

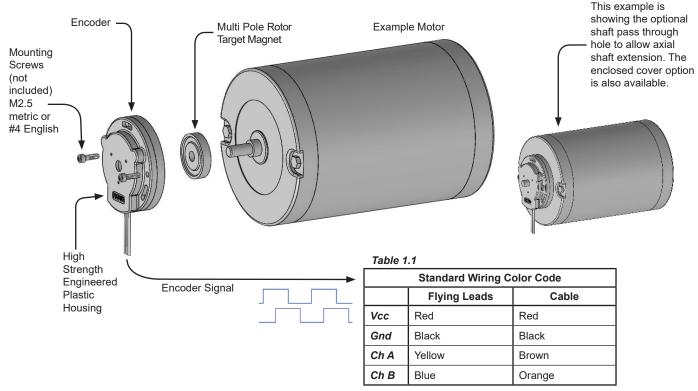
#### **Features and Benefits**

- Magnetic technology offers robust performance.
- 100% Non-contacting design (no bearings or bushing) provides an extremely long life expectancy and is tolerant to harsh environments.
- Simple two piece design (target magnet + encoder) for easy alignment and installation.
- Bi-directional two channel incremental quadrature output.
- Mounting holes for a 2-bolt or 3-bolt pattern 1.811 inch B.C. x 0.125 inch O.D.
- Target magnet for standard shaft sizes from 2 mm to 1/2 inch. Custom bore size available.
- Options up to 30 pulse per channel per revolution.
- · Customizable lead wires, cables, and or connectors.



Kit - Encoder with Target Magnet
Shown with shaft pass through hole
Wire color order varies with part configuration

#### **Application Example**

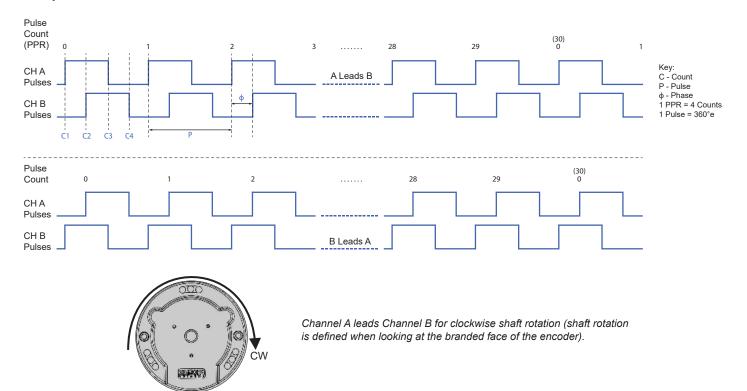


Other colors available upon request. Contact sales@phoenixamerica.com.

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#### **Output Waveforms**



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Table 2.2

Characteristic	Symbol	Rating	Units
Forward Supply Voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	32	V
Reverse Supply Voltage	V <sub>RCC</sub>	-0.3	V
Output Voltage	V <sub>out</sub>	32	V
Continuous Output Current	I <sub>out</sub>	20	mA
Operating Temperature	$T_{_{A}}$	-40 - 125	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>s</sub>	-40 - 150	°C

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Table 2.3

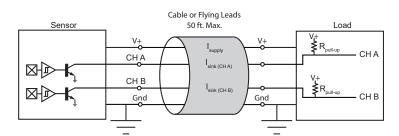
Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.¹	Max.	Unit <sup>2</sup>
Forward Supply Voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	Operating, T <sub>J</sub> < 165 °C	4.0	-	24	V
Supply Current	I <sub>cc</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4 to 24V	1.4	3.0	5.6	mA
Output Current	I <sub>sink</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> = 4 to 24V	-	-	15	mA
Output Frequency	f <sub>out</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4 to 24V	-	-	30	kHz

Higher output frequencies available upon request. Contact sales@phoenixamerica.com.

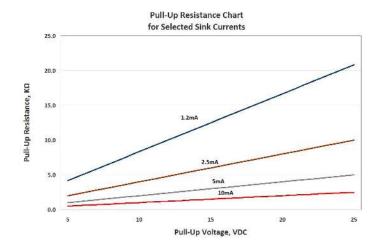
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#### **Electrical Circuit**



Output channels require customer supplied pull-up resistors unless internal pull-up option is selected. See Table 3.1 for recommended resistor values.



1 abie 3.1						
Recommended Pull-Up Resistor Values						
	Supply Voltage					
Current, I <sub>sink</sub>	5 12 24					
1.2 mA	4.3K	10.0K	20.0K			
2.5 mA	2.0K	4.7K	10.0K			
5 mA	1.0K	2.4K	4.7K			
10 mA	510Ω	1.2K	2.4K			

 ${\rm I}_{\rm sink}$  is application dependent. It is recommended to use the lowest possible sink current when selecting a pull-up resistor.

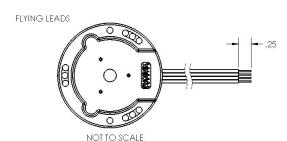
Theoretical Pull-Up Resistor Calculation:  $R_{pullup} = \frac{v_{supply}}{I_{sink}}$ 

Resistance values based on closest standard 5% resistor values

Absolute Maximum I<sub>sink</sub> = 20mA

4.7 K pull-up is available as a standard option. If an alternative pull-up value is preferred, contact sales@phoenixamerica.com.

## Wiring



- 24 AWG
- 7x32 Strands, Tinned Copper
- PVC Insulation
- UL Type 1430
- Temperature Rating: 105°C

Table 3.2

Standard Wiring					
	Leads	Cable	Connector Pin-Out		
Ch A	Yellow	Brown	1		
Ch B	Blue	Orange	2		
Gnd	Black	Black	3		
Vcc	Red	Red	4		

CABLE
- 25
2.00
NOT TO SCALE

- 24 AWG
- 4 Conductor with Foil Shield and Drain
- Stranded Tinned Copper
- PVC Insulation
- Grey PVC Jacket
- UL Style 2464, CSA
- Temperature Rating: 105°C

Custom lengths and insulation materials available. Contact sales@phoenixamerica.com.



#### **Encoder Physical Outline**

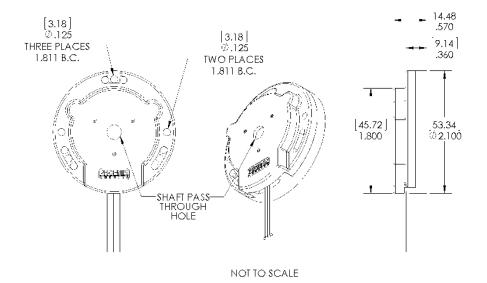


Table 4.1

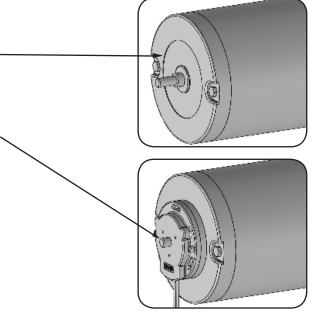
Motor Shaft Diameter	Shaft Pass Through Hole Size (options/ recommendation)		
-	No I	Hole	
2 mm	2.06 mm	0.081 in	
3 mm	3.06 mm	0.120 in	
1/8 in	3.26 mm	0.127 in	
5/32 in	4.06 mm	0.160 in	
4 mm	4.06 mm	0.160 in	
3/16 in	4.83 mm	0.190 in	
5 mm	5.06 mm	0.199 in	
6 mm	6.06 mm	0.239 in	
1/4 in	6.40 mm	0.252 in	
7 mm	7.06 mm	0.278 in	
5/16 in	8.05 mm	0.317 in	
8 mm	8.05 mm	0.317 in	
3/8 in	9.59 mm	0.378 in	
10 mm	10.06 mm	0.396 in	
12 mm	12.06 mm	0.475 in	
1/2 in	12.76 mm 0.502 in		

Other shaft pass through hole sizes available upon request. Contact sales@phoenixamerica.com.

#### **Encoder Mounting Guidelines**

Concentricity of the encoder housing to the magnet rotor is critical for optimal encoder performance. Considering the following during the design phase will ensure concentricity and ease of assembly.

- Tight molding tolerances allow for the outside diameter of the encoder to be used to locate the encoder housing concentric to the motor shaft and magnet rotor. A machined pocket on the motor endbell works well for alignment. Recommended pocket is 0.015" to 0.020" deep and 2.11" in diameter.
- Extending the shaft through the optional shaft pass through hole is an easy way to align the encoder housing to the motor shaft and magnet rotor. Simply position the encoder so that the shaft is centered concentrically in the shaft pass through hole.
- If previous two methods of alignment are not used it is recommended that the encoder be fastened to the motor using #5-40 or M3 mounting screws. The slightly larger diameter of the #5-40 and M3 screws will compensate for some of the tolerance allowed when using the standard recommended #4-40 or M2.5 mounting screws.



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### Target Rotor Physical Outline - Molded (Mounting Style A)

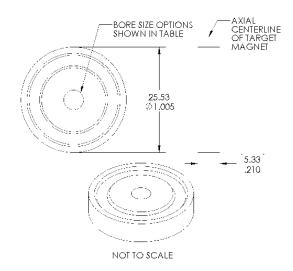


Table 5.1 **Bore Motor Shaft OD NEMA Guide** Magnet Magnet Size Size (nominal) **Shaft Tolerance Bore Bore** MAX. (.inch) MIN. (inch) (inch) 079 2 mm (.0787") .0777 .0807 118 3 mm (.1181") .1171 .1201 125 1/8 in (.1250") .1240 .1270 .1553 156 5/32 in (.1563") .1583 157 4 mm (.1575") .1565 .1595 .1865 188 3/16 in (.1875") .1895 197 5 mm (.1969") .1959 .1989 236 .2354 .2384 6 mm (.2364")

+0.0000"/-0.0005"

.2490

.2747

.3115

.3140

.3740

.3930

.4718

.4990

.2520

.2777

.3145

.3170

.3770

.3960

.4748

.5020

Other bore sizes available upon request. Contact sales@phoenixamerica.com.

1/4 in (.2500")

7 mm (.2758")

5/16 in (.3125")

8 mm (.3150")

3/8 in (.3750")

10 mm (.3940")

12 mm (.4728")

1/2 in (.5000")

### Target Rotor Mounting Guidelines - Molded (Mounting Style A) For Slip Fit Application

Proper alignment of the target rotor to the encoder sensing element is critical for optimal encoder performance. Insure that the rotor is
mounted to the specified height shown in the diagram below.

250

276

313

315

375

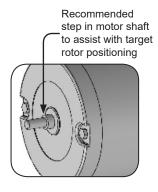
394

473

500

- A machined step on the motor shaft provides a quick and repeatable method for positioning the target rotor. Spacers or other fixturing should be used to properly position the rotor if no mechanical locating features are on the shaft.
- Various adhesives can be used to bond the target rotor to the motor shaft. Shaft alloys, operating environment, and shaft speed and
  acceleration should be taken into consideration when selecting an appropriate bonding agent. Loctite threadlockers and retaining
  compounds have proved effective in bonding the target rotor to the motor shaft. Loctite 263 and 2760 threadlockers and Loctite 638 and
  680 retaining compounds are good candidates. These materials have been effective in past experience; testing under actual operating
  conditions should be used to qualify any bonding material.
- For best results, the motor shaft should be clean and free of any oils, lubricants, or solvents.
- Apply adhesive around the leading edge of the shaft and inside the hole in the rotor. Use a rotating motion when assembling the magnet to the shaft to insure good adhesive coverage.
- The use of primers and activators can be used to improve bond strength and cure rate.
- For non-critical applications or for fast bonding for evaluation, a cyanoacrylate adhesive (super glue) can be used. Loctite 401 and 410 have proven effective for quick bonding applications.





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# Target Rotor Physical Outline - Aluminum Hub (Mounting Style B)

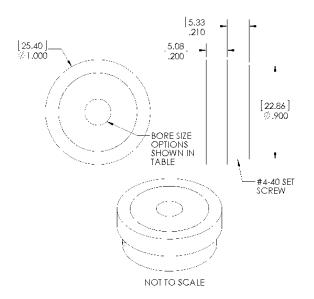
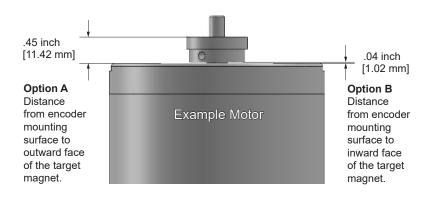


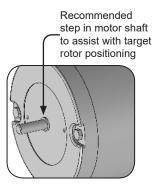
Table 6.	1			
Bore Size (.inch)	Motor Shaft OD Size (nominal)	NEMA Guide Shaft Tolerance	Magnet Bore MIN. (inch)	Magnet Bore MAX. (inch)
079	2 mm (.0787")		.0794	.0803
118	3 mm (.1181")		.1188	.1197
125	1/8 in (.1250")		.1257	.1266
156	5/32 in (.1563")		.1570	.1579
157	4 mm (.1575")		.1582	.1591
188	3/16 in (.1875")		.1882	.1891
197	5 mm (.1969")		.1976	.1985
236	6 mm (.2364")	+0.0000"/-0.0005"	.2371	.2380
250	1/4 in (.2500")	+0.0000 /-0.0005	.2507	.2516
276	7 mm (.2758")		.2767	.2778
313	5/16 in (.3125")		.3134	.3145
315	8 mm (.3150")		.3159	.3170
375	3/8 in (.3750")		.3759	.3770
394	10 mm (.3940")		.3949	.3960
473	12 mm (.4728")		.4737	.4748
500	1/2 in (.5000")		.5009	.5020

Other bore sizes available upon request. Contact sales@phoenixamerica.com.

#### Target Rotor Mounting Guidelines - Aluminum Hub (Mounting Style B)

- Proper alignment of the target rotor to the encoder sensing element is critical for optimal encoder performance. Insure that the rotor is
  mounted to the specified height shown in the diagram below.
- A machined step on the motor shaft provides a quick and repeatable method for positioning the target rotor. Spacers or other fixturing should be used to properly position the rotor if no mechanical locating features are on the shaft.
- · While the hub is held in the proper position, use a .50 inch hex wrench to tighten #4-40 set screw.
- For permanent applications, a threadlocker or retaining compound is advised in conjunction with the set screw.

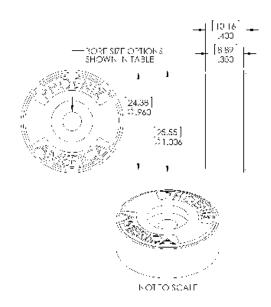




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# Target Rotor Physical Outline - Engineered Polymer Hub (Mounting Style H)



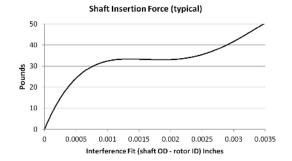
Bore Size (.inch)	Motor Shaft OD Size (nominal)	NEMA Guide Shaft Tolerance	Magnet Bore MIN. (inch)	Magnet Bore MAX. (inch)
079	2 mm (.0787")		.0727	.0757
118	3 mm (.1181")		.1121	.1151
125	1/8 in (.1250")		.1190	.1220
156	5/32 in (.1563")		.1503	.1533
157	4 mm (.1575")		.1515	.1545
188	3/16 in (.1875")	+0.0000"/-0.0005"	.1815	.1845
197	5 mm (.1969")		.1909	.1939
236	6 mm (.2364")		.2304	.2334
250	1/4 in (.2500")		.2440	.2470
276	7 mm (.2758")		.2698	.2728
313	5/16 in (.3125")		.3065	.3095
315	8 mm (.3150")		.3090	.3120
375	3/8 in (.3750")		.3690	.3720
394	10 mm (.3940")		.3880	.3910
473	12 mm (.4728")		.4668	.4698
500	1/2 in (.5000")		.4940	.4970

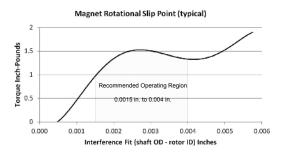
Other bore sizes available upon request. Contact sales@phoenixamerica.com.

#### Target Rotor Mounting Guidelines - Engineered Polymer Hub (Mounting Style H) For Press Fit Application

- Proper alignment of the target rotor to the encoder sensing element is critical for optimal encoder performance. Insure that the rotor is mounted to the specified height shown below.
- A machined step on the motor shaft provides a quick and repeatable method for positioning the target rotor. Spacers or other fixturing should be used if no mechanical locating features are on the shaft.
- A chamfered lead in on the shaft will aid in aligning the rotor.
- Prior to insertion, the motor shaft should be clean and free of any oils, lubricants, or solvents.
- Proper fixtures and support must be used to ensure the magnet is pressed on straight and aligned with the motor shaft.
- Opposite end of motor shaft should be supported to avoid undue stress on motor bearings during the pressing operation.
- In applications with high torque or environmental extremes, a retaining compound can be used to enhance the strength of the press fit.





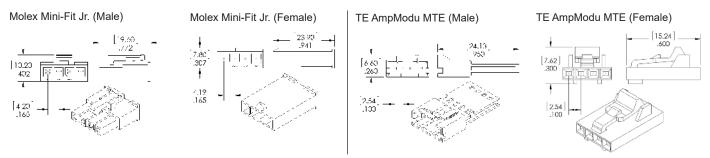


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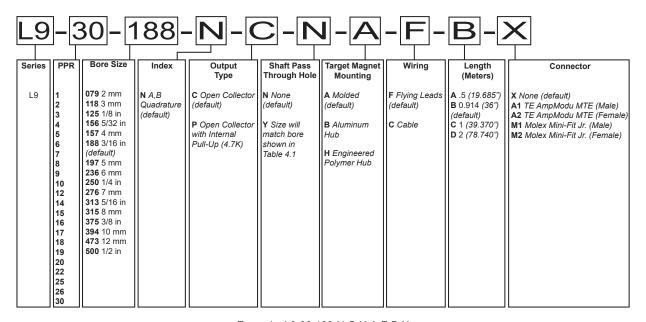


### **Connector Options**



Need a different connector? Contact sales@phoenixamerica.com.

## **Part Number Description**



Example: L9-30-188-N-C-N-A-F-B-X