

**CHIP COIL (CHIP INDUCTORS) LQH31HZ□□□□03L  
Murata Standard Reference Specification [AEC-Q200]**

**1. Scope**

This reference specification applies to Chip coil (Chip Inductors) LQH31HZ series for automotive Electronics based on AEC-Q200 except for Power train and Safety.

**2. Part Numbering**

(ex) LQ H 31 H Z 54N K 0 3 L  
 Product ID Structure Dimension (L×W) Applications and Characteristics Category Inductance Tolerance Features Electrode Packaging L:Taping

**3. Rating**

- Operating Temperature Range. -40 to + 85°C
- Storage Temperature Range. -40 to + 85°C

Customer Part Number	MURATA Part Number	Inductance		Q (min)	DC Resistance (Ω)	Self Resonant Frequency (MHz min)	Rated Current (mA)	ESD Rank 1C: 2kV
		(nH)	Tolerance					
	LQH31HZ54NK03L	54	K:±10%	50	0.035±30%	800	920	1C
	LQH31HZ95NK03L	95			0.047±30%	650	790	
	LQH31HZR14J03L	145	J:±5% K:±10%	60	0.061±30%	500	700	
	LQH31HZR14K03L							
	LQH31HZR21J03L	215	J:±5% K:±10%	60	0.11±30%	430	520	
	LQH31HZR21K03L							
	LQH31HZR29J03L	290	J:±5% K:±10%	60	0.17±30%	360	420	
	LQH31HZR29K03L							
	LQH31HZR39J03L	390	J:±5% K:±10%	60	0.26±30%	300	330	
	LQH31HZR39K03L							
	LQH31HZR50J03L	500	J:±5% K:±10%	60	0.44±30%	270	260	
	LQH31HZR50K03L							
	LQH31HZR61J03L	610	J:±5% K:±10%	60	0.48±30%	240	250	
	LQH31HZR61K03L							
	LQH31HZR75J03L	750	J:±5% K:±10%	60	0.79±30%	220	190	
	LQH31HZR75K03L							
	LQH31HZR88J03L	880	J:±5% K:±10%	60	0.86±30%	200	180	
	LQH31HZR88K03L							

**4. Testing Conditions**

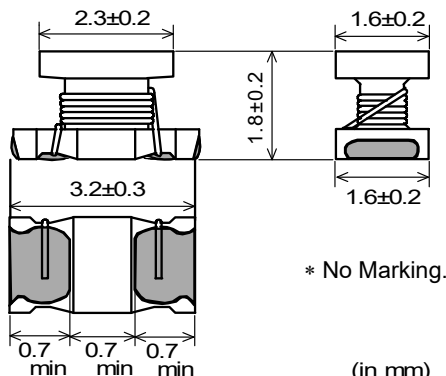
《Unless otherwise specified》

Temperature : Ordinary Temperature / 15°C to 35°C  
 Humidity : Ordinary Humidity / 25%(RH) to 85%(RH)

《In case of doubt》

Temperature : 20°C± 2°C  
 Humidity : 60%(RH) to 70%(RH)  
 Atmospheric Pressure : 86kPa to 106 kPa

**5. Appearance and Dimensions**



■ Unit Mass (Typical value)  
0.029 g

\* No Marking.

(in mm)

**6. Electrical Performance**

No.	Item	Specification	Test Method
6.1	Inductance	Inductance shall meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment : KEYSIGHT E4991A or equivalent Measuring Frequency : 1MHz Measuring Method:See P.8 <Electrical Performance: Measuring Method of Inductance>
6.2	Q	Q shall meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment : KEYSIGHT 4191A or equivalent Measuring Frequency : 100MHz
6.3	DC Resistance	DC Resistance shall meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment : Digital multi meter
6.4	Self Resonant Frequency(S.R.F)	S.R.F shall meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment : KEYSIGHT E4991A or equivalent
6.5	Rated Current	Self temperature rise shall be limited to 20 °C max. Inductance Change : within $\pm 10\%$	The rated Current is applied.

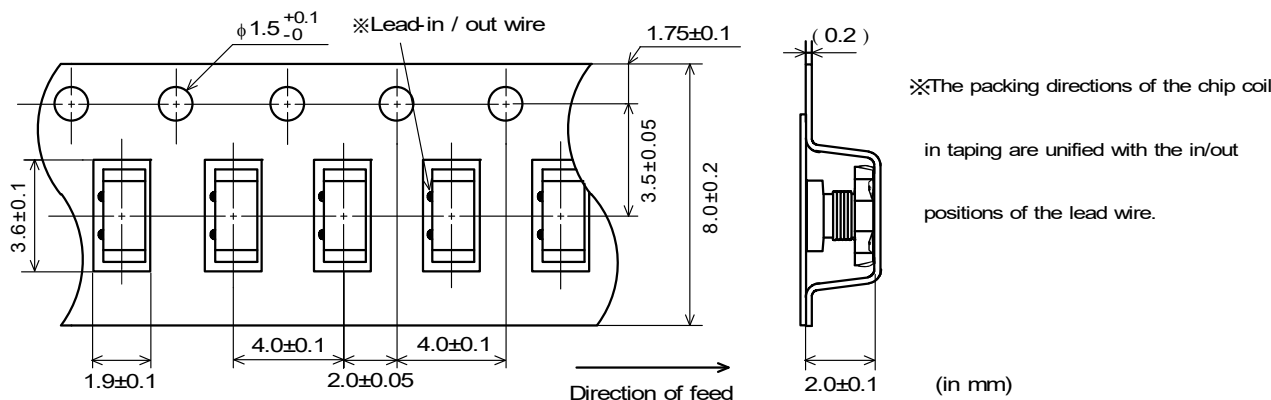
**7. AEC-Q200 Requirement****7.1 Performance (based on Table 5 for Magnetics(Inductors / Transformer)****AEC-Q200 Rev.D issued June. 1 2010**

AEC-Q200			Murata Specification / Deviation						
No	Stress	Test Method							
3	High Temperature Exposure	1000hours at 85 deg C Set for 24hours at room temperature, then measured.	Meet Table A after testing. <u>Table A</u> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Appearance</td> <td>No damage</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Inductance change (at 100MHz)</td> <td>Within <math>\pm 5\%</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Q change</td> <td>Within <math>\pm 20\%</math></td> </tr> </table>	Appearance	No damage	Inductance change (at 100MHz)	Within $\pm 5\%$	Q change	Within $\pm 20\%$
Appearance	No damage								
Inductance change (at 100MHz)	Within $\pm 5\%$								
Q change	Within $\pm 20\%$								
4	Temperature Cycling	1000cycles -40 deg C to + 85deg C Set for 24hours at room temperature, then measured.	Meet Table A after testing.						
7	Biased Humidity	1000hours at 85 deg C, 85%RH unpowered..	Meet Table A after testing.						
8	Operational Life	Apply 85 deg C 1000 hours Set for 24hours at room temperature, then measured	Meet Table A after testing.						
9	External Visual	Visual inspection	No abnormalities						
10	Physical Dimension	Meet ITEM 5 (Style and Dimensions)	No defects						
12	Resistance to Solvents	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 215	Not Applicable						
13	Mechanical Shock	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 213 Condition C 100g's/6ms/Half sine	Meet Table A after testing.						

AEC-Q200			Murata Specification / Deviation				
No	Stress	Test Method					
14	Vibration	5g's for 20 minutes, 12cycles eah of 3 orientations Test from 10-2000Hz. 12cycles each of 3 orientations	Meet Table A after testing.				
15	Resistance to Soldering Heat	No-heating Solder temperature 260C+/-5 deg C Immersion time 10s	Meet Table A after testing.				
17	ESD	Per AEC-Q200-002	ESD Rank: Refer to Item 3. Rating. No defects				
18	Solderbility	Per J-STD-002	Method b : Not Applicable 95% of the terminations is to be soldered. (Except exposed wire)				
19	Electrical Characterization	Measured : Inductance	No defects				
20	Flammability	Per UL-94	Not Applicable				
21	Board Flex	Epoxy-PCB(1.6mm) Deflection 2mm(min) 60s minimum holding time	Murata deviation request: 30s Meet Table B after testing. <u>Table B</u> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>Appearance</td> <td>No damage</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DC resistance change</td> <td>Within ±10%</td> </tr> </table>	Appearance	No damage	DC resistance change	Within ±10%
Appearance	No damage						
DC resistance change	Within ±10%						
22	Terminal Strength	Per AEC-Q200-006 A force of 17.7N for 60s	No defect Murata deviation request: 10N for 5s				

**8. Specification of Packaging**

**8.1 Appearance and Dimensions of plastic tape**



Dimension of the Cavity is measured at the bottom side.

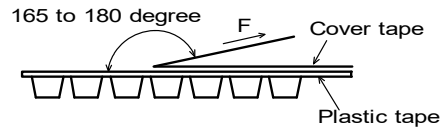
- (1) Packing quantity (standard quantity)  
2,000 pcs / reel
- (2) Packing Method  
Products shall be packed in the each embossed cavity of plastic tape and sealed by cover tape.
- (3) Sprocket hole  
The sprocket holes are to the right as the tape is pulled toward the user.
- (4) Spliced point  
Plastic tape and Cover tape has no spliced point.
- (5) Missing components number  
Missing components number within 0.025% of the number per reel or 1 pc., whichever is greater, and are not continuous. The specified quantity per reel is kept.

**8.3 Pull Strength**

Plastic tape	10N min.
Cover tape	

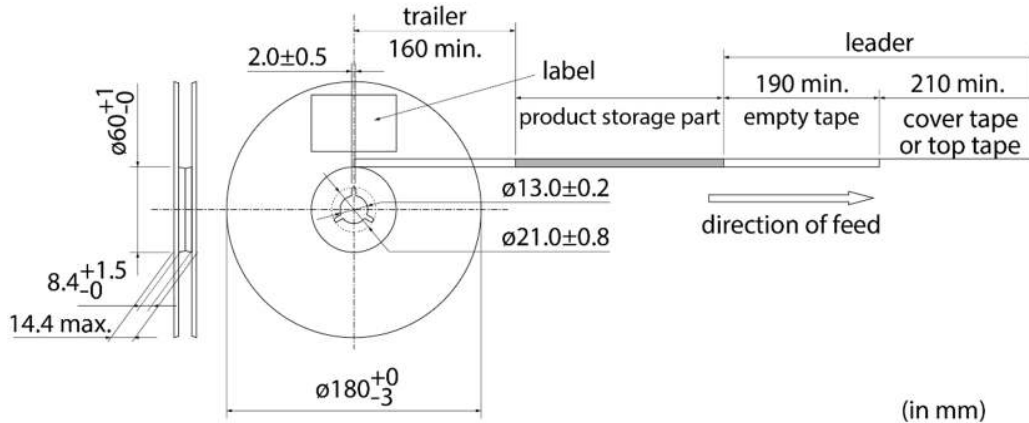
**8.4 Peeling off force of cover tape**

Speed of Peeling off	300mm / min
Peeling off force	0.2N to 0.7N (minimum value is typical)



**8.5 Dimensions of Leader-tape, Trailer and Reel**

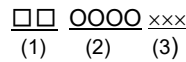
There shall be leader-tape (cover tape) and trailer-tape (empty tape) as follows.



**8.6 Marking for reel**

Customer part number, MURATA part number, Inspection number(\*1), RoHS marking(\*2), Quantity etc ...

\*1) <Expression of Inspection No.>



(1) Factory Code

(2) Date

First digit : Year / Last digit of year

Second digit : Month / Jan. to Sep. → 1 to 9, Oct. to Dec. → O, N, D

Third, Fourth digit : Day

(3) Serial No.

\*2) « Expression of RoHS marking » ROHS - Y (Δ)  
(1) (2)

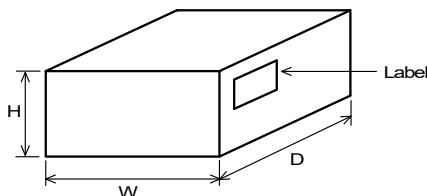
(1) RoHS regulation conformity

(2) MURATA classification number

**8.7 Marking for Outside package (corrugated paper box)**

Customer name, Purchasing order number, Customer part number, MURATA part number, RoHS marking (\*2), Quantity, etc ...

**8.8. Specification of Outer Case**



Outer Case Dimensions (mm)			Standard Reel Quantity in Outer Case (Reel)
W	D	H	
186	186	93	5

\* Above Outer Case size is typical. It depends on a quantity of an order

**9. ⚠ Caution**

**9.1 Limitation of Applications**

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- (1) Aircraft equipment
- (2) Aerospace equipment
- (3) Undersea equipment
- (4) Power plant control equipment
- (5) Medical equipment
- (6) Transportation equipment (trains, ships, etc.)
- (7) Traffic signal equipment
- (8) Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- (9) Data-processing equipment
- (10) Applications of similar complexity and /or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above

**9.2 Precautions on rating**

Do not use the products in excess of their rated current. Doing so may cause the product to generate heat, resulting in short circuit between wires, wire breakage, or melted solder, which may cause dropping of parts.

**9.3 Fail-safe**

Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function on your product to prevent a second damage that may be caused by the abnormal function or the failure of our product.

**9.4 Corrosive gas**

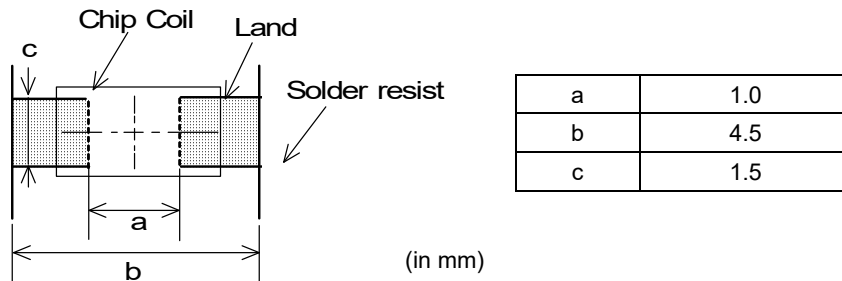
Please refrain from use since contact with environments with corrosive gases (sulfur gas [hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, etc.], chlorine, ammonia, etc.) or oils (cutting oil, silicone oil, etc.) that have come into contact with the previously stated corrosive gas environment will result in deterioration of product quality or an open from deterioration due to corrosion of product electrode, etc. We will not bear any responsibility for use under these environments.

**10. Notice**

This product is designed for solder mounting.  
Please consult us in advance for applying other mounting method such as conductive adhesive.

**10.1 Land pattern designing**

Recommended land patterns for flow and reflow soldering are as follows:  
It has been designed for Electric characteristics and solderability.  
Please follow the recommended pattern. Otherwise, their performance which includes electrical performance or solderability may be affected, or result to "position shift" in soldering process.



**10.2 Flux, Solder**

Flux	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use rosin-based flux.</li> <li>• Don't use highly acidic flux with halide content exceeding 0.2(wt)% (chlorine conversion value).</li> <li>• Don't use water-soluble flux.</li> </ul>
Solder	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder</li> <li>• Standard thickness of solder paste : 200µm to 300µm</li> </ul>

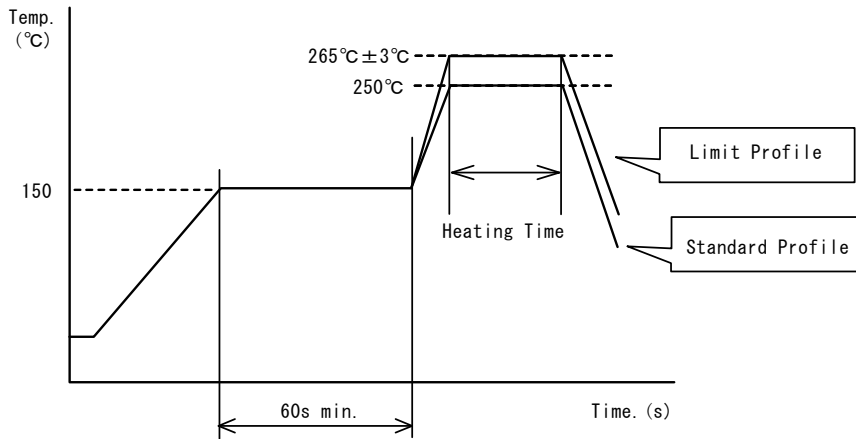
Other flux (except above) Please contact us for details, then use.

**10.3 Flow soldering / Reflow soldering conditions**

- Pre-heating should be in such a way that the temperature difference between solder and product surface is limited to 150°C max. Cooling into solvent after soldering also should be in such a way that the temperature difference is limited to 100°C max.  
Insufficient pre-heating may cause cracks on the product, resulting in the deterioration of products quality.
- Standard soldering profile and the limit soldering profile is as follows.  
The excessive limit soldering conditions may cause leaching of the electrode and / or resulting in the deterioration of product quality.

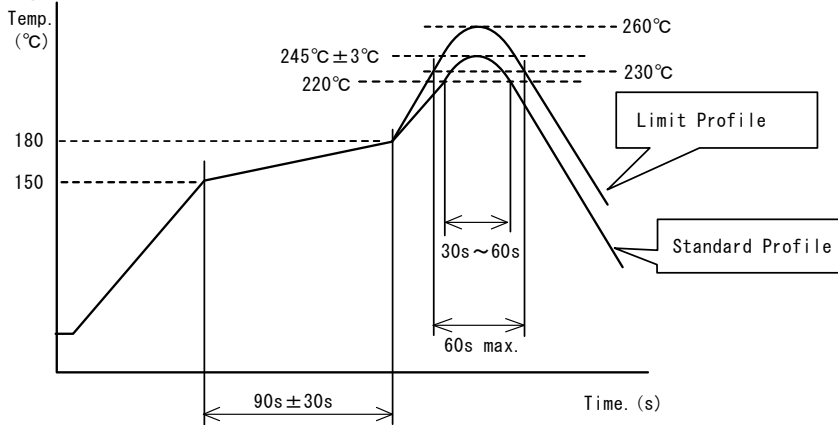
**Soldering profile**

**(1)Flow soldering profile**



	Standard Profile	Limit Profile
Pre-heating	150°C、60s min.	
Heating	250°C、4s~6s	265°C±3°C、5s
Cycle of flow	2 times	2 times

**(2)Reflow soldering profile**



	Standard Profile	Limit Profile
Pre-heating	150~180°C、90s±30s	
Heating	above 220°C、30s~60s	above 230°C、60s max.
Peak temperature	245±3°C	260°C、10s
Cycle of reflow	2 times	2 times

**10.4 Reworking with soldering iron.**

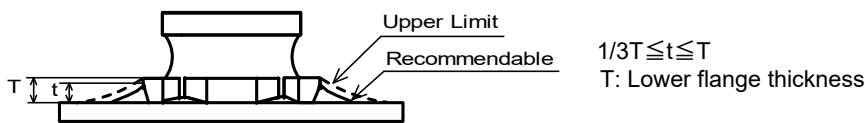
The following conditions must be strictly followed when using a soldering iron.

Pre-heating	150°C, 1 min
Tip temperature	350°C max.
Soldering iron output	80W max.
Tip diameter	ø 3mm max.
Soldering time	3(+1,-0)s
Times	2 times

Note : Do not directly touch the products with the tip of the soldering iron in order to prevent the crack on the products due to the thermal shock.

**10.5 Solder Volume**

- Solder shall be used not to be exceeded the upper limits as shown below.
- Accordingly increasing the solder volume, the mechanical stress to Chip is also increased. Exceeding solder volume may cause the failure of mechanical or electrical performance.

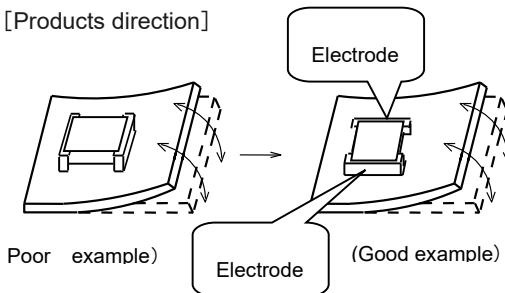


**10.6 Product's location**

The following shall be considered when designing and laying out P.C.B.'s.

- (1) P.C.B. shall be designed so that products are not subject to the mechanical stress due to warping the board.

[Products direction]



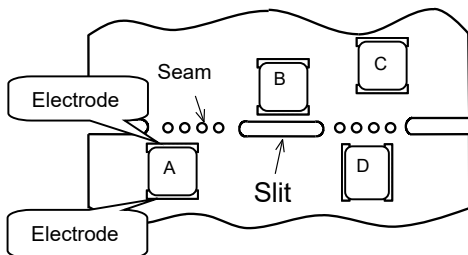
Products shall be located in the sideways direction (Length:a<b) to the mechanical stress.

- (2) Components location on P.C.B. separation.

It is effective to implement the following measures, to reduce stress in separating the board.

It is best to implement all of the following three measures; however, implement as many measures as possible to reduce stress.

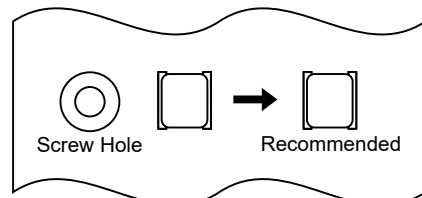
Contents of Measures	Stress Level
(1) Turn the mounting direction of the component parallel to the board separation surface.	A > D *1
(2) Add slits in the board separation part.	A > B
(3) Keep the mounting position of the component away from the board separation surface.	A > C



\*1 A > D is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with Hand Separation. If a Cutting Disc is used, stress will be diagonal to the PCB, therefore A > D is invalid.

- (3) Mounting Components Near Screw Holes

When a component is mounted near a screw hole, it may be affected by the board deflection that occurs during the tightening of the screw. Mount the component in a position as far away from the screw holes as possible.



**10.7 Cleaning Conditions**

Products shall be cleaned on the following conditions.

- (1) Cleaning temperature shall be limited to 60°C max.(40°C max for alcohol type cleaner.)
- (2) Ultrasonic cleaning shall comply with the following conditions with avoiding the resonance phenomenon at the mounted products and P.C.B.  
Power : 20 W / l max.    Frequency : 28kHz to 40kHz    Time : 5 min max.
- (3) Cleaner
  1. Alternative cleaner
    - Isopropyl alcohol (IPA)
  2. Aqueous agent
    - PINE ALPHA ST-100S
- (4) There shall be no residual flux and residual cleaner after cleaning.  
In the case of using aqueous agent, products shall be dried completely after rinse with de-ionized water in order to remove the cleaner.
- (5) Other cleaning  
Please contact us.

**10.8 Resin coating**

The inductance value may change due to high cure-stress of resin to be used for coating/molding products.

An open circuit issue may occur by mechanical stress caused by the resin, amount/cured shape of resin, or operating condition etc. Some resin contains some impurities or chloride possible to generate chlorine by hydrolysis under some operating condition may cause corrosion of wire of coil, leading to open circuit.

So, please pay your careful attention when you select resin in case of coating/molding the products with the resin. Prior to use the coating resin, please make sure no reliability issue is observed by evaluating products mounted on your board.

**10.9 Caution for use**

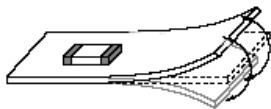
- Sharp material such as a pair of tweezers or other material such as bristles of cleaning brush, shall not be touched to the winding portion to prevent the breaking of wire.
- Mechanical shock should not be applied to the products mounted on the board to prevent the breaking of the core

**10.10 Handling of a substrate**

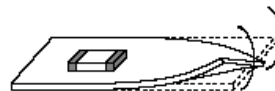
After mounting products on a substrate, do not apply any stress to the product caused by bending or twisting to the substrate when cropping the substrate, inserting and removing a connector from the substrate or tightening screw to the substrate.

Excessive mechanical stress may cause cracking in the product.

Bending



Twisting

**10.11 Storage and Handling Requirements****(1) Storage period**

Use the products within 12 months after delivered.

Solderability should be checked if this period is exceeded.

**(2) Storage conditions**

- Products should be stored in the warehouse on the following conditions.

Temperature : -10 °C to 40 °C

Humidity : 15 % to 85 % relative humidity No rapid change on temperature and humidity

The electrode of the products is coated with solder. Don't keep products in corrosive gases

such as sulfur, chlorine gas or acid, or it may cause oxidization of electrode, resulting in poor solderability.

- Products should not be stored on bulk packaging condition to prevent the chipping of the core and the breaking of winding wire caused by the collision between the products.
- Products should be stored on the palette for the prevention of the influence from humidity, dust and so on.
- Products should be stored in the warehouse without heat shock, vibration, direct sunlight and so on.

**(3) Handling Condition**

Care should be taken when transporting or handling product to avoid excessive vibration or mechanical shock.

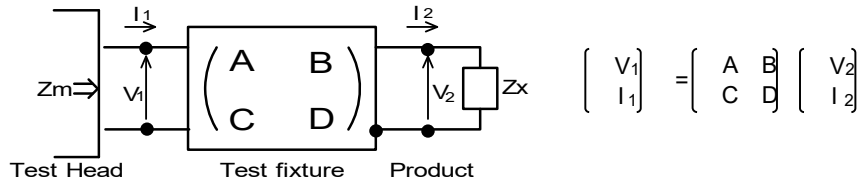
**11. ⚠ Note**

- (1) Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- (2) You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- (3) The contents of this reference specification are subject to change without advance notice.  
Please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.



**<Electrical Performance:Measuring Method of Inductance / Q>**

(1) Residual elements and stray elements of test fixture can be described by F-parameter shown in following.



(2) The impedance of chip coil  $Z_x$  and measured value  $Z_m$  can be described by input/output current/voltage.

$$Z_m = \frac{V_1}{I_1}, \quad Z_x = \frac{V_2}{I_2}$$

(3) Thus, the relation between  $Z_x$  and  $Z_m$  is following;

$$Z_x = \frac{Z_m - \beta}{1 - Z_m \Gamma} \quad \text{where, } \alpha = D / A = 1$$

$$\beta = B / D = Z_{sm} - (1 - Y_{om}) Z_{ss}$$

$$\Gamma = C / A = Y_{om}$$

- $Z_{sm}$  : measured impedance of short chip
- $Z_{ss}$  : residual impedance of short chip (0.771nH)
- $Y_{om}$  : measured admittance when opening the fixture

(4)  $L_x$  and  $Q_x$  shall be calculated with the following equation.

$$L_x = \frac{\text{Im}(Z_x)}{2\pi f}, \quad Q_x = \frac{\text{Im}(Z_x)}{\text{Re}(Z_x)}$$

$L_x$  : Inductance of chip coil  
 $Q_x$  : Q of chip coil  
 $f$  : Measuring frequency