# DF-G3 Long Range Expert<sup>™</sup> Dual Display Fiber Amplifier with Analog Output

Instruction Manual

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# 1 Product Description

Advanced sensor with dual digital displays for use with plastic and glass fiber optic assemblies; analog current or voltage output models with an independent NPN or PNP discrete output are available.

- World-class long-range sensing capability, more than 6 m (20 ft) with opposed mode fibers
- Models with high visibility red, extreme high-power infrared and water-detecting long infrared sensing beams available
- Cross-talk avoidance function allows seven inspections in dense sensing point applications .
- Energy efficient light resistance enables stable detection in industrial lighting environments
- High power amplifier with small core fibers enables precise position sensing of small components
- One analog output (current or voltage) proportional to signal strength and one NPN or PNP discrete output.
  - Easy to read dual digital displays show both signal level and threshold simultaneously



- Lever action fiber clamp provides stable, reliable, and trouble-free fiber clamping
- Simple user interface ensures easy sensor set-up and programming via displays and switches/buttons or remote input teach wire
- *Expert* TEACH and SET methods ensure optimal gain and threshold for all applications. especially for high speed or low contrast applications
- User has full control over all operating parameters: threshold, Light Operate or Dark Operate, output timing functions, gain level, and response speed
- Thermally stable electronics shorten start-up time and maintain signal stability during operation
- ECO (economy) display mode reduces amplifier power consumption by 25%
- Sleek 10 mm wide housing mounts to 35 mm DIN rail



### WARNING:

- Do not use this device for personnel protection
- Using this device for personnel protection could result in serious injury or death.
- This device does not include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A device failure or malfunction can cause either an energized (on) or de-energized (off) output condition.

| 1.1 [ | Models |
|-------|--------|
|-------|--------|

| Model                  | Sensing Beam Color     | Reference Sensing Range <sup>1</sup> Outputs |                          | Connector <sup>2</sup>     |  |
|------------------------|------------------------|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| DF-G3-NU-2M            |                        |  | Voltage and NPN Discrete |                            |  |
| DF-G3-PU-2M            | Visible red 625 pm     | 3000 mm                                      | Voltage and PNP Discrete | 2 m (6 E ft) coblo. E wire |  |
| DF-G3-NI-2M            | Visible red, 635 nm    | 3000 mm                                      | Current and NPN Discrete | 2 m (6.5 ft) cable, 5-wire |  |
| DF-G3-PI-2M            |                        |  | Current and PNP Discrete | -                          |  |
| DF-G3IR-NU-2M          |                        |  | Voltage and NPN Discrete |                            |  |
| DF-G3IR-PU-2M          | lafaanad 050 aaa       | 6000 mm                                      | Voltage and PNP Discrete |                            |  |
| DF-G3IR-NI-2M          | Infrared, 850 nm       | 6000 mm                                      | Current and NPN Discrete | 2 m (6.5 ft) cable, 5-wire |  |
| DF-G3IR-PI-2M          |                        |  | Current and PNP Discrete | -                          |  |
| Water Detection Models | 5                      |  |                          |                            |  |
| DF-G3LIR-NU-2M         | Long infrared, 1450 nm | 900 mm                                       | Voltage and NPN Discrete | 2 m (6.5 ft) cable, 5-wire |  |

<sup>1</sup> Excess gain = 1 (high sensitivity), opposed mode sensing. PIT46U plastic fiber used for visible models, IT.83.3ST5M6 glass fiber used for IR models.

2 Connector options:

For 9 m (29.5 ft) cable, change the suffix 2M to 9M in the 2 m model number (DF-G3-NS-9M)

A model with a QD connector requires a mating cordset (see Quick-Disconnect Cordsets on p. 32)

<sup>•</sup> For 150 mm (6 in) PVC cable with a M8/Pico-style QD model, change the suffix 2M to Q3 in the 2 m model number (DF-G3-NS-Q3)

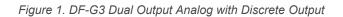
For 150 mm (6 in) PVC cable with a M12/Euro-style model, change the suffix 2M to Q5 in the 2 m model number (DF-G3-NS-Q5)

For integral M8/Pico-style model, change the suffix 2M to Q7in the 2 m model number (DF-G3-NS-Q7)

For Q3 and Q7 Dual Output models, use a 5-pin M8/Pico-style or a 6-pin M8/Pico-style mating cordset

| Model          | Sensing Beam Color | Reference Sensing Range <sup>1</sup> | Outputs                  | Connector <sup>2</sup> |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| DF-G3LIR-PU-2M |                    |                                      | Voltage and PNP Discrete |                        |
| DF-G3LIR-NI-2M | -                  |                                      | Current and NPN Discrete |                        |
| DF-G3LIR-PI-2M | -                  |                                      | Current and PNP Discrete |                        |

## 1.2 Overview





- 1 Analog and Discrete Output LEDs
- 2 CH1/CH2 Switch
- 3 RUN/PRG/ADJ Mode Switch
- 4 Lever Action Fiber Clamp
- 5 Red Signal Level
- 6 Green CH1 Analog Output Signal or CH2 Threshold
- 7 +/SET/- Rocker Button

## 1.3 Top Panel Interface

Opening the dust cover provides access to the top panel interface. The top panel interface consists of the RUN/PRG/ADJ mode switch, CH1/CH2 switch, +/SET/- rocker button, dual red/green digital displays, and output LED(s).



### RUN/PRG/ADJ Mode Switch

The RUN/PRG/ADJ mode switch puts the sensor in RUN, PRG (Program), or ADJ (Adjust) mode.

- RUN mode allows the sensor to operate normally and prevents unintentional programming changes via the +/SET/- rocker button.
- PRG mode allows the sensor to be programmed through the display-driven programming menu (see Program Mode).
- ADJ mode allows the user to perform Expert TEACH/SET methods and Manual Adjust (see Adjust Mode on p. 13).



### CH1/CH2 Switch

The CH1/CH2 switch selects which output's parameters can be accessed and changed in the interface of the display.

- CH1 selects the Analog Output
- CH2 selects the Discrete Output

- For integral M8/Pico-style model, change the suffix 2M to Q7in the 2 m model number (DF-G3-NS-Q7)
- For Q3 and Q7 Dual Output models, use a 5-pin M8/Pico-style or a 6-pin M8/Pico-style mating cordset

Excess gain = 1 (high sensitivity), opposed mode sensing. PIT46U plastic fiber used for visible models, IT.83.3ST5M6 glass fiber used for IR models.

<sup>2</sup> Connector options:

A model with a QD connector requires a mating cordset (see Quick-Disconnect Cordsets on p. 32)

<sup>•</sup> For 9 m (29.5 ft) cable, change the suffix 2M to 9M in the 2 m model number (DF-G3-NS-9M)

<sup>•</sup> For 150 mm (6 in) PVC cable with a M8/Pico-style QD model, change the suffix 2M to Q3 in the 2 m model number (DF-G3-NS-Q3)

<sup>•</sup> For 150 mm (6 in) PVC cable with a M12/Euro-style model, change the suffix 2M to Q5 in the 2 m model number (DF-G3-NS-Q5)

#### +/SET/- Rocker Button



The +/SET/- rocker button is a 3-way button. The +/- positions are engaged by rocking the button left/right. The SET position is engaged by clicking down the button while the rocker is in the middle position. All three button positions are used during PRG mode to navigate the display-driven programming menu.

In ADJ mode, SET is used to perform TEACH/SET methods and +/- are used to manually adjust the threshold(s). In CH1 RUN mode, the rocker button is used to view the analog endpoints and midpoint signal values. The rocker button is disabled during CH2 RUN mode, except when using Window SET (see Window SET).

### **Red/Green Digital Displays**

During RUN and ADJ modes, the Red display shows the signal level, and the Green display shows the analog output in volts or milliamps when CH1 is selected or the threshold when CH2 is selected. During PRG mode, both displays are used to navigate the display-driven programming menu.

#### **Dual Output LEDs**



34 1234

The output LEDs provide a visible indication of when the associated output is active.

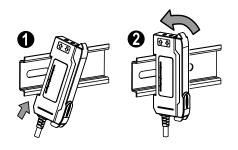
- 1 represents the Channel 1 analog output. When on, it indicates that the signal is within the analog range.
- 2 represents the Channel 2 discrete output. When on, it indicates that the output is conducting.

# 2 Installation Instructions

## 2.1 Mounting Instructions

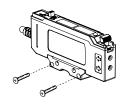
### Mount on a DIN Rail

- 1. Hook the DIN rail clip on the bottom of the DF-G3 over the edge of the DIN rail (1).
- 2. Push the DF-G3 up on the DIN rail (1).
- 3. Pivot the DF-G3 onto the DIN rail, pressing until it snaps into place (2).



Mount to the Accessory Bracket (SA-DIN-BRACKET)

- 1. Position the DF-G3 in the SA-DIN-BRACKET.
- 2. Insert the supplied M3 screws.
- 3. Tighten the screws.



Remove from a DIN rail

- 1. Push the DF-G3 up on the DIN rail (1).
- 2. Pivot the DF-G3 away from the DIN rail and remove it (2).



Follow these steps to install glass or plastic fibers.

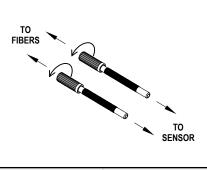
- 1. Open the dust cover.
- 2. Move the fiber clamp forward to unlock it.
- 3. Insert the fiber(s) into the fiber port(s) until they stop.
- 4. Move the fiber clamp backward to lock the fiber(s).
- 5. Close the dust cover.

Move forward to release the fibers Fiber Clamp Fiber Receiver Port Fiber Emitter Port

**Note:** For optimum performance of IR models, if applicable, glass fibers must be used.

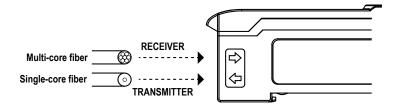
## 2.3 Fiber Adapters

**Note:** If a thin fiber with less than 2.2 mm outer diameter is used, install the fiber adapter provided with the fiber assembly to ensure a reliable fit in the fiber holder. Align the fibers to the end of the adaptors. Banner includes the adapters with all fiber assemblies.

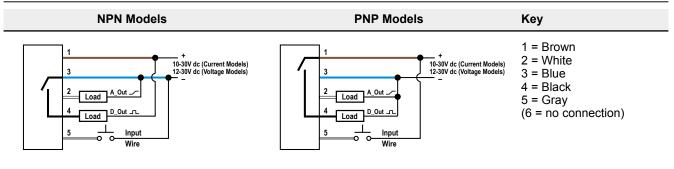


| Fiber Outer Diameter (mm) | Adapter Color     |
|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Ø 1.0                     | Black             |
| Ø 1.3                     | Red               |
| Ø 2.2                     | No adapter needed |

When connecting coaxial-type fiber assemblies to the amplifier, install the single-core (center) fiber to the Transmitter port, and the multi-core (outer) fiber to the Receiver port. This will result in the most reliable detection.



## 2.4 Wiring Diagrams



Note: Open lead wires must be connected to a terminal block.

**Note:** When using multiple sensors in Master/Slave mode, the gray wires from each sensor should be connected together. The remote programming function cannot be used.

# 3 Operating Instructions



Run mode allows the sensor to operate normally and prevents unintentional programming changes. In CH1 RUN mode, the +/SET/- rocker button is used to view the analog endpoints and midpoint signal values. The rocker button is disabled during CH2 RUN mode, except when using Window SET (see Window SET on p. 17).

## 3.2 Program Mode

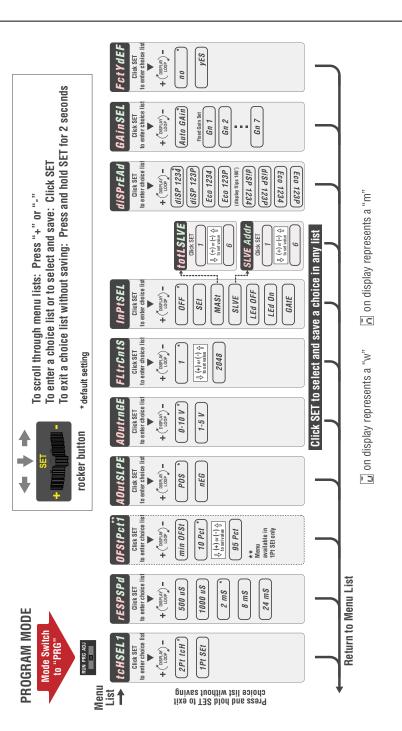


### **Channel 1 Analog Menu**

Program (PRG) mode allows the following settings to be programmed in the DF-G3. CH1 Analog Factory Default Settings:

| tch SEL1  | 2-pt tch  |
|-----------|-----------|
| rESP SPd  | 2 ms      |
| OFSt Pct1 | 10 Pct    |
| AOut SLPE | POS       |
| AOut RnGE | 0 to 10 V |
| FLtr CntS | 1         |
| inPt SEL  | oFF       |
| diSP rEAd | diSP 1234 |
| GAin SEL  | Auto GAin |
|           |           |

**Note:** The CH1 settings programmed for rESP SPd, inPt SEL, diSP rEAd and GAin SEL also apply to CH2.





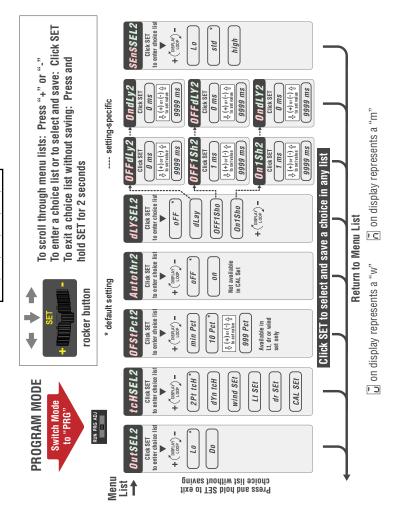
#### **Channel 2 Discrete Menu**

Program (PRG) mode allows the following settings to be programmed in the DF-G3.

When CH2 is selected in Program mode, the settings below can be configured for CH2 discrete output and are independent from CH1 settings.

CH2 Discrete Factory Default Settings:

| Out SEL2  | LO       |
|-----------|----------|
| tch SEL2  | 2-pt tch |
| OFSt Pct2 | 10 pct   |
| Auto thr2 | oFF      |
| dLY SEL2  | oFF      |
| SEnS SEL2 | Std      |



## 3.2.1 TEACH Selection Let SEL 1 LEHSEL2

The DF-G3 can be programmed for one of the following TEACH/SET methods:

| CH1      | Analog |
|----------|--------|
| <b>U</b> | Analog |

- Two-Point TEACH
- One-Point SET

### CH2 Discrete

- Two-Point TEACH
- Dynamic TEACH
- Window SET
- Light SET
- Dark SET
- Calibration SET

**Note:** A TEACH Selection must be selected by programming before TEACH/SET methods can be used.

3.2.2 Response Speed FESP SPG

The DF-G3 can be programmed for one of the following Response Speeds:

| Description      | Response<br>Speed | Repetition<br>Period | Repeatability | Cross-Talk<br>Avoidance | Energy Efficient<br>Light Resistance | Maximum<br>Range, Red <sup>3</sup> | Maximum<br>Range, IR850 <sup>4</sup> |
|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| High Speed       | 500 µs            | 100 µs               | 100 µs        | No                      | No                                   | 1200 mm                            | 2400 mm                              |
| Fast             | 1000 µs           | 100 µs               | 150 µs        | Yes                     | No                                   | 1500 mm                            | 3000 mm                              |
| Standard         | 2 ms              | 100 µs               | 180 µs        | Yes                     | Yes                                  | 1500 mm                            | 3000 mm                              |
| Long Range       | 8 ms              | 100 µs               | 180 µs        | Yes                     | Yes                                  | 1950 mm                            | 3900 mm                              |
| Extra Long Range | 24 ms             | 100 µs               | 180 µs        | Yes                     | Yes                                  | 3000 mm                            | 6000 mm                              |

### 3.2.3 Offset Percent OFSEPRE OFSEPRE2

For the Analog Output CH1, the Offset Percent is used in One-Point Set mode to generate a threshold window above and below the TEACH point. This window is equivalent to the Analog Range.

The allowable range for CH1 is 5% minimum to 95% maximum for all response speeds.

For the Discrete Output CH2, the Offset Percent is used during the Window, Light, or Dark SET methods. The threshold(s) are positioned a programmable % offset from the taught condition.

The allowable range for CH2 is 2% minimum to 999% maximum (depending on the selected TEACH method) for all response speeds.

The offset percent can also be programmed to Minimum Offset. This allows the DF-G3 to set the threshold(s) as close as possible to the presented condition, but still provide for reliable sensing.

> Note: Offset Percent MUST be programmed to Minimum Offset for Dark SET to accept conditions of no signal (0 counts).

## 3.2.4 Analog Output Slope Routistre

The slope of the analog output can be configured as positive (analog value increases with increasing signal strength) or negative (analog value decreases with increasing signal strength).

## 3.2.5 Analog Output—Voltage Output Models Only Real role

The analog output can be configured to range from 0 to 10 volts or 1 to 5 volts.

### 3.2.6 Filter Counts FLECE

Use this menu to set the number of readings that are averaged together before the analog output value updates. Increasing the Filter Counts decreases the amount of noise on the analog signal, but it increases the time constant of the analog output's response to a signal change. This time constant is a product of the selected Response Speed and the Filter Counts.

### 3.2.7 Input Wire Function

The DF-G3 can be programmed for one of the following input wire functions:

- Off-Ignore all pulses
- Set—Remote TEACH input
- Master-Master sync line output for multi-sensor cross-talk avoidance
- Slave—Slave sync line input for mutli-sensor cross-talk avoidance
- LED off-When the input wire is active the emitter LED turns off
- LED on-When the input wire is active the emitter LED turns on
- Gate—When the input wire is active the outputs are locked in their present state; any active delay timers are paused

For remote programming in Set Mode see Remote Input on p. 12.

To configure sensors for master-slave operation, see Sync Master/Slave on p. 13.

## 3.2.8 Display Readout

The readout of the digital displays can be programmed for the following options:

Excess gain = 1 (high sensitivity), opposed mode sensing. PIT46U plastic fiber used for visible LED models. 4

Excess gain = 1 (high sensitivity), opposed mode sensing. IT.83.3ST5M6 glass fiber used for IR models.

- Signal/Threshold readout Numeric (1234) or % (123P)
- ECO mode Enabled or Disabled (ECO mode dims the displays to reduce current consumption)
- Display Orientation Normal (1234) or Flipped (†271)

### 3.2.9 Gain Selection **GR IN SEL**

The DF-G3 can operate in Auto Gain mode or the Gain can be fixed to be in Gain 1...7. In Auto Gain, the DF-G3 optimizes the gain during a TEACH/SET method for the presented condition(s). While viewing the fixed gains in the Gain Selection choice list, the DF-G3 will automatically switch to the selected gain and display the measured signal on the Red display. This allows for easy and quick evaluation of the fixed gain mode.

### 3.2.10 Factory Defaults FEED dEF

The Factory Defaults menu allows the DF-G3 to be easily restored back to original factory default settings (see **Factory Default Settings** in Specifications).

### 3.2.11 Output Selection

Only the discrete output, CH2, can be programmed for either light operate (LO) or dark operate (DO).

## 3.2.12 Auto Thresholds Rotalt Kell

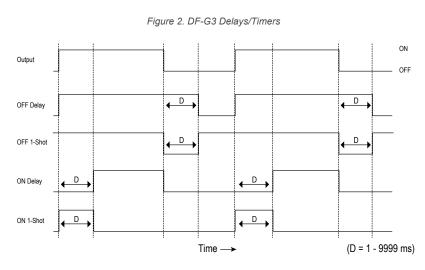
Auto Thresholds can be programmed to be ON/OFF. The Auto Thresholds algorithm continuously tracks slow changes in the taught condition(s), and optimizes the threshold(s) to provide for reliable sensing. For Two-Point and Dynamic TEACH, the algorithm optimizes the threshold to be centered between the light and dark conditions. For Window, Light, and Dark SET, the algorithm optimizes the threshold(s) to maintain the programmed Offset Percent from the taught condition.

- After programming Auto Thresholds to ON, it is highly recommended to re-perform the TEACH/SET method
- · Manual Adjustments are disabled when Auto Thresholds are ON
- Auto Thresholds are automatically disabled in Calibration SET (see Calibration SET on p. 22)
- Severe contamination/changes in the taught condition can prevent the Auto Thresholds algorithm from optimizing the threshold(s). If this occurs, the DF-G3 enters a **Threshold Alert** or **Threshold Error** state. See **Troubleshooting** on p. 23 for more explanation.

### 3.2.13 Delays/Timers OFFIdLY2 OFFISh2 OndLY2 On ISh2

ON/OFF Delays and ON/OFF One-Shot timers can be programmed (for CH2 only) between 1 - 9999 ms (a value of 0 disables the delay/timer). Figure 2 on p. 11 defines how the delays/timers affect the output behavior.

Some combinations of delays/timers are not allowed. The DF-G3 programming menu automatically disables invalid combinations of delays/timers. The following table shows the allowable combinations of delays/timers:



|                    | OFF Delay | OFF One-Shot Timer | ON Delay | ON One-Shot Timer |
|--------------------|-----------|--------------------|----------|-------------------|
| OFF Delay          | -         | OK                 | OK       | N/A               |
| OFF One-Shot Timer | OK        | -                  | N/A      | N/A               |
| ON Delay           | OK        | N/A                | -        | ОК                |
| ON One-Shot Timer  | N/A       | N/A                | OK       | -                 |

DF-G3 Long Range Expert<sup>™</sup> Dual Display Fiber Amplifier with Analog Output

## 3.2.14 Sensitivity Selection **SEnsister**

The Sensitivity selection can be programmed for CH2. Use this setting to increase (lo) or decrease (high) the switch-point hysteresis from the default (std) setting.

- · high—High sensitivity. Use this setting for low contrast sensing
- Std—Standard sensitivity
- · Lo-Low sensitivity. Use this setting to stabilize the output in high vibration applications

## 3.3 Remote Input

Use the input wire to program the sensor remotely. To program the sensor using the input wire, remote input must be enabled (inPt SEL = SEt, see Input Wire Function on p. 10). The remote input provides limited programming options (see the figure below). Pulse the remote input according to the figures and the instructions provided in this manual.

**Note:** For NPN models, the remote input pulses are active low as shown in the following figures. For PNP models, the remote input pulses are active high and are inverted from the following figures.

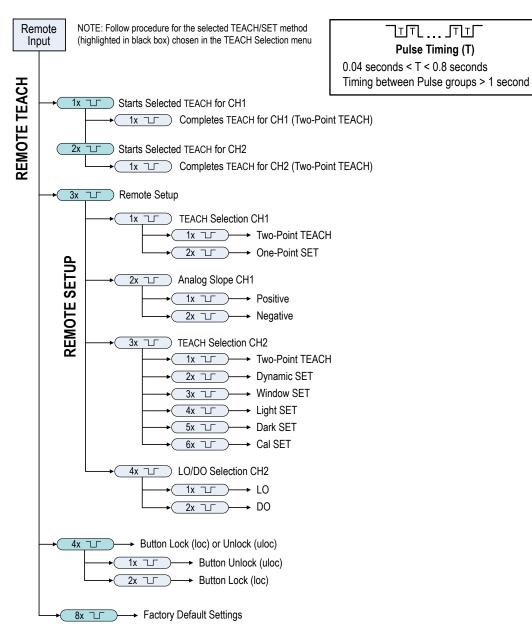


Figure 3. Remote Input Flowcart

## 3.4 Sync Master/Slave

Up to seven DF\_G3 Long Range expert Dual Display Fiber Amplifier with Analog Output sensors may be used together in a single sensing application. To eliminate crosstalk between the sensors, configure one sensor to be the master and the remaining sensors to be the slaves. In this mode, the sensors alternate taking measurements and the response speed is 2 ms.



Note: Note: In this mode, all sensors must either be NPN or PNP output models.

- 1. Configure the first sensor as the Master (inPt SEL = MAST).
- 2. In the Master sensor set-up, enter the total number of Slave sensors you will be using (tOtL SLAV = 1 6).
- 3. For each Slave sensor used, configure the input as a Slave (inPt SEL = SLVE).
- 4. Give each Slave its own identifying address (SLAV Addr = 1 6).
- 5. Connect the Input wires of the Master and all of the Slaves together.

**Note:** Note: Giving two Slave sensors the same address will cause them to fire their emitters at the same time in the firing sequence.



Sliding the RUN/PRG/ADJ mode switch to the ADJ position allows the user to perform Expert TEACH/SET methods and Manual Adjustment of the threshold and the midpoint or endpoints of the analog output depending on whether a 1-point SET or 2-point TEACH was used.



**Note:** For threshold and analog endpoints, when teaching CH2, the gain setting will be the same as the gain setting made during the CH1 teach. Reteaching CH1 may invalidate the previous CH2 teach.

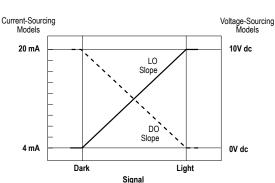
## 3.5.1 CH1 Analog Output

### **Two-Point TEACH**

- · Establishes defined endpoints for the analog output range
- Analog endpoints can be adjusted by using the "+" and "-" rocker button (Manual Adjust)

Two-Point TEACH is used when two conditions can be presented statically to the sensor. The first taught condition is set to 0 V (4 mA), and the second taught condition to 10 V (20 mA). The order of the taught points determines the slope. If the first taught condition is darker, the slope will be positive. If the first taught condition is lighter, the slope will be negative. Reverse the slope of the analog output by changing the AOut SLPE menu setting.

**Note:** Depending on the application configuration and fibers used, the analog function may or may not behave linearly. The received light intensity will be dictated by the inverse square properties of light.





### **One-Point SET**

- Defines the 5 V (12 mA) midpoint of the analog output
- Analog midpoint can be adjusted by using the "+" and "-" rocker button (Manual Adjust)

A single sensing condition is presented, and the sensor positions the midpoint of its analog range (5 V or 12 mA) exactly at the presented condition. The size of the window is determined by the OFSt Pct1 menu setting. The slope of the analog output is determined by the AOut SLPE setting.

#### Current-Sourcing Models Voltage-Sourcing Models 10V dc 20 mA LO Slope 12 mA 5V dc Single Point Taught DO Slope 4 mA 0V dc - OFSt Pct1 + OFSt Pct1 Signal

### Figure 5. One-Point SET (Light Operate shown)

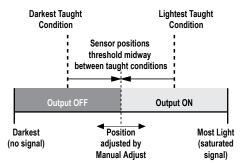
## 3.5.2 CH2 Discrete Output

### Two-Point TEACH

- Establishes a single switching threshold
- · Threshold can be adjusted by using the "+" and "-" rocker button (Manual Adjust)

Two-Point TEACH is used when two conditions can be presented statically to the sensor. The sensor locates a single sensing threshold (the switch point) midway between the two taught conditions, with the Output ON condition on one side, and the Output OFF condition on the other.





The Output ON and OFF conditions can be reversed by using the LO/DO (Light Operate/ Dark Operate) switch or through the program interface for the dual output model.

#### Two-Point TEACH and Manual Adjust

Moves switching threshold value up or down to make adjustments

- Slide Mode switch to ADJ to enter Adjust mode
- Press "+" to increase; press "-" to decrease
  - GREEN display shows the switching threshold value
  - 2 seconds after adjustment, the GREEN display will flash 3 times to confirm
- Slide Mode switch to RUN to complete operation



Remember: Manual adjustments are disabled when Auto Thresholds are ON

Follow these steps to perform a Two-Point TEACH:



### Note: TEACH Selection must be programmed to **2Pt tcH**.

#### 1. Enter Adjust mode.

| Method         | Action  |             | Result  |
|----------------|---|-------------|---|
| SET Button 5   | Set the Mode switch to ADJ.   | RUN PRG ADJ | Display: Red - Signal Level; Green -<br>Threshold |
| Remote Input 6 | No action is required; sensor is ready for the Two-Point TEACH method |             |   |

### 2. Teach the first condition.

| Method       | Action  | Result   |
|--------------|---|--|
| SET Button   | <ul><li>a. Present the first condition.</li><li>b. Click the SET rocker button.</li></ul>   | <br>Display: Flashes "2Pt tch" then holds<br>on "1234 2nd" |
| Remote Input | <ul><li>a. Present the first condition.</li><li>b. Single-pulse the remote input.</li></ul> |  |

#### 3. Teach the second condition.

| Method       | Action   |  | Result   |
|--------------|--|--|--|
| SET Button   | <ul><li>a. Present the second condition.</li><li>b. Click the SET rocker button.</li></ul> | SET<br>+ 4000000000000000000000000000000000000 | TEACH Accepted<br>Displays alternate "PASS" and %<br>Minimum Difference <sup>I</sup> ; Sensor returns<br>to Adjust mode  |
| Remote Input | a. Present the second condition.<br>b. Single-pulse the remote input.                      |  | PRSS       BIB       Pct         TEACH Not Accepted         Displays alternate "FAIL" and %         Minimum Difference 7; Sensor returns to Adjust mode         FR IL       ID Pct |

### 4. Return to Run mode.

| Method       | Action  |             | Result  |
|--------------|---|-------------|---|
| SET Button   | Move the Mode switch to RUN                                     | RUN PRG ADJ | Display: Red - Signal Level; Green -<br>Threshold |
| Remote Input | No action is required; sensor returns to RUN mode automatically |             |   |

### Dynamic TEACH

- Teaches on-the-fly
- Establishes a single switching threshold
- Threshold can be adjusted using "+" and "-" rocker button (Manual Adjust)

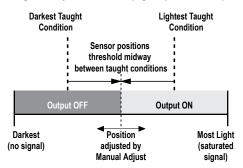
Dynamic TEACH is best used when a machine or process may not be stopped for teaching. The sensor learns during actual sensing conditions, taking multiple samples of the light and dark conditions and automatically setting the threshold at the optimum level.

<sup>5</sup> SET Button: 0.04 seconds ≤ "Click" ≤ 0.8 seconds

**<sup>6</sup>** Remote Input: 0.04 seconds  $\leq T \leq 0.8$  seconds

See Troubleshooting on p. 23 for more explanation of the % Minimum Difference displayed after the Two-Point TEACH method.

Figure 7. Dynamic TEACH (Light Operate shown)



Reverse the CH2 Output ON and OFF conditions by using the LO/DO (Light Operate/ Dark Operate) selection through the program interface.

### Dynamic TEACH and Manual Adjust

Moves switching threshold value up or down to make adjustments

- · Slide Mode switch to ADJ to enter Adjust mode
  - Press "+" to increase; press "-" to decrease
    - GREEN display shows the switching threshold value
    - 2 seconds after adjustment, GREEN display will flash 3 times to confirm
- · Slide Mode switch to RUN to complete operation



Remember: Manual adjustments are disabled when Auto Thresholds are ON

### Follow these steps to perform Dynamic TEACH:

Note: TEACH Selection must be programmed to dYn tcH.

1. Enter Adjust Mode.

| Method                  | Action  |             | Result  |
|-------------------------|---|-------------|---|
| SET Button <sup>8</sup> | Set Mode switch to ADJ  | RUN PRG ADJ | Display: Red - Signal Level; Green -<br>Threshold |
| Remote Input 9          | No action required; sensor is ready for<br>Dynamic TEACH method |             |   |

### 2. Enter Dynamic TEACH.

| Method       | Action                      | Result   |
|--------------|-----------------------------|--|
| SET Button   | Click the SET rocker button | <br>Display: Flashes "dYn tch" then holds<br>on "1234 dYn" |
| Remote Input | Single-pulse remote input   |  |

#### 3. Present ON and OFF Conditions.

| Method     | Action                        | Result  |
|------------|-------------------------------|---|
| SET Button | Present ON and OFF conditions | Display: Red - Signal Level; Green -<br>Threshold |
|            |                               | 0005 <mark>7651</mark>                            |

<sup>8</sup> SET Button: 0.04 seconds ≤ "Click" ≤ 0.8 seconds

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Remote Input: 0.04 seconds  $\leq T \leq 0.8$  seconds

| Method       | Action                        | Result |
|--------------|-------------------------------|--------|
| Remote Input | Present ON and OFF conditions |        |

#### 4. Exit Dynamic TEACH.

| Method       | Action                      |   | Result   |
|--------------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| SET Button   | Click the SET rocker button | + | TEACH Accepted   |
|              |                             |   | Displays alternate " <b>PASS</b> " with %<br>Minimum Difference 10, Sensor returns<br>to Adjust mode |
| Remote Input | Single-pulse remote input   |   | PRSS 600 Pct   |
|              |                             |   | TEACH Not Accepted   |
|              |                             |   | Displays alternate <b>"FAIL"</b> with %<br>Minimum Difference 10, Sensor returns<br>to Adjust mode   |
|              |                             |   | FRIL 10 Pet  |

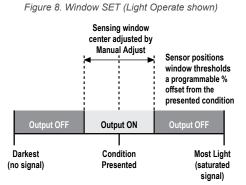
#### 5. Return to RUN Mode.

| Method       | Action   | Result  |
|--------------|--|---|
| SET Button   | Move Mode switch to RUN                                      | Display: Red - Signal Level; Green -<br>Threshold |
| Remote Input | No action required; sensor returns to RUN mode automatically |   |

### Window SET

- · Sets window thresholds that extend a programmable % offset above and below the presented condition
- All other conditions (lighter or darker) cause the output to change state
- Sensing window center can be adjusted using "+" and "-" rocker button (Manual Adjust)
- Recommended for applications where a product may not always appear in the same place, or when other signals may appear
- See Program Mode for programming the Offset Percent setting

A single sensing condition is presented, and the sensor positions window thresholds a programmable % offset above and below the presented condition. In LO mode, Window SET designates a sensing window with the Output ON condition inside the window, and the Output OFF conditions outside the window.



Reverse the Output ON and OFF conditions by using the LO/DO (Light Operate/ Dark Operate) selection through the program interface for the dual output model.

<sup>10</sup> See Troubleshooting on p. 23 for more explanation of the % Minimum Difference displayed after the Dynamic TEACH method.

### Window SET and Manual Adjust

Moves sensing window center value up or down to make adjustments

- Slide Mode switch to ADJ to enter Adjust mode
  - Press "+" to increase; press "-" to decrease
    - GREEN display shows the sensing window center value
    - 2 seconds after adjustment, the GREEN display will flash 3 times to confirm
  - Slide Mode switch to RUN to complete operation



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Remember: Manual adjustments are disabled when Auto Thresholds are ON

Follow these steps to perform a Window SET:



Note: TEACH Selection must be programmed to wind SEt.

1. Enter Adjust Mode

| Method          | Action  |             | Result  |
|-----------------|---|-------------|---|
| SET Button 11   | Set Mode switch to ADJ                                    | RUN PRG ADJ | Display: Red - Signal Level; Green -<br>Threshold |
| Remote Input 12 | No action required; sensor is ready for Window SET method |             |   |

### 2. SET Sensing Condition

| Method       | Action   | Result   |
|--------------|--|--|
| SET Button   | <ul> <li>Present sensing condition</li> <li>Click the SET rocker button</li> </ul> | Threshold Condition Accepted<br>Displays read "wInd SEt" then<br>alternate "PASS" with % Offset <sup>13</sup> ;<br>Sensor returns to Adjust mode   |
| Remote Input | Present sensing conditionT     Single-pulse the remote input                       | Image: Set       PR55         Image: Present and the set of the se |

#### 3. Return to RUN Mode

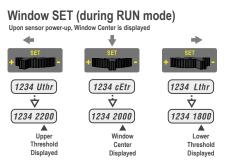
| Method       | Action  | Result   |
|--------------|---|--|
| SET Button   | Move Mode switch to Run   | Display: Red - Signal Level; Green -<br>Window Center (see Figure 9 on p.<br>19 for instructions on how to display |
| Remote Input | No action required; sensor returns to<br>Run mode automatically | upper and lower thresholds)  |

<sup>11</sup> SET Button: 0.04 seconds ≤ "Click" ≤ 0.8 seconds

**<sup>12</sup>** Remote Input: 0.04 seconds  $\leq T \leq 0.8$  seconds

<sup>13</sup> See Troubleshooting on p. 23 for more explanation of the % Offset displayed after the Window SET method

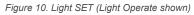
Figure 9. Upper and Lower Thresholds

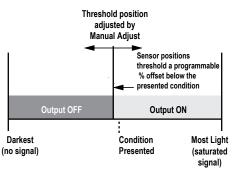


### Light SET

- · Sets a threshold a programmable % offset below the presented condition
- · Changes output state on any condition darker than the threshold condition
- Threshold can be adjusted using "+" and "-" rocker button (Manual Adjust)
- Recommended for applications where only one condition is known, for example a stable light background with varying darker targets
- · See Program Mode for programming the Offset Percent setting

A single sensing condition is presented, and the sensor positions a threshold a programmable % offset below the presented condition. When a condition darker than the threshold is sensed, the output either turns ON or OFF, depending on the LO/DO setting.





### Light SET and Manual Adjust

Moves switching threshold value up or down to make adjustments

- · Slide Mode switch to ADJ to enter Adjust mode
- Press "+" to increase; press "-" to decrease
  - · GREEN display shows the switching threshold value
  - 2 seconds after adjustment, the GREEN display will flash 3 times to confirm
- Slide Mode switch to RUN to complete operation

Remember: Manual adjustments are disabled when Auto Thresholds are ON

Follow these steps to perform a Light SET:



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Note: TEACH Selection must be programmed to Lt SEt.

1. Enter Adjust Mode

| Method                   | Action  |             | Result  |
|--------------------------|---|-------------|---|
| SET Button <sup>14</sup> | Set Mode switch to ADJ                                      | RUN PRG ADJ | Display: Red - Signal Level; Green -<br>Threshold |
| Remote Input 15          | No action is required; sensor is ready for Light SET method |             |   |

### 2. SET Sensing Condition

| Method       | Action   | Result  |
|--------------|--|---|
| SET Button   | <ul> <li>Present sensing condition</li> <li>Click the SET rocker button</li> </ul> | Threshold Condition Accepted<br>Displays read "Lt SEt" then alternate<br>"PASS" with % Offset <sup>16</sup> ; Sensor<br>returns to Adjust mode  |
| Remote Input | Present sensing conditionT     Single-pulse the remote input                       | LE       SEE       PR55         History       PcE         Threshold Condition Not Accepted         Displays read "Lt SEt" then alternate         "FAIL" with minimum % Offset 16 for         sensing condition; Sensor returns to         Adjust mode         LE       SEE         SO       PcE |

### 3. Return to RUN Mode

| Method       | Action   | Result  |  |  |
|--------------|--|---|--|--|
| SET Button   | Move Mode switch to RUN                                      | Display: Red - Signal Level; Green -<br>Threshold |  |  |
| Remote Input | No action required; sensor returns to RUN mode automatically |   |  |  |

### Dark SET

- Sets a threshold a programmable % offset above the presented condition
- · Any condition lighter than the threshold condition causes the output to change state
- Threshold can be adjusted using "+" and "-" rocker button (Manual Adjust)
- Recommended for applications where only one condition is known, for example a stable dark background with varying lighter targets
- See Program Mode for programming the Offset Percent setting

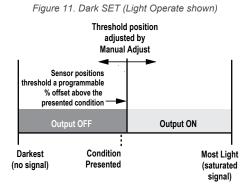
A single sensing condition is presented, and the sensor positions a threshold a programmable % offset above the presented condition. When a condition lighter than the threshold is sensed, the output either turns ON or OFF, depending on the LO/DO setting.

Note: Offset Percent MUST be programmed to **Minimum Offset** to accept conditions of no signal (0 counts).

<sup>14</sup> SET Button: 0.04 seconds ≤ "Click" ≤ 0.8 seconds

<sup>15</sup> Remote Input: 0.04 seconds  $\leq T \leq 0.8$  seconds

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> See Troubleshooting on p. 23 for more explanation of the % Offset displayed after the Light SET method



### Dark SET and Manual Adjust

Moves switching threshold value up or down to make adjustments

- · Slide Mode switch to ADJ to enter Adjust mode
- Press "+" to increase; press "-" to decrease
  - GREEN display shows the switching threshold value
    - 2 seconds after adjustment, the GREEN display will flash 3 times to confirm
- · Slide Mode switch to RUN to complete operation



Remember: Manual adjustments are disabled when Auto Thresholds are ON

Follow these steps to perform a Dark SET:



Note: TEACH Selection must be programmed to dr SEt.

1. Enter Adjust Mode.

| Method                     | Action  | Result      |   |  |
|----------------------------|---|-------------|---|--|
| SET Button 17              | Set Mode switch to ADJ                                  | RUN PRG ADJ | Display: Red - Signal Level; Green -<br>Threshold |  |
| Remote Input <sup>18</sup> | No action required; sensor is ready for Dark SET method |             |   |  |

#### 2. SET Sensing Condition.

| Method       | Action   | Result   |
|--------------|--|--|
| SET Button   | <ul> <li>Present sensing condition</li> <li>Click the SET rocker button</li> </ul> | Threshold Condition Accepted<br>Displays read "dr SEt" then alternate<br>"PASS" with % Offset <sup>19</sup> ; Sensor<br>returns to Adjust mode   |
| Remote Input | Present sensing conditionT     Single-pulse the remote input                       | dr       582       P855         H0       Pc2         Threshold Condition Not Accepted         Displays read "dr SEt" then alternate         "FAIL" with minimum % Offset 19 for         sensing condition; Sensor returns to         Adjust mode         dr       582         S0       Pc2 |

- 17 SET Button: 0.04 seconds ≤ "Click" ≤ 0.8 seconds
- **18** Remote Input: 0.04 seconds  $\leq T \leq 0.8$  seconds
- 19 See Troubleshooting on p. 23 for more explanation of the % Offset displayed after the Dark SET method

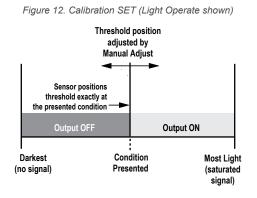
3. Return to RUN Mode.

| Method       | Action   |             | Result  |
|--------------|--|-------------|---|
| SET Button   | Move Mode switch to RUN                                      | RUN PRG ADJ | Display: Red - Signal Level; Green -<br>Threshold |
| Remote Input | No action required; sensor returns to RUN mode automatically |             |   |

### Calibration SET

- Sets a threshold exactly at the presented condition
- Threshold can be adjusted using "+" and "-" rocker button (Manual Adjust)

A single sensing condition is presented, and the sensor positions a threshold exactly at the presented condition. When a condition lighter than the threshold is sensed, the output either turns ON or OFF, depending on the LO/DO setting.



### Calibration SET and Manual Adjust

Moves switching threshold value up or down to make adjustments

- · Slide Mode switch to ADJ to enter Adjust mode
  - Press "+" to increase; press "-" to decrease
    - GREEN display shows the switching threshold value
    - 2 seconds after adjustment, the GREEN display will flash 3 times to confirm
- · Slide Mode switch to RUN to complete operation

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Remember: Auto Thresholding is automatically disabled in Calibration SET

Follow these steps to perform a Calibration SET:



Note: TEACH Selection must be programmed to CAL SEt.

1. Enter Adjust Mode

| Method                     | Action  | Result  |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| SET Button 20              | Set Mode switch to ADJ  | Display: Red - Signal Level; Green -<br>Threshold |  |  |
| Remote Input <sup>21</sup> | No action required; sensor is ready for<br>Calibration SET method |   |  |  |

2. SET Sensing Condition

<sup>20</sup> SET Button: 0.04 seconds ≤ "Click" ≤ 0.8 seconds

<sup>21</sup> Remote Input: 0.04 seconds  $\leq T \leq 0.8$  seconds

| Method       | Action   | Result   |
|--------------|--|--|
| SET Button   | <ul> <li>Present sensing condition</li> <li>Click the SET rocker button</li> </ul> | Threshold Condition Accepted<br>Displays read "CAL SEt" then flashes<br>"PASS"; Sensor returns to Adjust mode  |
| Remote Input | Present sensing conditionT     Single-pulse the remote input                       | EAL       SEE       PR55         Threshold Condition Unacceptable       Displays read "CAL SEt" then flashes         "FAIL"; Sensor returns to Adjust mode         EAL       SEE |

### 3. Return to RUN Mode

| Method       | Action   |             | Result  |  |
|--------------|--|-------------|---|--|
| SET Button   | Move Mode switch to RUN                                      | RUN PRG ADJ | Display: Red - Signal Level; Green -<br>Threshold |  |
| Remote Input | No action required; sensor returns to RUN mode automatically |             |   |  |

## 3.6 Troubleshooting

## 3.6.1 Manual Adjustments Disabled

Manual adjustments are disabled when Auto Thresholds are ON. If a manual adjustment is attempted while Auto Thresholds are ON, the Green display will flash Ruta.

## 3.6.2 Percent Minimum Difference after TEACH

The Two-Point and Dynamic TEACH methods will flash a % minimum difference on the displays after a PASS or FAIL.

| Value       | PASS/FAIL | Description  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 0 to 99%    | FAIL      | The difference of the taught conditions does not meet the required minimum   |  |  |  |  |
| 100 to 300% | PASS      | The difference of the taught conditions just meets/exceeds the required minimum, minor sensing variables may affect sensing reliability        |  |  |  |  |
| 300 to 600% | PASS      | The difference of the taught conditions sufficiently exceeds the required minimum, minor sensing variables will not affect sensing reliability |  |  |  |  |
| 600% +      | PASS      | The difference of the taught conditions greatly exceeds the required minimum, very stable operation  |  |  |  |  |

## 3.6.3 Percent Offset after SET

The Window, Dark, and Light SET methods will flash a % offset on the displays after a PASS or FAIL.

| SET Result % Offset Meaning |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| PASS (with % Offset)        | Displays the % offset used for the SET method                           |
| FAIL (with % Offset)        | Displays the minimum required % offset necessary to PASS the SET method |
| FAIL (without % Offset)     | Presented condition cannot be used for the SET method                   |

## 3.6.4 Threshold Alert or Threshold Error

Severe contamination/changes in the taught condition can prevent the Auto Thresholds algorithm from optimizing the threshold(s).

| State           | Display    | Description   | Corrective Action   |
|-----------------|------------|---|---|
| Threshold Alert | Alternates | The threshold(s) cannot be optimized, but the sensor's output will still continue to function | Cleaning/correcting the sensing<br>environment and/or a re-teach of the<br>sensor is highly recommended |
| Threshold Error | the Ecc    | The threshold(s) cannot be optimized, and the sensor's output will stop functioning           | Cleaning/correcting the sensing<br>environment and/or a re-teach of the<br>sensor is required           |

## 4 Specifications

#### Sensing Beam

DF-G3: Visible red, 635 nm DF-G3IR: Infrared, 850 nm DF-G3LIR: Long infrared, 1450 nm

#### Supply Voltage

Voltage output models: 12 V DC to 30 V DC Class 2 (10% maximum ripple) Current output models: 10 V DC to 30 V DC Class 2 (10% maximum ripple)

#### Power and Current Consumption (exclusive of load)

Standard display mode: 840 mW, Current consumption < 35 mA at 24 V DC ECO display mode: 672 mW, Current consumption < 28 mA at 24 V DC

#### Supply Protection Circuitry

Protected against reverse polarity, overvoltage, and transient voltages

#### **Delay at Power-Up**

500 milliseconds maximum; outputs do not conduct during this time

#### **Output Configuration**

Voltage Output Models: 1 analog voltage output (user configurable as 1 V to 5 V or 0 V to 10 V) with 1 NPN or 1 PNP discrete output, depending on model.

Current Output Models: 1 analog current output (4 mA to 20 mA) with 1 NPN or 1 PNP discrete output, depending on model

#### **Discrete Output Rating**

100 mA maximum combined load-analog plus discrete outputs (derate 1 mA per °C above 30 °C) OFF-state leakage current: < 5 µA at 30 V DC ON-state saturation voltage: NPN: < 1.5 V; PNP: < 2 V

#### Analog Output Recovery Time

< 2 times the selected response speed

#### Analog Output Ripple Content (p-p)

< 0.5% of the full scale analog output

#### Analog Output Rating

#### Voltage Outputs: 2.5 kOhm minimum load resistance

Current Outputs: 1 kOhm maximum load resistance at 24 V; maximum load resistance = [(Vcc - 4)/.02] Ohms

#### **Output Protection**

Protected against output short-circuit, continuous overload, transient overvoltages, and false pulse on power-up

#### **Response Speed and Features**

| Description      | Response<br>Speed | Repetition<br>Period | Repeatability | Cross-Talk<br>Avoidance | Energy Efficient Light<br>Resistance | Maximum<br>Range, Red <sup>22</sup> | Maximum<br>Range, IR850 <sup>23</sup> |
|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| High Speed       | 500 µs            | 100 µs               | 100 µs        | No                      | No                                   | 1200 mm                             | 2400 mm                               |
| Fast             | 1000 µs           | 100 µs               | 150 µs        | Yes                     | No                                   | 1500 mm                             | 3000 mm                               |
| Standard         | 2 ms              | 100 µs               | 180 µs        | Yes                     | Yes                                  | 1500 mm                             | 3000 mm                               |
| Long Range       | 8 ms              | 100 µs               | 180 µs        | Yes                     | Yes                                  | 1950 mm                             | 3900 mm                               |
| Extra Long Range | 24 ms             | 100 µs               | 180 µs        | Yes                     | Yes                                  | 3000 mm                             | 6000 mm                               |

#### Indicators

#### Red 4-digit Display: Signal Level

Green 4-digit Display: Threshold (In Program Mode, Red and Green displays are used for programming menus) Yellow LED: Output conducting

#### **Operating Conditions**

Temperature: -10 °C to +55 °C (+14 °F to +131 °F) Storage Temperature: -20 °C to +85 °C (-4 °F to +185 °F) Humidity: 50% at +50 °C maximum relative humidity (non-condensing)

#### **Environmental Rating**

IP50, NEMA 1

#### Connections

PVC-jacketed 2 m or 9 m (6.5 ft or 30 ft) 5-wire integral cable; or integral 5-pin M8 quick disconnect; or 150 mm (6 in) cable with a 5-pin M8 quick disconnect; or 150 mm (6 in) cable with a 5-pin M12 quick disconnect For Q3 or Q7 models, either a 5-pin M8 or a 6-pin M8 mating cordset may be used

#### Construction

Black ABS/polycarbonate alloy (UL94 V-0 rated) housing, clear polycarbonate cover

Excess gain = 1 (high sensitivity), opposed mode sensing. PIT46U plastic fiber used for visible LED models. Excess gain = 1 (high sensitivity), opposed mode sensing. IT.83.3ST5M6 glass fiber used for IR models. 23

#### Adjustments

3-way RUN/PRG/ADJ Mode Switch

2-way CH1/CH2 Switch 3-way +/SET/- Rocker Button

- S-way +/SE I/- Kocker Button

   Expert-style teaching (Two-Point and Dynamic TEACH, Light/Dark/Window/Calibration SET)
   Manually adjust sensitivity (from "+" and "-" rocker button only)
   Output Selection, TEACH Selection, Response Speed, Offset Percent, Auto Thresholds, Delays/Timers, Sensitivity Selection, Input Selection, Display Readout, Gain Selection, Factory Defaults (from top panel)
   Top panel interface lockout (from remote input only)

| Setting  | Factory Default                           |
|--|---|
| Output (CH2 only)                              | LO  |
| Threshold                                      | 5024                                      |
| TEACH Selection                                | Two-Point TEACH                           |
| Output Response Time                           | Standard: 2 ms                            |
| Offset Percent                                 | 10%                                       |
| Analog Output Slope (CH1 only)                 | Positive                                  |
| Analog Output Range (CH1, Voltage models only) | 0 V to 10 V                               |
| Filter Counts (CH1 only)                       | 1   |
| Input Wire selection                           | Off                                       |
| Display Readout                                | Numeric, ECO disabled, Normal Orientation |
| Gain Selection                                 | Auto Gain                                 |
| Auto Threshold (CH2 only)                      | Off                                       |
| Output Delay Selection (CH2 only)              | Off                                       |
| Sensitivity Selection (CH2 only)               | Standard                                  |

#### **Required Overcurrent Protection**



WARNING: Electrical connections must be made by qualified personnel in accordance with local and national electrical codes and regulations.

Overcurrent protection is required to be provided by end product application per the supplied table. Overcurrent protection may be provided with external fusing or via Current Limiting, Class 2 Power Supply. Supply wiring leads < 24 AWG shall not be spliced. For additional product support, go to www.bannerengineering.com.

| Supply Wiring (AWG) | Required Overcurrent Protection (Amps) |
|---------------------|--|
| 20                  | 5.0                                    |
| 22                  | 3.0                                    |
| 24                  | 2.0                                    |
| 26                  | 1.0                                    |
| 28                  | 0.8                                    |
| 30                  | 0.5                                    |

Certifications



### 4.1 Excess Gain Curves

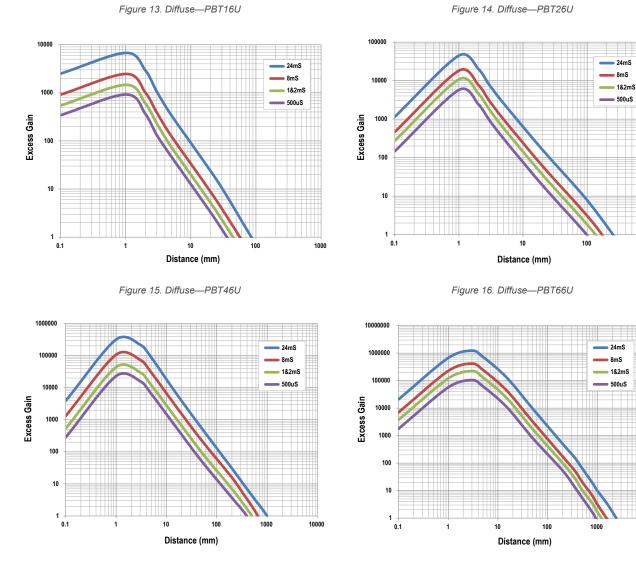
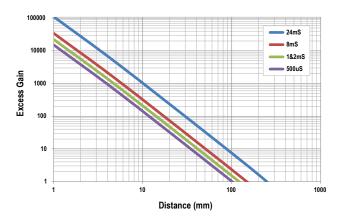
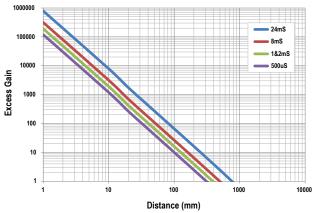


Figure 17. Opposed Mode—PIT16U

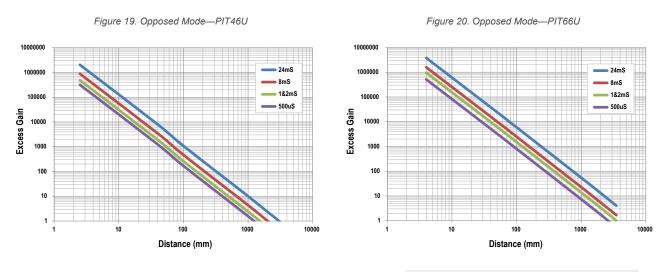
Figure 18. Opposed Mode—PIT26U





1000

10000



100000

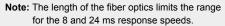
10000

1000

100

10

10



24mS

8mS

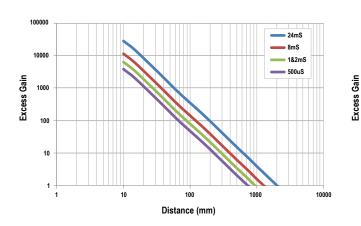
1&2mS

500uS

10000

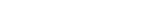
Figure 22. Opposed Mode—IR850

#### Figure 21. Diffuse—IR850









Distance (mm)

Note: IT.83.3ST5M6 glass fiber used for opposed

mode

1000

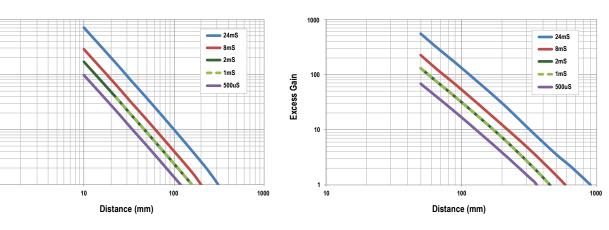


Figure 24. Opposed Mode—LIR1450

100

1000

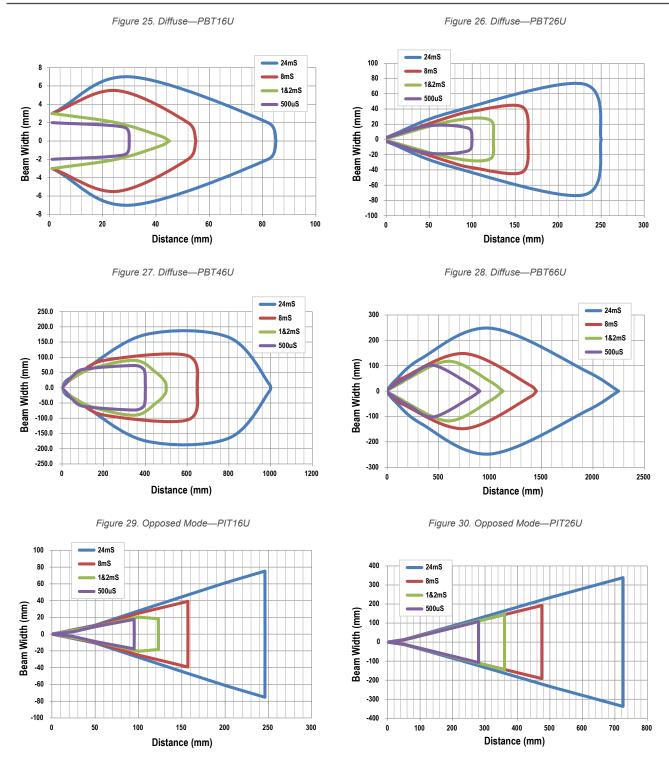
100

10

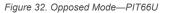
1

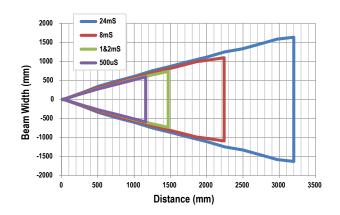
Excess Gain

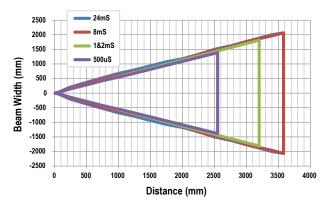
### 4.2 Beam Patterns



#### Figure 31. Opposed Mode—PIT46U

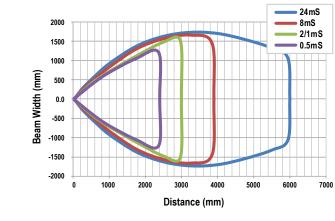












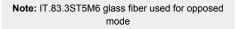
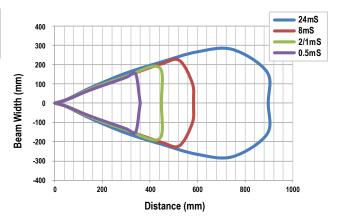
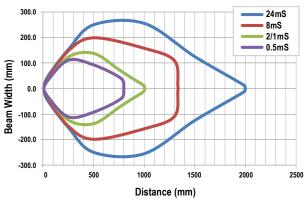
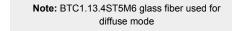


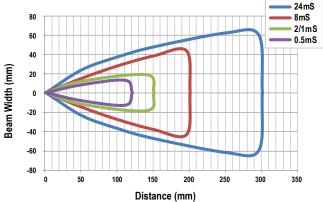
Figure 36. Opposed Mode—LIR1450



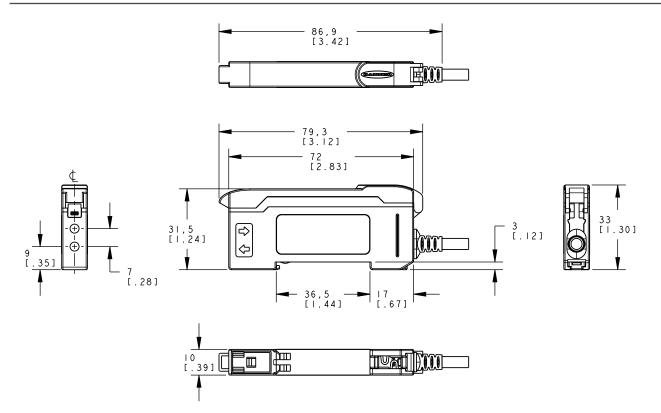








## 4.3 Dimensions



# 5 Accessories

#### DIN-35-..

35 mm DIN Rail

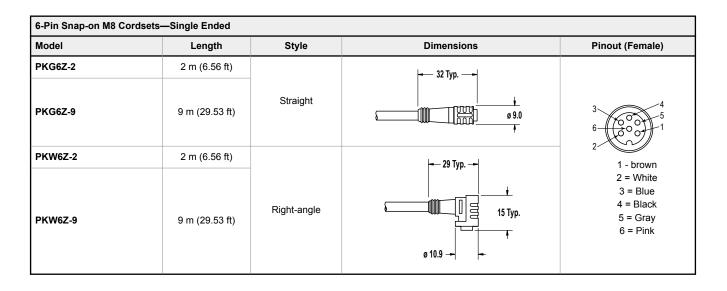
#### Pair of metal DIN rail end stops; slide onto DIN rail at either • side of the sensor stack Model Length Combination (#2 Phillips, #8 standard slotted) set screw • DIN-35-70 70 35 DIN-35-105 105 DIN-35-140 140 DIN-35-180 180 L = 70, 105 or 140 mm DIN-35-220 220 ¥. 9.1 mm (0.63") 5 Hole center spacing: 35.1 ŧ Hole size: 25.4 x 5.3 9.1 mm 45.0 mm (0.36")(1.77") SA-DIN-BRACKET SA-DIN-BRACKET-10 · Plastic bracket with Package of 10 plastic • mounting screws brackets with mounting screws 35 35 Hole center spacing: A = 16, B = 25.4, C = 15.2 Hole center spacing: A = 16, B = 25.4, C = 15.2 Hole size: A = ø 3.2, B = ø 3.3, C = ø 4.4 Hole size: A = ø 3.2, B = ø 3.3, C = ø 4.4

SA-DIN-CLAMP

# 5.1 Quick-Disconnect Cordsets

| 5-Pin Threaded M12 Cordsets—Single Ended |                |             |             |  |  |
|--|----------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|
| Model                                    | Length         | Style       | Dimensions  | Pinout (Female)  |  |
| MQDC1-501.5                              | 0.5 m (1.5 ft) | - Straight  | 44 Typ      |  |  |
| MQDC1-506                                | 2 m (6.5 ft)   |             |             |  |  |
| MQDC1-515                                | 5 m (16.4 ft)  |             |             |  |  |
| MQDC1-530                                | 9 m (29.5 ft)  |             | ø 14.5 →    | 1 2  |  |
| MQDC1-506RA                              | 2 m (6.5 ft)   | Right-Angle | Right-Angle | 4<br>1 = Brown<br>2 = White<br>3 = Blue<br>4 = Black<br>5 = Gray |  |
| MQDC1-515RA                              | 5 m (16.4 ft)  |             |             |  |  |
| MQDC1-530RA                              | 9 m (29.5 ft)  |             |             |  |  |

| 5-Pin Threaded M8 Cordsets—Single Ended |               |             |                                     |  |  |
|---|---------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Model                                   | Length        | Style       | Dimensions                          | Pinout (Female)  |  |
| PKG5M-2                                 | 2 m (6.56 ft) | Straight    | <del>-</del> 35 Тур. — <del>-</del> |  |  |
| PKG5M-5                                 | 5 m (16.4 ft) |             |                                     |  |  |
| PKG5M-9                                 | 9 m (29.5 ft) |             | 6 0 9.5<br>M8 x 1                   | 3<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>6        |  |
| PKW5M-2                                 | 2 m (6.56 ft) | Right Angle |                                     | 22   |  |
| PKW5M-5                                 | 5 m (16.4 ft) |             | 28 Typ                              | 1 = Brown  |  |
| PKW5M-9                                 | 9 m (29.5 ft) |             | M8 x 1 +                            | 2 = White<br>3 = Blue<br>4 = Black<br>5 = Gray<br>6 = N.C. |  |



## 5.2 Banner Engineering Corp. Limited Warranty

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