

# SI-8000JF Series Full-Mold, Separate Excitation Step-down Switching Mode

## Features

- Compact full-mold package (equivalent to TO220)
- Output current: 1.5A
- High efficiency: 67 to 88%
- Requires only 4 discrete components
- Internally-adjusted phase correction and output voltage
- Capable of downsize a choke-coil due to IC's high switching frequency (125kHz). (Compared with conventional Sanken devices)
- Built-in foldback-overcurrent and thermal protection circuits
- Output ON/OFF available (circuit current at output OFF: 200 $\mu$ A max.)
- Soft start available by ON/OFF pin

## Lineup

Part Number	SI-8015JF	SI-8033JF	SI-8050JF	SI-8120JF
V <sub>O</sub> (V)*	1.59	3.3	5.0	12.0
I <sub>O</sub> (A)	1.5			

\* V<sub>REF</sub>(V) for SI-8015JF

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
DC Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	43	V
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D1</sub>	16.6 (with infinite heatsink)	W
	P <sub>D2</sub>	1.5 (without heatsink, standalone operation)	W
Junction Temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	+125	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +125	°C
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)	$\theta_{j-c}$	6.0	°C/W

## Applications

- Power supplies for telecommunication equipment
- Onboard local power supplies

## Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings				Unit	Conditions
		SI-8015JF*	SI-8033JF	SI-8050JF	SI-8120JF		
DC Input Voltage Range	V <sub>IN1</sub>	V <sub>O</sub> +2 to 40	5.3 to 40	7 to 40	14 to 40	V	I <sub>O</sub> =0 to 1A
	V <sub>IN2</sub>	V <sub>O</sub> +3 to 40	6.3 to 40	8 to 40	15 to 40	V	I <sub>O</sub> =0 to 1.5A
Output Current Range	I <sub>O</sub>	0 to 1.5				A	V <sub>IN</sub> ≥V <sub>O</sub> +3V
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T <sub>top</sub>	-30 to +125				°C	

\* SI-8015JF is a variable output voltage type. The variable output voltage range is from 2.5 V to 24 V.

## Electrical Characteristics

(T<sub>a</sub>=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings												Unit
		SI-8015JF			SI-8033JF			SI-8050JF			SI-8120JF			
		min.	typ.	max.	min.	typ.	max.	min.	typ.	max.	min.	typ.	max.	
Output Voltage <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>O</sub> <sup>2</sup>	1.558	1.59	1.622	3.234	3.30	3.366	4.90	5.00	5.10	11.76	12.00	12.24	V
	Conditions	V <sub>IN</sub> =12V, I <sub>O</sub> =0.5A			V <sub>IN</sub> =15V, I <sub>O</sub> =0.5A			V <sub>IN</sub> =20V, I <sub>O</sub> =0.5A			V <sub>IN</sub> =24V, I <sub>O</sub> =0.5A			
Efficiency	$\eta$	67			77			82			88			%
	Conditions	V <sub>IN</sub> =12V, I <sub>O</sub> =0.5A			V <sub>IN</sub> =15V, I <sub>O</sub> =0.5A			V <sub>IN</sub> =20V, I <sub>O</sub> =0.5A			V <sub>IN</sub> =24V, I <sub>O</sub> =0.5A			
Oscillation Frequency	f	125			125			125			125			kHz
	Conditions	V <sub>IN</sub> =12V, I <sub>O</sub> =0.5A			V <sub>IN</sub> =15V, I <sub>O</sub> =0.5A			V <sub>IN</sub> =20V, I <sub>O</sub> =0.5A			V <sub>IN</sub> =24V, I <sub>O</sub> =0.5A			
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{OLINE}$	25 80			25 80			40 100			60 130			mV
	Conditions	V <sub>IN</sub> =8 to 30V, I <sub>O</sub> =0.5A			V <sub>IN</sub> =8 to 30V, I <sub>O</sub> =1.0A			V <sub>IN</sub> =10 to 30V, I <sub>O</sub> =1.0A			V <sub>IN</sub> =18 to 30V, I <sub>O</sub> =1.0A			
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{LOAD}$	10 30			10 30			10 40			10 40			mV
	Conditions	V <sub>IN</sub> =12V, I <sub>O</sub> =0.2 to 0.8A			V <sub>IN</sub> =15V, I <sub>O</sub> =0.5 to 1.5A			V <sub>IN</sub> =20V, I <sub>O</sub> =0.5 to 1.5A			V <sub>IN</sub> =24V, I <sub>O</sub> =0.5 to 1.5A			
Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage <sup>3</sup>	$\Delta V_O/\Delta T_a$ <sup>4</sup>	±0.5			±0.5			±0.5			±1.0			mV/°C
Overcurrent Protection	I <sub>S1</sub>	1.6			1.6			1.6			1.6			A
Starting Current	Conditions	V <sub>IN</sub> =12V			V <sub>IN</sub> =15V			V <sub>IN</sub> =20V			V <sub>IN</sub> =24V			A
ON/OFF <sup>5</sup> Terminal	Low Level Voltage	V <sub>SSL</sub>			0.5			0.5			0.5			V
	Outflow Current at Low Voltage	I <sub>SSL</sub>			100			100			100			
Quiescent Circuit Current	Conditions	V <sub>SSL</sub> =0V			V <sub>SSL</sub> =0V			V <sub>SSL</sub> =0V			V <sub>SSL</sub> =0V			$I_q$
		7			7			7			7			
	Conditions	V <sub>IN</sub> =12V, I <sub>O</sub> =0A			V <sub>IN</sub> =15V, I <sub>O</sub> =0A			V <sub>IN</sub> =20V, I <sub>O</sub> =0A			V <sub>IN</sub> =24V, I <sub>O</sub> =0A			mA
		200			200			200			200			
Conditions	V <sub>IN</sub> =12V, V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> =0.3V			V <sub>IN</sub> =15V, V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> =0.3V			V <sub>IN</sub> =20V, V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> =0.3V			V <sub>IN</sub> =24V, V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> =0.3V			$I_{q(OFF)}$	
		200			200			200			200			$\mu$ A

\*1: Reference voltage for SI-8015JF

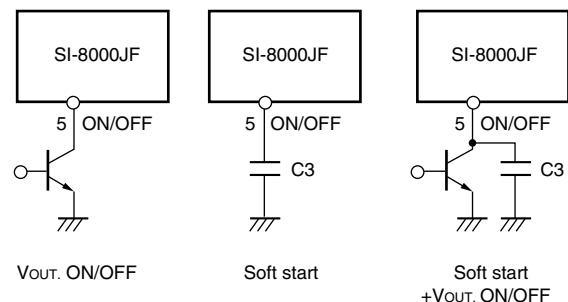
\*3: Temperature Coefficient of Reference Voltage for SI-8015JF

\*2: V<sub>REF</sub> for SI-8015JF

\*4:  $\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta T_a$  for SI-8015JF

\*5: Pin 5 is the ON/OFF pin. Soft start at power on can be performed with a capacitor connected to this pin.

The output can also be turned ON/OFF with this pin. The output is stopped by setting the voltage of this pin to V<sub>SSL</sub> or lower. ON/OFF-pin voltage can be changed with an open-collector drive circuit of a transistor. When using both the soft-start and ON/OFF functions together, the discharge current from C<sub>3</sub> flows into the ON/OFF control transistor. Therefore, limit the current securely to protect the transistor if C<sub>3</sub> capacitance is large. The ON/OFF pin is pulled up to the power supply in the IC, so applying the external voltage is prohibited. If this pin is not used, leave it open.



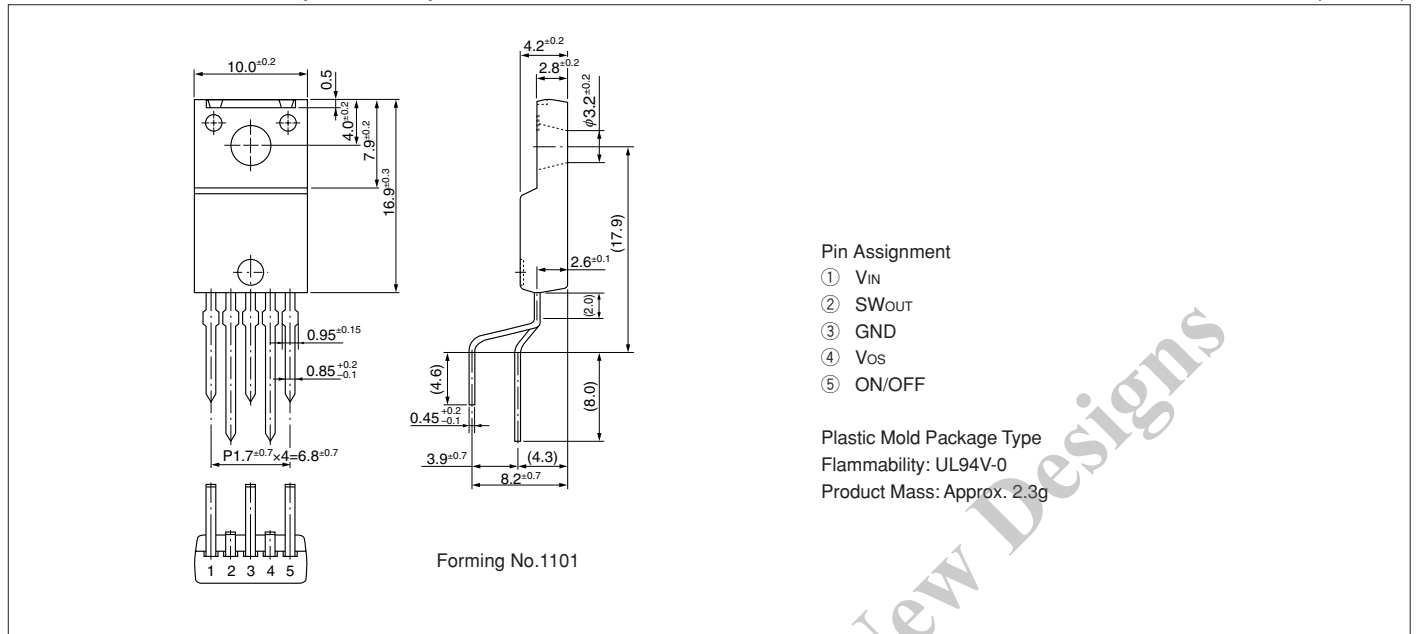
V<sub>OUT</sub>. ON/OFF

Soft start

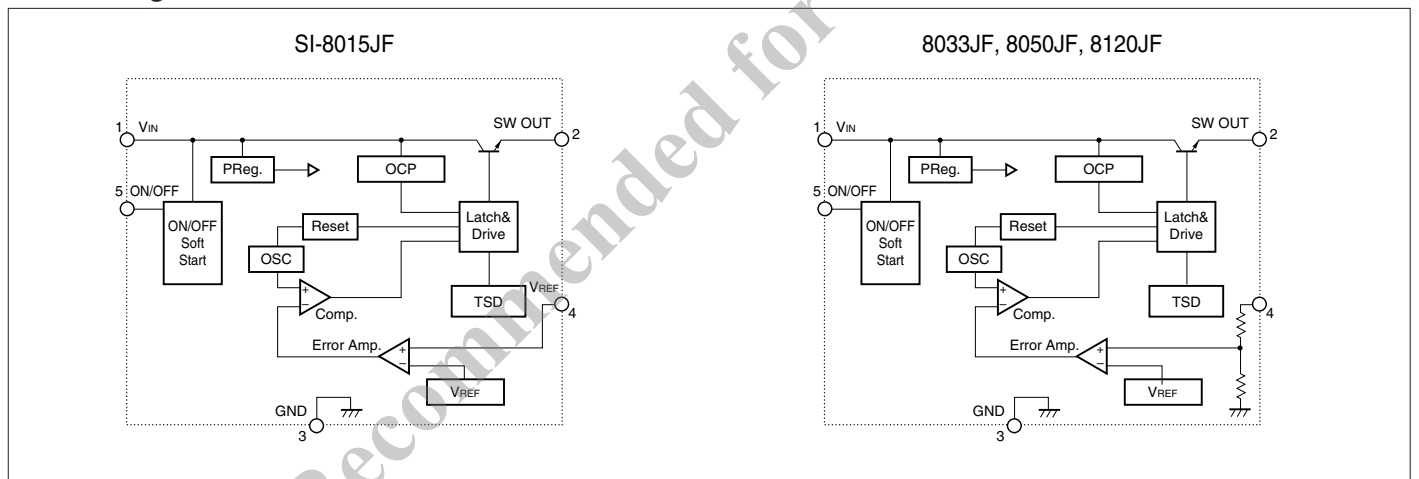
Soft start +V<sub>OUT</sub>. ON/OFF

External Dimensions (TO220F-5)

(Unit : mm)



Block Diagram



Typical Connection Diagram

