

MAX33040E/MAX33041E

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### +3.3V, 5Mbps CAN Transceiver with ±40V Fault Protection, ±25V CMR, and ±40kV ESD in 8-Pin SOT23

#### **Benefits and Features**

- Integrated Protection Increases Robustness
  - Increased Protection on CANH and CANL
    - ±40V Fault Tolerant
    - ±40kV ESD Human Body Model (HBM) Protection
    - ±25V Extended Common-Mode Input Range (CMR)
    - · Short-Circuit Protection
  - · Transmitter Dominant Timeout Prevents Lockup
  - Thermal Shutdown
- Family Provides Flexible Design Options
  - · Slow Slew Rate to Minimize EMI
  - Low-Current Standby Mode
- Small Package Options to Save PCB Area
  - 8-Bump WLP
  - 8-Pin SOT23
  - 8-Pin SOIC
- High-Speed Operation of up to 5Mbps
- Operating Temperature Range of -40°C to +125°C

### **General Description**

The MAX33040E/MAX33041E are +3.3V control area network (CAN) transceivers with integrated protection for industrial applications. These devices have extended ±40V fault protection on CANH and CANL for equipment where overvoltage protection is required. They also incorporate high ±40kV ESD HBM and an input common-mode range (CMR) of ±25V on CANH and CANL, exceeding the ISO 11898-2 CAN standard of -2V to +7V. This makes these parts well suited for applications where there is moderate electrical noise that can influence the ground levels between two nodes or systems. These parts feature a shutdown pin and a multifunction standby pin.

These devices operate at a high-speed CAN data rate, allowing up to 5Mbps on short distance networks. Maximum speed on large networks may be limited by the number of nodes, the type of cabling used, stub length, and other factors. The MAX33040E/MAX33041E include a dominant timeout to prevent bus lockup caused by controller error or by a fault on the TXD input. When TXD remains in the dominant state (low) for longer than  $t_{DOM}$ , the driver is switched to the recessive state, releasing the bus and allowing other nodes to communicate. These devices feature a STBY pin for three modes of operation; standby mode for low current consumption, normal high-speed mode, or a slow slew-rate mode when an external 39.2k $\Omega$  resistor is connected between ground and STBY pin.

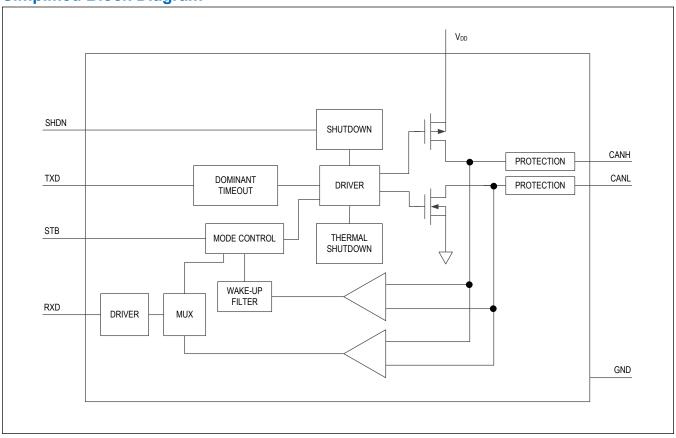
The MAX33040E is available in an 8-bump WLP and 8-pin SOT23, while the MAX33041E is available in an 8-pin SOIC package. Both parts operate over the -40°C to +125°C temperature range.

### **Applications**

- Industrial Equipment
- Instrumentation
- Motor Control
- Building Automation
- Industrial Drone
- · Service and Educational Robot

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### **Simplified Block Diagram**



### MAX33040E/MAX33041E

### +3.3V, 5Mbps CAN Transceiver with ±40V Fault Protection, ±25V CMR, and ±40kV ESD in 8-Pin SOT23

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

| V <sub>DD</sub> 0.3V                                      | to +4.0V            | Continuous Power Dissipation (SOIC)              |                |
|---|---------------------|--|----------------|
| CANH or CANL (Continuous)40V                              | / to +40V           | Multilayer Board ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ , derate | 7.4mW/°C above |
| TXD, STBY, SHDN0.3V                                       | to +4.0V            | +70°C.)  | 588.2mW        |
| RXD0.3V   | to +4.0V            | Operating Temperature Range                      | 40°C to +125°C |
| Short-Circuit Duration                                    | ontinuous           | Junction Temperature                             | +150°C         |
| Continuous Power Dissipation (SOT23)                      |                     | Storage Temperature Range                        | 60°C to +150°C |
| Multilayer Board ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ , derate 9.5mW/°C | C above             | Soldering Temperature (reflow)                   | +260°C         |
| +70°C.)   | <sup>7</sup> 61.9mW | Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)              | +300°C         |
|   |                     |  |                |

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### **Package Information**

#### **8 WLP**

| Package Code   | W80A1+1                   |  |  |
|--|---------------------------|--|--|
| Outline Number   | 21-1042                   |  |  |
| Land Pattern Number                                    | See Application Note 1891 |  |  |
| Thermal Resistance, Four Layer Board:                  |                           |  |  |
| Junction-to-Ambient (θ <sub>JA</sub> )                 | 85°C/W                    |  |  |
| Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JC</sub> ) | N/A                       |  |  |

#### **8 SOT23**

| Package Code   | K8CN+2C        |
|--|----------------|
| Outline Number   | <u>21-0078</u> |
| Land Pattern Number                                    | <u>90-0176</u> |
| Thermal Resistance, Four Layer Board:                  |                |
| Junction-to-Ambient (θ <sub>JA</sub> )                 | 105°C/W        |
| Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JC</sub> ) | 42.3°C/W       |

### 8 SOIC

| Package Code  | S8+2C          |  |  |  |
|---|----------------|--|--|--|
| Outline Number  | <u>21-0041</u> |  |  |  |
| Land Pattern Number                                   | 90-0096        |  |  |  |
| Thermal Resistance, Four-Layer Board:                 |                |  |  |  |
| Junction-to-Ambient (θ <sub>JA</sub> )                | 136°C/W        |  |  |  |
| Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JC}$ ) | 38°C/W         |  |  |  |

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/packages</u>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to <a href="https://www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial">www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial</a>.

### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $(V_{DD}$  = 3.0V to 3.6V,  $R_{LD}$  = 60 $\Omega$ ,  $C_{LD}$  = 100pF,  $C_L$  = 15pF,  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at  $V_{DD}$  = 3.3V and  $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise specified. (Note 1))

| PARAMETER                          | SYMBOL               | COND  | ITIONS                              | MIN             | TYP  | MAX | UNITS |  |  |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------|-----|-------|--|--|
| POWER                              |                      |   |                                     |                 |      |     |       |  |  |
| Supply Voltage                     | $V_{DD}$             |   |                                     | 3.0             |      | 3.6 | V     |  |  |
| Dominant Supply                    |                      | TXD = SHDN =  | No load                             |                 | 4.5  | 8   |       |  |  |
| Current                            | I <sub>DD_DOM</sub>  | STBY = 0V, RXD open   | R <sub>LD</sub> = 60Ω               |                 | 36   | 50  | mA    |  |  |
| Recessive Supply                   |                      | V <sub>DD</sub> = TXD = 3.3V,<br>STBY = SHDN =<br>0V, RXD open            | No load                             |                 | 3.6  |     | - mA  |  |  |
| Current                            | I <sub>DD_REC</sub>  | V <sub>DD</sub> = TXD = 3.3V,<br>STBY = SHDN =<br>0V, RXD open            | CANH shorted to CANL                |                 | 3.6  |     | IIIA  |  |  |
| Shutdown Current                   | I <sub>SHDN</sub>    | SHDN = STBY = TX  | D = V <sub>DD</sub>                 |                 |      | 5   | μA    |  |  |
| Standby Supply Current             | I <sub>STBY</sub>    | STBY = TXD = V <sub>DD</sub> , open                                       | SHDN = 0V, RXD                      |                 |      | 60  | μA    |  |  |
| UVLO Threshold Rising              | V <sub>UVLO_R</sub>  | V <sub>DD</sub> rising  |                                     |                 |      | 2.7 | V     |  |  |
| UVLO Threshold Falling             | V <sub>UVLO_F</sub>  | V <sub>DD</sub> falling   | V <sub>DD</sub> falling             |                 |      |     | V     |  |  |
| FAULT PROTECTION                   |                      |   |                                     |                 |      |     |       |  |  |
| ESD Protection (CANH,              |                      | Human Body Model (HBM), JEDEC<br>JS-001-2017                              |                                     |                 | ±40  |     |       |  |  |
| CANL to GND)                       |                      | Air-Gap ISO 10605, IEC 61000-4-2  |                                     |                 | ±15  |     | kV    |  |  |
|                                    |                      | Contact ISO 10605, IEC 61000-4-2  |                                     |                 | ±10  |     |       |  |  |
| ESD Protection (All<br>Other Pins) |                      | Human Body Model (HBM)  |                                     |                 | ±4   |     | kV    |  |  |
| Fault Protection Range             | V <sub>FP</sub>      | CANH or CANL to G   | ND                                  | -40             |      | +40 | V     |  |  |
| Thermal Shutdown                   | T <sub>SHDN</sub>    |   |                                     |                 | +160 |     | °C    |  |  |
| Thermal Shutdown<br>Hysteresis     | T <sub>HYST</sub>    |   |                                     |                 | +20  |     | °C    |  |  |
| LOGIC INTERFACE (RXD               | O, TXD, STBY, S      | SHDN)   |                                     |                 |      |     |       |  |  |
| Input High Voltage                 | $V_{IH}$             |   |                                     | 2               |      |     | V     |  |  |
| Input Low Voltage                  | $V_{IL}$             |   |                                     |                 |      | 0.8 | V     |  |  |
| TXD Input Pullup<br>Resistance     | R <sub>PU_TXD</sub>  | TXD = 0V  |                                     | 100             |      | 250 | kΩ    |  |  |
| STBY Input Pullup<br>Resistance    | R <sub>PU_STBY</sub> | STBY = 0V   |                                     | 100             |      | 250 | kΩ    |  |  |
| Slow Slew Rate Resistor            | R <sub>SLEW_ON</sub> | External resistor size from STBY to ground to enable slow slew rate mode. |                                     |                 | 39.2 |     | kΩ    |  |  |
| SHDN Input Pulldown<br>Resistance  | R <sub>PD_SHDN</sub> | SHDN = V <sub>DD</sub>  |                                     | 1               |      |     | МΩ    |  |  |
| Output High Voltage                | V <sub>OH</sub>      | Sourcing 4mA, TXD   | Sourcing 4mA, TXD = V <sub>DD</sub> |                 |      |     | V     |  |  |
| Output Low Voltage                 | V <sub>OL</sub>      | Sinking 4mA, TXD =  | 0V                                  | V <sub>DD</sub> |      | 0.4 | V     |  |  |
| Input Low Voltage STBY             | V <sub>IL_STBY</sub> |   |                                     |                 |      | 0.2 | V     |  |  |

### **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{DD}$  = 3.0V to 3.6V,  $R_{LD}$  = 60 $\Omega$ ,  $C_{LD}$  = 100pF,  $C_L$  = 15pF,  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at  $V_{DD}$  = 3.3V and  $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise specified. (Note 1))

| PARAMETER  | SYMBOL                  | COND   | ITIONS                           | MIN  | TYP | MAX             | UNITS |
|--|-------------------------|--|----------------------------------|------|-----|-----------------|-------|
| CAN BUS DRIVER                                       |                         |  |                                  | •    |     |                 |       |
| Bus Output Voltage                                   | .,,                     | 1 - 1 TVD - 0V                                       | CANH                             | 2.25 |     | V <sub>DD</sub> | V     |
| (Dominant)   | Vo_dom                  | $t < t_{DOM}$ , TXD = 0V                             | CANL                             | 0.5  |     | 1.25            |       |
| Bus Output Voltage                                   | V                       | TXD = V <sub>DD</sub> , No                           | CANH                             | 1    |     | 2               | V     |
| (Recessive)  | V <sub>O_REC</sub>      | load   | CANL                             | 1    |     | 2               | V     |
| Bus Output Differential Voltage (Dominant)           | V <sub>OD_DOM</sub>     | TXD = 0V   | 1.5                              |      | 3   | V               |       |
|  |                         |  | R <sub>CM</sub> = open           | 1.5  |     | 3               |       |
| Output Voltage Standby                               | V <sub>O_STBY</sub>     | $TXD = STBY = V_{DD}$                                | no load                          | 40   |     | 120             | mV    |
| Bus Output Differential                              | Von neo                 | TXD = V <sub>DD</sub>                                | $R_{LD} = 60\Omega$              | -10  |     | +10             | mV    |
| Voltage (Recessive)                                  | V <sub>OD_REC</sub>     | TAD = VDD  | No load                          | -50  |     | +50             | IIIV  |
| Short-Circuit Current                                | I <sub>SC_CANH</sub>    | TXD = 0V, CANH = -                                   | 40V                              |      | 2   | 5               | mA    |
| Short-Circuit Current                                | I <sub>SC_CANL</sub>    | TXD = 0V, CANL = +                                   | -40V                             |      | 2   | 5               | IIIA  |
| RECEIVER   |                         |  |                                  |      |     |                 |       |
| Common-Mode Input<br>Range                           | V <sub>CM</sub>         | CANH or CANL to G valid                              | -25                              |      | +25 | V               |       |
| Common-Mode Input<br>Range Standby Mode              | V <sub>CM_STBY</sub>    | CANH or CANL to G valid                              | -12                              |      | +12 | V               |       |
| Input Differential Voltage (Dominant)                | V <sub>ID_DOM</sub>     | -25V ≤ V <sub>CM</sub> ≤ +25V, TXD = V <sub>DD</sub> |                                  |      |     | 0.9             | V     |
| Input Differential Voltage (Recessive)               | V <sub>ID_REC</sub>     | -25V ≤ V <sub>CM</sub> ≤ +25V, TXD = V <sub>DD</sub> |                                  | 0.5  |     |                 | V     |
| Standby Input<br>Differential Voltage<br>(Dominant)  | V <sub>ID</sub> STBYDOM | -12V ≤ V <sub>CM</sub> ≤ +12V, TXD = V <sub>DD</sub> |                                  |      |     | 1.15            | V     |
| Standby Input<br>Differential Voltage<br>(Recessive) | V <sub>ID_STBYREC</sub> | -12V ≤ V <sub>CM</sub> ≤ +12V,                       | TXD = V <sub>DD</sub>            | 0.45 |     |                 | V     |
| Input Differential<br>Hysteresis                     | V <sub>ID_HYS</sub>     | -25V ≤ V <sub>CM</sub> ≤ +25V                        |                                  |      | 90  |                 | mV    |
| Input Resistance                                     | R <sub>IN</sub>         | $TXD = V_{DD}$                                       |                                  | 10   |     | 50              | kΩ    |
| Differential Input<br>Resistance                     | R <sub>IN_DIFF</sub>    | $TXD = V_{DD}$                                       |                                  | 20   |     | 100             | kΩ    |
| Input Capacitance                                    | C <sub>IN</sub>         | $TXD = V_{DD}$ (Note 2)                              |                                  |      | 19  | 35              | pF    |
| Differential Input<br>Capacitance                    | C <sub>IN_DIFF</sub>    | TXD = V <sub>DD</sub> (Note 2)                       |                                  |      | 10  | 18              | pF    |
| Input Leakage Current                                | I <sub>LKG</sub>        | V <sub>DD</sub> = 0V, CANH = 0                       | CANL = 3.3V                      |      | 100 | 220             | μA    |
| SWITCHING  |                         |  |                                  |      |     |                 |       |
|  |                         | Davis = onon   | V <sub>STBY</sub> = 0V           |      | 20  |                 |       |
| Driver Rise Time                                     | t <sub>R</sub>          | R <sub>CM</sub> = open,<br>Figure 1                  | 39.2kΩ resistor from STBY to GND |      | 100 |                 | ns    |

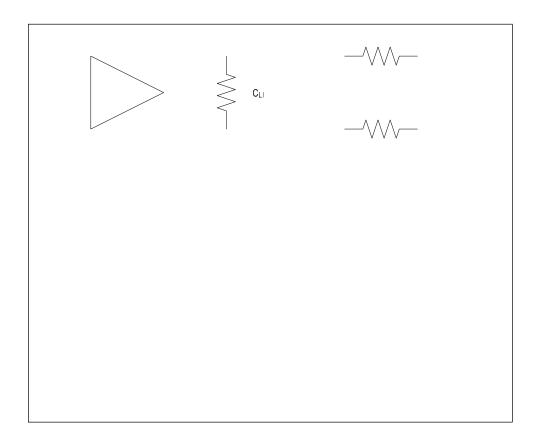
### **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

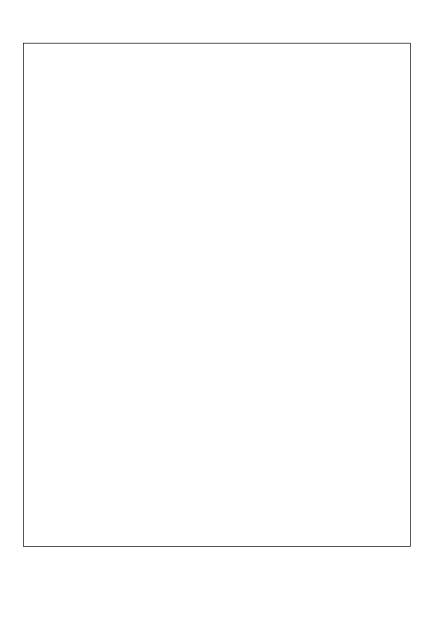
 $(V_{DD}$  = 3.0V to 3.6V,  $R_{LD}$  = 60 $\Omega$ ,  $C_{LD}$  = 100pF,  $C_L$  = 15pF,  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at  $V_{DD}$  = 3.3V and  $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise specified. (Note 1))

| PARAMETER   | SYMBOL                | COND   | ITIONS                              | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|---|-----------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
|   |                       | Paul = opon  | V <sub>STBY</sub> = 0V              |     | 25  |     |       |
| Driver Fall Time  | t <sub>F</sub>        | R <sub>CM</sub> = open,<br>Figure 1                              | 39.2kΩ resistor from STBY to GND    |     | 100 |     | ns    |
| TXD to RXD Loop Delay                                   | t <sub>LOOP</sub>     | STBY = 0V  | Dominant-to Recessive, Figure 2     |     | 70  | 140 | ns    |
|   |                       |  | Recessive-to-<br>Dominant, Figure 2 |     | 90  | 140 |       |
| TXD Propagation Delay (Recessive to Dominant)           | tontxd                | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V, R <sub>CM</sub> is open, <u>Figure 1</u> |                                     |     | 43  | 60  | ns    |
| TXD Propagation Delay (Dominant to Recessive)           | tofftxd               | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V, R <sub>CM</sub> is open, <u>Figure 1</u> |                                     |     | 40  | 60  | ns    |
| RXD Propagation Delay (Recessive to Dominant)           | tonrxd                | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V, C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF, <u>Figure 3</u>   |                                     |     | 55  | 85  | ns    |
| RXD Propagation Delay (Dominant to Recessive)           | toffrxd               | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V, C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF, <u>Figure 3</u>   |                                     |     | 45  | 85  | ns    |
| TXD-Dominant Timeout                                    | t <sub>DOM</sub>      | Figure 4   |                                     | 1.3 |     | 4.3 | ms    |
| Wake-Up Time  | t <sub>WAKE</sub>     | Figure 5   |                                     |     | 2.3 |     | μs    |
| Standby Propagation<br>Delay (Dominant to<br>Recessive) | <sup>t</sup> PLH_STBY | STBY = V <sub>DD</sub> , <u>Figure 5</u>                         |                                     |     | 400 |     | ns    |
| Standby to Normal<br>Mode Delay                         | t <sub>D_STBYN</sub>  | C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF, <u>Figure 6</u>                           |                                     |     | 20  |     | μs    |
| Normal to Standby<br>Dominant Delay                     | t <sub>D_NSTBY</sub>  | C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF, <u>Figure 6</u>                           |                                     |     | 30  |     | μs    |
| Shutdown to Normal<br>Delay                             | t <sub>D_</sub> SHDNN | C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF, <u>Figure 7</u>                           |                                     |     | 25  |     | μs    |

**Note 1:** All units are 100% production tested at  $T_A = +25$ °C. Specifications over temperature are guaranteed by design.

**Note 2:** Not production tested. Guaranteed at  $T_A = +25$ °C.



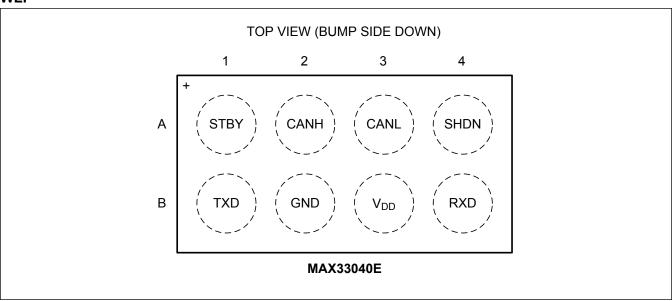


Typical Operating Characteristics ( $V_{DD}$  = 3.3V,  $R_{LD}$  = 60 $\Omega$ ,  $C_{LD}$  = 100pF,  $C_L$  = 15pF,  $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

# Typical Operating Characteristics (continued) $(V_{DD} = 3.3V, R_{LD} = 60\Omega, C_{LD} = 100pF, C_L = 15pF, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$

+3.3V, 5Mbps CAN Transceiver with ±40V Fault Protection, ±25V CMR, and ±40kV ESD in 8-Pin SOT23

### **WLP**

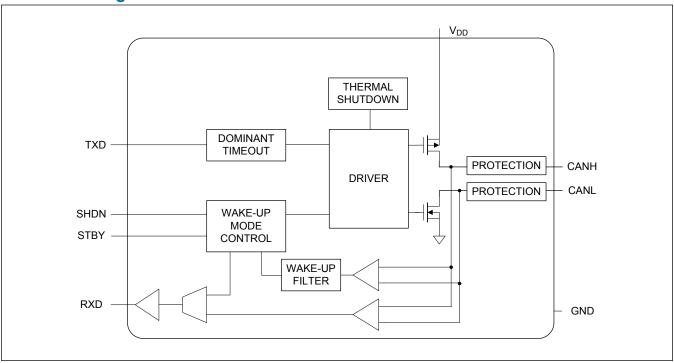


### **Pin Description**

| PIN NAME |    |                 | T. WOTION   |
|----------|----|-----------------|---|
|          |    | NAME            | FUNCTION  |
| 1        | B1 | TXD             | Transmit Data Input. Drive TXD high to set the driver in the recessive state. Drive TXD low to set the driver in the dominant state. TXD has an internal pullup to $V_{DD}$ .   |
| 2        | B2 | GND             | Ground.   |
| 3        | В3 | V <sub>DD</sub> | Supply Voltage. Bypass V <sub>DD</sub> to GND with a 0.1µF capacitor.   |
| 4        | B4 | RXD             | Receive Data Output. RXD is high when CANH and CANL are in the recessive state. RXD is low when CANH and CANL are in the dominant state.  |
| 5        | A4 | SHDN            | Shutdown Input, CMOS/TTL compatible. Drive SHDN high to put MAX33040E/MAX33041E in shutdown. SHDN has an internal pulldown resistor to GND.   |
| 6        | A3 | CANL            | CAN Bus-Line Low  |
| 7        | A2 | CANH            | CAN Bus-Line High   |
| 8        | A1 | STBY            | Standby Mode. A logic-high on STBY pin selects the standby mode. In standby mode, the transceiver is not able to transmit data and the receiver is in low power mode. A logic-low on STBY pin puts the transceiver in normal operating mode. A 39.2kΩ external resistor can be used to connect the STBY pin to ground for slow slew rate. |

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### **Functional Diagram**



+3.3V, 5Mbps CAN Transceiver with ±40V Fault Protection, ±25V CMR, and ±40kV ESD in 8-Pin SOT23

### **Detailed Description**

The MAX33040E/MAX33041E are fault-protected CAN transceivers designed for industrial applications with a number of integrated robust protection feature set. These devices provide a link between the CAN protocol controller and the physical wires of the bus lines in a CAN. They can be used for DeviceNet™ applications as well.

These CAN transceivers are fault-protected on CANH and CANL up to ±40V, making it suitable for applications where overvoltage protection is required. These devices are rated up to a high ±40kV HBM ESD on CANH and CANL, suitable for protection during the manufacturing process, and even in the field where there is human interface for installation and maintenance. In addition, a common-mode voltage of ±25V enables communication in noisy environments where there are ground plane differences between different systems due to close proximity of heavy equipment machinery or operation from different transformers. The devices' dominant timeout prevents the bus from being blocked by a hung-up microcontroller, and the outputs CANH and CANL are short-circuit, current-limited, and are protected against excessive power dissipation by thermal shutdown circuitry that places the driver outputs in a high-impedance state.

These devices can operate up to 5Mbps with a standby mode where it shuts off the transmitter and reduces the current to 30µA (typ).

#### ±40V Fault Protection

These devices feature ±40V of fault protection. CANH and CANL data lines are capable of withstanding a short from -40V to +40V. This extended overvoltage range makes it suitable for applications where accidental shorts to power supply lines are possible due to human intervention.

#### **Transmitter**

The transmitter converts a single-ended input signal (TXD) from the local CAN controller to differential outputs for the bus lines CANH and CANL. The truth table for the transmitter and receiver is provided in <u>Table 1</u>.

### **Transmitter Output Protection**

The MAX33040E/MAX33041E protects the transmitter output stage against a short-circuit to a positive or negative voltage by limiting the driver current. Thermal shutdown further protects the devices from excessive temperatures that may result from a short or high ambient temperature. The transmitter returns to normal operation once the temperature is lowered below the threshold.

#### **Transmitter-Dominant Timeout**

The devices feature a transmitter dominant timeout ( $t_{DOM}$ ) that prevents erroneous CAN controllers from clamping the bus to a dominant level by maintaining a continuous low TXD signal. When TXD remains in the dominant state (low) for greater than 2.5ms typical  $t_{DOM}$ , the transmitter is disabled, releasing the bus to a recessive state (<u>Figure 4</u>). After a dominant timeout fault, the transmitter is re-enabled when receiving a rising edge at TXD. The transmitter dominant timeout limits the minimum possible data rate to 9kbps for standard CAN protocol.

### Receiver

The receiver reads the differential input from the bus line CANH and CANL and transfers this data as a single-ended output RXD to the CAN controller. It consists of a comparator that senses the difference  $V_{DIFF}$  = (CANH-CANL), with respect to an internal threshold of 0.7V. If  $V_{DIFF}$  > 0.9V, a logic-low is present on RXD. If  $V_{DIFF}$  < 0.5V, a logic-high is present. The CANH and CANL common-mode range is ±25V. RXD is a logic-high when CANH and CANL are shorted or terminated and undriven.

#### **Standby Mode**

Drive STBY pin high for standby mode, which switches the transmitter off and the receiver to a low current and low-speed state. The supply current is reduced during standby mode. The bus line is monitored by a low differential comparator to detect and recognize a wakeup event on the bus line. Once the comparator detects a dominant bus level greater than 2.3µs typical twaker, RXD pulls low. Drive the STBY low for normal operation.

+3.3V, 5Mbps CAN Transceiver with ±40V Fault Protection, ±25V CMR, and ±40kV ESD in 8-Pin SOT23

### **Slow Slew Rate**

Connect a  $39.2k\Omega$  resistor between ground and the STBY pin to reduce the slew rate on the transmitter output. The STBY pin voltage should be between 0.1V to 0.6V to remain in slow slew rate. This will change the MAX33040E with a slow slew rate of  $15V/\mu s$  for rising edge compared with normal mode at  $120V/\mu s$ . For falling edge, the slow slew rate is  $20V/\mu s$  compared with normal mode at  $80V/\mu s$ .

Table 1. Transmitter and Receiver Truth Table (When Not Connected to the Bus)

| MODE                          | TXD  | TXD LOW TIME       | CANH               | CANL               | BUS STATE | RXD  |
|-------------------------------|------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|------|
| Normal (STBY = LOW)           | LOW  | < t <sub>DOM</sub> | HIGH               | LOW                | DOMINANT  | LOW  |
| Normal (STBY = LOW)           | LOW  | > t <sub>DOM</sub> | V <sub>DD</sub> /2 | V <sub>DD</sub> /2 | RECESSIVE | HIGH |
| Normal (STBY = LOW)           | HIGH | X                  | V <sub>DD</sub> /2 | V <sub>DD</sub> /2 | RECESSIVE | HIGH |
| Standby (STBY = HIGH)         | Х    | X                  | HIGH               | LOW                | DOMINANT  | LOW  |
| Standby (STBY = HIGH)         | Х    | X                  | V <sub>DD</sub> /2 | V <sub>DD</sub> /2 | RECESSIVE | HIGH |
| Shutdown (SHDN = STBY = HIGH) | Х    | X                  | V <sub>DD</sub> /2 | V <sub>DD</sub> /2 | RECESSIVE | HIGH |

X = Don't care

#### **Shutdown Mode**

Drive SHDN pin high for shutdown mode, which switches the transmitter and receiver off. The supply current is reduced to maximum of 5µA during shutdown mode. Drive the SHDN pin low for normal operation.

### **Applications Information**

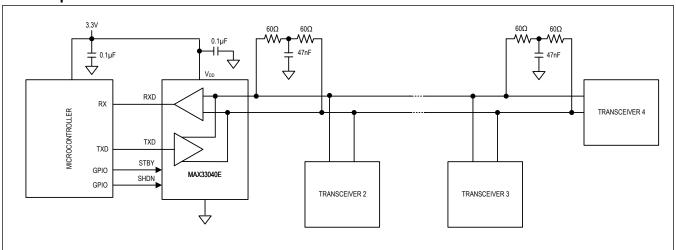
### **Reduced EMI and Reflections**

In multidrop CAN applications, it is important to maintain a single linear bus of uniform impedance that is properly terminated at each end. A star, ring or tree configuration should never be used. Any deviation from the end-to-end wiring scheme creates a stub. High-speed data edges on a stub can create reflections back down to the bus. These reflections can cause data errors by eroding the noise margin of the system.

Although stubs are unavoidable in a multidrop system, care should be taken to keep these stubs as short as possible, especially when operating with high data rates.

### **Typical Application Circuits**

### **Multidrop CAN Bus**



### **Ordering Information**

| PART NUMBER     | TEMPERATURE RANGE | PIN-PACKAGE |
|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|
| MAX33041EASA+   | -40°C to +125°C   | 8 SO        |
| MAX33041EASA+T  | -40°C to +125°C   | 8 SO        |
| MAX33040EAKA+   | -40°C to +125°C   | 8 SOT23     |
| MAX33040EAKA+T  | -40°C to +125°C   | 8 SOT23     |
| MAX33040EAWA+*  | -40°C to +125°C   | 8 WLP       |
| MAX33040EAWA+T* | -40°C to +125°C   | 8 WLP       |

<sup>+</sup> Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

T = Tape and reel.

<sup>\*</sup> Future product—contact factory for availability.

## **Revision History**

| REVISION NUMBER | REVISION DATE | DESCRIPTION  | PAGES<br>CHANGED          |
|-----------------|---------------|--|---------------------------|
| 0               | 2/20          | Initial release  | _                         |
| 1               | 5/20          | Updated General Description, Benefits and Features, Figure 5, Detailed Description, Ordering Information table | 1, 12, 19, 2 <sup>-</sup> |
| 2               | 6/21          | Updated Ordering Information   | 17                        |
| 3               | 9/21          | Updated Electrical Characteristics table   | 4                         |

