

LOW DROP DUAL POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

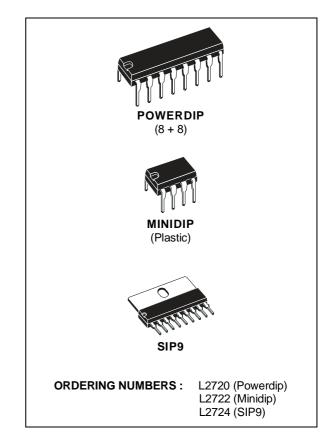
- OUTPUT CURRENT TO 1 A
- OPERATES AT LOW VOLTAGES
- SINGLE OR SPLIT SUPPLY
- LARGE COMMON-MODE AND DIFFEREN-TIAL MODE RANGE
- LOW INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE
- GROUND COMPATIBLE INPUTS
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE
- THERMAL SHUTDOWN
- CLAMP DIODE

DESCRIPTION

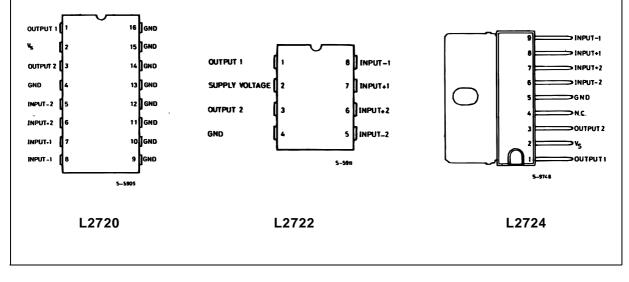
The L2720, L2722 and L2724 are monolithic integrated circuits in powerdip, minidip and SIP-9 packages, intended for use as power operational amplifiers in a wide range of applications including servo amplifiers and power supplies.

They are particularly indicated for driving, inductive loads, as motor and finds applications in compactdisc VCR automotive, etc.

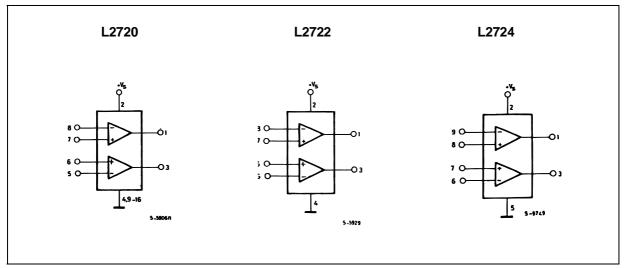
The high gain and high output power capability provide superior performance whatever an operational amplifier/power booster combination is required.



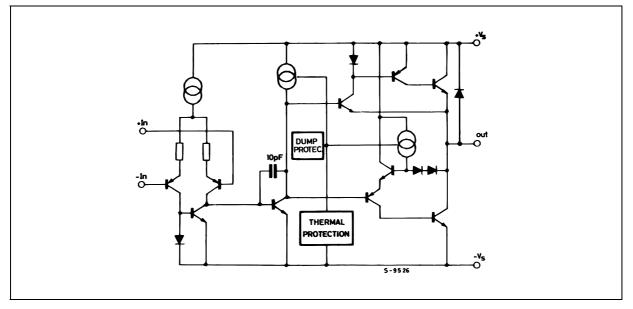
PIN CONNECTIONS (top views)



BLOCK DIAGRAM



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM (one section)



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------------|------|--|
| Vs | Supply Voltage | 28 | V | |
| Vs | Peak Supply Voltage (50ms) | 50 | V | |
| Vi | Input Voltage | Vs | | |
| Vi | Differential Input Voltage | ±Vs | | |
| lo | DC Output Current | 1 | Α | |
| Ι _p | Peak Output Current (non repetitive) | 1.5 | Α | |
| P _{tot} | Power Dissipation at $T_{amb} = 80^{\circ}C$ (L2720), $T_{amb} = 50^{\circ}C$ (L2722) $T_{case} = 75^{\circ}C$ (L2720) $T_{case} = 50^{\circ}C$ (L2724) | 1 5 10 | W | |
| T _{stg} , T _j | Storage and Junction Temperature | -40 to 150 | °C | |

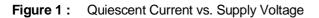
THERMAL DATA

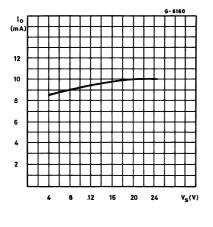
| | | | SIP-9 | Powerdip | Minidip |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------|--------|----------|---------|
| R _{th j-case} | Thermal Resistance Junction-case | Max. | 10°C/W | 15°C/W | 70°C/W |
| R _{th j-amb} | Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient | Max. | 70°C/W | 70°C/W | 100°C/W |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_s = 24V$, $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified

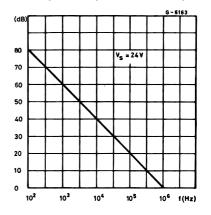
| Symbol | Parameter Test Conditions | | | | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-------------------------|--|---|--|-----|----------------|------|------|
| Vs | Single Supply Voltage | | 4 | | 28 | V | |
| Vs | Split Supply Voltage | | | ± 2 | | ± 14 | V |
| I _s | Quiescent Drain Current | $V_o = \frac{V_s}{2}$ | $V_s = 24V$ | | 10 | 15 | mA |
| | | | $V_s = 8V$ | | 9 | 15 | |
| l _b | Input Bias Current | | | | 0.2 | 1 | μA |
| Vos | Input Offset Voltage | | | | | 10 | mV |
| l _{os} | Input Offset Current | | | | | 100 | nA |
| SR | Slew Rate | | | | 2 | | V/μs |
| В | Gain-bandwidth Product | | | | 1.2 | | MHz |
| Ri | Input Resistance | | | 500 | | | kΩ |
| Gv | O.L. Voltage Gain | f = 100Hz f = 1kHz | | 70 | 80 60 | | dB |
| e _N | Input Noise Voltage | B = 22Hz to $22kHz$ | | | 10 | | μV |
| I _N | Input Noise Voltage | | | | 200 | | pА |
| CMR | Common Mode Rejection | f = 1kHz | | 66 | 84 | | dB |
| SVR | Supply Voltage Rejection | $ f = 100Hz \\ R_G = 10k\Omega \\ V_R = 0.5V $ | $V_s = 24V$ $V_s = \pm 12V$ $V_s = \pm 6V$ | 60 | 70 75 80 | | dB |
| V _{DROP(HIGH)} | | $V_s = \pm 2.5V$ to $\pm 12V$ | $I_p = 100mA$ $I_p = 500mA$ | | 0.7 1 | 1.5 | V |
| V _{DROP(LOW)} | | $V_s = \pm 2.5V$ to $\pm 12V$ | $I_p = 100 \text{mA}$ $I_p = 500 \text{mA}$ | | 0.3 0.5 | 1 | V |
| Cs | Channel Separation | | $V_s = 24V$ $V_s = 6V$ | | 60 60 | | dB |
| T_{sd} | Thermal Shutdown Junction Temperature | | | | 145 | | °C |





57

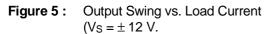
Figure 2: Open Loop Gain vs. Frequency



3/10

V_S=24V (dB) πш 90 ┼┼╀ 70 Ш 50 30 Ш 10² 10³ 10 10⁴ f (Hz)

Figure 3 : Common Mode Rejection vs. Frequency



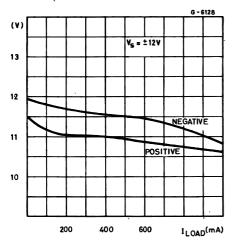


Figure 7 : Channel Separation vs. Frequency

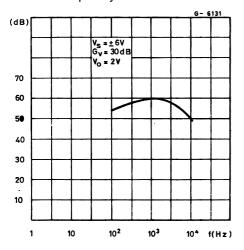


Figure 4 : Output Swing vs. Load Current (Vs = \pm 5 V.

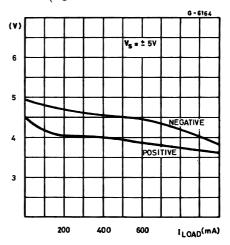
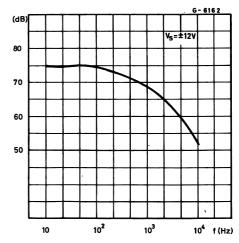


Figure 6 : Supply Voltage rejection vs. Frequency

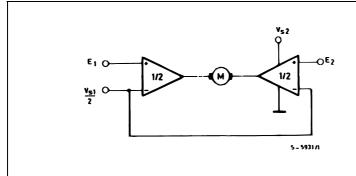


۲۲/

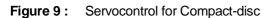
APPLICATION SUGGESTION

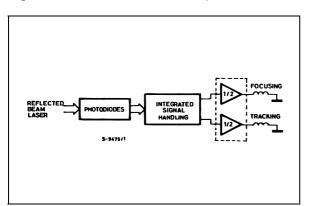
In order to avoid possible instability occuring into final stage the usual suggestions for the linear power stages are useful, as for instance :

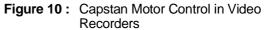
- layout accuracy ;
- A 100nF capacitor connected between supply _ pins and ground;



- Bidirectional DC Motor Control with µP Compatible Inputs Figure 8 :
- boucherot cell (0.1 to 0.2 μF + 1 Ω series) between outputs and ground or across the load. With single supply operation, a resistor $(1k\Omega)$ between the output and supply pin can be necessary for stability.







V_{S1} = logic supply voltage

Must be V_{S2} > V_{S1}

E1, E2 = logic inputs

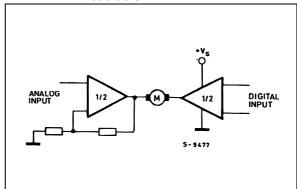


Figure 11: Motor Current Control Circuit

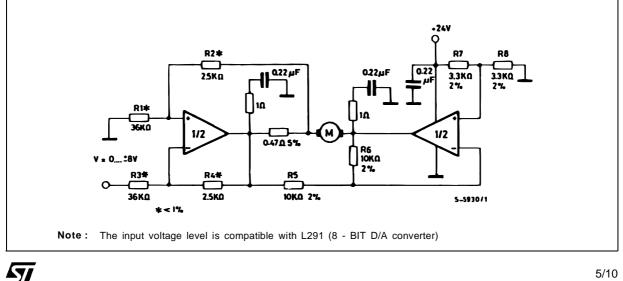


Figure 12: Bidirectional Speed Control of DC Motors

For circuit stability ensure that $R_X > \frac{2R3 \cdot R1}{RM}$ where R_M = internal resistance of motor. The voltage available at the terminals of the motor is $V_M = 2(V_I - \frac{V_S}{2}) + |R_O| \cdot I_M$ where $|R_O| = \frac{2R3 \cdot R1}{R_X}$

and I_M is the motor current.

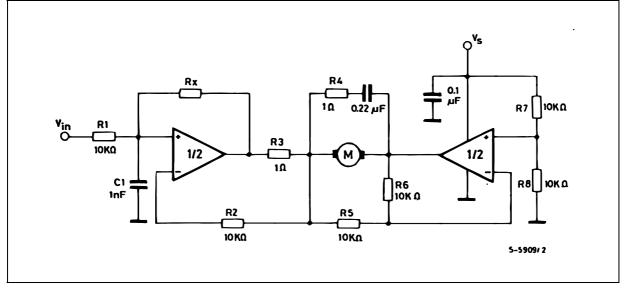
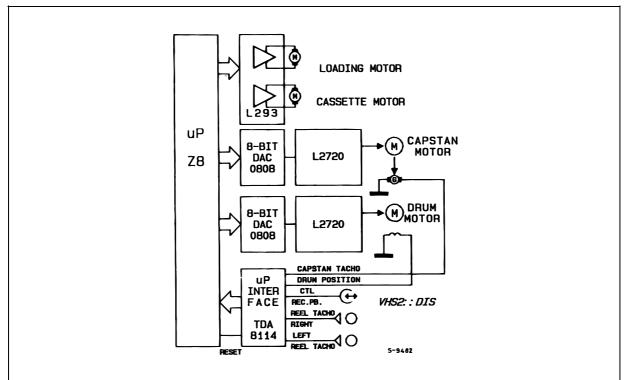
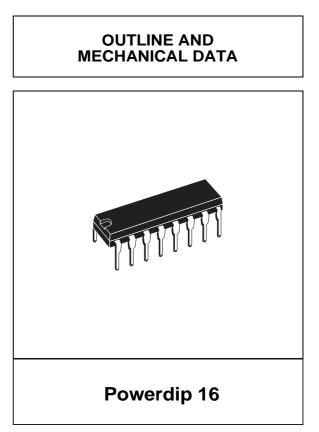
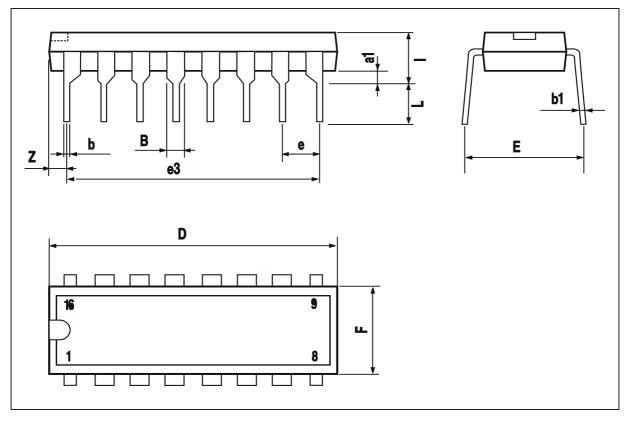


Figure 13: VHS-VCR Motor Control Circuit



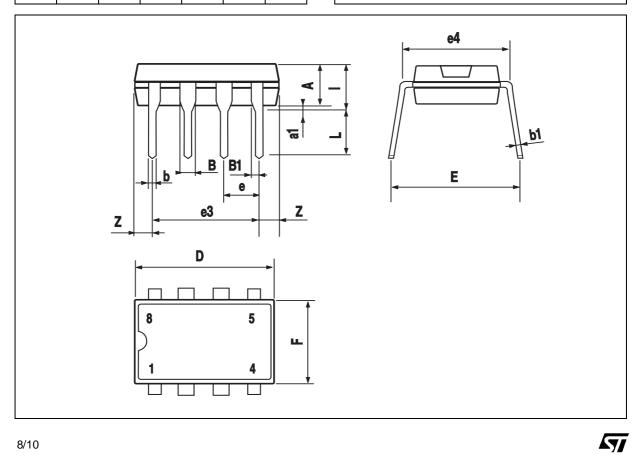
| DIM. | | mm | | | inch | |
|------|------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| a1 | 0.51 | | | 0.020 | | |
| В | 0.85 | | 1.40 | 0.033 | | 0.055 |
| b | | 0.50 | | | 0.020 | |
| b1 | 0.38 | | 0.50 | 0.015 | | 0.020 |
| D | | | 20.0 | | | 0.787 |
| Е | | 8.80 | | | 0.346 | |
| е | | 2.54 | | | 0.100 | |
| e3 | | 17.78 | | | 0.700 | |
| F | | | 7.10 | | | 0.280 |
| I | | | 5.10 | | | 0.201 |
| L | | 3.30 | | | 0.130 | |
| Z | | | 1.27 | | | 0.050 |





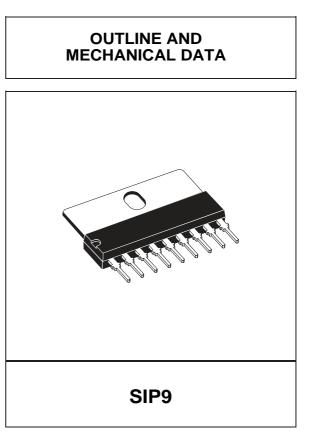
| DIM. | mm | | | inch | | | |
|------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | |
| А | | 3.32 | | | 0.131 | | |
| a1 | 0.51 | | | 0.020 | | | |
| В | 1.15 | | 1.65 | 0.045 | | 0.065 | |
| b | 0.356 | | 0.55 | 0.014 | | 0.022 | |
| b1 | 0.204 | | 0.304 | 0.008 | | 0.012 | |
| D | | | 10.92 | | | 0.430 | |
| Е | 7.95 | | 9.75 | 0.313 | | 0.384 | |
| е | | 2.54 | | | 0.100 | | |
| e3 | | 7.62 | | | 0.300 | | |
| e4 | | 7.62 | | | 0.300 | | |
| F | | | 6.6 | | | 0.260 | |
| I | | | 5.08 | | | 0.200 | |
| L | 3.18 | | 3.81 | 0.125 | | 0.150 | |
| Z | | | 1.52 | | | 0.060 | |

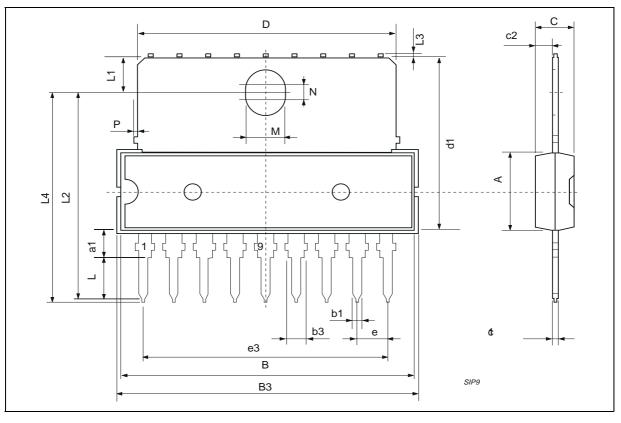
OUTLINE AND **MECHANICAL DATA** Minidip



8/10

| DIM. | | mm | | | inch | |
|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| А | | | 7.1 | | | 0.280 |
| a1 | 2.7 | | 3 | 0.106 | | 0.118 |
| В | | | 23 | | | 0.90 |
| B3 | | | 24.8 | | | 0.976 |
| b1 | | 0.5 | | | 0.020 | |
| b3 | 0.85 | | 1.6 | 0.033 | | 0.063 |
| С | | 3.3 | | | 0.130 | |
| c1 | | 0.43 | | | 0.017 | |
| c2 | | 1.32 | | | 0.052 | |
| D | | | 21.2 | | | 0.835 |
| d1 | | 14.5 | | | 0.571 | |
| е | | 2.54 | | | 0.100 | |
| e3 | | 20.32 | | | 0.800 | |
| L | 3.1 | | | 0.122 | | |
| L1 | | 3 | | | 0.118 | |
| L2 | | 17.6 | | | 0.693 | |
| L3 | | | 0.25 | | | 0.010 |
| L4 | 17.4 | | 17.85 | 0.685 | | 0,702 |
| М | | 3.2 | | | 0.126 | |
| Ν | | 1 | | | 0.039 | |
| Р | | | 0.15 | | | 0.006 |





Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, STMicroelectronics assumes no responsibility for the consequences of use of such information nor for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of STMicroelectronics. Specification mentioned in this publication are subject to change without notice. This publication supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied. STMicroelectronics products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without express written approval of STMicroelectronics.

The ST logo is a registered trademark of STMicroelectronics © 2003 STMicroelectronics – Printed in Italy – All Rights Reserved STMicroelectronics GROUP OF COMPANIES

Australia - Brazil - Canada - China - Finland - France - Germany - Hong Kong - India - Israel - Italy - Japan - Malaysia - Malta - Morocco -Singapore - Spain - Sweden - Switzerland - United Kingdom - United States.

http://www.st.com

