Reference Only

-40 to +85°C

-40 to +125°C

-40 to +85°C

20V

P 1/9

CHIP NOISE FILTER NFZ2MSD C SECIFICATION Murata Standard Specification [AEC-Q200]

1. Scope

This reference specification applies to NFZ2MSD_SZ10L, Chip Noise Filter for Automotive Electronic based on AEC-Q200. (except for Power train and Safety)

2.Part Numbering

(ex)	NF	Z	2M	SD	101	S	Z	1	0	L
	Product ID	Structure	Dimension	Characteristics	Typical Impedance	Performance	Category	Numbers Of Circuit	Special Speci- fication	Packaging
			(L×W)		at 100MHz			(T)		L: Ф180Taping

3.Rating

Operating Temperature Range (Ambient temperature; Self-temperature rise is not included) (Product temperature; Self- temperature rise is included) Storage Temperature Range. Withstand voltage

Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number		edance 0MHz	Impedance at 100MHz	DC Resistance Max	*1 Rated Current	ESD Rank
		(Ω)	Tolerance	Typ (Ω)	(mΩ)	(A)	1A:0.5kV
	NFZ2MSD101SZ10L	9		100	18	5.2	1 A
	NFZ2MSD181SZ10L	15		180	22	4.0	1 A
	NFZ2MSD301SZ10L	21	±30%	300	26	3.8	1 A
	NFZ2MSD501SZ10L	29		500	32	3.2	1 A
	NFZ2MSD102SZ10L	46		1000	46	2.5	1 A

*1: When applied Rated current to the Products, self temperature rise shall be limited to 40°C max.

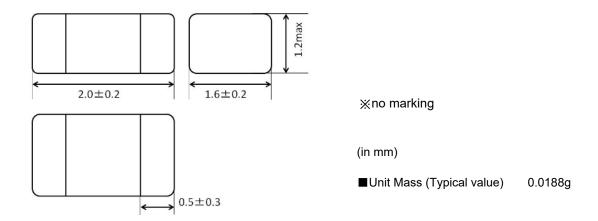
4. Testing Conditions (Standard atmospheric conditions)

<Unless otherwise specified>

Temperature: Ordinary Temperature (15 to 35°C)Humidity: Ordinary Humidity (25 to 85 %(RH))

: 20 ± 2°C
: 60 to 70 %(RH)
: 86 to 106 kPa

5. Appearance and Dimensions





P 2/9

6. Electrical Performance

No.	No.	Item	Specification
6.1	Impedance	Meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment:
			KEYSIGHT 4287A or equivalent (0.5V)
			Measuring Frequency: 10MHz
6.2	DC Resistance		Measuring Equipment: Digital multi meter

7. Q200 Requirement

AEC-Q200 Rev.D issued June 1. 2010

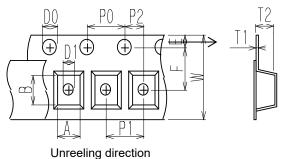
		AEC-Q200	Murata Specification / Doviction
No.	Stress	Test Method	Murata Specification / Deviation
3	High Temperature Exposure	1000hours at 125 deg C Set for 24hours at room temperature, then measured.	Meet Table A after testing. <u>Table A</u> <u>Appearance</u> No damage Impedance Change Within ±30% (at 10MHz)
4	Temperature Cycling	1000cycles -40 deg C to +125 deg C Set for 24hours at room temperature, then measured.	
5	Destructive Physical Analysis	Per EIA469 No electrical tests	Not Applicable
7	Biased Humidity	1000hours at 85 deg C, 85%RH	Meet Table A after testing.

	0.JETE243A-9103C-0	AEC-Q200	F 3/9
No.	Stress	Test Method	Murata Specification / Deviation
8	Operational Life	Apply 125 deg C 1000hours Set for 24hours at room temperature, then measured	Meet Table A after testing. The operating temperature should be 85 deg C.
9	External Visual	Visual inspection	No abnormalities
10	Physical Dimension	Meet ITEM 5 (Appearance and Dimensions)	No defects
12	Resistance to Solvents	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 215	Not Applicable
13	Mechanical Shock	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 213 Condition C 100g's(0.98N)/6ms/Half sine	Meet Table A after testing.
14	Vibration	5g's(0.049N) for 20 minutes, 12cycles each of 3 oritentations Test from 10-2000Hz.	
15	Resistance to Soldering Heat	Solder temperature 250+5/-5 deg C Immersion time 30±5s	Pre-heating: above 183 deg C, 90 to120s Meet Table A after testing.
17	ESD	Per AEC-Q200-002	Meet Table A after testing. ESD Rank: Meet Item 3 (Rating)
18	Solderability	Per J-STD-002	Method b : Not Applicable 90% of the terminations is to be soldered.
19	Electrical Characterization	Measured : Impedance	No defects
20	Flammability	Per UL-94	Not Applicable
21	Board Flex	Epoxy-PCB(1.6mm) Deflection 2mm(min) 60s minimum holding time	Meet Table A after testing.
22	Terminal Strength	Per AEC-Q200-006	No defects
30	Electrical Transient Conduction	Per ISO-7637-2	Not Applicable

Spec No.JETE243A-9103C-01

Reference Only

8.1 Appearance and Dimensions of plastic tape



B 2.25 ± 0.1 P1 4.0 ± 0.1 D0 ϕ 1.5 ± 0.1 P2 2.0 ± 0.05 D1 ϕ 1.0 ± 0.1 T1 0.25 ± 0.05 E 1.75 ± 0.1 T2 1.3 ± 0.1	Α	1.85 ±0.1	P0	4.0 ±0.1
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	В	2.25 ±0.1	P1	4.0 ±0.1
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	D0	$\phi_{1.5} + 0.1 \\ - 0$	P2	2.0 ±0.05
	D1	$\phi_{1.0} + 0.1 \\ -0$	T1	0.25 ±0.05
	E	1.75 ±0.1	Т2	1.3 ±0.1
3.5 ± 0.05 W 8.0 ± 0.2	F	3.5 ± 0.05	W	8.0 ±0.2

(in mm)

- Unreeling direction
- 8.2 Specification of Taping
 - (1) Packing quantity (standard quantity)
 - 3,000 pcs / reel
 - (2) Packing Method
 - Products shall be packed in the each embossed cavity of plastic tape and sealed by cover tape. (3) Sprocket hole
 - The sprocket holes are to the right as the tape is pulled toward the user.
 - (4) Spliced point

Plastic tape and Cover tape has no spliced point.

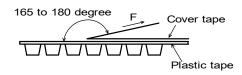
- (5) Missing components number
 - Missing components number within 0.1 % of the number per reel or 1 pc., whichever is greater, and are not continuous. The specified quantity per reel is kept.

8.3 Pull Strength

Embossed carrier tape	9.8N min.
Cover tape	5N min.

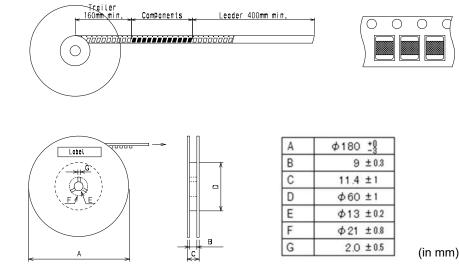
8.4 Peeling off force of cover tape

Speed of Peeling off	300mm/min
Peeling off force	0.1 to 0.7N (minimum value is typical)



8.5 Dimensions of Leader-tape, Trailer and Reel

There shall be leader-tape(cover tape) and trailer-tape (empty tape) as follows.



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P 5/9

8.6 Marking for reel

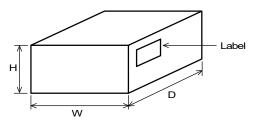
- - (1) Factory Code

First digit: Year / Last digit of yearSecond digit: Month / Jan. to Sep. \rightarrow 1 to 9, Oct. to Dec. \rightarrow O, N, DThird, Fourth digit: Day

(3) Serial No.

(2) Date

- *2) « Expression of RoHS marking » ROHS \underline{Y} ($\underline{\triangle}$) (1) (2)
 - (1) RoHS regulation conformity
 - (2) MURATA classification number
- 8.7 Marking for Outside package (corrugated paper box)
 - Customer name, Purchasing order number, Customer part number, MURATA part number, RoHS marking (*2) ,Quantity, etc ···
- 8.8. Specification of Outer Case



Outer Cas	e Dimensio	ons (mm)	Standard Reel Quantity
W	D	Н	in Outer Case (Reel)
200	185	67	5

Above Outer Case size is typical. It depends on a quantity of an order.

9. \land Caution

9.1 Limitation of Applications

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- (1) Aircraft equipment
- (2) Aerospace equipment
- (3) Undersea equipment
- (4) Power plant control equipment
- (5) Medical equipment
- (6) Transportation equipment (trains, ships, etc.)(7) Traffic signal equipment
- (8) Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- (9) Data-processing equipment
- (10) Applications of similar complexity and /or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above

9.2 Caution(Rating)

Do not exceed maximum rated current of the product. Thermal stress may be transmitted to the product and short/open circuit of the product or falling off the product may be occurred.

9.3 Fail-safe

Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function on your product to prevent a second damage that may be caused by the abnormal function or the failure of our product.

9.4 Corrosive gas

Please refrain from use since contact with environments with corrosive gases (sulfur gas [hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, etc.], chlorine, ammonia, etc.) or oils (cutting oil, silicone oil, etc.) that have come into contact with the previously stated corrosive gas environment will result in deterioration of product quality or an open from deterioration due to corrosion of product electrode, etc. We will not bear any responsibility for use under these environments.

10. Notice

This product is designed for solder mounting.

Please consult us in advance for applying other mounting method such as conductive adhesive.

- This product employs a core with low insulation resistance, Pay strict attention when use it.
- a) Do not make any through holes and copper pattern under the coil except a copper pattern to the electrode.
- b) Design/mount any components not to contact this product.

Spec No.JETE243A-9103C-01



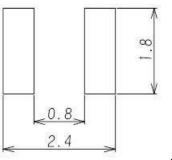
P 6/9

10.1 Land pattern designing (Reflow Soldering)

Recommended land pattern for reflow soldering is as follows:

It has been designed for Electric characteristics and solderability.

Please follow the recommended patterns. Otherwise, their performance which includes electrical performance or solderability may be affected, or result to "position shift" in soldering process.



(in mm)

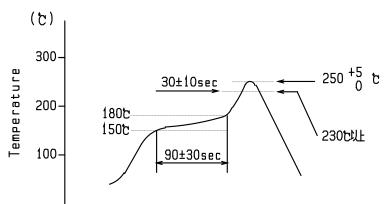
10.2 Flux, Solder

Flux	 Use rosin-based flux. Don't use highly acidic flux with halide content exceeding 0.2(wt)% (chlorine conversion value). Don't use water-soluble flux.
Solder	 Use Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Standard thickness of solder paste : 100μm to 150μm

Other flux (except (above) Please contact us for details, then use.

10.3 soldering conditions (Reflow)

- Pre-heating should be in such a way that the temperature difference between solder and product surface is limited to 100°C max. Cooling into solvent after soldering also should be in such a way that the temperature difference is limited to 100°C max.
- Insufficient pre-heating may cause cracks on the product, resulting in the deterioration of product quality.
- Standard soldering profile profile is as follows.



Heating time

	Standard Profile
Pre-heating	150℃~180℃ 、90s±30s
Heating	above 230°C 、20s~40s
Peak temperature	250°C+5/-0°C
Cycle of reflow	2 times

Spec No.JETE243A-9103C-01

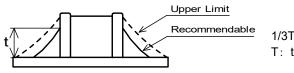


P 7/9

10.4 Solder Volume

·Solder shall be used not to be exceeded the upper limits as shown below.

•Accordingly increasing the solder volume, the mechanical stress to Chip is also increased. Exceeding solder volume may cause the failure of mechanical or electrical performance.

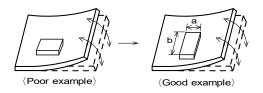


1/3T≦t≦T T: thickness of electrode

10.5 Product's location

- The following shall be considered when designing and laying out P.C.B.'s.
 - (1) P.C.B. shall be designed so that products are not subject to the mechanical stress due to warping the board.

[Products direction]

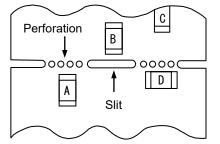


Products shall be located in the sideways direction to the mechanical stress.

(2) Components location on P.C.B. separation.

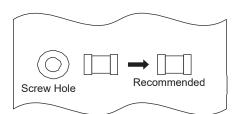
It is effective to implement the following measures, to reduce stress in separating the board. It is best to implement all of the following three measures; however, implement as many measures as possible to reduce stress.

Contents of Measures	Stress Level
(1) Turn the mounting direction of the component parallel to the board separation surface.	A > D*1
(2) Add slits in the board separation part.	A > B
(3) Keep the mounting position of the component away from the board separation surface.	A > C



 *1 A > D is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with Hand Separation.
 If a Cutting Disc is used, stress will be diagonal to the PCB, therefore A > D is invalid.

(3) Mounting Components Near Screw Holes When a component is mounted near a screw hole, it may be affected by the board deflection that occurs during the tightening of the screw. Mount the component in a position as far away from the screw holes as possible.



10.6 Resin coating

The Impedance value may change and/or it may affect on the product's performance due to high cure-stress of resin to be used for coating/molding products. So please pay your careful attention when you select resin. In prior to use, please make the reliability evaluation with the product mounted in your application set.

10.7 Temperature rating of the circuit board and components located around

Temperature may rise up to max. 40 °C when applying the rated current to the Products. Be careful of the temperature rating of the circuit board and components located around.

10.8 Caution for use

There is possibility that the Impedance value change due to magnetism. Don't use a magnet or a pair of tweezers with magnetism when chip coil are handled. (The tip of the tweezers should be molded with resin or pottery.)

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10.9 Magnetic Saturation

When the excessive current over rated current is applied, the Impedance value may change due to magnetism.

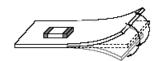
10.10 Handling of a substrate

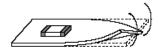
After mounting products on a substrate, do not apply any stress to the product caused by bending or twisting to the substrate when cropping the substrate, inserting and removing a connector from the substrate or tightening screw to the substrate.

Excessive mechanical stress may cause cracking in the product.



Twisting





- 10.11 Storage and Handing Requirements
 - (1) Storage period

Use the products within 6 months after delivered. Solderability should be checked if this period is exceeded.

- (2) Storage conditions
 - Products should be stored in the warehouse on the following conditions. Temperature : -10°C to 40°C
 - Humidity : 15% to 85% relative humidity No rapid change on temperature and humidity

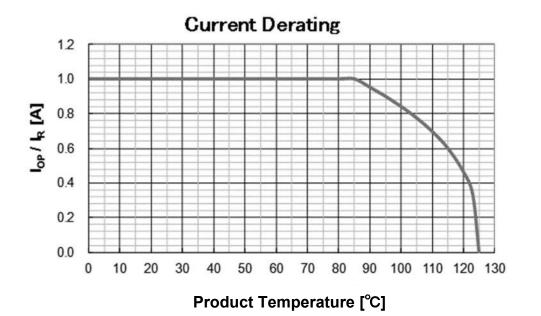
Don't keep products in corrosive gases such as sulfur, chlorine gas or acid, or it may cause oxidization of electrode, resulting in poor solderability.

- Products should be stored on the palette for the prevention of the influence from humidity, dust and so on.
 Products should be stored in the warehouse without heat shock, vibration, direct sunlight and so on.
 Products should be stored under the airtight packaged condition.
- (3) Handling Condition
 - Care should be taken when transporting or handling product to avoid excessive vibration or mechanical shock.

10.12 Derating

Max. current (DC, AC) as function of product temperature (derating curve)

- IOP: Loaded Current
- I_R : Rated Current





11. 🗥 Note

(1)Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.

- (2)You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- (3)The contents of this reference specification are subject to change without advance notice.

Please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.