

JNP-QSFP-40GE-ER4-C

Juniper Networks® JNP-QSFP-40GE-ER4 Compatible TAA 40GBase-ER4 QSFP+ Transceiver (SMF, 1270nm to 1330nm, 40km, LC, DOM)

Features:

- SFF-8436 Compliance
- Duplex LC Connector
- Single-mode Fiber
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- Hot Pluggable
- Metal with Lower EMI
- Excellent ESD Protection
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



Applications:

- 40GBase Ethernet
- Access and Enterprise

Product Description

This Juniper Networks® JNP-QSFP-40GE-ER4 compatible QSFP+ transceiver provides 40GBase-ER4 throughput up to 40km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1270nm to 1330nm via an LC connector. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent Juniper Networks® transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

ProLabs' transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. — made or designated country end products."



Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------------------|--------|-----------------|------|------|------|
| Power Supply Voltage | Vcc | -0.5 | | 3.6 | V |
| Storage Temperature | Tst | -40 | | 85 | °C |
| Case Operating Temperature | Тор | 0 | | 70 | °C |
| Humidity (non-condensing) | Rh | 0 | | 95 | % |
| Damage Threshold. Each lane | | TH _d | 3.8 | | dBm |

Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|----------------------------|--------|-------|---------|-------|------|
| Supply Voltage | Vcc | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | V |
| Operating Case Temperature | Tca | -40 | | 85 | °C |
| Data Rate Per Lane | | | 10.3125 | 11.2 | Gbps |
| Control Input Voltage High | | 2 | | Vcc | V |
| Control Input Voltage Low | | 0 | | 0.8 | V |
| Link Distance with G.652 | D | | | 40 | km |

Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|---|---------|------------------------|-----------------------|------|----------|-------|
| Power Consumption | | | | 3.5 | W | |
| Supply Current | Icc | | | 1.1 | А | |
| Transceiver Power-on Initialization Time | | | | 2000 | ms | 1 |
| Transmitter | | | | | | |
| Single-ended Input Voltage | | -0.3 | | 4.0 | V | |
| AC Common Mode Input Voltage Tolerance | | 15 | | | mV | |
| Differential Input Voltage Swing Threshold | | 50 | | | mVpp | |
| Differential Input Voltage Sing | Vin, pp | 190 | | 700 | mVpp | |
| Differential Input Impedance | Zin | 90 | 100 | 110 | Ohm | |
| Differential Input Return Loss | | IEE | E 802.3ba 86A.4 | .11 | dB | |
| J2 Jitter Tolerance | Jt2 | 0.17 | | | UI | |
| J9 Jitter Tolerance | Jt9 | 0.29 | | | UI | |
| Data Dependent Pulse Width Shrinkage (DDPWS) Tolerance | | 0.07 | | | UI | |
| Eye Mask Coordinates {X1, X2, Y1, Y2} | | | UI mV | | | |
| Receiver | | | | | | |
| Single Ended Output Voltage | | -0.3 | | 4.0 | V | |
| AC Common Mode Output Voltage | | | | 7.5 | mV | |
| Differential Output Voltage Swing | Vout,pp | 300 | | 850 | mVpp | |
| Differential Output Impedance | Zout | 90 | 100 | 110 | Ohm | |
| Termination Mismatch at 1MHz | | | | 5 | % | |
| Differential Output Return Loss | | IEE | dB | | | |
| Common Mode Output Return Loss | | IEEE 802.3ba 86A.4.2.2 | | | dB | |
| Output Transition Time | | 28 | | | ps | |
| J2 Jitter Output | Jo2 | | | 0.42 | UI | |
| J9 Jitter Output | Jo9 | | | 0.65 | UI | |
| Eye Mask Coordinates {X1, X2, Y1, Y2} | | | 0.29, 0.5 150, 420 | | UI mV | |

Notes:

- 1. Power-on Initialization Time is the time from when the power supply voltages reach and remain above the minimum recommended operating supply voltages to the time when the module is fully functional.
- 2. The single ended input voltage tolerance is the allowable range of the instantaneous input signals.

Optical Characteristics

| Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|------------------|---|---|--|---|-------|
| LO | 12694.5 | 1271 | 1277.5 | nm | |
| L1 | 1284.5 | 1291 | 1297.5 | nm | |
| | | | | nm | |
| LS | 1324.5 | 1331 | 1557.5 | 11111 | |
| | | | | | |
| SMSR | 30 | | | dB | |
| P _T | | | 10.5 | dBm | |
| P _{AVG} | -3.7 | | 4.5 | dBm | |
| P _{OMA} | .07 | | 5 | dBm | 1 |
| Ptx,diff | | | 4.7 | dB | |
| | 1.5 | | | dBm | |
| TDP | | | 2.6 | dB | |
| ER | 5.5 | | | dB | |
| RIN | | | -128 | dB/Hz | |
| TOL | | | 20 | dB | |
| R _T | | | -12 | dB | |
| | {0.25,0.4,0.45,0.25,0.28,0.4} | | | | |
| Poff | | | -30 | dBm | |
| | | | | | |
| TH _d | 3.8 | | | dBm | 2 |
| | -20.2 | | -1.5 | dBm | |
| R _R | | | -26 | dB | |
| | | | -1 | dBm | |
| SEN | | | -18 | dBm | |
| | | | -15.8 | dBm | 3 |
| Prx,diff | | | 7 | dB | |
| LOSA | -35 | | | dBm | |
| LOSD | | | -20 | dBm | |
| LOSH | 0.5 | | | dB | |
| Fc | | | 12.3 | GHz | |
| | | | | | |
| | | 2.2 | | dB | |
| | | 0.3 | | 1111 | |
| | | 0.5 | | UI | |
| | LO L1 L2 L3 SMSR PT PAVG POMA Ptx,diff TDP ER RIN TOL RT THd RR SEN Prx,diff LOSA LOSD LOSH | LO 12694.5 L1 1284.5 L2 1304.5 L3 1324.5 SMSR 30 PT PAVG -3.7 POMA .07 Ptx,diff 1.5 TDP ER 5.5 RIN TOL RT (0.25,0.4 Poff 3.8 THd 3.8 -20.2 RR Prx,diff SEN Prx,diff LOSA -35 LOSD LOSH 0.5 | LO 12694.5 1271 L1 1284.5 1291 L2 1304.5 1311 L3 1324.5 1331 SMSR 30 PT | LO 12694.5 1271 1277.5 L1 1284.5 1291 1297.5 L2 1304.5 1311 1317.5 L3 1324.5 1331 1337.5 SMSR 30 | LO |

Notes:

- 1. Even if the TDP<0.8 dB, the OMA min must exceed the minimum value specified here.
- 2. The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to a modulated optical input signal having this power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.
- 3. Measured with conformance test signal at receiver input for BER= 1x10-12.
- 4. Vertical eye closure penalty and stressed eye jitter are test conditions for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver.

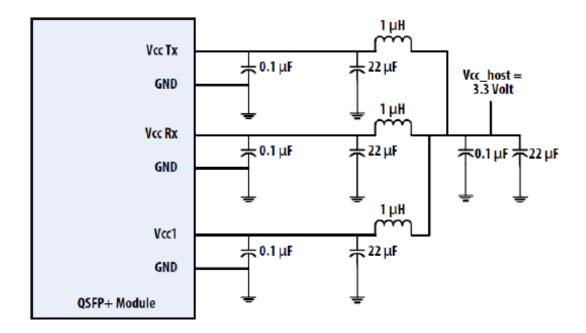
Pin Descriptions

| Pin Des | scriptions | | | |
|---------|------------|---------|--|------|
| Pin | Logic | Symbol | Name/Descriptions | Ref. |
| 1 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 2 | CML-I | Tx2- | Transmitter inverted data input | |
| 3 | CML-I | Tx2+ | Transmitter non-inverted data input | |
| 4 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 5 | CML-I | Tx4- | Transmitter inverted data input | |
| 6 | CML-I | Tx4+ | Transmitter non-inverted data input | |
| 7 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 8 | LVTTL-I | MODSEIL | Module Select | 2 |
| 9 | LVTTL-I | ResetL | Module Reset | 2 |
| 10 | | VCCRx | +3.3v Receiver Power Supply | |
| 11 | LVCMOS-I | SCL | 2-wire Serial interface clock | 2 |
| 12 | LVCMOS-I/O | SDA | 2-wire Serial interface data | 2 |
| 13 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 14 | CML-O | RX3+ | Receiver non-inverted data output | |
| 15 | CML-O | RX3- | Receiver inverted data output | |
| 16 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 17 | CML-O | RX1+ | Receiver non-inverted data output | |
| 18 | CML-O | RX1- | Receiver inverted data output | |
| 19 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 20 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 21 | CML-O | RX2- | Receiver inverted data output | |
| 22 | CML-O | RX2+ | Receiver non-inverted data output | |
| 23 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 24 | CML-O | RX4- | Receiver inverted data output | |
| 25 | CML-O | RX4+ | Receiver non-inverted data output | |
| 26 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 27 | LVTTL-O | ModPrsL | Module Present, internal pulled down to GND | |
| 28 | LVTTL-O | IntL | Interrupt output should be pulled up on host board | 2 |
| 29 | | VCCTx | +3.3v Transmitter Power Supply | |
| 30 | | VCC1 | +3.3v Power Supply | |
| 31 | LVTTL-I | LPMode | Low Power Mode | 2 |
| 32 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 33 | CML-I | Tx3+ | Transmitter non-inverted data input | |
| 34 | CML-I | Tx3- | Transmitter inverted data input | |
| 35 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 36 | CML-I | Tx1+ | Transmitter non-inverted data input | |
| 37 | CML-I | Tx1- | Transmitter inverted data input | |
| 38 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| | | | | |

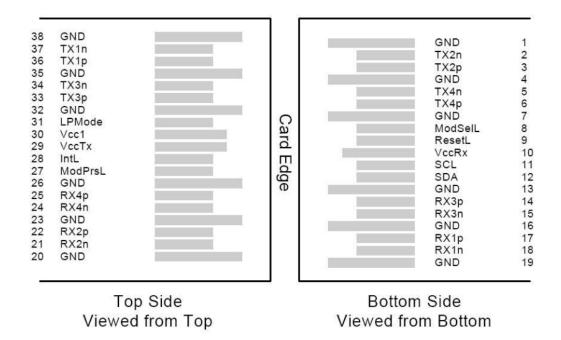
Notes:

- 1. GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for QSFP+ modules. All are common within the QSFP+ module and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal common ground plane.
- VccRx, Vcc1 and Vxx Tx are the receiving and transmission power suppliers and shall be applied
 concurrently. Recommend host board power supply filtering is shown in image below. VccRx, Vcc1 and
 Vcc Tx may be internally connected within the QSFP+ transceiver module in any combination. The
 connector pins are each rated for a maximum current of 500mA

Recommended Power Supply Filter



Electrical Pin-out Details



Digital Diagnostic Functions

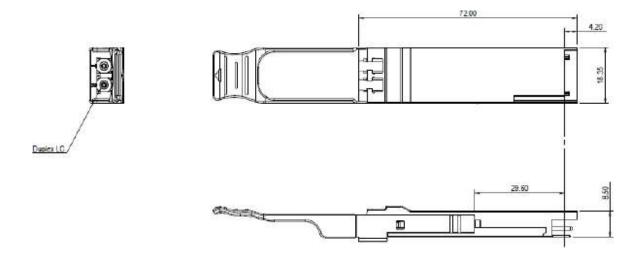
The following digital diagnostic characteristics are defined over the normal operating conditions unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|---|--------------|------|------|------|----------------------------------|
| Temperature monitor absolute error | DMI_Temp | -3 | +3 | °C | Over operating temperature range |
| Supply voltage monitor absolute error | DMI_VCC | -0.1 | 0.1 | V | Over full operating range |
| Channel RX power monitor absolute error | DMI_RX_Ch | -2 | 2 | dB | 1 |
| Channel Bias current monitor | DMI_Ibias_Ch | -10% | 10% | mA | |
| Channel TX power monitor absolute error | DMI_TX_Ch | -2 | 2 | dB | 1 |

Notes:

1. Due to measurement accuracy of different single mode fibers, there could be an additional +/-1 dB fluctuation, or a +/- 3 dB total accuracy.

Mechanical Specifications



About ProLabs

Our experience comes as standard; for over 15 years ProLabs has delivered optical connectivity solutions that give our customers freedom and choice through our ability to provide seamless interoperability. At the heart of our company is the ability to provide state-of-the-art optical transport and connectivity solutions that are compatible with over 90 optical switching and transport platforms.

Complete Portfolio of Network Solutions

ProLabs is focused on innovations in optical transport and connectivity. The combination of our knowledge of optics and networking equipment enables ProLabs to be your single source for optical transport and connectivity solutions from 100Mb to 400G while providing innovative solutions that increase network efficiency. We provide the optical connectivity expertise that is compatible with and enhances your switching and transport equipment.

Trusted Partner

Customer service is our number one value. ProLabs has invested in people, labs and manufacturing capacity to ensure that you get immediate answers to your questions and compatible product when needed. With Engineering and Manufacturing offices in the U.K. and U.S. augmented by field offices throughout the U.S., U.K. and Asia, ProLabs is able to be our customers best advocate 24 hours a day.















Contact Information

ProLabs US

Email: sales@prolabs.com Telephone: 952-852-0252

ProLabs UK

Email: salessupport@prolabs.com Telephone: +44 1285 719 600