

HIGH-SIDE CURRENT MONITOR

SOT23

Package Suffix - F

(Top View)

SM8 Package Suffix – T8

(Top View)

1

I_{OUT}

N/C

N/C

N/C

N/C

6

Pin Assignments

 $V_{\text{SENSE-}}$

 $V_{\text{SENSE+}}$

V_{SENSE}.

V_{SENSE+}

N/C

I_{OUT}

2

3

4

12

Description

The ZXCT1009 is a high side current sense monitor. Using this device eliminates the need to disrupt the ground plane when sensing a load current.

It takes a high side voltage developed across a current shunt resistor and translates it into a proportional output current. A user defined output resistor scales the output current into a ground-referenced voltage.

The wide input voltage range of 20V down to as low as 2.5V make it suitable for a range of applications. A minimum operating current of just 4μ A, combined with a SOT23 package make it a unique solution for portable battery equipment. The SM8 device offers an alternative package option.

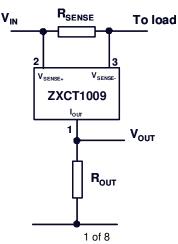
Features

- Low cost, accurate high-side current sensing
- Output voltage scaling
- Up to 2.5V sense voltage
- 2.5V to 20V supply range
- 4µA quiescent current
- 1% typical accuracy
- SOT23 and SM8 packages
- AEC-Q100.3 qualified; ZXCT1009FTA only

Applications

- Battery chargers
- Smart battery packs
- DC motor control
- Over current monitor
- Power management
- Level translating
- Programmable current source
- •

Application Circuit





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Pin Descriptions

Pin Name	Pin Function		
V _{SENSE+}	Connection to supply voltage		
V _{SENSE-}	Connection to load		
I _{OUT}	Output current, proportional to measured current		

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A = 25°C)

Descriptio	n	Rating	Unit
Voltage on any pin (relative	e to I _{OUT})	-0.6 to 20	V
Continous output current	, I _{OUT}	25	mA
Continuous sense voltage	e, V _{SENSE} †	-0.5 to +5	V
Operating temperature, T _A		-40 to 85	°C
Storage temperature		-55 to 125	°C
Package power	SOT23	450	mW
dissipation @ T _A = 25°C (Derate to zero @ 125°C)	SM8	2	W

Operation above the absolute maximum rating may cause device failure. Operation at the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods may reduce device reliability.

Electrical Characteristics (T_A = 25°C, V_{IN} = 5V, R_{OUT} = 100Ω)

Symbol Devenator		Conditions	Limits			11
Symbol Parameter	Min		Тур	Max	Units	
V _{IN}	V _{CC} range		2.5		20	V
lout ¹	Output Current	$V_{SENSE} = 0V$ $V_{SENSE} = 10mV$ $V_{SENSE} = 100mV$ $V_{SENSE} = 200mV$ $V_{SENSE} = 1V$	1 90 0.975 1.95 9.6	4 104 1.002 2.0 9.98	15 120 1.025 2.05 10.2	μΑ μΑ mA mA
V _{SENSE} †	Sense Voltage		0		2500	mV
I _{SENSE-}	V _{SENSE -} Input Current				100	nA
A _{CC}	Accuracy	R _{SENSE} = 0.1Ω V _{SENSE} = 200mV	-2.5		2.5	%
G _M	Transconductance, I _{OUT} /V _{SENSE}			10000		μA/V
BW	Bandwidth	$V_{SENSE(DC)} = 10mv$, RF $P_{IN} = -40dBm^{\ddagger}$ $V_{SENSE(DC)} = 100mv$, RF $P_{IN} = -20dBm^{\ddagger}$		300 2		kHz MHz

Notes: 1. Includes input offset voltage contribution

†. $\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{SENSE}}$ is defined as the differential voltage between $\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{SENSE+}}$ and $\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{SENSE+}}$

VSENSE = VSENSE+ - VSENSE-

= V_{IN} - V_{LOAD}

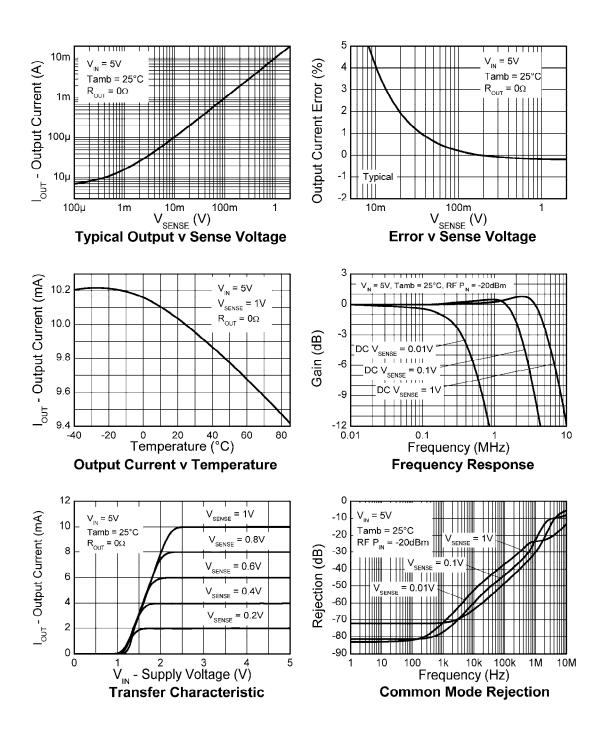
= ILOAD X RSENSE

 \ddagger -20dBm=63mVpp into 50 Ω



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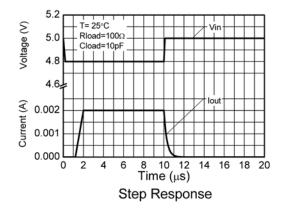
Typical Characteristics





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Typical Characteristics (cont.)



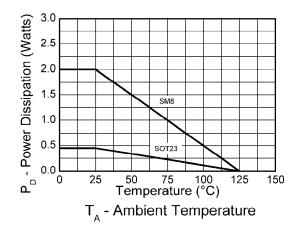
Power Dissipation

The maximum allowable power dissipation of the device for normal operation (P_{MAX}), is a function of the package junction to ambient thermal resistance (θ_{JA}), maximum junction temperature (T_{JMAX}), and ambient temperature (T_{AMB}), according to the expression:

 $\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{MAX}} = \left(\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{JMAX}} - \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{AMB}}\right) / \, \theta_{\mathsf{JA}}$

The device power dissipation, P_D is given by the expression:

 $\mathsf{P}_\mathsf{D} = \mathsf{I}_\mathsf{OUT}(\mathsf{V}_\mathsf{IN}\ \text{-} \mathsf{V}_\mathsf{OUT}) \ \mathsf{W}$



Application Information

The following text describes how to scale a load current to an output voltage.

E.g.

A 1A current is to be represented by a 100mV output voltage:

1) Choose the value of R_{SENSE} to give 50mV >

 $V_{SENSE} > 500 mV$ at full load.

For example $V_{SENSE} = 100 \text{mV}$ at 1.0A.

 $R_{SENSE} = 0.1/1.0 \Rightarrow 0.1\Omega.$

2) Choose R_{OUT} to give $V_{OUT} = 100mV$, when

 $V_{SENSE} = 100 mV.$

Rearranging ¹ for Rout gives:

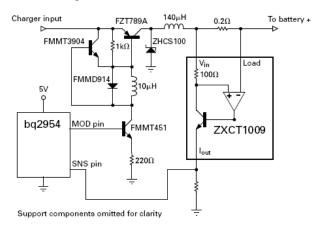
$$\begin{split} R_{OUT} &= V_{OUT} \ / (V_{SENSE} \ x \ 0.01) \\ R_{OUT} &= 0.1 \ / \ (0.1 \ x \ 0.01) = 100 \Omega \end{split}$$



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Application Information (cont.)

Li-Ion Charger Circuit

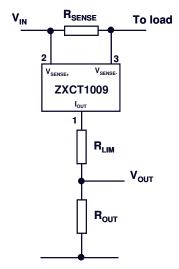


The above figure shows the ZXCT1009 supporting the Benchmarq bq2954 Charge Management IC. Most of the support components for the bq2954 are omitted for clarity. This design also uses the Diodes FZT789A high current Super-ß PNP as the switching transistor in the DC-DC step down converter and the FMMT451 as the drive NPN for the FZT789A. The circuit can be configured to charge up to four Li-lon cells at a charge current of 1.25A. Charge can be terminated on maximum voltage, selectable minimum current, or maximum time out. Switching frequency of the PWM loop is approximately 120kHz.

The ZXCT1009 is intended as a direct functional replacement for the ZDS1009, which is featured in a complete design from Unitrode/Texas Instruments on the Li-Ion charger circuit shown above. Reference: DVS2954S1H Li-Ion Charger Development System.

Transient Protection

An additional resistor, R_{LIM} can be added in series with R_{OUT} (as below), to limit the current from I_{OUT} . Any circuit connected to V_{OUT} will be protected from input voltage transients. This can be of particular use in automotive applications where load dump and other common transients need to be considered.



ZXCT1009 with additional current limiting Resistor RLIM.

Assuming the worst case condition of $V_{OUT} = 0V$; providing a low impedance to a transient, the minimum value of R_{LIM} is given by:-

$$R_{LIM(min)} = (V_{PK} - V_{MAX})/I_{PK}$$

 V_{PK} = Peak transient voltage to be withstood V_{MAX} = Maximum working voltage = 20V I_{PK} = Peak output current = 40mA

The maximum value of R_{LIM} is set by $V_{IN(MIN)},\,V_{OUT(MAX)}$ and the dropout voltage (see transfer characteristic on page 3) of the ZXCT1009 :-

$$R_{\text{LIM}(\text{MAX})} = R_{\text{OUT}}[V_{\text{IN}(\text{MIN})} - (V_{\text{DP}} + V_{\text{OUT}(\text{MAX})})]/V_{\text{OUT}(\text{MAX})}$$

 $\begin{aligned} &V_{IN(MIN)} = \text{Minimum Supply Operating Voltage} \\ &V_{DP} = \text{Dropout Voltage} \\ &V_{OUT(MAX)} = \text{Maximum Operating Output Voltage} \end{aligned}$



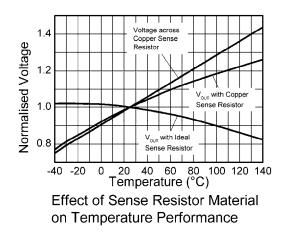
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Application Information (cont.)

PCB trace shunt resistor for low cost solution

The figure below shows output characteristics of the device when using a PCB resistive trace for a low cost solution in replacement for a conventional shunt resistor. The graph shows the linear rise in voltage across the resistor due to the PTC of the material and demonstrates how this rise in resistance value over temperature compensates for the NTCof the device.

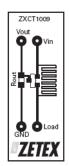
The figure opposite shows a PCB layout suggestion. The resistor section is $25mm \ge 0.25mm$ giving approximately $150m\Omega$ using 1oz copper. The data for the normalised graph was obtained using a 1A load current and a 100Ω output resistor. An electronic version of the PCB layout is available through Diodes applications group.



Effect of Sense Resisitor Material on Temperature Performance

Ordering Information

Device	AEC-Q100 level	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity per Reel	Part Marking	Package
ZXCT1009FTA	Grade 3	7"	8mm	3000 Units	109	SOT23
ZXCT1009F-7	None	7"	8mm	3000 Units	109	SOT23
ZXCT1009T8TA	None	7"	12mm	1000 Units	ZXCT1009	SM8



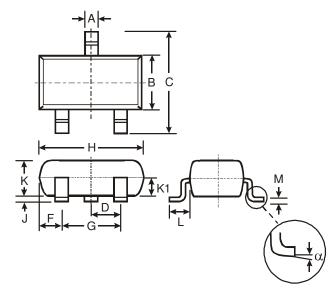
Layout shows area of shunt resistor compared to SOT23 package. Not actual size.



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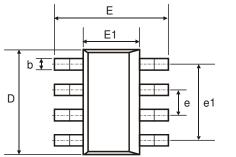
Package Outline Dimensions (All Dimensions in mm)

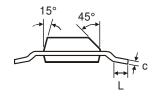
1) SOT23

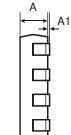


SOT23					
Dim	Min	Max	Тур		
Α	0.37	0.51	0.40		
В	1.20	1.40	1.30		
С	2.30	2.50	2.40		
D	0.89	1.03	0.915		
F	0.45	0.60	0.535		
G	1.78	2.05	1.83		
Н	2.80	3.00	2.90		
J	0.013	0.10	0.05		
К	0.903	1.10	1.00		
K1	-	-	0.400		
L	0.45	0.61	0.55		
М	0.085	0.18	0.11		
α	0°	8°	-		
All Dimensions in mm					

2) SM8







SM-8					
Dim	Min	Max	Тур		
Α	-	1.7	-		
A1	0.02	0.1	-		
b	-	0.7	-		
С	0.24	0.32	-		
D	6.3	6.7	-		
е	-	-	1.53		
e1	-	-	4.59		
Е	6.7	7.3	-		
E1	3.3	3.7	-		
L	0.9	-	-		
All Dimensions in mm					



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