Varistor Products

High Reliability Varistors



SI (MIL QPL

High Reliability Varistors



Agency Approvals

- DSSC Approved
- QPL Listed
- CECC Certified
- UL Recognized

ISO Approved

ed • CSA Certified

Additional Information







Description

Littelfuse High Reliability Varistors offer the latest in increased product performance, and are available for applications requiring quality and reliability assurance levels consistent with military or other standards (MIL-STD-19500, MIL-STD-750, Method 202). Additionally, Littelfuse Varistors are inherently radiation hardened compared to Silicon Diode suppressors as illustrated in Figure 1.

Littelfuse High-Reliability Varistors involve four categories:

- 1 DSSC Qualified Parts List (QPL) MIL-R-83530 (4 items presently available)
- 2 Littelfuse High Reliability Series TX Equivalents (29 items presently available)

3 Custom Types

Processed to customer-specific requirements - (SCD) or to Standard Military Flow

4 Commercial Item Descriptors (CID) identified for Government use: CID AA-55564-3 - Littelfuse ZA Series

1) DSSC Qualified Parts List (QPL) MIL-R-83530

This series of varistors are screened and conditioned in accordance with MIL-R-83530 as outlined in Table 2. Manufacturing system conforms to MIL-I-45208; MIL-Q-9858.

Table 1. MIL-R-83530/1 Ratings and Characteristics

| Part | Nominal Varistor | Tolerance | Ŭ, | e Rating /) | Energy | Clamping Voltage | Capacitance | Clamping Voltage | | Nearest |
|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|-------|----------------|---------------|---------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Number M83530/ | Voltage (V) | (%) | (RMS) | (DC) | Rating (J) | at 100A (V) | at 1MHz (pF) | At Peak Current Rating (V) | Ι _{_{ΤΜ} (Α)} | Commercial Equivalent |
| 1-2000B | 200 | -/+10 | 130 | 175 | 50 | 325 | 3800 | 570 | 6000 | V130LA20B |
| 1-2200D | 220 | +10, -5 | 150 | 200 | 55 | 360 | 3200 | 650 | 6000 | V150LA20B |
| 1-4300E | 430 | +5, -10 | 275 | 369 | 100 | 680 | 1800 | 1200 | 6000 | V275LA40B |
| 1-5100E | 510 | +5, -10 | 320 | 420 | 120 | 810 | 1500 | 1450 | 6000 | V320LA40B |

Table 2. Mil-R-83530 Group A, B, and C Inspections

| | Inspection | AQL (Percent Defective) | Major | Minor | Number of Sample Units | Failures Allowed |
|---------|--|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Group A | SUBGROUP 1 | | | | | |
| | High Temperature Life (Stabilization Bake) | 100% | - | - | - | - |
| | Thermal Shock | 100% | - | - | - | - |
| | Power Burn-In | 100% | - | - | - | - |
| | Clamping Voltage | 100% | - | - | - | - |
| | Nominal Varistor Voltage | 100% | - | - | - | - |
| | SUBGROUP 2 | · | · | · | · | |
| | Visual and Mechanical Examination | - | 1.0% AQL 7.6% LQ | 25% AQL 13.0% LQ | Per Plan | - |
| | Body Dimensions | - | | | Per Plan | - |
| | Diameter and Length of Leads | - | | | Per Plan | - |
| | Marking | - | | | Per Plan | - |
| | Workmanship | - | | | Per Plan | - |
| | SUBGROUP 3 | | <u>`</u> | | · | |
| | Solderability | - | - | - | Per Plan | - |
| Group B | SUBGROUP 1 | | · | · | · | |
| | Dielectric Withstanding Voltage | - | - | - | Per Plan | - |
| | SUBGROUP 2 | • • | · | | · | |
| | Resistance to Solvents | - | - | - | Per Plan | - |
| | SUBGROUP 3 | · | · | · | · | |
| | Terminal Strength (Lead Fatigue) | - | - | - | Per Plan | - |
| | Moisture Resistance | - | - | - | Per Plan | - |
| | Peak Current | - | - | - | Per Plan | - |
| | Energy | - | - | - | Per Plan | - |
| Group C | EVERY 3 MONTHS | | | | · | |
| | High Temperature Storage | - | - | - | 10 | 0 |
| | Operating Life (Steady State) | - | - | - | 10 | 0 |
| | Pulse Life | - | - | - | 10 | 0 |
| | Shock | - | - | - | 10 | 0 |
| | Vibration | - | - | - | 10 | 0 |
| | Constant Acceleration | - | - | - | 10 | 0 |
| | Energy | - | - | - | 10 | 0 |

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High Reliability Varistors



2) Littelfuse High Reliability Series TX Equivalents

| TABLE | 5. Available | TX Model | Types |
|-------|--------------|----------|-------|
|-------|--------------|----------|-------|

| TX Model | Model Size | Device Mark | (See Section 4) Nearest Commercial Equivalent | TX Model | Model Size | Device Mark | (See Section 4) Nearest Commercial Equivalent |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| V8ZTX1 V8ZTX2 | 7mm 10mm | 8TX1 8TX2 | V8ZA1 V8ZA2 | V130LTX2 V130LTX10A V130LTX20B | 7mm 14mm 20mm | 130TX 130TX10 130TX20 | V130LA2 V130LA10A V130LA20A |
| V12ZTX1 V12ZTX2 | 7mm 10mm | 12TX1 12TX2 | V12ZA1 V12ZA2 | V150LTX2 | 7mm | 150TX | V150LA2 |
| V22ZTX1 V22ZTX3 | 7mm 14mm | 22TX1 22TX3 | V22ZA1 V22ZA3 | V150LTX10A V150LTX20B | 14mm 20mm | 150TX10 150TX20 | V150LA10A V150LA20B |
| V24ZTX50 | 20mm | 24TX50 | V24ZA50 | V250LTX4 V250LTX20A V250LTX40B | 7mm 14mm 20mm | 250TX 250TX20 250TX40 | V250LA4 V250LA20A V250LA40B |
| V33ZTX1 V33ZTX5 V33ZTX70 | 7mm 14mm 20mm | 33TX1 33TX5 33TX70 | V33ZA1 V33ZA5 V33ZA70 | V420LTX20A V420LTX40B | 14mm 20mm | 420TX20 420TX40 | V420LA20A V420LA40B |
| V68ZTX2 V68ZTX10 | 7mm 14mm | 68TX2 68TX10 | V68ZA2 V68ZA10 | V480LTX40A V480LTX80B | 14mm 20mm | 480TX40 480TX80 | V480LA40A V480LA80B |
| V82ZTX2 V82ZTX12 | 7mm 14mm | 82TX2 82TX12 | V82ZA2 V82ZA12 | V510LTX40A V510LTX80B | 14mm 20mm | 510TX40 510TX80 | V510LA40A V510LA80B |

The TX Series of varistors are 100% screened and conditioned in accordance with MIL-STD-750. Tests are as outlined in Table 6.

| INSPECTION LOTS FORMED AFTER ASSEMBLY | > | LOTS PROPOSED FOR TX TYPES | > | 100% SCREENING | > | REVIEW OF DATA TX PREPARA TION FOR DELIVERY | > | QA ACCEPTANCE SAMPLE PER APPLICABLE DEVICE SPECIFICATION |
|---|---|-------------------------------|---|----------------|---|---|---|---|
|---|---|-------------------------------|---|----------------|---|---|---|---|

TABLE 6. TX Equivalents Series 100% Screening

| | MIL-ST | D-105 | LTPD |
|---|--------|-------|------|
| | LEVEL | AQL | LIFD |
| Electrical (Bidirectional) $V_{_{NIDCI'}}$, $V_{_{C}}$ (Per Specifications Table) | II | 0.1 | - |
| Dielectric Withstand Voltage MIL–STD–202, Method 301, 2500V Min. at $1.0\mu A_{\rm DC}$ | - | - | 15 |
| Solderability MIL–STD–202, Method 208, No Aging, Non-Activated | - | - | 15 |

TABLE 7. Quality Assurance Acceptance Test

| Screen | MIL-STD-750 Method | Condition | TX Requirements |
|--|-----------------------|--|-----------------|
| High Temperature Life (Stabilization Bake) | 1032 | 24 hours min at max rated storage temperature. | 100% |
| Thermal Shock | | | |
| (Temperature Cycling) | 1051 | No dwell is required at 25°C. Test condition A1, 5 cycles -55°C to +125°C (extremes) >10 minutes. | 100% |
| Humidity Life | | 85°C, 85% RH, 168 Hrs. | 100% |
| Interim Electrical $V_{_{N(DC)}}V_{_{C}}$ (Note 3) | | As specified, but including delta parameter as a minimum. | 100% Screen |
| Power Burn-In | 1038 | Condition B, 85°C, rated V _{MIACI} , 72 hours min. | 100% |
| Final Electrical +V $_{\rm N(DC)}$ V $_{\rm C}$ (Note 3) | | As specified - All parameter measurements must be completed within 96 hours after removal from burn-in conditions. | 100% Screen |
| External Visual Examination | 2071 | To be performed after complete marking. | 100% |

3) Custom Types

In addition to our comprehensive high-reliability series, Littelfuse can screen and condition to specific requirements. Additional mechanical and environmental capabilities are defined in Table 8.

TABLE 8. Mechanical And Environmental Capabilities (Typical Conditions)

| Test Name | Test Method | Description |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Terminal Strength | MIL-STD-750-2036 | 3 Bends, 90° Arc, 16oz. Weight |
| Drop Shock | MIL-STD-750-2016 | 1500g's, 0.5ms, 5 Pulses, X ₁ , V ₁ , Z ₁ |
| Variable Frequency Vibration | MIL-STD-750-2056 | 20g's, 100-2000Hz, X ₁ , V ₁ , Z ₁ |
| Constant Acceleration | MIL-STD-750-2006 | V ₂ , 20,000gʻs Min |
| Salt Atmosphere | MIL-STD-750-1041 | 35°C, 24Hr, 10-50g/m² Day |
| Soldering Heat/Solderability | MIL-STD-750-2031/2026 | 260°C, 10s, 3 Cycles, Test Marking |
| Resistance to Solvents | MIL-STD-202-215 | Permanence, 3 Solvents |
| Flammability | MIL-STD-202-111 | 15s Torching, 10s to Flameout |
| Cyclical Moisture Resistance | MIL-STD-202-106 | 10 Days |
| Steady-State Moisture Resistance | MIL-STD-750-1021.3 | 85/85 96Hr |
| Biased Moisture Resistance | MIL-STD-750-1021.3 | Not Recommended for High-Voltage Types |
| Temperature Cycle | MIL-STD-202-107 | -55°C to 125°C, 5 Cycles |
| High-Temperature Life (Nonoperating) | MIL-STD-750-1032 | 125°C, 24Hr |
| Burn-In | MIL-STD-750-1038 | Rated Temperature and V _{RMS} |
| Hermetic Seal | MIL-STD-750-1071 | Condition D |



4) Commercial Items

The General Services Administration has authorized the use of the Commercial Item Description (CID) for all government agencies. There are three (3) listed series within Littelfuse leaded/Industrial range:

A-A-55564-3 (ZA Series)

The PIN number should be used to buy commercial product to the CID. The manufacturer's number shown should not be used for ordering purposes.

PIN consists of abbreviated CID number + Applicable Sheet (2 digits) + Dash number (-3 digits)

Example: AA55564 + 02 + -001 = AA5556402-001

| Dash Number AA5556403– | Equiv. Littelfuse Commercial Part | Dash Number AA5556403– | Equiv. Littelfuse Commerical Part | Dash Number AA5556403– | Equiv.littelfuse Commercial Part | MFR's Cage |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|
| 001 | V22ZA05 | 022 | V47ZA1 | 043 | V120ZA4 | |
| 002 | V22ZA1 | 023 | V47ZA3 | 044 | V120ZA6 | |
| 003 | V22ZA2 | 024 | V47ZA7 | 045 | V150ZA05 | |
| 004 | V22ZA3 | 025 | V56ZA05 | 046 | V150ZA1 | |
| 005 | V24ZA50 | 026 | V56ZA2 | 047 | V150ZA4 | |
| 006 | V27ZA05 | 027 | V56ZA3 | 048 | V150ZA8 | |
| 007 | V27ZA1 | 028 | V56ZA8 | 049 | V180ZA05 | |
| 008 | V27ZA2 | 029 | V68ZA05 | 050 | V180ZA1 | |
| 009 | V27ZA4 | 030 | V68ZA2 | 051 | V180ZA5 | |
| 010 | V27ZA60 | 031 | V68ZA3 | 052 | V180ZA10 | |
| 011 | V33ZA05 | 032 | V68ZA10 | 053 | V8ZA05 | S6019 |
| 012 | V33ZA1 | 033 | V82ZA05 | 054 | V8ZA1 | |
| 013 | V33ZA2 | 034 | V82ZA2 | 055 | V8ZA2 | |
| 014 | V33ZA5 | 035 | V82ZA4 | 056 | V12ZA05 | |
| 015 | V33ZA70 | 036 | V82ZA12 | 057 | V12ZA1 | |
| 016 | V36ZA80 | 037 | V100ZA05 | 058 | V12ZA2 | |
| 017 | V39ZA05 | 038 | V100ZA3 | 059 | V18ZA05 | |
| 018 | V39ZA1 | 039 | V100ZA4 | 060 | V18ZA1 | |
| 019 | V39ZA3 | 040 | V100ZA15 | 061 | V18ZA2 | |
| 020 | V39ZA6 | 041 | V120ZA05 | 062 | V18ZA3 | |
| 021 | V47ZA05 | 042 | V120ZA1 | 063 | V18ZA40 | |

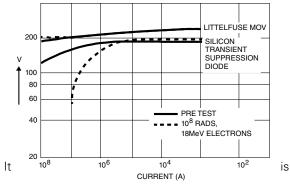
Table 9. ZA Series A-A-55564-3

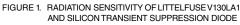
Radiation Hardness

For space applications, an extremely important property of a protection device is its response to imposed radiation effects.

Electron Irradiation

A Littelfuse MOV and a Silicon transient suppression diode were exposed to electron irradiation. The V-I curves, before and after test, are shown below.





apparent that the Littelfuse MOV was virtually unaffected, even at the extremely high dose of 108 rads, while the Silicon transient suppression diode showed a dramatic increase in leakage current.

Neutron Effects

A second MOV-Zener comparison was made in response to neutron fluence. The selected devices were equal in area.

Figure 2 shows the clamping voltage response of the MOV and the Zener to neutron irradiation to as high as 1015 N/ cm^2 . It is apparent that in contrast to the large change in the Zener, the MOV is unaltered. At higher currents where the MOV's clamping voltage is again unchanged, the Zener device clamping voltage increases by as much as 36%.

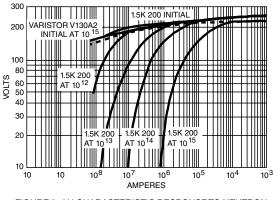


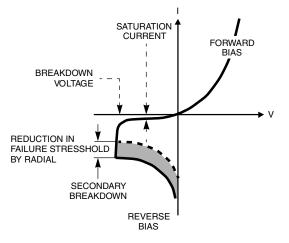
FIGURE 2. V-I CHARACTERISTIC RESPONSE TO NEUTRON IRRADIATION FOR MOV AND ZENER DIODE DEVICES

Counterclockwise rotation of the V-I characteristics is observed in Silicon devices at high neutron irradiation levels; in other words, increasing leakage at low current levels and increasing clamping voltage at higher current levels.

The solid and open circles for a given fluence represent the high and low breakdown currents for the sample of devices tested. Note that there is a marked decrease in current (or energy) handling capability with increased neutron fluence.

Failure threshold of Silicon semiconductor junctions is further reduced when high or rapidly increasing currents are applied. Junctions develop hot spots, which enlarge until a short occurs if current is not limited or quickly removed.

The characteristic voltage current relationship of a $\rm P-N$ Junction is shown below.





At low reverse voltage, the device will conduct very little current (the saturation current). At higher reverse voltage VBO (breakdown voltage), the current increases rapidly as the electrons are either pulled by the electric field (Zener effect) or knocked out by other electrons (avalanching). A further increase in voltage causes the device to exhibit a negative resistance characteristic leading to secondary breakdown.

This manifests itself through the formation of hotspots, and irreversible damage occurs. This failure threshold decreases under neutron irradiation for Zeners, but not for Z_NO Varistors.

Gamma Radiation

Radiation damage studies were performed on type V130LA2 varistors. Emission spectra and V-I characteristics were collected before and after irradiation with 106 rads Co60 gamma radiation. Both show no change, within experimental error, after irradiation.