Please note that Cypress is an Infineon Technologies Company.

The document following this cover page is marked as "Cypress" document as this is the company that originally developed the product. Please note that Infineon will continue to offer the product to new and existing customers as part of the Infineon product portfolio.

Continuity of document content

The fact that Infineon offers the following product as part of the Infineon product portfolio does not lead to any changes to this document. Future revisions will occur when appropriate, and any changes will be set out on the document history page.

Continuity of ordering part numbers

Infineon continues to support existing part numbers. Please continue to use the ordering part numbers listed in the datasheet for ordering.

www.infineon.com

USB-Dual I^{2}C Bridge Controller

Features

- USB 2.0 compliant, Full-Speed (12 Mbps)
  - ❑ Support for communication driver class (CDC), personal health care device class (PHDC), and vendor device class
  - ❑ Battery charger detection (BCD) compliant with USB Battery Charging Specification Rev 1.2 (Peripheral Detect only)
  - ❑ Integrated USB termination resistors
- Two-channel configurable I^{2}C interfaces
  - ❑ Master/slave up to 400 kHz
  - ❑ Supports multi-master I^{2}C
  - ❑ 256 bytes for each transmit and receive buffer per channel
- General-purpose input/output (GPIO) pins: 12
- Configuration utility (Windows) to configure the following:
  - ❑ Vendor ID (VID), Product ID (PID), and Product and Manufacturer descriptors
  - ❑ I^{2}C
  - ❑ Battery Charger Detection compliant to BC-1.2 specification
  - ❑ GPIO
- Driver support for VCOM and DLL
  - ❑ Windows 10: 32- and 64-bit versions
  - ❑ Windows 8.1: 32- and 64-bit versions
  - ❑ Windows 8: 32- and 64-bit versions
  - ❑ Windows 7: 32- and 64-bit versions
  - ❑ Windows Vista: 32- and 64-bit versions
  - ❑ Windows XP: 32- and 64-bit versions
  - ❑ Mac OS-X: 10.6, and later versions
  - ❑ Linux: Kernel version 2.6.35 onwards

- Clocking: Integrated 48-MHz clock oscillator
- Supports bus-/self-powered configurations
- USB suspend mode for low power
- Operating voltage: 1.71 to 5.5 V
- Operating temperature
  - ❑ Commercial: 0 °C to 70 °C
  - ❑ Industrial: –40 °C to 85 °C
- ESD protection: 2.2 kV HBM
- RoHS compliant package
  - ❑ 32-pin QFN (5 × 5 × 1 mm. 0.5 mm pitch)
- Ordering part number
  - ❑ CY7C65216D-32LTXI
  - ❑ CY7C65216D-32LTXIT

Applications

- Medical/healthcare devices
- Point-of-Sale (POS) terminals
- Test and measurement system
- Gaming systems
- Set-top box PC-USB interface
- Industrial
- Networking
- Enabling USB connectivity in legacy peripherals

USB Compliant

The USB Dual I^{2}C Bridge Controller with BCD is fully compliant with USB2.0 Specification and Battery Charging Specification v1.2.

Errata: For information on silicon errata, see "Errata" on page 27. Details include trigger conditions, devices affected, and proposed workaround.

USB Serial Bridge Controller Family

USB Serial bridge Controllers are a family of configurable products for most common applications requiring no firmware changes.

Configuration utility is provided to Configure USB-VID, USB-PID, USB Product and Manufacturer Descriptors. The same configuration utility can be used to configure UART, I^{2}C, SPI, Battery Charger Detection, GPIOs, Power mode, and so on.

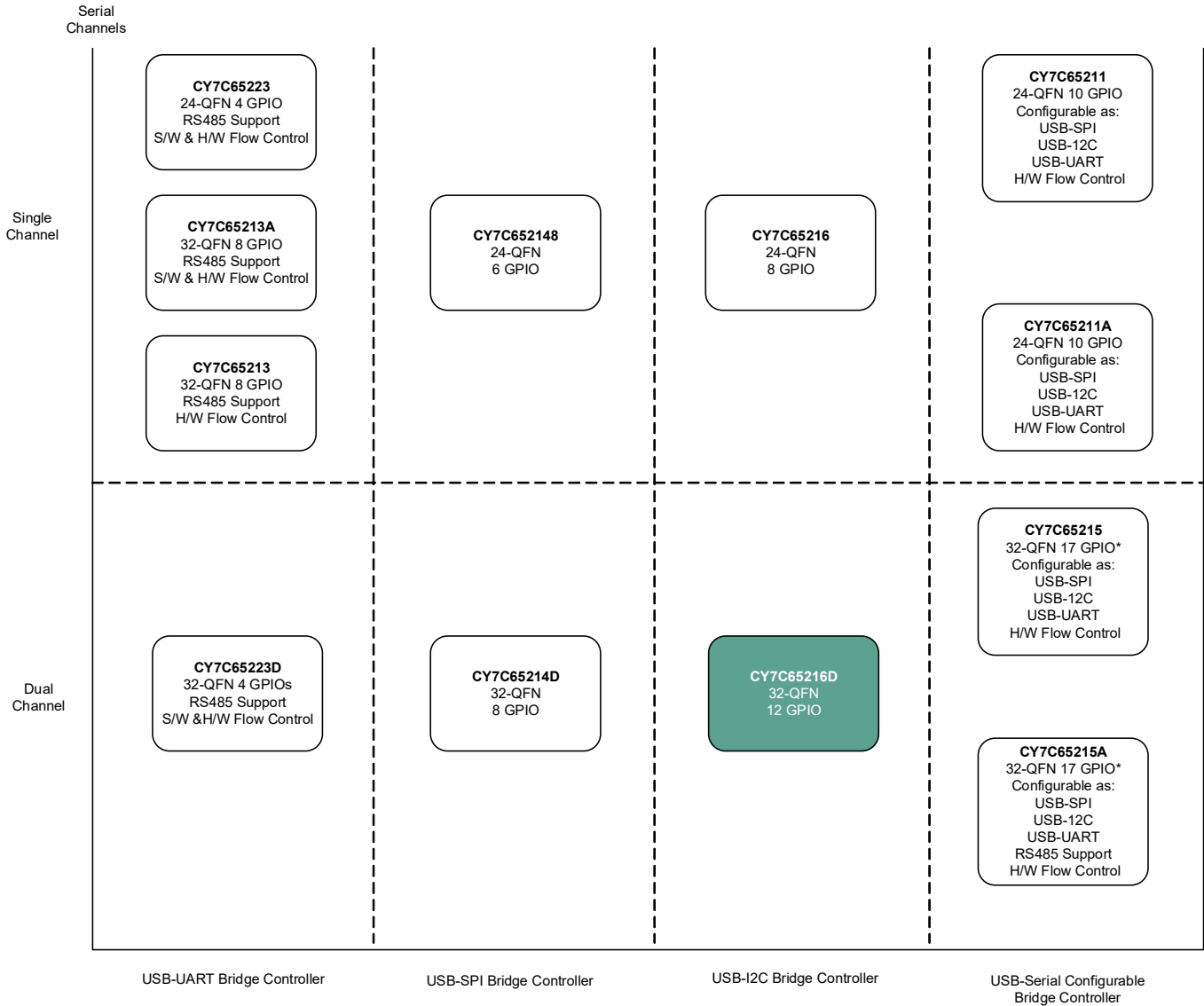**Figure 1. USB Serial Bridge Controller Family**

Table 1. USB Serial Family Feature Comparison

| MPN | # of Channels | GPIO | USB-UART | | | | USB-SPI | | USB-I²C |
			RS485 Support	Software Flow Control	Hardware Flow Control	UART Pins**	SPI Serial Data Width (bit)	SPI Master/ Slave	I²C Master/ Slave
CY7C65213	1	8	N	N	Y	8	–	–	–
CY7C65213A	1	8	Y	N	Y	8	–	–	–
CY7C65223	1	4	Y	Y	Y	2 / 4 / 6	–	–	–
CY7C65223D	2	4	Y	Y	Y	2 / 4 / 6 / 8	–	–	–
CY7C652148	1	6	–	–	–	–	4-16 bit	Master/Slave	–
CY7C65214D	2	8	–	–	–	–	4-16 bit	Master/Slave	–
CY7C65216	1	8	–	–	–	–	–	–	Master/Slave
CY7C65216D	**2**	**12**	**–**	**–**	**–**	**–**	**–**	**–**	**Master/Slave**
CY7C65211	1	10*	N	N	Y	2 / 4 / 6	4-16 bit	Master/Slave	Master/Slave
CY7C65211A	1	10*	Y	N	Y	2 / 4 / 6	4-16 bit	Master/Slave	Master/Slave
CY7C65215	2	17*	N	N	Y	2 / 4 / 6	4-16 bit	Master/Slave	Master/Slave
CY7C65215A	2	17*	Y	N	Y	2 / 4 / 6 / 8	4-16 bit	Master/Slave	Master/Slave

Legend

* Represents the total GPIO count offered by the part. This count can dynamically change based on UART / SPI / I²C pin configuration.
** UART Pins

**UART Pins	UART Signal
2	RxD and TxD
4	RxD, TxD, RTS#, CTS#
6	RxD, TxD, RTS#, CTS#, DTR#, DSR#
8	RxD, TxD, RTS#, CTS#, DTR#, DSR#, DCD#, RI#

Table 2. Default Serial Channel Configuration

MPN	# of Channels	GPIO	USB Protocol	USB- UART		USB-SPI	USB-I^{2}C
				Is RS485 Enabled	UART Pins	SPI Master/ Slave	I^{2}C Master/ Slave
CY7C65213	1	4	CDC**	N	8	–	–
CY7C65213A	1	4	CDC**	N	8	–	–
CY7C65223	1	4	CDC**	Y	4	–	–
CY7C65223D	2	4	CDC**	Y	4	–	–
CY7C652148	1	6	Vendor***	–	–	Master	–
CY7C65214D	2	8	Vendor***	–	–	Master	–
CY7C65216	1	8	Vendor***	–	–	–	Slave
CY7C65216D	**2**	**12**	**Vendor***	**–**	**–**	**–**	**Master**
CY7C65211	1	3	CDC**	N	6	–	–
CY7C65211A	1	3	CDC**	N	6	–	–
CY7C65215	2	4	CDC**	N	6	–	–
CY7C65215A	2	4	CDC**	N	6	–	–

** USB CDC Protocol allows the USB host Operating System to detect the device as Virtual COM Port Device.
*** USB Vendor Protocol allows the USB host operating system to detect the device as general USB device. This device is accessible using Cypress Application Library.

More Information

Cypress provides a wealth of data at www.cypress.com to help you to select the right device for your design, and to help you to quickly and effectively integrate the device into your design. For a comprehensive list of resources, see the document USB-Serial Bridge Controller Product Overview.

- Overview: USB Portfolio, USB Roadmap

- USB 2.0 Product Selectors: USB-Serial Bridge Controller, USB to UART Controller (Gen I)

- Knowledge Base Articles: Cypress offers a large number of USB knowledge base articles covering a broad range of topics, from basic to advanced level. Recommended knowledge base articles for getting started with USB-Serial Bridge Controller are:
  - KBA85909 – Key Features of the Cypress® USB-Serial Bridge Controller
  - KBA85920 – USB-UART and USB-Serial
  - KBA85921 – Replacing FT232R with CY7C65213 USB-UART LP Bridge Controller
  - KBA85913 – Voltage supply range for USB-Serial
  - KBA89355 – USB-Serial: Cypress Default VID and PID
  - KBA92641 – USB-Serial Bridge Controller Managing I/Os using API
  - KBA92442 – Non-Standard Baud Rates in USB-Serial Bridge Controllers
  - KBA91366 – Binding a USB-Serial Device to a Microsoft® CDC Driver
  - KBA92551 – Testing a USB-Serial Bridge Controller Configured as USB-UART with Linux®
  - KBA91299 – Interfacing an External I^{2}C Device with the CYUSBS234/236 DVK

For a complete list of knowledge base articles, click here.

- Code Examples: USB Full-Speed

- Development Kits:
  - CYUSBS232, Cypress USB-UART LP Reference Design Kit
  - CYUSBS234, Cypress USB-Serial (Single Channel) Development Kit
  - CYUSBS236, Cypress USB-Serial (Dual Channel) Development Kit

- Models: IBIS

Block Diagram
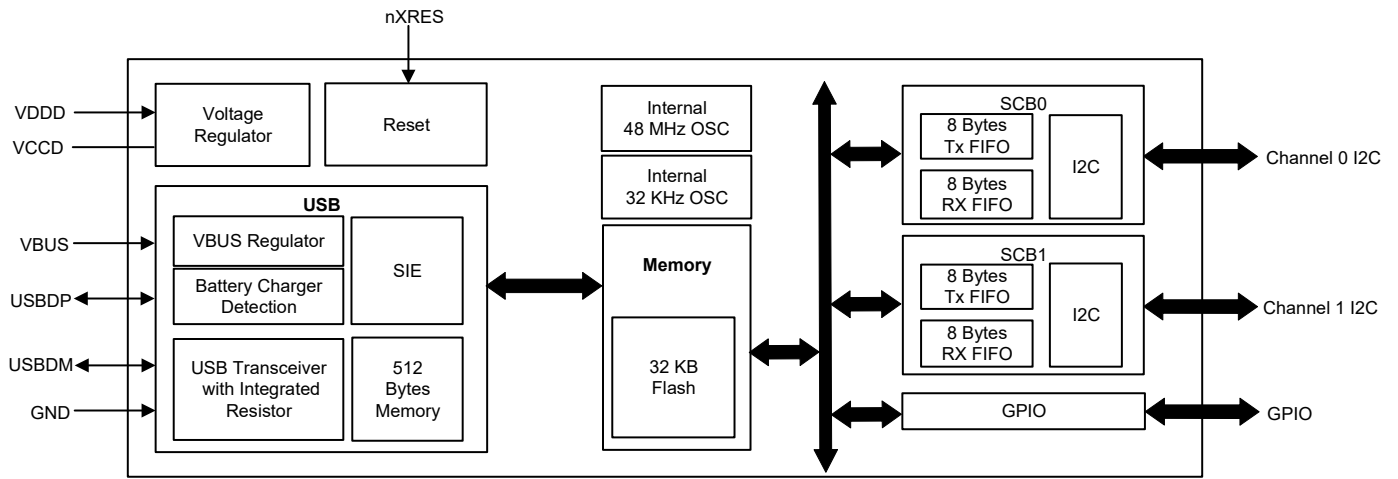
Contents

Functional Overview

The CY7C65216D is a Full-Speed USB controller that enables seamless PC connectivity for peripherals with dual-channel I^2C interfaces. CY7C65216D also integrates BCD, which is compliant with the USB Battery Charging Specification Rev. 1.2. It integrates a voltage regulator, oscillator, and flash memory for storing configuration parameters, offering a cost-effective solution. CY7C65216D supports bus-powered and self-powered modes, and enables efficient system power management with suspend and remote wake-up signals. It is available in a 32-pin QFN package.

USB and Charger Detect

USB

CY7C65216D has a built-in USB 2.0 Full-Speed transceiver. The transceiver incorporates the internal USB series termination resistors on the USB data lines and a 1.5-kΩ pull-up resistor on USBDP.

Charger Detection

CY7C65216D supports BCD for Peripheral Detect only and complies with the USB Battery Charging Specification Rev. 1.2. It supports the following charging ports:

■ Standard Downstream Port (SDP): allows the system to draw up to 500 mA current from the host

■ Charging Downstream Port (CDP): allows the system to draw up to 1.5 A current from the host

■ Dedicated Charging Port (DCP): allows the system to draw up to 1.5 A of current from the wall charger

Serial Communication

CY7C65216D has two serial communication blocks (SCBs). Each SCB can implement I^2C interface. A 256-byte buffer is available in both the TX and RX lines.

Table 3 shows maximum speed supported on both SCBs when they are configured as I^2C.

Table 3. Maximum Speed supported on both SCBs

No.	Configuration	SCB0 Maximum Speed	SCB1 Maximum Speed
1	SCB0 = I^2C Master, SCB1 = Disabled	400 kHz (Both TX and RX)	NA
2	SCB0 = I^2C Slave, SCB1 = Disabled	400 kHz (Both TX and RX)	NA
3	SCB0 = I^2C, SCB1 = I^2C	400 kHz (Both TX and RX)	400 kHz (Both TX and RX)

I^2C Interface

The I^2C interface implements full multi-master/slave modes and supports up to 400 kHz. The configuration utility tool is used to set the I^2C address in slave mode. This tool enables only even slave addresses. For further details on protocol, refer to the NXP I^2C specification rev5.

Notes

■ I^2C ports are not tolerant of higher voltages and cannot be hot-swapped or powered up independently from the rest of the I^2C system.

■ The minimum fall time of the SCL is met (as per NXP I^2C specification Rev. 5) when V_{DDD} is between 1.71 V and 3.0 V. When V_{DDD} is within the range of 3.0 V to 3.6 V, it is recommended to add a 50 pF capacitor on the SCL signal.

GPIO Interface

CY7C65216D has 12 GPIOs. The configuration utility allows configuration of the GPIO pins. The configurable options are as follows:

■ TRISTATE: GPIO can be tristated through Config Utility

■ DRIVE 1: Output static 1

■ DRIVE 0: Output static 0

■ POWER#: Power control for bus power designs

■ TXLED#: Drives LED during USB transmit

■ RXLED#: Drives LED during USB receive

■ TX or RX LED#: Drives LED during USB transmit or receive

GPIO can be configured to drive LED at 8-mA drive strength.

■ BCD0/BCD1: Two-pin output to indicate the type of USB charger

■ BUSDETECT: Connects VBUS pin for USB host detection

Default Configuration

CY7C65216D is configured as Dual I^2C Master device.

Memory

CY7C65216D has a 512-byte flash. The flash is used to store the USB parameters such as VID/PID, serial number, Product, and Manufacturer Descriptors, which can be programmed by the configuration utility.

System Resources

Power System

CY7C65216D supports the USB Suspend mode to control power usage. CY7C65216D operates in bus-powered or self-powered modes over a range of 3.15 to 5.5 V.

Clock System

CY7C65216D has a fully integrated clock and does not require any external components. The clock system is responsible for providing clocks to all subsystems.

Internal 48-MHz Oscillator

The internal 48-MHz oscillator is the primary source of internal clocking in CY7C65216D.

Internal 32-kHz Oscillator

The internal 32-kHz oscillator is primarily used to generate clocks for peripheral operation in the USB Suspend mode.

Reset

The reset block ensures reliable power-on reset and brings the device back to the default known state. The nXRES (active low) pin can be used by external devices to reset the CY7C65216D.

Suspend and Resume

The CY7C65216D device asserts the SUSPEND pin when the USB bus enters the suspend state. This helps in meeting the stringent suspend current requirement of the USB 2.0 specification, while using the device in bus-powered mode. The device will resume from the suspend state under any of the following conditions:

1. Any activity is detected on the USB bus
2. The WAKEUP pin is asserted to generate remote wakeup to the host

WAKEUP

The WAKEUP pin is used to generate a remote wakeup signal on the USB bus. The remote wakeup signal is sent only if the host enables this feature through the SET_FEATURE request. The device communicates support for the remote wakeup to the host through the configuration descriptor during the USB enumeration process. The CY7C65216D device allows enabling/disabling and polarity of the remote wakeup feature through the configuration utility.

Software

Cypress delivers a complete set of software drivers and the configuration utility to enable product configuration during system development.

Drivers for Linux Operating Systems

Cypress provides a User Mode USB driver library (*libcyusb-serial.so*) that abstracts vendor commands for the I^2C interface and provides a simplified API interface to the user applications. This library makes use of the standard open source libUSB library to enable the USB communication. The Cypress serial library supports the USB plug-and-play feature using the Linux 'udev' mechanism.

Drivers for Mac OSx

Cypress delivers a dynamically linked shared library (CyUSBSerial.dylib) based on libUSB, which enables communication to the CY7C65216D device.

In addition, CY7C65216D binds to native MAC OSx driver. No special driver is required.

Drivers for Windows Operating Systems

For Windows operating systems (XP, Vista, Win7, Win8, Win8.1, and Win10), Cypress delivers a User Mode dynamically linked library–CyUSBSerial DLL–that abstracts vendor-specific interface of CY7C65216D devices and provides convenient APIs to the user. It provides interface APIs for vendor-specific I^2C and class-specific APIs for PHDC.

USB-I^2C Bridge Controller works with Cypress provided USB vendor class driver. The Cypress Windows drivers are MS logo certified drivers.

These drivers are bound to device through WU (Windows Update) services.

Cypress drivers also support Windows plug-and-play and power management and USB Remote Wake-up.

Device Configuration Utility (Windows Only)

A Windows-based configuration utility is available to configure various device initialization parameters. This graphical user application provides an interactive interface to define the various boot parameters stored in the device flash.

This utility allows the user to save a user-selected configuration to text or xml formats. It also allows users to load a selected configuration from text or xml formats. The configuration utility allows the following operations:

- View current device configuration

- Select and configure I^2C, CapSense, battery charging, and GPIOs

- Configure USB VID, PID, and string descriptors

- Save or Load configuration

You can download the free configuration utility and drivers from www.cypress.com.

Internal Flash Configuration

The internal flash memory can be used to store the configuration parameters shown in the following table. A free configuration utility is provided to configure the parameters listed in the table to meet application specific requirements over USB interface. The configuration utility can be downloaded from www.cypress.com/usbserial.

Table 4. Internal Flash Configuration for CY7C65216D

Parameter	Default Value	Description
USB Configuration		
USB Vendor ID (VID)	0x04B4	Default Cypress VID. Can be configured to customer VID.
USB Product ID (PID)	0x0005	Default Cypress PID. Can be configured to customer PID.
Manufacturer string	Cypress	Can be configured with any string up to 64 characters
Product string	USB-Serial (Dual Channel)	Can be configured with any string up to 64 characters
Serial string		Can be configured with any string up to 64 characters
Power mode	Bus powered	Can be configured to bus-powered or self-powered mode
Max current draw	100 mA	Can be configured to any value from 0 to 500 mA. Based on this, the configuration descriptor will be updated.
Remote wakeup	Enabled	Can be disabled. Remote wakeup is initiated by asserting WAKEUP pin.
USB interface protocol	Vendor	Can be configured to function in CDC, PHDC, or Cypress vendor class.
BCD	Disabled	Charger detect is disabled by default. When BCD is enabled, three of the GPIOs must be configured for BCD.

Electrical Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings [1] may shorten the useful life of the device.

Storage temperature .... –55 °C to +100 °C

Ambient temperature with
power supplied (Industrial) .... –40 °C to +85 °C

Supply voltage to ground potential

V_{DDD} .... 6.0 V

V_{BUS} .... 6.0 V

V_{CCD} .... 1.95 V

V_{GPIO} .... V_{DDD} + 0.5 V

Static discharge voltage ESD protection levels:

■ 2.2-kV HBM per JESD22-A114

Latch-up current .... 140 mA

Current per GPIO .... 25 mA

Operating Conditions

T_A (ambient temperature under bias)
Industrial .... –40 °C to +85 °C

V_{BUS} supply voltage .... 3.15 V to 5.25 V

V_{DDD} supply voltage .... 1.71 V to 5.50 V

V_{CCD} supply voltage .... 1.71 V to 1.89 V

Device Level Specifications

All specifications are valid for –40 °C $\leq T_A \leq$ 85 °C, $T_J \leq$ 100 °C, and 1.71 V to 5.50 V, except where noted.

Table 5. DC Specifications

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
V_{BUS}	V_{BUS} supply voltage	3.15	3.30	3.45	V	Set and configure correct voltage range using the configuration utility for V_{BUS}.
		4.35	5.00	5.25	V	
V_{DDD}	V_{DDD} supply voltage	1.71	1.80	1.89	V	Used to set I/O and core voltage. Set and configure correct voltage range using the configuration utility for V_{DDD}.
		2.0	3.3	5.5	V	
V_{CCD}	Output voltage (for core logic)	–	1.80	–	V	Do not use this supply to drive external device. • 1.71 V $\leq V_{DDD} \leq$ 1.89 V: Short the V_{CCD} pin with the V_{DDD} pin • V_{DDD} > 2 V – connect a 1-µF capacitor (Cefc) between the V_{CCD} pin and ground
Cefc	External regulator voltage bypass	1.00	1.30	1.60	µF	X5R ceramic or better
I_{DD1}	Operating supply current	–	13	18	mA	USB 2.0 FS, no GPIO switching at V_{BUS} = 5 V, V_{DDD} = 5 V
I_{DD2}	USB Suspend supply current	–	5	–	µA	Does not include current through a pull-up resistor on USBDP. In USB suspend mode, the D+ voltage can go up to a maximum of 3.8 V.

Table 6. AC Specifications

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
Zout	USB driver output impedance	28	–	44	Ω	–
Twakeup	Wakeup from USB Suspend mode	–	25	–	µs	–

Note
1. Usage above the absolute maximum conditions may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to Absolute Maximum conditions for extended periods of time may affect device reliability. When used below Absolute Maximum conditions but above normal operating conditions the device may not operate to specification.

GPIO

Table 7. GPIO DC Specifications

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
V_{IH}[2]	Input voltage high threshold	$0.7 \times V_{DDD}$	–	–	V	CMOS Input
V_{IL}	Input voltage low threshold	–	–	$0.3 \times V_{DDD}$	V	CMOS Input
V_{IH}[2]	LVTTL input, V_{DDD} < 2.7 V	$0.7 \times V_{DDD}$	–	–	V	–
V_{IL}	LVTTL input, V_{DDD} < 2.7 V	–	–	$0.3 \times V_{DDD}$	V	–
V_{IH}[2]	LVTTL input, V_{DDD} ≥ 2.7 V	2	–	–	V	–
V_{IL}	LVTTL input, V_{DDD} ≥ 2.7 V	–	–	0.8	V	–
V_{OH}	CMOS output voltage high level	$V_{DDD} - 0.4$	–	–	V	I_{OH} = 4 mA, V_{DDD} = 5 V ± 10%
V_{OH}	CMOS output voltage high level	$V_{DDD} - 0.6$	–	–	V	I_{OH} = 4 mA, V_{DDD} = 3.3 V ± 10%
V_{OH}	CMOS output voltage high level	$V_{DDD} - 0.5$	–	–	V	I_{OH} = 1 mA, V_{DDD} = 1.8 V ± 5%
V_{OL}	CMOS output voltage low level	–	–	0.4	V	I_{OL} = 8 mA, V_{DDD} = 5 V ± 10%
V_{OL}	CMOS output voltage low level	–	–	0.6	V	I_{OL} = 8 mA, V_{DDD} = 3.3 V ± 10%
V_{OL}	CMOS output voltage low level	–	–	0.6	V	I_{OL} = 4 mA, V_{DDD} = 1.8 V ± 5%
Rpullup	Pull-up resistor	3.5	5.6	8.5	kΩ	–
Rpulldown	Pull-down resistor	3.5	5.6	8.5	kΩ	–
I_{IL}	Input leakage current (absolute value)	–	–	2	nA	25 °C, V_{DDD} = 3.0 V
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	–	–	7	pF	–
Vhysttl	Input hysteresis LVTTL; V_{DDD} > 2.7 V	25	40	–	mV	–
Vhyscmos	Input hysteresis CMOS	$0.05 \times V_{DDD}$	–	–	mV	–

Table 8. GPIO AC Specifications

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
$T_{RiseFast1}$	Rise Time in Fast mode	2	–	12	ns	V_{DDD} = 3.3 V/ 5.5 V, Cload = 25 pF
$T_{FallFast1}$	Fall Time in Fast mode	2	–	12	ns	V_{DDD} = 3.3 V/ 5.5 V, Cload = 25 pF
$T_{RiseSlow1}$	Rise Time in Slow mode	10	–	60	ns	V_{DDD} = 3.3 V/ 5.5 V, Cload = 25 pF
$T_{FallSlow1}$	Fall Time in Slow mode	10	–	60	ns	V_{DDD} = 3.3 V/ 5.5 V, Cload = 25 pF
$T_{RiseFast2}$	Rise Time in Fast mode	2	–	20	ns	V_{DDD} = 1.8 V, Cload = 25 pF
$T_{FallFast2}$	Fall Time in Fast mode	20	–	100	ns	V_{DDD} = 1.8 V, Cload = 25 pF
$T_{RiseSlow2}$	Rise Time in Slow mode	2	–	20	ns	V_{DDD} = 1.8 V, Cload = 25 pF
$T_{FallSlow2}$	Fall Time in Slow mode	20	–	100	ns	V_{DDD} = 1.8 V, Cload = 25 pF

Note
2. V_{IH} must not exceed V_{DDD} + 0.2 V.

nXRES

Table 9. nXRES DC Specifications

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
V_{IH}	Input voltage high threshold	$0.7 \times V_{DDD}$	–	–	V	–
V_{IL}	Input voltage low threshold	–	–	$0.3 \times V_{DDD}$	V	–
Rpullup	Pull-up resistor	3.5	5.6	8.5	kΩ	–
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	–	5	–	pF	–
Vhysxres	Input voltage hysteresis	–	100	–	mV	–

Table 10. nXRES AC Specifications

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
Tresetwidth	Reset pulse width	1	–	–	µs	–

I^2C Specifications

Table 11. I^2C AC Specifications

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
F_{I2C}	I^2C frequency	1	–	400	kHz	–

Flash Memory Specifications

Table 12. Flash Memory Specifications

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
Fend	Flash endurance	100 K	–	–	cycles	–
Fret	Flash retention. $T_A \leq 85$ °C, 10 K program/erase cycles	10	–	–	years	–

Pin Description

Pin[3]	Type	Name		Default
1	Power	VDDD		VDDD Core
2	GPIO	GPIO_8	GPIO IN	GPIO Input Pin (see Table 15)
3	GPIO	GPIO_9	GPIO OUT	GPIO Out Pin (see Table 15)
4	Power	VSSD		Digital Ground
5	SCB/GPIO	SCL_1		SCB1 I^{2}C Clock
6	SCB/GPIO	SDA_1		SCB1 I^{2}C Data
7	GPIO	GPIO_12	GPIO OUT	GPIO Out Pin (see Table 15)
8	GPIO	GPIO_13	GPIO OUT	GPIO Out Pin (see Table 15)
9	GPIO	TX_RX LED_1		Notification LED for I^{2}C SCB1 Tx/RX
10	GPIO	TX_RX LED_0		Notification LED for I^{2}C SCB0 Tx/RX
11	Output	Suspend		Asserted when the part enters Low Power mode
12	Input	Wakeup		Wakeup device from suspend mode. Can be configured as active high/low using configuration utility
13	GPIO	GPIO_16	GPIO OUT	GPIO Out Pin (see Table 15)
14	USBIO	USBDP		USB Data Signal Plus, integrates termination resistor and 1.5-kΩ pull up resistor
15	USBIO	USBDM		USB Data Signal Minus, integrates termination resistor
16	Power	VCCD		Regulated supply, connect to 1-µF cap or 1.8 V (Internal LDO Output)
17	Power	VSSD		Digital Ground
18	Reset	nXRES		Chip Reset active, low. Can be left unconnected or have a pull up resistor connected when not in use.
19	Power	VBUS		USB VBUS
20	Power	VSSD (VBUS)		Digital Ground
21	GPIO	GPIO_17	GPIO OUT	GPIO Out Pin (see Table 15)
22	GPIO	GPIO_18	GPIO OUT	GPIO Out Pin (see Table 15)
23	Power	VDDD_IO		VDDD for IO pins
24	Power	VSSA		Analog Ground
25	GPIO	GPIO_0	GPIO IN	GPIO Input Pin (see Table 15)
26	GPIO	GPIO_1	GPIO IN	GPIO Input Pin (see Table 15)
27	GPIO	GPIO_2	GPIO IN	GPIO Input Pin (see Table 15)
28	SCB/GPIO	SCL_0		SCB0 I^{2}C Clock
29	SCB/GPIO	SDA_0		SCB0 I^{2}C Data
30	GPIO	GPIO_5	GPIO IN	GPIO Input Pin (see Table 15)
31	Output	POWER#		Signal to external logic to indicate USB Unconfigured state and USB Suspend
32	GPIO	GPIO_7	GPIO IN	GPIO Input Pin (see Table 15)

Note
3. Any pin acting as an input pin should not be left unconnected.

Figure 2. 32-Pin QFN Pinout
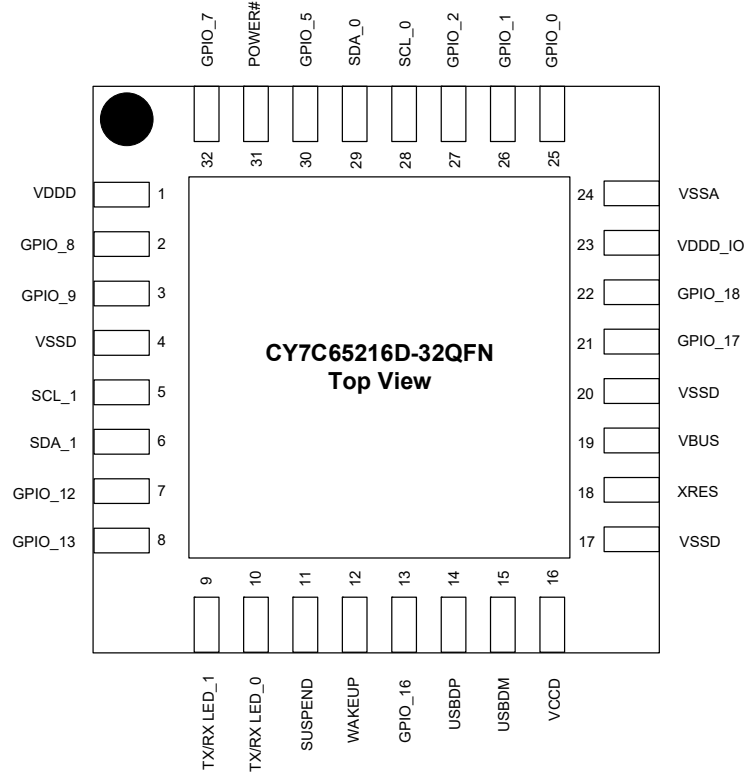
Table 13. Serial Communication Block (SCB0) Configuration

Pin	Serial Port 0	Mode 0[4]	Mode 1
		I²C Master	I²C Slave
2	SCB0_0	GPIO_8	GPIO_8
27	SCB0_1	GPIO_2	GPIO_2
28	SCB0_2	SCL_OUT_0	SCL_IN_0
29	SCB0_3	SDA_0	SDA_0
30	SCB0_4	GPIO_5	GPIO_5
3	SCB0_5	GPIO_9	GPIO_9

Table 14. Serial Communication Block (SCB1) Configuration

Pin	Serial Port 1	Mode 0[4]	Mode 1
		I²C Master	I²C Slave
5	SCB1_0	GPIO_8	GPIO_8
6	SCB1_1	GPIO_2	GPIO_2
7	SCB1_2	SCL_OUT_0	SCL_IN_0
8	SCB1_3	SDA_0	SDA_0
9	SCB1_4	GPIO_5	GPIO_5
10	SCB1_5	GPIO_9	GPIO_9

Legend:

	GPIO
	SCB0
	SCB1

Note
4. Device configured in Mode 0 as default. Other modes can be configured through Cypress-supplied configuration utility.

Table 15. GPIO Configuration[5]

GPIO Configuration Option	Description
TRISTATE	I/O tristated
DRIVE 1	Output static 1
DRIVE 0	Output static 0
POWER#	This output is used to control power to an external logic via switch to cut power off during unconfigured USB device and USB suspend. 0 - USB device in Configured state 1 - USB device in Unconfigured state or during USB suspend mode
TXLED#	Drives LED during USB transmit
RXLED#	Drives LED during USB receive
TX or RX LED#	Drives LED during USB transmit or receive
BCD0 BCD1	Configurable battery charger detect pins to indicate type of USB charger (SDP, CDP, or DCP) Configuration example: 00 - Draw up to 100 mA (Unconfigured state) 01 - SDP (up to 500 mA) 10 - CDP/DCP (up to 1.5 A) 11 - Suspend (up to 2.5 mA) This truth table can be configured using the configuration utility
BUSDETECT	VBUS detection. Connect VBUS to this pin via resistor network for VBUS detection when using BCD feature (see Figure 7).

Note
5. These signal options can be configured on any of the available GPIO pins using Cypress-supplied configuration utility.

USB Power Configurations

The following section describes possible USB power configurations for the CY7C65216D. Refer to the Pin Description on page 14 for signal details.

USB Bus-Powered Configuration

Figure 3 shows an example of the CY7C65216D in a bus-powered design. VBUS is connected directly to the CY7C65216D because it has an internal regulator.

The USB bus-powered system must comply with the following requirements:

1. The system should not draw more than 100 mA prior to USB enumeration (Unconfigured state).

2. The system should not draw more than 2.5 mA during USB Suspend mode.

3. A high-power bus-powered system (can draw more than 100 mA when operational) must use POWER# (configured over GPIO) to keep the current consumption below 100 mA prior to USB enumeration, and 2.5 mA during USB Suspend state.

4. The system should not draw more than 500 mA from the USB host.

The configuration descriptor in the CY7C65216D flash should be updated to indicate bus power and the maximum current required by the system using the configuration utility.

Figure 3. Bus-Powered Configuration
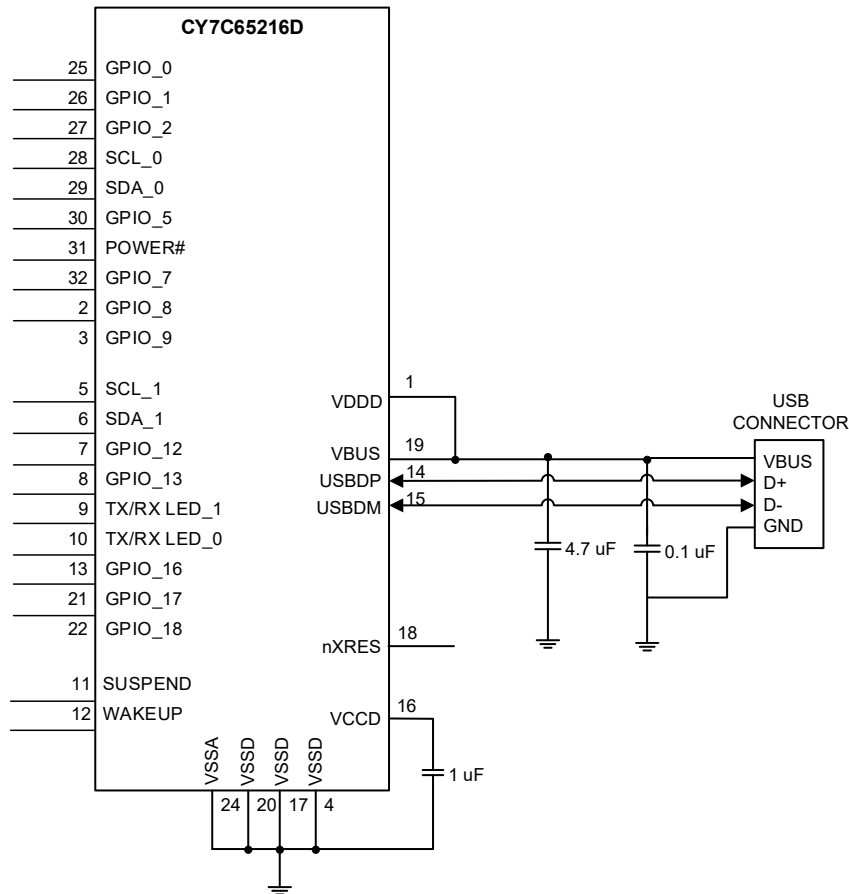
Self-Powered Configuration

Figure 4 shows an example of CY7C65216D in a self-powered design.

In this configuration:

- VBUS is powered from USB VBUS. VBUS pin is also used to detect USB connection.

- VDDD is powered from an external power supply.

When VBUS is present, CY7C65216D enables an internal, 1.5-kΩ pull-up resistor on USBDP. When VBUS is absent (USB host is powered down), CY7C65216D removes the 1.5-kΩ pull-up resistor on USBDP, and this ensures no current flows from the USBDP to the USB host via a 1.5-kΩ pull-up resistor, to comply with USB 2.0 specification.

When reset is asserted to CY7C65216D, all the I/O pins are tristated.

Using the configuration utility, the configuration descriptor in the CY7C65216D flash should be updated to indicate that it is self-powered.

Figure 4. Self-Powered Configuration
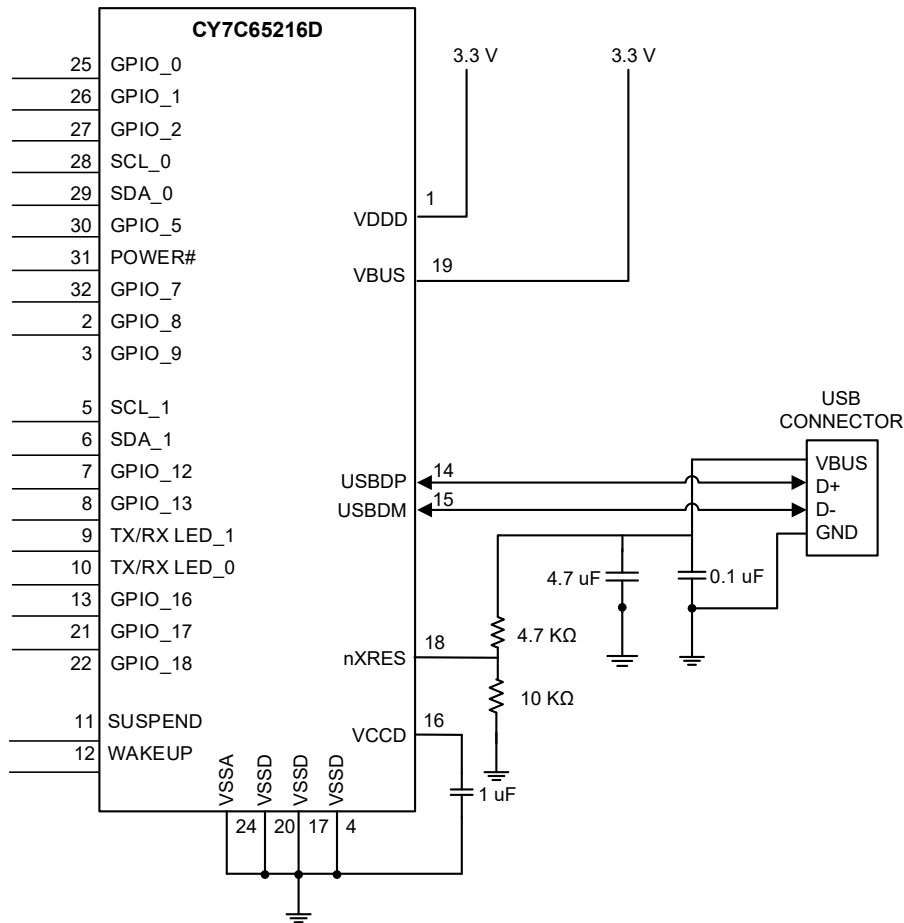
USB Bus Powered with Variable I/O Voltage

Figure 5 shows CY7C65216D in a bus-powered system with variable I/O voltage. A low dropout (LDO) regulator is used to supply 1.8 V or 3.3 V (using a jumper switch) the input of which is 5 V from VBUS. Another jumper switch is used to select 1.8/3.3 V or 5 V from VBUS for the VDDD pin of CY7C65216D. This allows I/O voltage and supply to external logic to be selected among 1.8 V, 3.3 V, or 5 V.

The USB bus-powered system must comply with the following:

- The system should not draw more than 100 mA prior to USB enumeration (Unconfigured state).

- The system should not draw more than 2.5 mA during USB Suspend mode.

- A high-power bus-powered system (can draw more than 100 mA when operational) must use POWER# (configured over GPIO) to keep the current consumption below 100 mA prior to USB enumeration and 2.5 mA during USB Suspend state.

Figure 5. USB Bus-Powered with 1.8 V, 3.3 V, or 5 V Variable I/O Voltage[6]
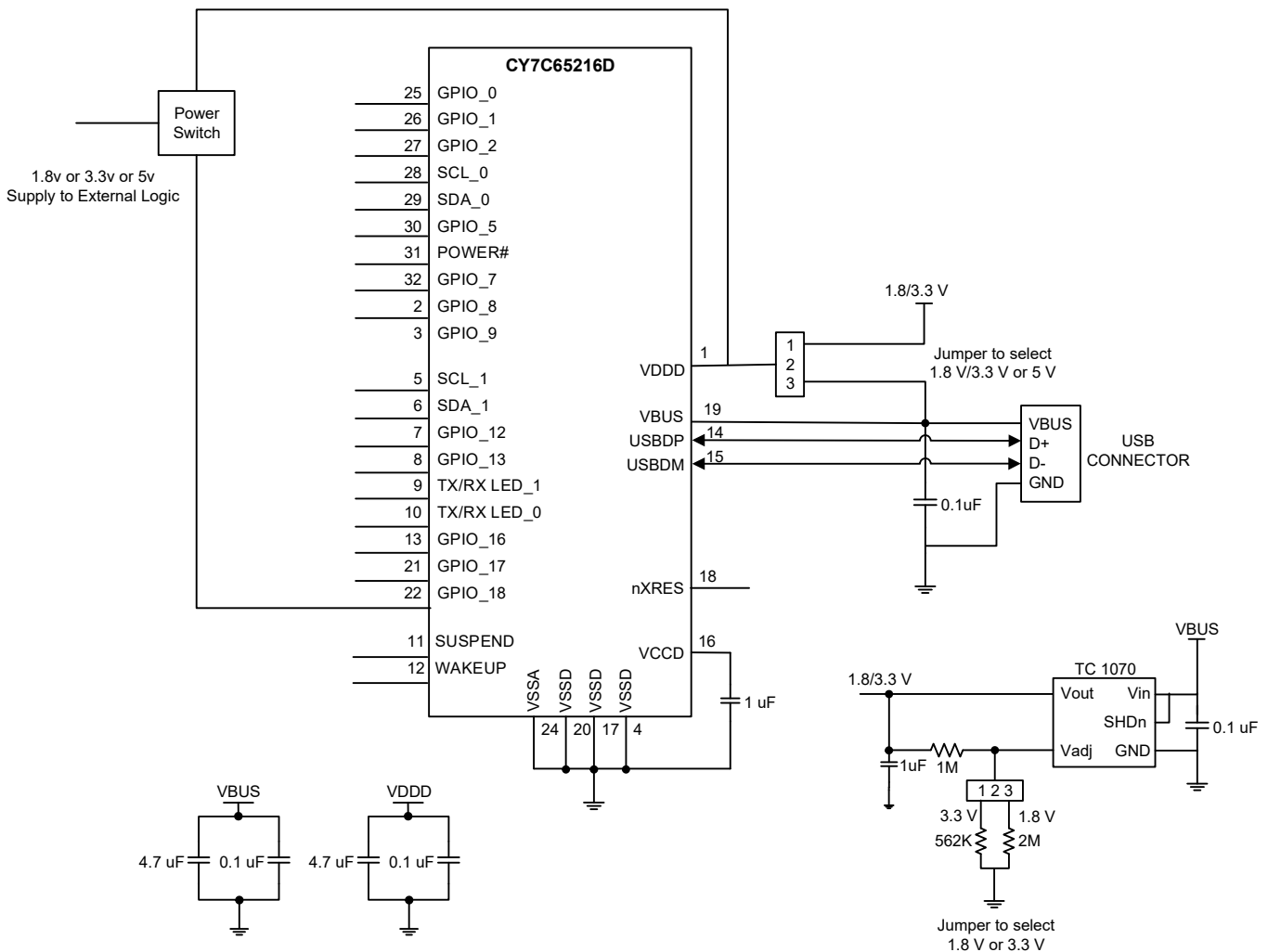
Note
6. 1.71 V ≤ VDDD ≤ 1.89 V - Short VCCD pin with VDDD pin; VDDD > 2 V - connect a 1-µF decoupling capacitor to the VCCD pin.

Application Examples

The following section provides CY7C65216D application examples.

Figure 6. USB to Dual I²C Bridge with Battery Charge Detection[7, 8]
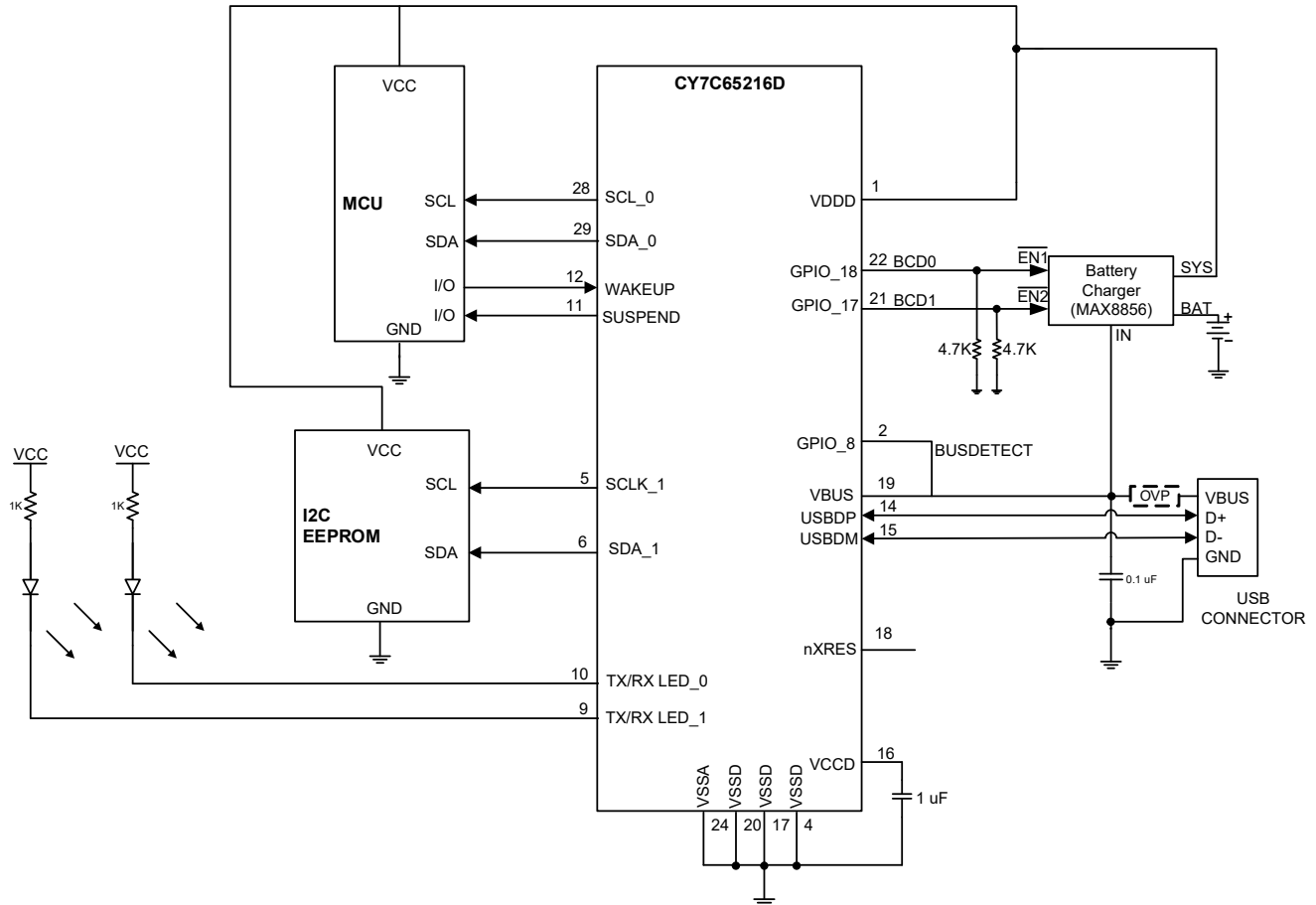
In a battery charger system.a 9-V spike on the VBUS is possible. The CY7C65216D VBUS pin is intolerant to voltage above 6 V. In the absence of over-voltage protection (OVP) on the VBUS line, VBUS should be connected to BUSDETECT (GPIO configured) using the resistive network and the output of battery charger to the VBUS pin of CY7C65216D, as shown in Figure 7.

Figure 7. GPIO VBUS Detect (BUSDETECT)
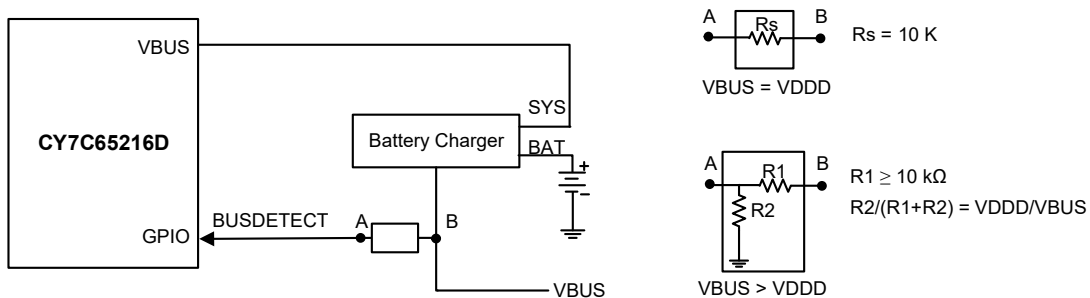
Notes
7. Add a 100-kΩ pull-down resistor on the V_{BUS} pin for quick discharge.
8. Refer Figure 7, Figure 8, Figure 9 and the corresponding descriptions for handling VBUS Over Voltage Protection (OVP).

When VBUS and VDDD are at the same voltage potential, VBUS can be connected to GPIO using a series resistor (Rs). This is shown in Figure 8. If there is a charger failure and VBUS becomes 9 V, then the 10-kΩ resistor plays two roles. It reduces the amount of current flowing into the forward biased diodes in the GPIO, and it reduces the voltage seen on the pad.

Figure 8. GPIO VBUS Detection, VBUS = VDDD
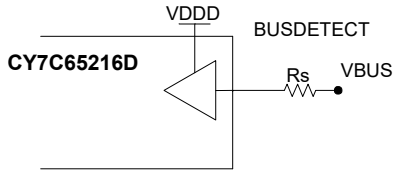
When VBUS > VDDD, a resistor voltage divider is necessary to reduce the voltage from VBUS down to VDDD for the GPIO sensing the VBUS voltage. This is shown in the following figure. The resistors should be sized as follows:

R1 $\geq$ 10 K

R2 / (R1 + R2) = VDDD / VBUS

The first condition limits the voltage and current for the charger failure situation, as described in the previous paragraph, while the second condition allows for normal-operation VBUS detection.

Figure 9. GPIO VBUS Detection, VBUS > VDDD
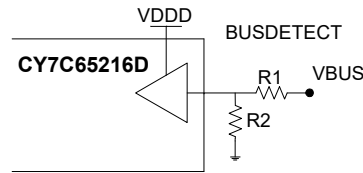
USB to Dual Channel (I^{2}C) Bridge

In Figure 10, CY7C65216D is configured as a USB-to-Dual Channel (I^{2}C) Bridge. GPIO1 and GPIO0 are configured as RXLED# and TXLED# to drive two LEDs indicating data USB receive and transmit respectively.

Figure 10. USB-to-I^{2}C Bridge
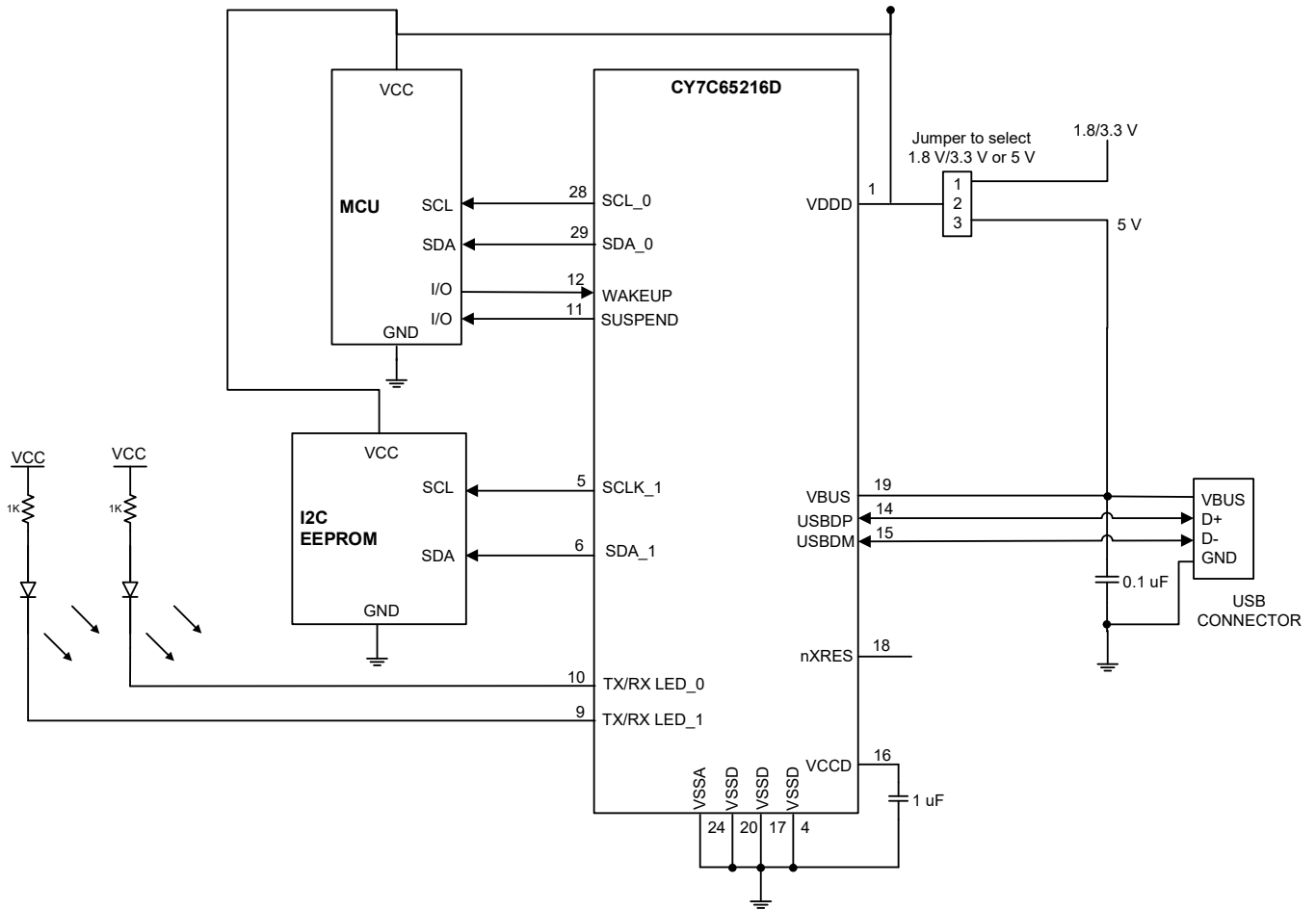
I^{2}C

The CY7C65216D I^{2}C can be configured as a Master or Slave using the configuration utility. CY7C65216D supports I^{2}C data rates up to 100 kbps in the standard mode (SM) and 400 kbps in the fast mode (FM).

In the master mode, SCL is output from CY7C65216D. In the slave mode, SCL is input to CY7C65216D. The I^{2}C slave address for CY7C65216D can be configured using the configuration utility. The SDA data line is bi-directional in the master and slave modes. The drive modes of the SCL and SDA port pins are always open drain.

Refer to the NXP I^{2}C specification for further details on protocol.

Ordering Information

Table 16 lists the CY7C65216D key package features and ordering codes. For more information, contact your local sales representative.

Table 16. Key Features and Ordering Information

Package	Ordering Code	Operating Range
32-pin QFN (5 × 5 × 1 mm, 0.5 mm pitch) (Pb-free)	CY7C65216D-32LTXI	Industrial
32-pin QFN (5 × 5 × 1 mm, 0.5 mm pitch) (Pb-free) – Tape and Reel	CY7C65216D-32LTXIT	Industrial

Ordering Code Definitions

CY 7C65 XXXX - 32 LTX I X

X: Blank or T
Blank = Tray; T= Tape and Reel

Temperature Range: I = Industrial; C = Commercial

Package Type: LT = QFN; X = Pb-free

Number of Pins: 32

Part Number XXXX:
216D: Single/Dual Channel USB-I^2C Bridge Controller

Technology Code: C = CMOS; Family Code: 65 = Full Speed USB-Serial

Company ID: CY = Cypress (An Infineon Technologies Company)
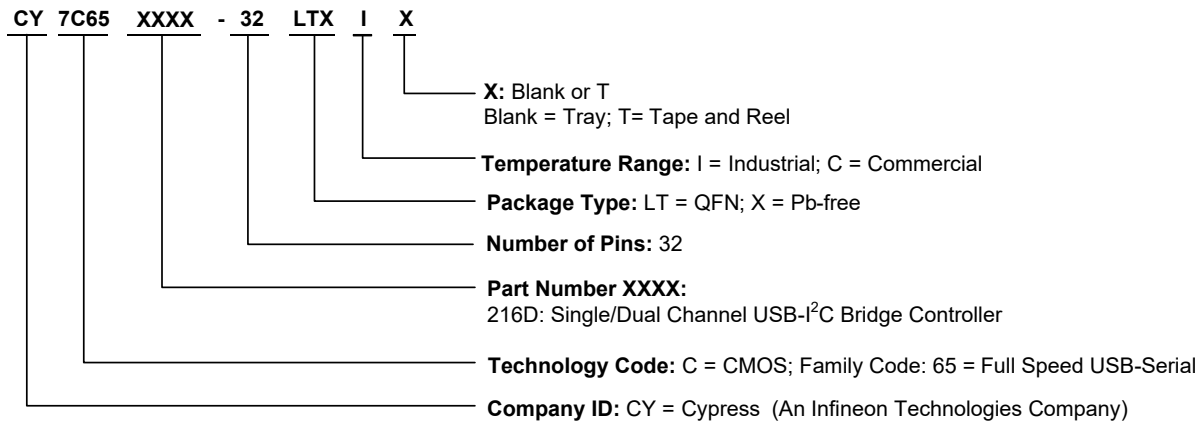
Package Information

The package currently planned to be supported is the 32-pin QFN.

Figure 11. 32-pin QFN 5 × 5 × 1.0 mm LT32B 3.5 × 3.5 EPAD (Sawn)
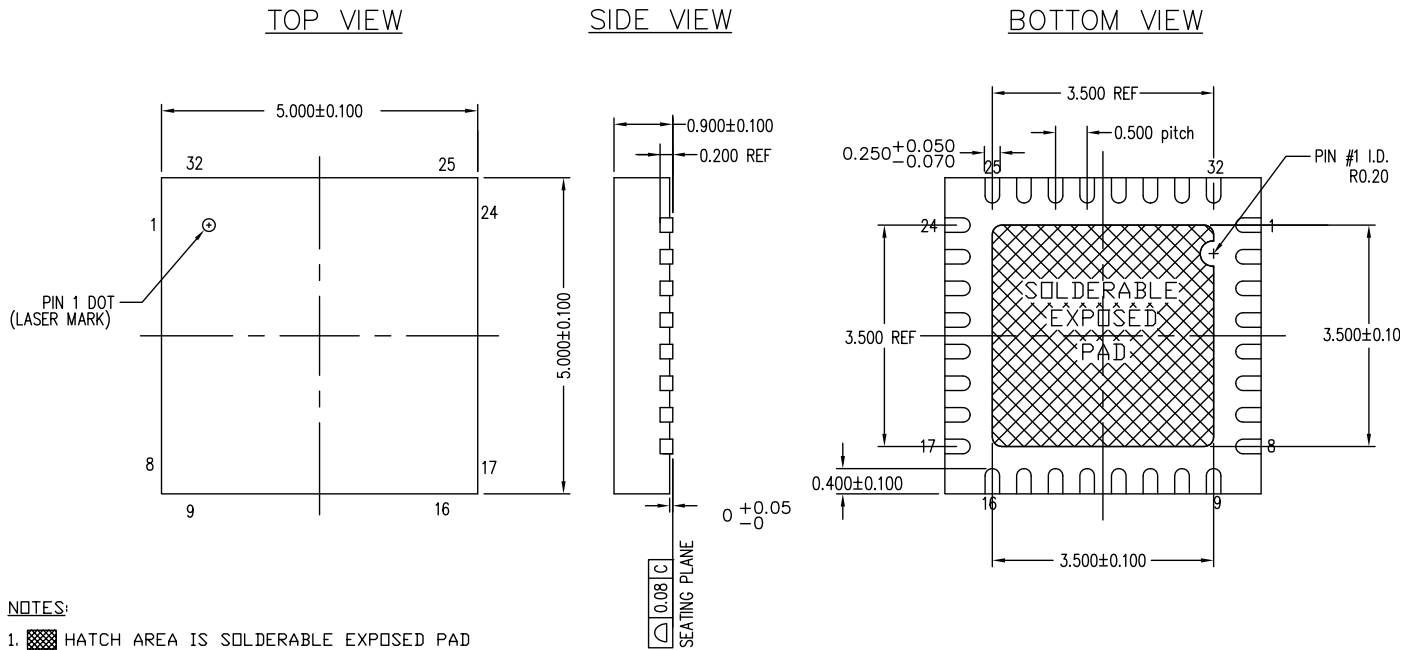
NOTES:
1. HATCH AREA IS SOLDERABLE EXPOSED PAD
2. BASED ON REF JEDEC # MO-220
3. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
4. PACKAGE WEIGHT: SEE CYPRESS PACKAGE MATERIAL DECLARATION DATASHEET (PMDD) POSTED ON THE CYPRESS WEB

001-30999 *D

Table 17. Package Characteristics

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
T_A	Operating ambient temperature	–40	25	85	°C
THJ	Package θ_{JA}	–	19	–	°C/W

Table 18. Solder Reflow Peak Temperature

Package	Maximum Peak Temperature	Maximum Time at Peak Temperature
32-pin QFN	260 °C	30 seconds

Table 19. Package Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL), IPC/JEDEC J-STD-2

Package	MSL
32-pin QFN	MSL 3

Acronyms

Table 20. Acronyms Used in this Document

Acronym	Description
BCD	battery charger detection
CDC	communication driver class
CDP	charging downstream port
DCP	dedicated charging port
DLL	dynamic link library
ESD	electrostatic discharge
GPIO	general purpose input/output
HBM	human-body model
I²C	inter-integrated circuit
MCU	Microcontroller Unit
OSC	oscillator
PHDC	personal health care device class
PID	Product Identification
SCB	serial communication block
SCL	I²C Serial Clock
SDA	I²C Serial Data
SDP	Standard Downstream Port
SIE	serial interface engine
VCOM	virtual communication port
USB	Universal Serial Bus
VID	Vendor Identification

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Table 21. Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degree Celsius
DMIPS	dhrystone million instructions per second
kΩ	kilo-ohm
KB	kilobyte
kHz	kilohertz
kV	kilovolt
Mbps	megabits per second
MHz	megahertz
mm	millimeter
V	volt

Errata

This section describes the errata for the CY7C65216D USB-Serial family. Details include errata trigger conditions, scope of impact, and available workaround.

Contact your local Cypress Sales Representative if you have questions.

Part Numbers Affected

Part Number	Device Characteristics
CY7C65216D	All Variants
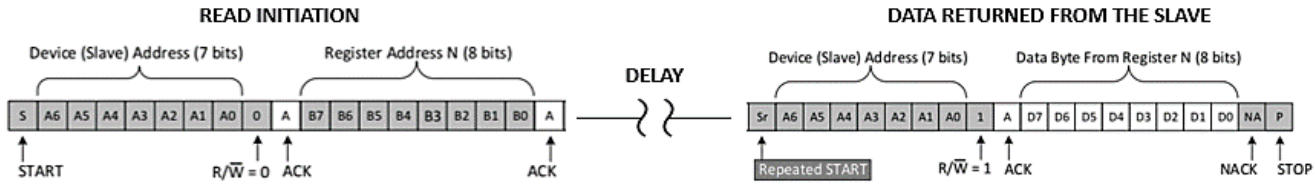
Qualification Status

Production

Errata Summary

The following table defines the errata applicability to available USB-Serial devices.

Items	Affected Part Number	Fix Status
[1.] I2C Reads are slower when USB-Serial is configured as I2C Master.	CY7C65216D	Workaround Provided

1. I^{2}C Reads are slower when USB-Serial is configured as I^{2}C Master.	
Problem Definition	I^{2}C reads done by USB-Serial configured as I^{2}C Master are observed to be slower. This is because of significant delay between the I^{2}C read initiation and the reception of data from the I^{2}C Slave.
Parameters Affected	NA
Trigger Condition(s)	No specific trigger condition. The delay is observed between every I^{2}C Read initiation from the master and reception of slave data
Scope of Impact	I^{2}C read operations from the master are slower.
Workaround	KBA227320 mentions the steps needed to be taken for reducing this delay.
Fix Status	No fix. Workaround is proven.

Document History Page

Document Title: CY7C65216D, USB-Dual I2C Bridge Controller Document Number: 002-31605			
Revision	**ECN**	**Submission Date**	**Description of Change**
**	6993251	11/25/2020	Final datasheet to NSO.

Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information

Worldwide Sales and Design Support

Cypress maintains a worldwide network of offices, solution centers, manufacturer's representatives, and distributors. To find the office closest to you, visit us at Cypress Locations.

Products

Arm® Cortex® Microcontrollers	cypress.com/arm
Automotive	cypress.com/automotive
Clocks & Buffers	cypress.com/clocks
Interface	cypress.com/interface
Internet of Things	cypress.com/iot
Memory	cypress.com/memory
Microcontrollers	cypress.com/mcu
PSoC	cypress.com/psoc
Power Management ICs	cypress.com/pmic
Touch Sensing	cypress.com/touch
USB Controllers	cypress.com/usb
Wireless Connectivity	cypress.com/wireless

PSoC® Solutions

PSoC 1 | PSoC 3 | PSoC 4 | PSoC 5LP | PSoC 6 MCU

Cypress Developer Community

Community | Code Examples | Projects | Video | Blogs | Training | Components

Technical Support

cypress.com/support