

# 80mA Low Noise Ultra Low Dropout Voltage Regulator

### **DESCRIPTION**

The TS5204 series is an efficient linear voltage regulator with ultra-low noise output, very low dropout voltage (typically 20mV at light loads and 300mV at 80mA), and very low power consumption (500µA at 50mA), providing high output current even when the application requires very low dropout voltage.

The TS5204 series includes a precision voltage reference, current limit, over temperature shutdown and revered battery protection.

### **FEATURES**

- Ultra-Low Noise Output
- Output Current up to 80mA
- Low Dropout Voltage
- Low Power Consumption
- Internal Current Limit
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- RoHS Compliant
- Halogen-free according to IEC 61249-2-21

### **APPLICATION**

- Cellular Telephones
- Palmtops, Notebook Computers
- Battery Powered Equipment
- Consumer and Personal Electronics
- SMPS Post Regulator and DC to DC Modules
- High-efficiency Linear Power Supplies
- Portable Application







SOT-23



Pin Definition:

Output
Input

3. Ground

2 69 3

**SOT-89** 

Pin Definition:

1. Output

Ground
Input

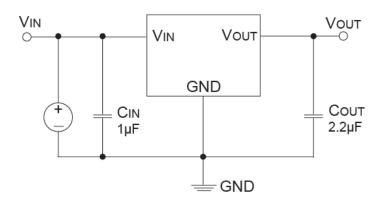
DFN2x2



Pin Definition:

- 1. Output
- 2. N/C
- 3. Ground
- 4. N/C
- 5. N/C
- 6. Input

### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted) (Note 1)							
PARAMETER		SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNIT			
Input Supply Voltage		V <sub>IN</sub>	-20~ +20	V			
Recommend Operating Input Voltage	Itage V <sub>IN</sub>		+2.5 ~ +16	V			
Power Dissipation (Note 2)		P <sub>D</sub>	Internal limited				
Output Current		lo	80	mA			
Junction to Ambient Thermal Resistance	SOT-23		220	°C/W			
	SOT-89	$R_{\Theta JA}$	180				
	DFN2x2		80				
Operating Junction Temperature Range		TJ	-40 ~ +125	°C			
Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>STG</sub>	-65 ~ +150	°C			

#### Notes:

- 1. Exceeding the absolute maximum rating may damage the device.
- 2. The maximum allowable power dissipation at any  $T_A$  is  $P_{D(MAX)} = [T_{J(MAX)} T_a] + R_{\theta JA}$ . Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will result in excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown.

<b>ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS</b> (T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted)							
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT		
Output Voltage	$V_{IN}=V_O+1V$	0.97 Vo	V	1.03 Vo	· v		
	$V_{IN} = V_O + 1V$ , $I_O = 80 \text{mA}$	0.96 Vo	$V_{OUT}$	1.04 Vo			
Output Voltage Temp. Coefficient (Note 3)			50		ppm/°C		
Line Regulation	$V_O+1V \le V_{IN} \le 16V$		0.1	0.5	%		
Load Regulation (Note 4)	$0.1\text{mA} \le I_O \le 80\text{mA}$		1	2	%		
Dropout Voltage (Note 6)	I <sub>O</sub> =100μA		20		mV		
	I <sub>O</sub> =50mA		250	400			
	I <sub>O</sub> =80mA		300	600			
Ground Pin Current (Note 7)	I <sub>O</sub> =100μA		180		μA		
	I <sub>O</sub> =50mA		850	1250			
	I <sub>O</sub> =80mA		2600	3100			
Output Current Limit	V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V		180		mA		
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	At f=100Hz, I <sub>O</sub> =100μA,		65		dB		
Thermal Regulation (Note 8)			0.05		%/W		
Output Noise	I <sub>O</sub> =50mA,		260		nV√Hz		
	C <sub>OUT</sub> =2.2μF,	<b></b>					

#### Noto:

- 3. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.
- 4. Output voltage temperature coefficient is defined as the worst case voltage change divided by the total temperature range.
- 5. Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing. Parts are tested for load regulation in the load range from 1mA to 80mA. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.
- 6. Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured at 1V differential.
- 7. Ground pin current is the regulator quiescent current plus pass transistor base current. The total current drawn from the supply is the sum of the load current plus the ground pin current.
- 8. Thermal regulation is defined as the change in output voltage at a time "t" after a change in power dissipation is applied, excluding load or line regulation effects. Specifications are for 80mA load pulse at  $V_{IN}$  =16V for t=10ms.



## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

OUTPUT VOLTAGE	PART NO.	PACKAGE	PACKING
3.3V	TS5204CQ33 RFG	DFN2x2	3,000pcs / 7" Reel
	TS5204CX33 RFG	SOT-23	3,000pcs / 7" Reel
5V	TS5204CY50 RMG	SOT-89	1,000pcs / 7" Reel
	TS5204CX50 RFG	SOT-23	3,000pcs / 7" Reel

### APPLICATION INFORMATION

TS5204 series is designed to provide 80mA of continuous current in a very small package. Maximum power dissipation can be calculated based on the output current and the voltage drop across the part. To determine the maximum power dissipation of the package, use the junction-ambient thermal resistance of the device and the following basic equation:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = [T_{J(MAX)} - T_A]/R_{\Theta JA}$$

 $T_{J(max)}$  is the maximum junction temperature of the die (125°C), and Ta is the ambient operating temperature.  $R_{\Theta JA}$  is layout dependent, the actual power dissipation of the regulator circuit can be determined using the equation:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) * I_{OUT} + V_{IN} * I_{GND}$$

Substituting  $P_{D(MAX)}$  for  $P_D$  and solving for the operating conditions that are critical to the application will give the maximum operating conditions for the regulator circuit. For example, when operating the TS5204CX33 at room temperature with a minimum footprint layout, the maximum input voltage for a set output current can be determined as follows:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) / 220^{\circ}C/W$$

The junction to ambient thermal resistance for the minimum footprint is 220°C/W, the maximum power dissipation must not be exceeded for proper operation. Using the output voltage of 3.3V and an output current of 80mA, the maximum input voltage can be determined. From the electrical characteristics table, the maximum ground current for 80mA output current is 2.5mA.

```
445\text{mW} = (V_{\text{IN}} - 3.3\text{V}) * 120\text{mA} + V_{\text{IN}} * 2.5\text{mA} 445\text{mW} = V_{\text{IN}} * 120\text{mA} - 3.3 * 120\text{mA} + V_{\text{IN}} * 2.5\text{mA} 445\text{mW} = V_{\text{IN}} * 120\text{mA} - 395\text{mW} + V_{\text{IN}} * 2.5\text{mA} 840\text{mW} = V_{\text{IN}} * 122.5\text{mA} V_{\text{IN}} \text{ (max)} = 6.85\text{V}
```

Therefore, a 3.3V application at 80mA of output current can accept a maximum input voltage of 6.85V in a SOT-23 package.

### **Input Capacitor Requirement**

An input capacitor of 0.1µF or greater is recommended when the device is more than 10" away from the bulk AC supply capacitance or when the supply is a battery.

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# **APPLICATION INFORMATION (CONTINUE)**

### **Output Capacitor Requirement**

The TS5204 series requires an output capacitor to maintain stability and improve transient response is necessary. 2.2µF minimum is recommended. Larger values improve the regulator's transient response. The output capacitor value may be increased without limit.

The output capacitor should have an ESR (effective series resistance) less than  $5\Omega$  and a resonant frequency above 1MHz. Ultra-low ESR capacitors can cause a low amplitude oscillation on the output and/or under damped transient response. Most of tantalum or aluminum electrolytic capacitors are adequate; film types will work. Since many aluminum electrolytic have electrolytes that freeze at about  $-30^{\circ}$ C, solid tantalums are recommended for operation below  $-25^{\circ}$ C. At lower values of output current, less output capacitance is required for output stability. The capacitor can be reduced to  $0.47\mu$ F for current below 10mA or  $0.33\mu$ F for currents below 1mA.

### **No Load Stability**

The TS5204 series will remain stable and in regulation with no load, unlike many other voltage regulators. This is especially important in CMOS RAM keep alive applications.

## **Dual Supply Operation**

When used in dual supply systems where the regulator load is returned to a negative supply, the output voltage must be diode clamped to ground.

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERICS CURVES** (T<sub>A</sub>=25°C, unless otherwise noted)

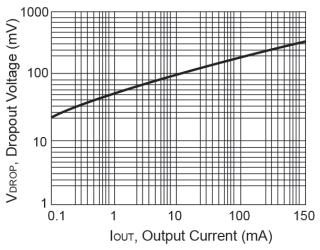


Figure 1. Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

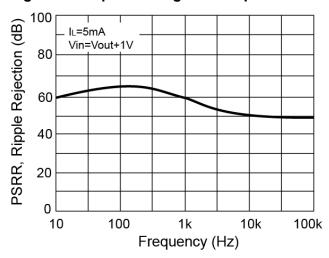


Figure 3. Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

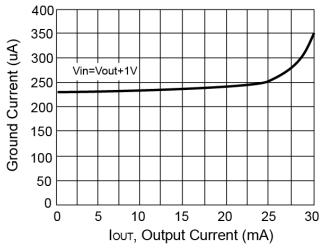


Figure 2. Ground Current vs. Output Current

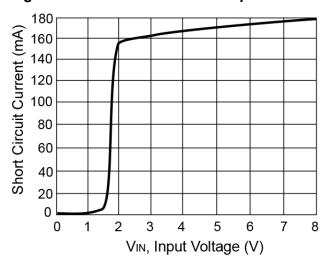
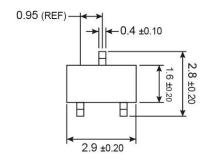


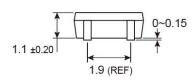
Figure 4. Short Circuit Current vs. Input Voltage

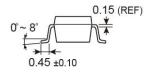


# PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (Unit: Millimeters)

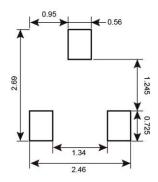
## **SOT-23**







# SUGGESTED PAD LAYOUT (Unit: Millimeters)



# **MARKING DIAGRAM**



**J** = Device Code

x = Voltage Code

(5 = 5.0V, S = 3.3V)

Y = Year Code

**M** = Month Code for Halogen Free Product

O =Jan P =Feb Q =Mar R =Apr

S = May T = Jun U = Jul V = Aug

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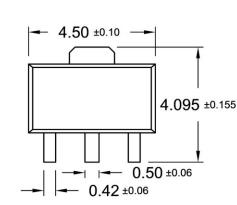
W = Sep X = Oct Y = Nov Z = Dec

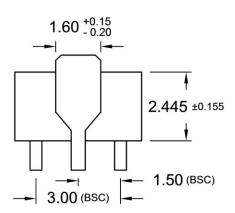
L = Lot Code

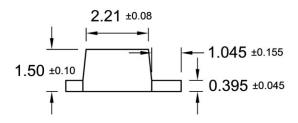


# PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (Unit: Millimeters)

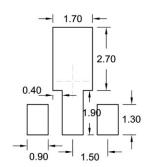
## **SOT-89**







# SUGGESTED PAD LAYOUT (Unit: Millimeters)



# **MARKING DIAGRAM**



Y = Year Code

**M** = Month Code for Halogen Free Product

O =Jan P =Feb Q =Mar R =Apr S =May **T** =Jun **U** =Jul

V =Aug W =Sep X =Oct Y =Nov **Z** =Dec

6

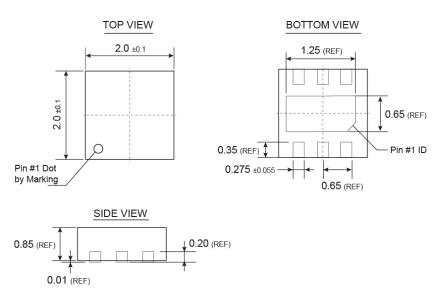
L = Lot Code

**xx** = Voltage (50 = 5.0V)

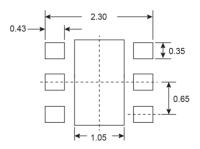


# PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (Unit: Millimeters)

## DFN2x2



# SUGGESTED PAD LAYOUT (Unit: Millimeters)



# **MARKING DIAGRAM**



J = Device Code

xx = Fixed Output Voltage Code (33 = 3.3V)

Y = Year Code

**M** = Month Code for Halogen Free Product

O =Jan P =Feb Q =Mar R =Apr S =May T =Jun U =Jul V =Aug

W = Sep X = Oct Y = Nov Z = Dec

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L = Lot Code



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