

Power line chokes and DC intermediate circuits

Current-compensated ring core double chokes 250 V AC, 10 ... 12 A, 2.2 ... 3.3 mH

 Series/Type:
 B82726S61*3N

 Date:
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Power line chokes and DC intermediate circuits

Current-compensated ring core double chokes

Rated voltage 250 V AC, 750 V DC (intermediate circuit) Rated current 10 ... 12 A Rated inductance 2.2 ... 3.3 mH

Construction

- Current-compensated ring core double choke
- Ferrite core with additional insulation
- Polycarbonate base plate (UL 94 V-0)
- Polyamide spacer (UL 94 V-0)
- Sector winding
- Clearance ≥ 2.5 mm, creepage distance ≥ 3 mm

Features

- Approx. 1% stray inductance for symmetrical interference suppression
- Suitable for wave soldering
- Design complies with EN 60938-2 (VDE 0565-2)
- RoHS-compatible

Applications

- Suppression of common-mode interferences
- Switch-mode applications

Terminals

- Ends of winding wires
- Hot-dip tinned

Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, rated current, rated voltage, rated inductance, graphic symbol, date of manufacture (MM.YY)

Delivery mode

Cardboard box



B82726S6103N001



B82726S6123N020



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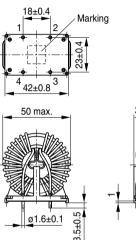
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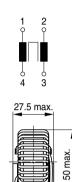
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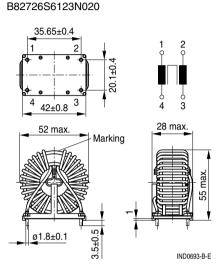
Dimensional drawings and pin configurations

B82726S6103N001





IND0692-V-E



Dimensions in mm

Technical data and measuring conditions

Rated voltage V _R	250 V AC (50/60 Hz) / 750 V DC for intermediate circuits		
Test voltage V _{test}	1800 V AC / 2500 V DC, 2 s (line/line)		
Rated temperature T _R	+85 °C		
Rated current I _R	Referred to 50 Hz and rated temperature		
Rated inductance L _R	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 10 kHz, 0.1 mA, +20 °C Inductance is specified per winding.		
Inductance tolerance	±30% at +20 °C		
Inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$	< 10% at DC magnetic bias with I _R , +20 °C		
Stray inductance L _{stray,typ}	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 10 kHz, 5 mA, +20 °C, typical values		
DC resistance R _{typ}	Measured at +20 °C, typical values, specified per winding		
Solderability (lead-free)	Sn96.5Ag3.0Cu0.5: +(245 \pm 5) °C, (3 \pm 0.3) s Wetting of soldering area \geq 95% (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta		
Resistance to soldering heat (wave soldering)	+(260 ±5) °C, (10 ±1) s (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb)		
Climatic category	40/125/56 (to IEC 60068-1)		
Storage conditions (packaged)	–25 °C … +40 °C, ≤ 75% RH		
Weight	Approx. 115 g		

Please read *Cautions and warnings* and *Important notes* at the end of this document.

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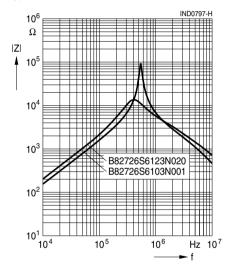
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Characteristics and ordering codes

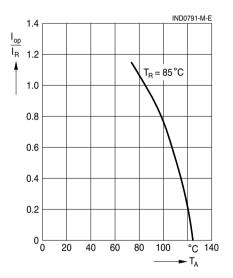
I _R A	L _R mH	L _{stray,typ} μΗ	R _{typ} mΩ	Ordering code
10	2.2	47	12.0	B82726S6103N001
12	3.3	32	8.4	B82726S6123N020

Impedance |Z| versus frequency f

measured with windings in parallel at +20 °C, typical values



Current derating I_{op}/I_R versus ambient temperature T_A



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Cautions and warnings

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
 - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there. Derating must be applied in case the ambient temperature in the application exceeds the rated temperature of the component.
 - Ensure the operation temperature (which is the sum of the ambient temperature and the temperature rise caused by losses / self-heating) of the component in the application does not exceed the maximum value specified in the climatic category.
 - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.

Washing processes may damage the product due to the possible static or cyclic mechanical loads (e.g. ultrasonic cleaning). They may cause cracks to develop on the product and its parts, which might lead to reduced reliability or lifetime.

- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
 - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
 - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
 - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.



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