in continuous mode for 20 days the EZO-PMP-L[™] will reset.

- Dstart,* dispense at startup until the stop command is given
- **Dstart,-*** dispense in reverse at startup until the stop command is given
- Dstart,? startup dispense status



Dose Over time at startup

Pump a fixed volume over a fixed time at startup





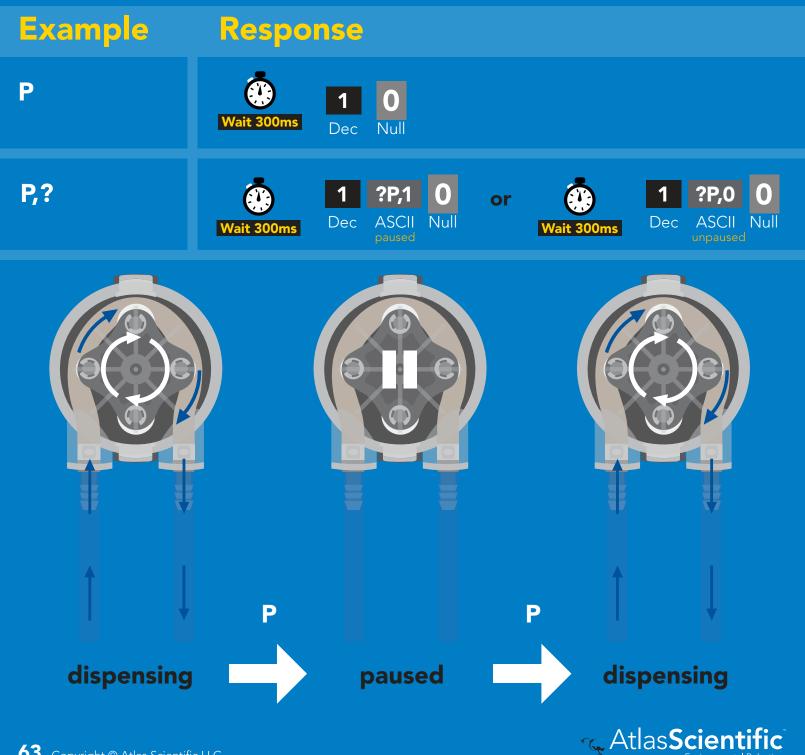
Pause dispensing

Command syntax

Issue the command again to resume dispensing

300ms 🕐 processing delay

- pauses the pump during dispensing Ρ
- pause status **P**,?

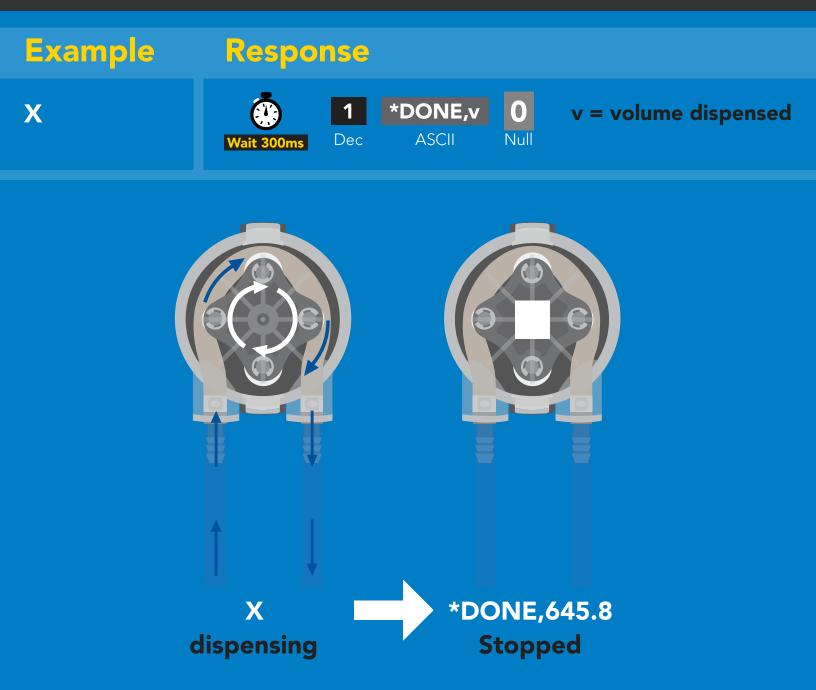


Stop dispensing

Command syntax

300ms 🕐 processing delay







Invert dispensing direction

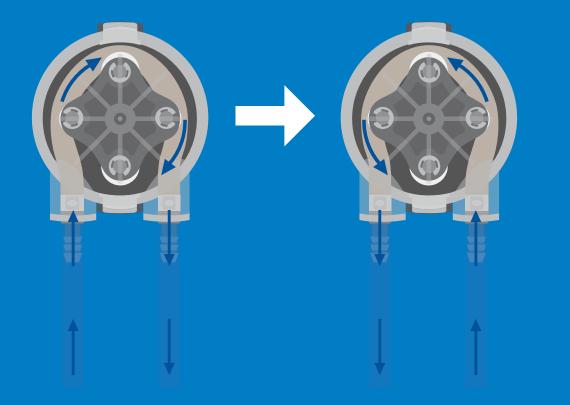
300ms 🕐 processing delay

Command syntax

Invert direction will be retained if power is cut

Null

changes dispensing direction of pump Invert Example Response Invert Wait 300ms Dec ?Invert,1 $\mathbf{0}$?Invert,0 or Invert,? ASCI Null ASCI Dec Dec



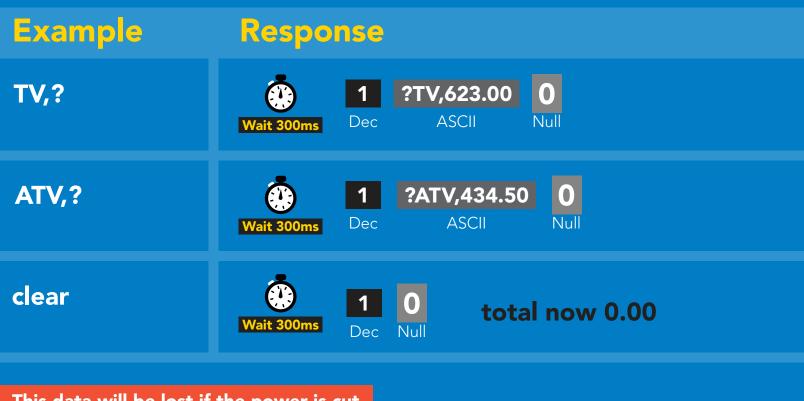


Total volume dispensed

Command syntax

300ms 🕐 processing delay

- TV,? shows total volume dispensed
- ATV,? absolute value of the total volume dispensed
- Clear clears the total dispensed volume



This data will be lost if the power is cut.



Calibration

Command syntax

300ms or processing delay Calibrate to the actual volume dispensed.

Cal,vv = corrected volumeCal,cleardelete calibration dataCal,?device calibrated?





Enable/disable parameters from output string

Command syntax

300ms 🕐 processing delay

O, [parameter],[1,0]	enable or disable output parameter
O,?	enabled parameter?

Example	Response	
O,V,1	Wait 300ms Dec Null	enable volume being pumped
O,TV,0	Wait 300ms Dec Null	disable total volume pumped
O,ATV,1	Wait 300ms 1 Dec Null	enable absolute volume pumped
0,?	Image: Wait 300msImage: Mail 1Provide the second sec	ASCII Null if all three ASCII Null are enabled



Pump voltage

Command syntax

300ms 💮 processing delay

PV,? check pump voltage



Response breakdown





Naming device

Command syntax

300ms 🕐 processing delay

Do not use spaces in the name

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C.

Name,nset name $n = \frac{1}{1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5 \ 6 \ 7 \ 8 \ 9 \ 10 \ 11 \ 12 \ 13 \ 14 \ 15 \ 16}$ Name,clears name $u = \frac{1}{1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5 \ 6 \ 7 \ 8 \ 9 \ 10 \ 11 \ 12 \ 13 \ 14 \ 15 \ 16}$ Name,?show name		
Example	Response	
Name,	Wait 300ms 1 Dec Null name has been cleared	
Name,zzt	Image: NullImage: Wait 300msImage: DecImage: Null	
Name,?	Image: Name,zztImage: Name,zztImage: Name,zztWait 300msDecASCIINull	
Nar	ne,zzt Name,?	
1	0 1 ?Name,zzt 0	

Device information

Command syntax

300ms 💮 processing delay

i device information

 Example
 Response

 i
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Response breakdown

?i, PMPL, 1.1 ↑ Device Firmware

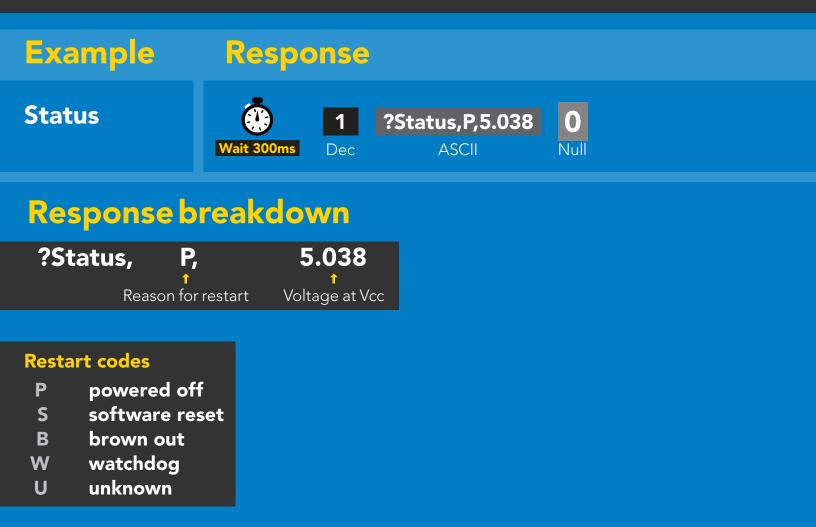


Reading device status

Command syntax

300ms 💮 processing delay

Status voltage at Vcc pin and reason for last restart





Sleep mode/low power

Command syntax





Protocol lock

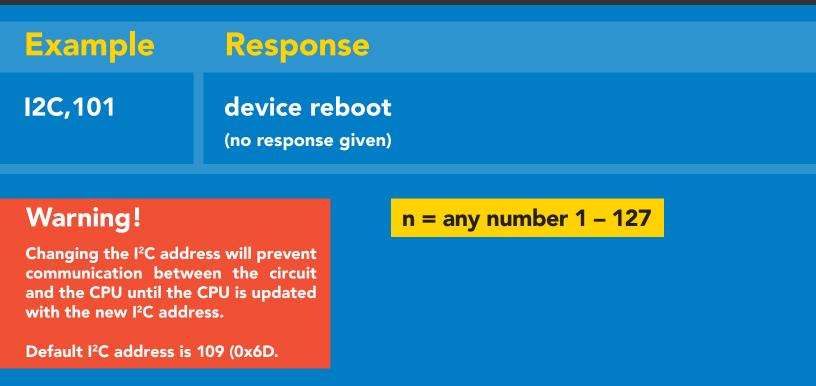
Command synt	tax	300ms 🕐 processing delay
Plock,1 enable Pl Plock,0 disable P Plock,? Plock on/	lock <mark>default</mark>	Locks device to I ² C mode.
Example R	esponse	
Plock,1 Wai	300ms Dec Null	
Plock,0 Wai	10 300ms Dec Null	
Plock,? Wait	I?Plock,1300msDecASCII	0 Null
Plock,1	Baud, 9600	
	cannot change to UART	cannot change to UART
74 Copyright © Atlas Scientific LLC		Atlas Scientific

I²C address change

Command syntax

300ms 🕐 processing delay

sets I²C address and reboots into I²C mode 12C,n



I2C,101





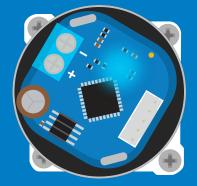


Factory reset

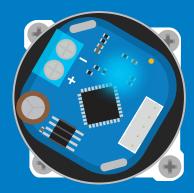
Command syntax Factory reset will not take the device out of I²C mode. Factory enable factory reset I²C address will not change Example Response Factory device reboot (no response given)

Clears calibration LED on Response codes enabled

Factory









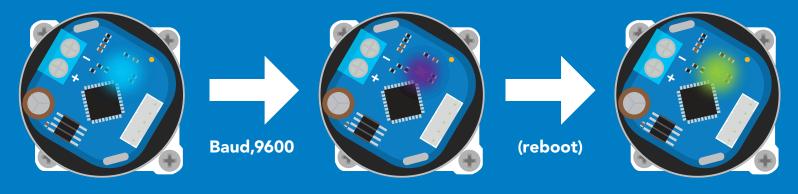
Change to UART mode

Command syntax

Baud,n switch from I²C to UART

ExampleResponseBaud,9600reboot in UART mode
(no response given)

	300
	1200
	2400
n = 🗕	9600
	19200
	38400
	57600
	115200



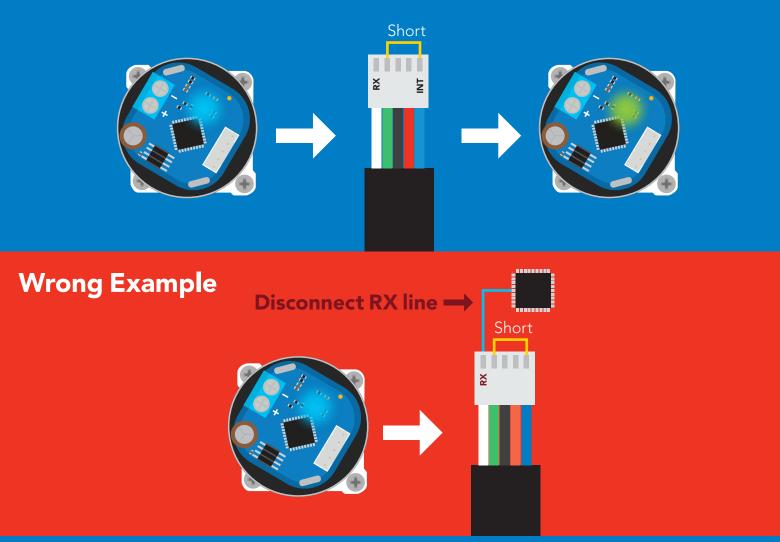
Changing to UART mode



Manual switching to UART

- Disconnect ground (power off)
- Disconnect TX and RX
- Connect TX to INT
- Confirm RX is disconnected
- Connect ground (power on)
- Wait for LED to change from Blue to Green
- Disconnect ground (power off)
- Reconnect all data and power

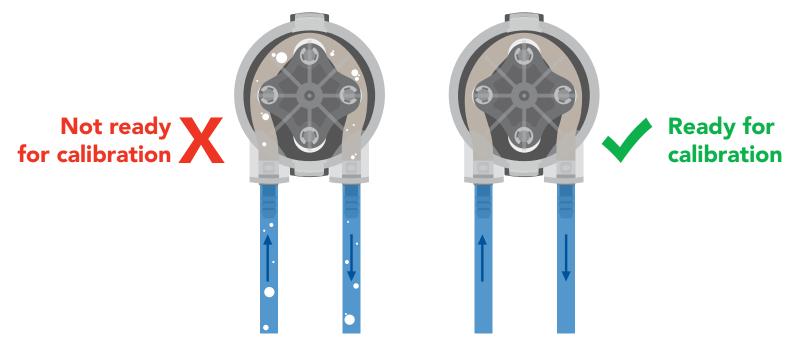
Example





Calibration theory

Before calibration is attempted all the air bubbles should be removed from the tubing. This is done by running the pump while tapping the tubing. If air bubbles are not removed from the tubing they will slowly group together into larger air bubbles. Over time this will lead to accuracy issues.

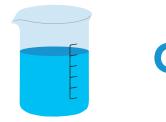


Calibration types

Volume calibration Volume over time calibration

Calibration is optional. Both types of calibration are independent of each other and can be done at any time. Calibration can be done at any volume however; Atlas Scientific recommends using volumes above 150ml.

Equipment needed for calibration



An accurate beaker of at least 250ml.



An accurate scale with a resolution of at least 1 gram.

1 gram of water = 1ml 250 grams of water = 250ml



Calibration procedure

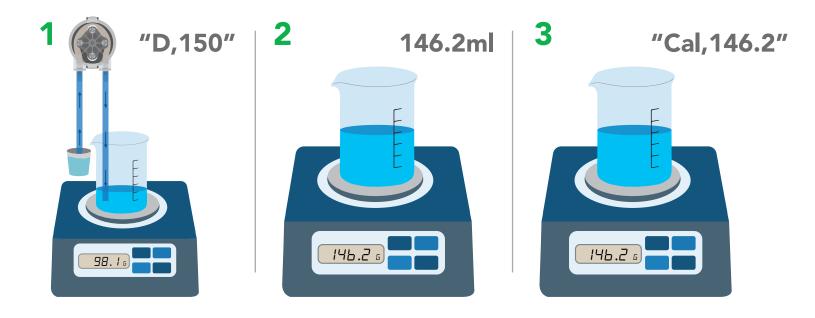
Calibration should be done with water and not a chemical

Make sure the tubing is full of water and has no bubbles before calibrating.

- **1.** Instruct the pump to dispense a volume of water.
- 2. Measure the dispensed amount to determine how much water was actually dispensed.
- **3.** Calibrate the pump by sending it the volume of liquid you have measured.

Example

Calibrate the pump by dispensing 150ml.



- 1. Instruct the pump to dispense 150ml into a beaker on a scale.
- 2. Measure the amount of liquid that was actually dispensed.
- 3. Inform the pump how much liquid was actually dispensed.
- 4. Calibration is now complete.

Once the pump has been calibrated it will accurately dispense any volume of liquid. It has not been calibrated specifically to the volume used during the calibration procedure (150ml). It has now been calibrated to all volumes.

Use the same procedure to perform a volume over time calibration.



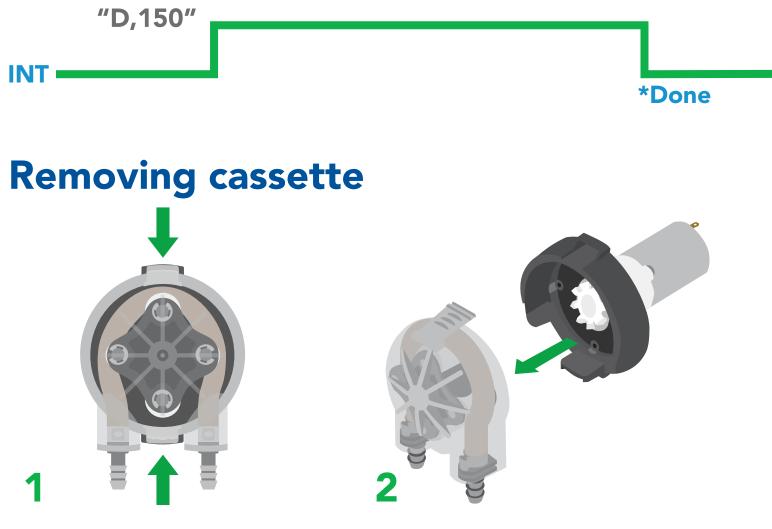
Pump speed vs. voltage

There is no change in pump speed at different voltages.



Interrupt pin

When the pump is dispensing the interrupt pin goes high.



Press both release tabs on the cassette.

Pull the cassette off of the motor.



Mounting plate (optional)

The cassette must be removed before you can screw the pump onto the mounting plate. Once the pump has been connected to the mounting plate, reattach the cassette.

Datasheet change log

Datasheet V 1.4

Added a new page about power supplies on page 8.

Datasheet V 1.3

Revised table of contents and added invert dispensing direction command on pages 30 & 64.

Datasheet V 1.2 Revised naming device info on pages 36 & 67.

Datasheet V 1.1 Added Mounting plate info on pg. 9

Datasheet V 1.0 New Datasheet.

Firmware updates

V1.0 – Initial release (March, 2021)

V1.01 - (May 26, 2021)

• Changed minimum voltage for activation

V1.02 - (Feb 15, 2022)

• Internal update for new part compatibility.

V1.03 - (April 20, 2022)

Expands dstart command with * and dispense over time



Warranty

Atlas Scientific[™] Warranties the EZO-PMP-L[™] Large Embedded Dosing Pump to be free of defect during the debugging phase of device implementation, or 30 days after receiving the EZO-PMP-L[™] Large Embedded Dosing Pump (which ever comes first).

The debugging phase

The debugging phase as defined by Atlas Scientific[™] is the time period when the EZO-PMP-L[™] Large Embedded Dosing Pump is inserted into a bread board, or shield. If the EZO-PMP-L[™] Large Embedded Dosing Pump is being debugged in a bread board, the bread board must be devoid of other components. If the EZO-PMP-L[™] Large Embedded Dosing Pump is being connected to a microcontroller, the microcontroller must be running code that has been designed to drive the EZO-PMP-L[™] Large Embedded Dosing Pump exclusively and output the EZO-PMP-L[™] Large Embedded Dosing Pump data as a serial string.

It is important for the embedded systems engineer to keep in mind that the following activities will void the EZO-PMP-L[™] Embedded Dosing Pump warranty:

- Soldering any part of the EZO-PMP-L[™] Large Embedded Dosing Pump.
- Running any code, that does not exclusively drive the EZO-PMP-L[™] Embedded Dosing Pump and output its data in a serial string.
- Embedding the EZO-PMP-L[™] Large Embedded Dosing Pump into a custom made device.
- Removing any potting compound.



Reasoning behind this warranty

Because Atlas Scientific[™] does not sell consumer electronics; once the device has been embedded into a custom made system, Atlas Scientific[™] cannot possibly warranty the EZO-PMP-L[™] Large Embedded Dosing Pump, against the thousands of possible variables that may cause the EZO-PMP-L[™] Large Embedded Dosing Pump to no longer function properly.

Please keep this in mind:

- 1. All Atlas Scientific[™] devices have been designed to be embedded into a custom made system by you, the embedded systems engineer.
- 2. All Atlas Scientific[™] devices have been designed to run indefinitely without failure in the field.
- 3. All Atlas Scientific[™] devices can be soldered into place, however you do so at your own risk.

Atlas Scientific[™] is simply stating that once the device is being used in your application, Atlas Scientific can no longer take responsibility for the EZO-PMP-L[™] Large Embedded Dosing Pump continued operation. This is because that would be equivalent to Atlas Scientific[™] taking responsibility over the correct operation of your entire device.

