



Standard Rectifier Module

$$V_{RRM} = 2 \times 1600 \text{ V}$$

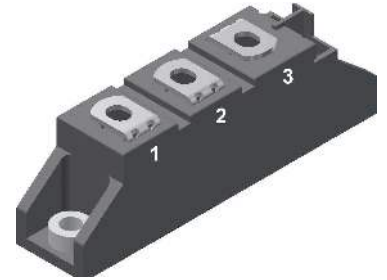
$$I_{FAV} = 36 \text{ A}$$

$$V_F = 1.05 \text{ V}$$

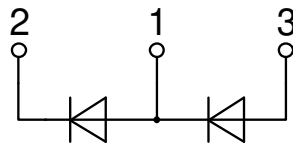
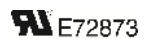
Phase leg

Part number

MDD26-16N1B



Backside: isolated



Features / Advantages:

- Package with DCB ceramic
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Planar passivated chips
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Very low leakage current

Applications:

- Diode for main rectification
- For single and three phase bridge configurations
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

Package: TO-240AA

- Isolation Voltage: 4800 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Height: 30 mm
- Base plate: DCB ceramic
- Reduced weight
- Advanced power cycling

Disclaimer Notice

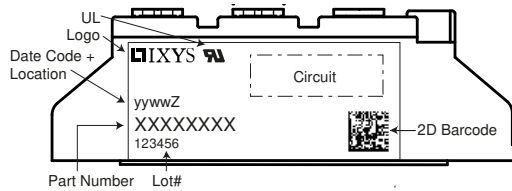
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Rectifier				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
V_{RSM}	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage				1700	V	
V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage				1600	V	
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = 1600\text{ V}$			100	μA	
		$V_R = 1600\text{ V}$			1.5	mA	
V_F	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 40\text{ A}$			1.13	V	
		$I_F = 80\text{ A}$			1.38	V	
		$I_F = 40\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$			1.05	V
		$I_F = 80\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$			1.27	V
I_{FAV}	average forward current	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$			36	A	
$I_{F(RMS)}$	RMS forward current	180° sine			60	A	
V_{F0}	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only			0.80	V	
r_F	slope resistance				6.1	m Ω	
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				1	K/W	
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.2		K/W	
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		125	W	
I_{FSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$		650	A	
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		700	A	
		$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		555	A	
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		595	A	
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$		2.12	kA ² s	
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		2.04	kA ² s	
		$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.54	kA ² s	
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		1.48	kA ² s	
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		27	pF	



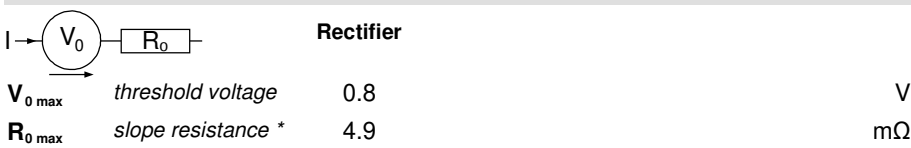
Package TO-240AA				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal			200	A	
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C	
T_{op}	operation temperature		-40		125	°C	
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		125	°C	
Weight					76	g	
M_D	mounting torque		2.5		4	Nm	
M_T	terminal torque		2.5		4	Nm	
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	13.0	9.7		mm	
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	16.0	16.0		mm	
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second		4800		V	
		t = 1 minute	50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA	4000		V	



Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MDD26-16N1B	MDD26-16N1B	Box	36	453064

Similar Part	Package	Voltage class
MDD26-08N1B	TO-240AA	800
MDD26-12N1B	TO-240AA	1200
MDD26-14N1B	TO-240AA	1400
MDD26-18N1B	TO-240AA	1800

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation * on die level $T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$

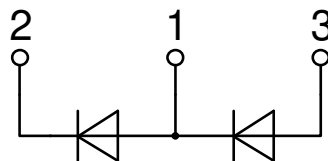




Outlines TO-240AA



General tolerance: DIN ISO 2768 class „c“



Rectifier

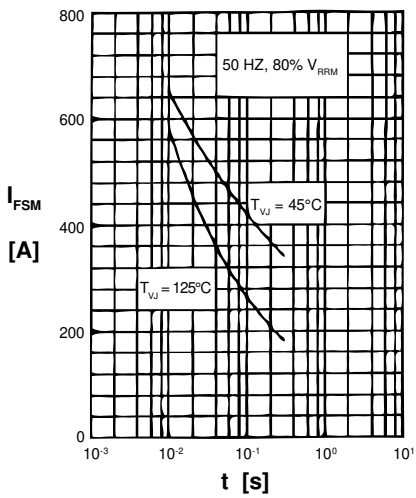


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{TSM} : Crest value, t : duration

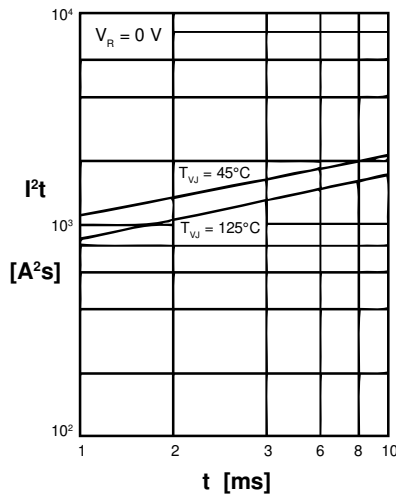


Fig. 2 I^2t versus time (1-10 ms)

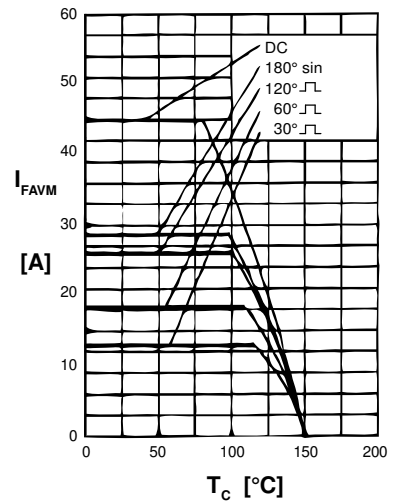


Fig. 3 Max. forward current at case temperature

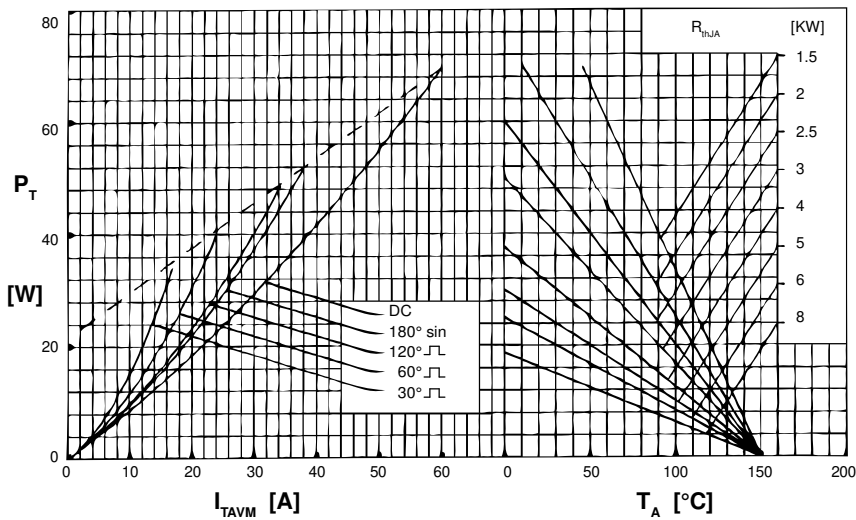


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus onstate current & ambient temperature (per diode)

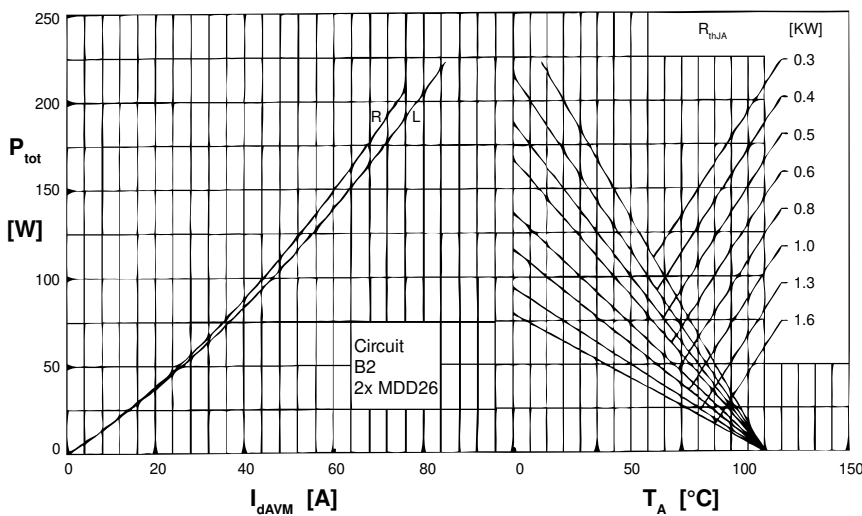


Fig. 6 Single phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation vs. direct output current^L and ambient temperature; R = resistive load, L = inductive load



Rectifier

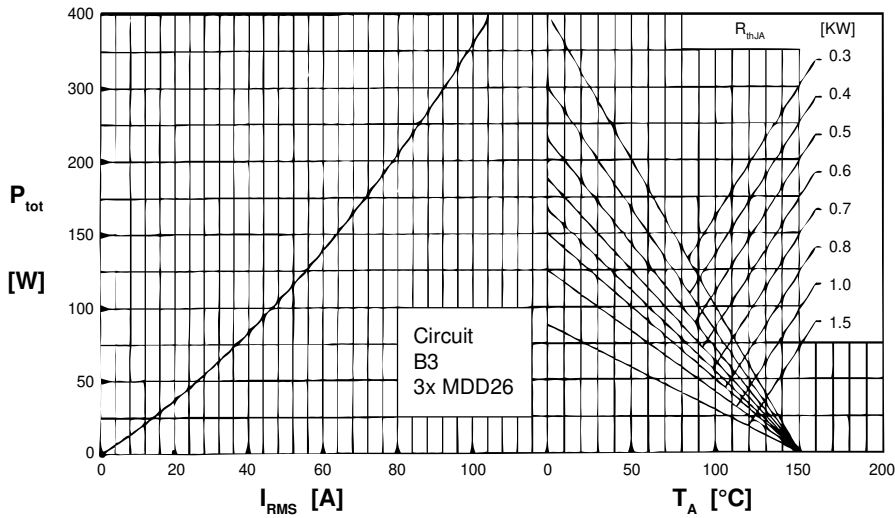


Fig. 6 Three phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

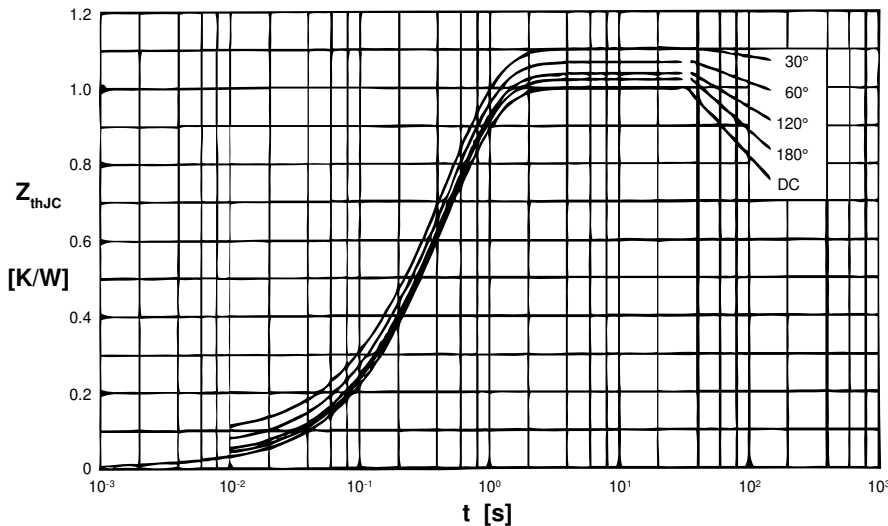


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance junction to case (per diode)

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJC} [K/W]
DC	1.00
180°	1.02
120°	1.04
60°	1.07
30°	1.10

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} [K/W]	t_i [s]
1	0.01	0.0012
2	0.03	0.0950
3	0.96	0.4550

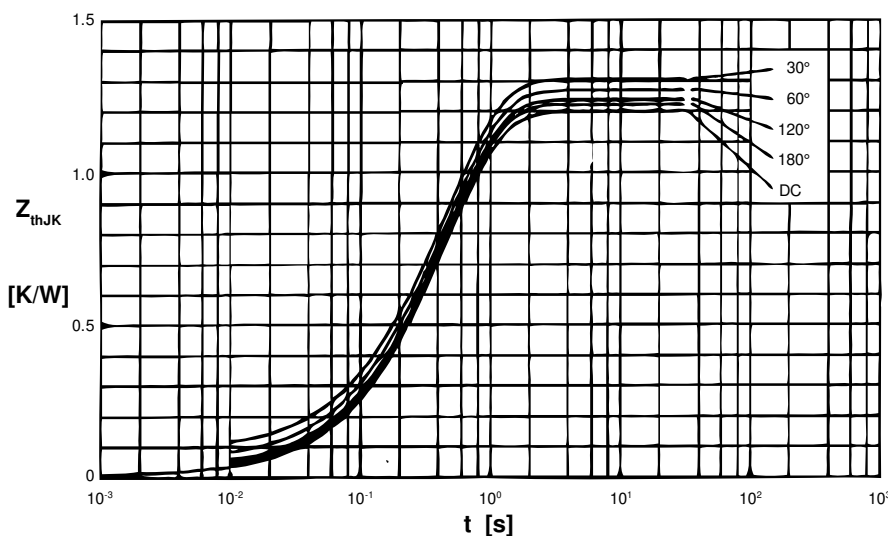


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink (per thyristor)

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJK} [K/W]
DC	1.20
180°	1.22
120°	1.24
60°	1.27
30°	1.30

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} [K/W]	t_i [s]
1	0.01	0.0012
2	0.03	0.0950
3	0.96	0.4550
4	0.20	0.4950