

# CHM-11-XH00 LED High Density White COB Array



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## Features:

- High lumen output, density
  - Over 3,450 lumens, @ 3000K, 80 CRI, 85°C
  - Over 4,000 lumens per square centimeter of Light Emitting Surface (LES)
- CCT range 2700K, 3000K, 3500K, 4000K, 5000K and 6500K
- CRI Ra 80 or 90 min. in all colors (except 6500K)
- R9 up to 90 min. CRI 98 typical in 2700K, 3000K, 3500K and 4000K
- 3 SDCM color binning accuracy
- Excellent optical emission uniformity and color over angle consistency
- Exceptional long term color stability
- Package thermal conductivity more than twice the industry average
- Environmentally friendly: RoHS and REACH compliant
- 

## Applications

- |                           |                                 |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| • Spotlights/Track Lights | • Architectural and Specialty   |
| • Downlights              | • Street Lighting               |
| • Shop Lighting           | • Parking Lot and Area Lighting |
| • Hospitality Lighting    | • Tunnel Lighting               |

## Technology Overview

Luminus Chip-on-Board (COB) LED series offers a complete lighting class solution designed for high performance illumination applications. The selection covers a wide lumen range from less than 400lm to over 25,000lm, all major color temperatures and can deliver color rendering greater than 95 at 2700K and 3000K and R9 greater than 90. These breakthroughs allow illumination engineers and designers to develop beautifully lit spaces without sacrificing efficacy, brightness and overall quality.

### Reliability

Designed from the ground up, the Luminus COB LED is one of the most reliable light sources in the world today. Having passed a rigorous suite of environmental and mechanical stress tests, including mechanical shock, vibration, temperature cycling and humidity. Only then are the devices qualified for use in a wide range of lighting application including some of the most demanding commercial applications. Delivered with fully qualified LM80 test data and TM21 lifetime results that certify lumen maintenance at 35,000 hours or more, Luminus COB LEDs are ready for the toughest challenges.

### UL Recognized Compliance

Luminus COB arrays are tested in accordance with ANSI/UL 8750 to ensure safe operation for their intended applications.

### REACH & RoHS Compliance

All LED products manufactured by Luminus are REACH and RoHS compliant and free of hazardous materials, including lead and mercury.

## Understanding Luminus COB LED Test Specifications

Every Luminus LED is fully tested to ensure it meets the high quality standards customers have come to expect from Luminus' products.

### Traceability

Each Luminus COB LED is marked with a 2D bar code that contains a unique serial number. With this serial number, Luminus has the ability to provide customers with actual test data measurements for a specific LED. In addition, the 2D bar code is linked to manufacturing date codes that enables traceability of production processes and materials.

### Chromaticity Bin Range

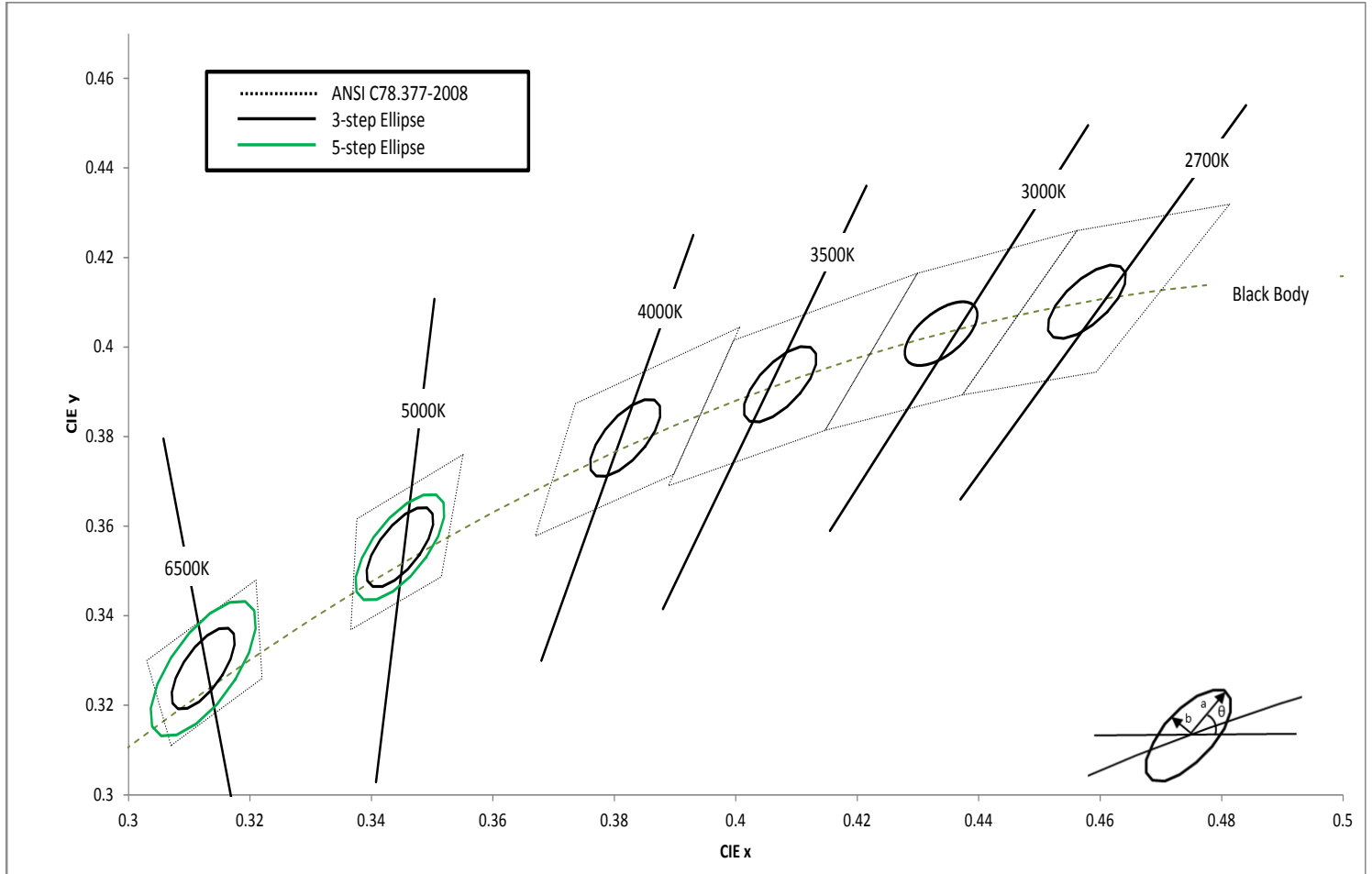
Chromaticity binning delivers color consistency for every order. Standard products are delivered with a 3-step MacAdam ellipse. This ensures color performance matching in the application. For the most demanding application, Luminus is one of only a few companies that can provide a 2-step ellipse bin. These tightly controlled, small distribution bins provide customers predictable, repeatable colors.

### Testing Temperature

Luminus COB products are measured at temperatures typical for the LED operating in the fixture. Each device is tested at 85°C junction temperature eliminating the need to scale data sheet specifications to real world situations.

## Chromaticity Bin Structure

Chromaticity Bins: 1931 CIE Curve



### CHM-11 White Chromaticity Bins

The following tables describe the ANSI bin center points, the orientation angle for the MacAdam ellipse ( $\theta^\circ$ ), and the maximum radii for the ellipses. The ANSI Bin is provided for reference.

CCT	Center Point		Angle $\theta^\circ$	3-step Bin		5-step Bin	
	CIE <sub>x</sub>	CIE <sub>y</sub>		a	b	a	b
2700K	0.4578	0.4101	53.7	0.0081	0.0042	0.0135	0.007
3000K	0.4338	0.403	53.2	0.00834	0.00408	0.0139	0.0068
3500K	0.4073	0.3917	54	0.00927	0.00414	0.01545	0.0069
4000K	0.3818	0.3797	53.7	0.00939	0.00402	0.01565	0.0067
5000K	0.3447	0.3553	59.6	0.00822	0.00354	0.0137	0.0059
6500K	0.3123	0.3282	58.57	0.00669	0.00285	0.01115	0.00475

\*Note: Luminus maintains a +/- 0.005 tolerance on chromaticity (CIE<sub>x</sub> and CIE<sub>y</sub>) measurements.

## Product Ordering and Shipping Part Number Nomenclature

All CHM-11 products are packaged and labeled with part numbers as outlined in the table on page 5. When shipped, each package will contain only a single flux and chromaticity bin. The part number designation is as follows:

CHM-11														
CHM	—	11	—	NN	—	XX	—	36	—	QQPP	—	FG	—	W
Product Family	Light Emitting Surface Diameter	Color Temperature	Color Rendering Index (CRI)	Voltage (typical)	Package Configurator	Flux Bin	Chromaticity Bin							
CHM: Chip on Board, High Density, Multi-die	11: LES Diameter (mm)	Color See Note 1 below	CRI	Volts	XH00	Lumens	See page 3 for bins							

Note 1: NN nomenclature corresponds to the following:

- 27 = 2700K
- 30 = 3000K
- 35 = 3500K
- 40 = 4000K
- 50 = 5000K
- 65 = 6500K

### Color Temperature, CRI and R9 Values

Color Temperatures	XX Value	CRI	R9
2700K, 3000K, 3500K, 4000K, 5000K, 6500K	80	>80	>0
2700K, 3000K, 3500K, 4000K, 5000K	90	>90	>50
2700K, 3000K	95	>95	>90
3500K,			>75

Note: Luminus part numbers may be accompanied by prefixes or suffixes. The most common is the “Rev01” suffix indicating a part is fully released and carries a full warranty. These additional characters may appear on shipping labels, packing slips and invoices. In all cases the basic part number described above will always be included.

**CHM-11-XH00 Part Numbers**

The following tables describe products with typical flux and minimum flux measured at 960mA and specified at T<sub>j</sub> = 85°C. The values at 25°C are calculated and shown for reference only.

CCT	Output Flux (lm)		Reference	Color Rendering Index	Ordering Part Number
	Typ. (85°C)	Min. (85°C)	Typ. (calculated) (25°C)	CRI (min.)	3-step MacAdam Ellipse
2700K	3,305	3,135	3,635	80	CHM-11-27-80-36-XH00-F2-3
	2,575	2,445	2,830	90	CHM-11-27-90-36-XH00-F2-3
	2,420	2,300	2,665	95	CHM-11-27-95-36-XH00-F2-3
3000K	3,485	3,305	3,830	80	CHM-11-30-80-36-XH00-F2-3
	2,815	2,675	3,100	90	CHM-11-30-90-36-XH00-F2-3
	2,700	2,565	2,970	95	CHM-11-30-95-36-XH00-F2-3
3500K	3,610	3,425	3,970	80	CHM-11-35-80-36-XH00-F2-3
	2,885	2,740	3,175	90	CHM-11-35-90-36-XH00-F2-3
	2,705	2,570	2,975	95	CHM-11-35-95-36-XH00-F2-3
4000K	3,725	3,540	4,100	80	CHM-11-40-80-36-XH00-F2-3
	2,980	2,830	3,280	90	CHM-11-40-90-36-XH00-F2-3

CCT	Output Flux (lm)		Reference	Color Rendering Index	Part Number	
	Typ. (85°C)	Min. (85°C)	Typ. (calculated) (25°C)	CRI (min.)	5-step MacAdam Ellipse	3-step MacAdam Ellipse
5000K	3,815	3,625	4,200	80	CHM-11-50-80-36-XH00-F2-5	CHM-11-50-80-36-XH00-F2-3
	3,055	2,900	3,360	90	CHM-11-50-90-36-XH00-F2-5	CHM-11-50-90-36-XH00-F2-3
6500K	3,800	3,605	4,180	80	CHM-11-65-80-36-XH00-F2-5	CHM-11-65-80-36-XH00-F2-3

\*Note: Luminus maintains a +/- 6% tolerance on flux measurements, a +/- 2% tolerance on CRI measurements, and a +/- 5% tolerance of R9

**CHM-11 Operating Characteristics<sup>1</sup>**
**Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Forward Current <sup>2</sup>	$I_f$		960	1,440	mA
Forward Voltage <sup>3</sup>	$V_f$	33.5	36	38	V
Power			34.6	51.5	W
Operating Case Temperature <sup>4</sup>	$T_c$			105	°C
Light Emitting Surface Diameter	LES		11		mm
Thermal Resistance (junction-to-case)	$\Theta_{jc}$		0.18		°C/W
Junction Temperature	$T_j$			140	°C
Viewing Angle			120		Degree

Note 1: Ratings are based on operation at a constant junction temperature of  $T_j = 85^\circ\text{C}$ .

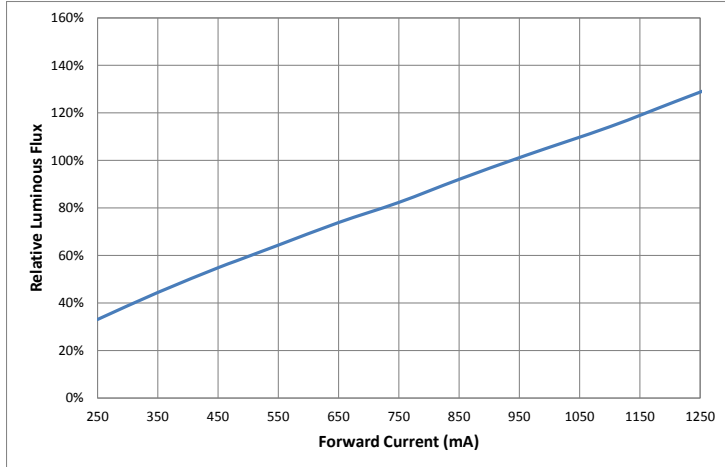
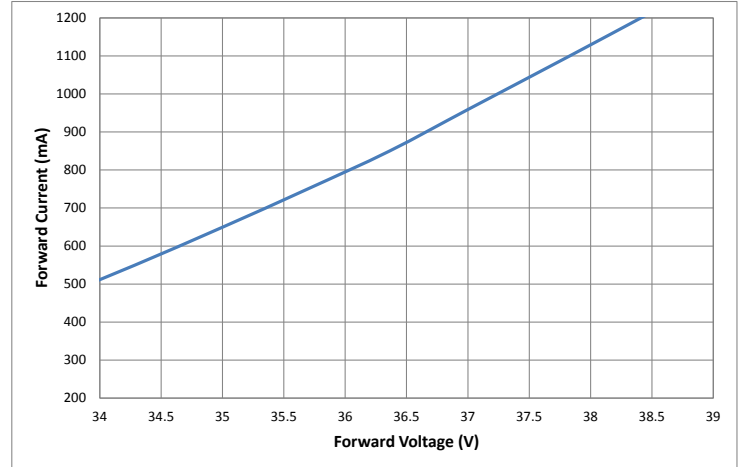
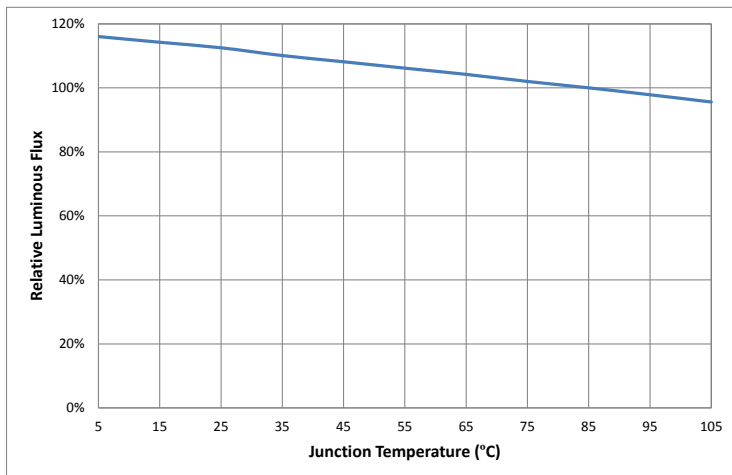
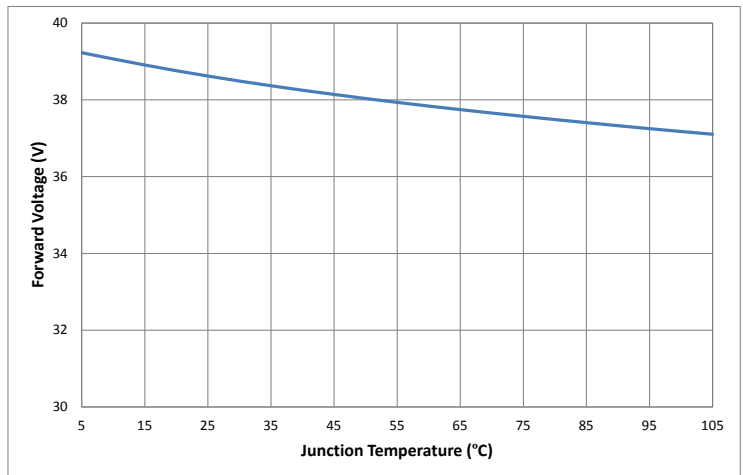
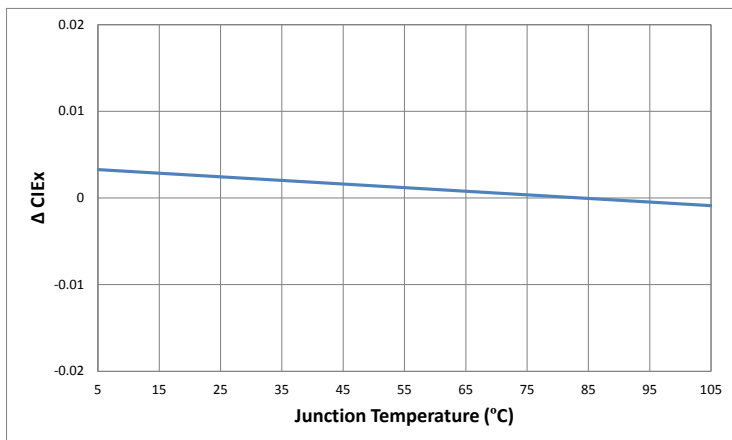
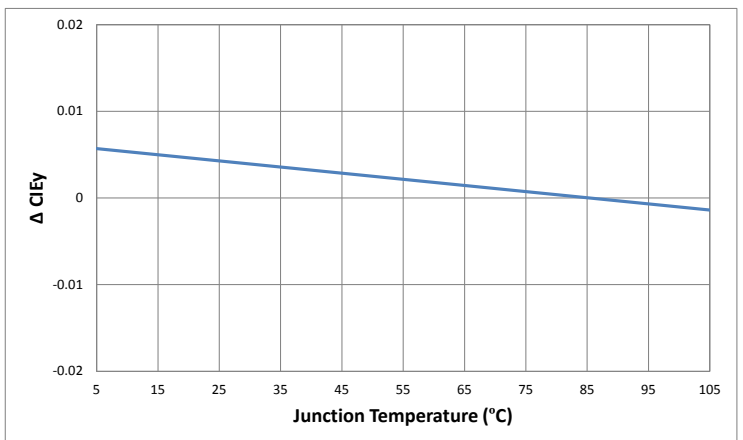
Note 2: To prevent damage refer to operating conditions for maximum operating conditions

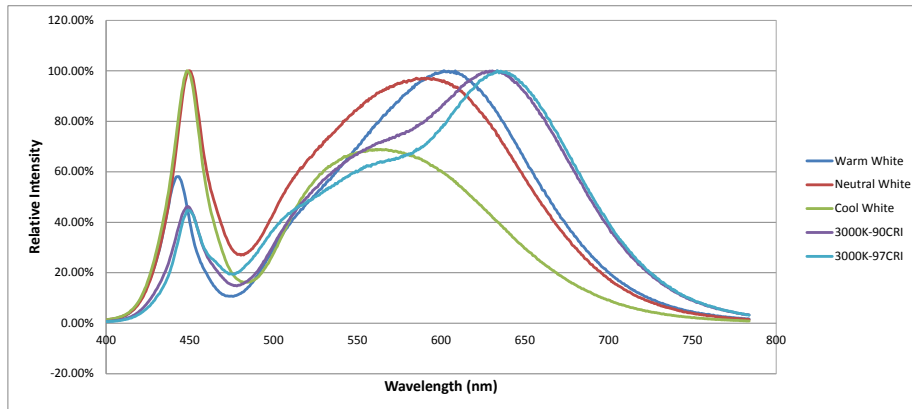
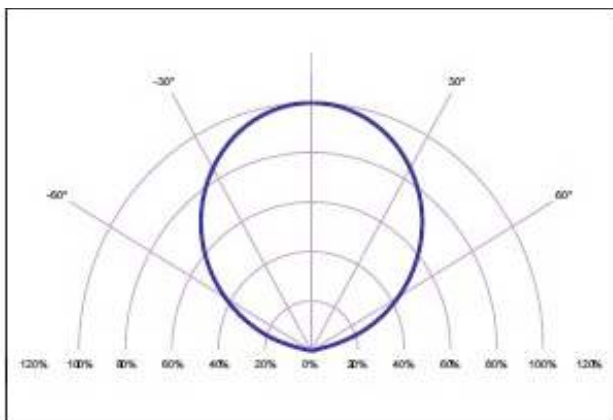
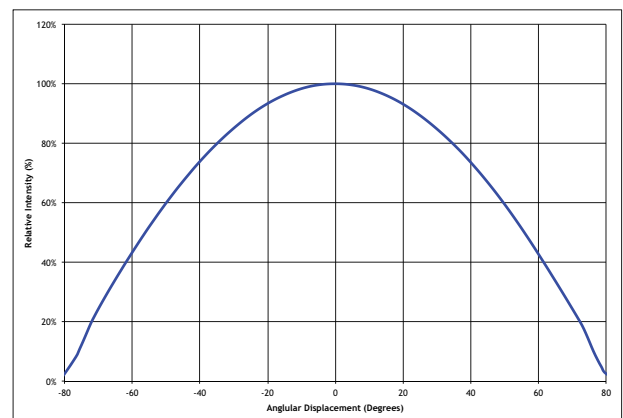
Note 3: Voltage is rated at typical forward current. For voltage at higher drive current, refer to performance graphs.

Note 4: CHM-11 COB minimum operating current is suggested to be no less than 20% of the typical value. While lower levels will not harm the device, they may result in uneven lighting across the LES area.

Note 5: Caution must be taken not to stare at the light emitted from these LEDs. Under special circumstances, the high intensity could damage the eye.

Note 6: Data sheets are subject to changes without prior notice. Please refer to the Luminus web site for the latest data sheet revisions.

**CHM-11 Optical & Electrical Characteristics**
**Relative Output Flux vs. Forward Current @ 85°C**

**Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage @ 85°C**

**Relative Output Flux vs. Junction Temperature**

**Change in Voltage vs. Junction Temperature**

**Change in CIE<sub>x</sub> vs. Junction Temp. (3000K, 80CRI)**

**Change in CIE<sub>y</sub> vs. Junction Temp. (3000K, 80CRI)**


**CHM-11 Optical & Electrical Characteristics**
**Typical Spectrum**

**Typical Polar Radiation Pattern**

**Typical Angular Radiation Pattern**






## Handling Notes for Luminus COBs

Luminus products are designed for robust performance in general lighting application. However, care must be taken when handling and assembling the LEDs into their fixtures. To avoid damaging Luminus COBs please follow these guide lines.

The following is an overview of the application notes detailing some of the practices to follow when working with these devices. More detailed information is available on the Luminus web site at [www.luminus.com](http://www.luminus.com).

### General Handling

Devices are made to be lifted or carried with tweezers on two adjacent corners opposite the contact pads. At no time should the devices be handled by or should anything come in contact with the light emitting surface (LES) area. This area includes the yellow colored circular area and the ring surrounding it. There are electrical connections under the LES which if damaged will cause the device to fail.

In addition, the ring frame itself should not be used for moving, lifting or carrying the device. Also do not attach any optics or mechanical holders to the ring as it is not capable to handle the mechanical stress.

### Static Electricity

Luminus COBs are electronic devices which can be damaged by electrostatic discharge (ESD). Please use appropriate measures to assure the devices do not experience ESD during their handling and or storage. ESD protection guidelines should be used at all times when working with Luminus COBs.

**Storage:** Luminus products are delivered in ESD shielded bags and should be stored in these bags until used.

**Assembly:** Individuals handling Luminus COBs during assembly should be trained in ESD protection practices. Assemblers should maintain constant conductive contact with a path to ground by means of a wrist strap, ankle straps, mat or other ESD protection system.

**Transporting:** When transporting the devices from one assembly area to another, ESD shielded carts and carriers should be used.

### Electrical Contact

Luminus COBs are designed with contact pads on their top surface. These pads are clearly marked with + and – polarity. Wires can be soldered to the contact pads for electrical connections or other solderless connector products are available.

If wires are being soldered to the COB product, we recommend attaching these wires prior to mounting the devices to a heat sink. Please contact Luminus for specific recommendations on how to solder wires if not familiar with the standard practice. Luminus can also offer design recommendations for jigs to allow easily soldering multiple products in rapid succession.

### Chemical Compatibility

The resin material used to form the LES can get hydrocarbons from the surrounding environment. As a result, certain chemical compounds are not recommended for use with the Luminus products. Use of these compounds can cause damage to the light output of the device and may permanently damage the device. Please refer to [www.luminus.com](http://www.luminus.com) for a list of the compounds not recommended for use with the Luminus COB products.

### Thermal Interface Material (TIM)

Proper thermal management is critical for successful operation of any LED system. Excess operating temperature can reduce the light output of the device. And excessive heating can cause permanent damage to the device. Proper TIM material is a crucial component for effective heat transfer away from the LED during normal operation. Please refer to [www.luminus.com](http://www.luminus.com) for specific recommendations for TIM solutions.