

### **Discontinued Product**

This device is no longer in production. The device should not be purchased for new design applications. Samples are no longer available.

Date of status change: November 1, 2010

#### **Recommended Substitutions:**

For existing customer transition, and for new customers or new applications, contact Allegro Sales.

NOTE: For detailed information on purchasing options, contact your local Allegro field applications engineer or sales representative.

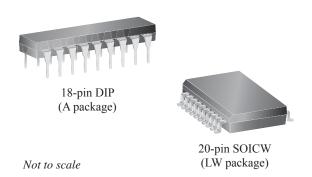
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#### **Features and Benefits**

- Controlled output slew rate
- High-speed data storage
- 60 V minimum output breakdown
- High data-input rate
- PNP active pull-downs
- Low output-saturation voltages
- Low-power CMOS logic and latches
- Improved replacements for TL4810x, UCN5810x, and UCQ5810x

#### Packages:



#### Description

The A6810 combines 10-bit CMOS shift registers, accompanying data latches, and control circuitry with bipolar sourcing outputs and PNP active pull-downs. Designed primarily to drive vacuum-fluorescent (VF) displays, the 60 V and –40 mA output ratings also allow this device to be used in many other peripheral power driver applications. The A6810 features an increased data input rate (compared with the older UCN/UCQ5810-F) and a controlled output slew rate.

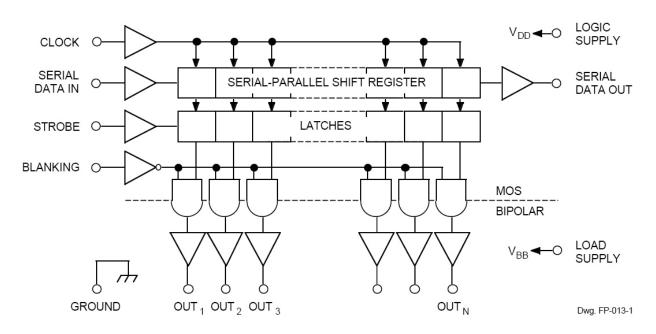
The CMOS shift register and latches allow direct interfacing with microprocessor-based systems. With a 3.3 or 5 V logic supply, serial data-input rates of at least 10 MHz can be attained

A CMOS serial data output permits cascaded connections in applications requiring additional drive lines. Similar devices are available as the A6812 (20-bit) and A6818 (32-bit).

The A6810 output source drivers are NPN Darlingtons, capable of sourcing up to 40 mA. The controlled output slew rate reduces electromagnetic noise, which is an important consideration in systems that include telecommunications and microprocessors, and to meet government emissions regulations. For inter-digit

Continued on the next page...

#### **Functional Block Diagram**



# 10-Bit Serial Input Latched Source Driver

#### **Description (continued)**

blanking, all output drivers can be disabled and all sink drivers turned on with a BLANKING input high. The PNP active pull-downs can sink at least 2.5 mA.

The A6810 is available in three temperature ranges for optimum performance in commercial (S), industrial (E), and automotive (K) applications. It is provided in two package styles, through-hole

DIP (package A) and surface-mount SOIC (package LW). Copper leadframes, low logic-power dissipation, and low output-saturation voltages allow all devices to source 25 mA from all outputs continuously over the full operating temperature range.

The lead (Pb) free versions have 100% matte tin leadframe plating.

Selection Guide					
Part Number	Pb-free	Packing	Ambient Temperature, T <sub>A</sub> (°C)	Package	
A6810EA-T	Yes	21 pieces/tube	-40 to 85	10 nin DID	
A6810SA-T	Yes	21 pieces/tube	18-pin DIP		
A6810ELWTR-T	Yes	1000 pieces/13-in. reel	-40 to 85		
A6810KLWTR-T	Yes	1000 pieces/13-in. reel	-40 to 125	20-pin SOIC-W	
A6810SLWTR-T	Yes	1000 pieces/13-in. reel	-20 to 85		

<sup>\*</sup>Variant is in production but has been determined to be LAST TIME BUY. This classification indicates that the variant is obsolete and notice has been given. Sale of the variant is currently restricted to existing customer applications. The variant should not be purchased for new design applications because of obsolescence in the near future. Samples are no longer available. Status date change May 3, 2010. Deadline for receipt of LAST TIME BUY orders is October 29, 2010.

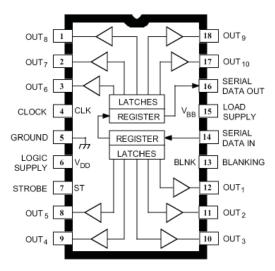
#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings\***

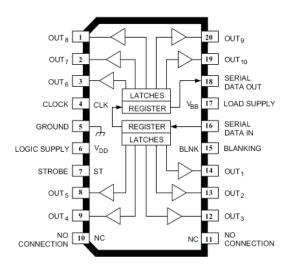
Characteristic	Symbol	Notes	Rating	Units
Logic Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>		7.0	V
Driver Supply Voltage	V <sub>BB</sub>		60	V
Input Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>		$-0.3$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
Continuous Output Current Range	I <sub>OUT</sub>		-40 to 15	mA
		Range E	-40 to 85	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	Range K	-40 to 125	°C
		Range S	–20 to 85	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	T <sub>J</sub> (max)		150	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>		-55 to 125	°C

<sup>\*</sup>Caution: These CMOS devices have input static protection (Class 2) but are still susceptible to damage if exposed to extremely high static electrical charges.



#### **Pin-out Diagrams**

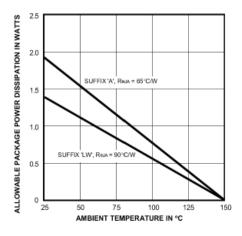




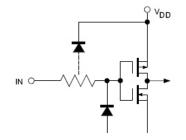
#### **Thermal Characteristics**

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions*	Value	Units
Packago Thormal Posistanco		Package A, 1-layer PCB with copper limited to solder pads	65	°C/W
Package Thermal Resistance	$R_{ heta JA}$	Package LW, 1-layer PCB with copper limited to solder pads	90	°C/W

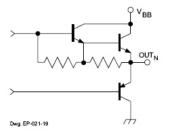
<sup>\*</sup>Additional thermal information available on the Allegro website.



#### TYPICAL INPUT CIRCUIT



#### TYPICAL OUTPUT DRIVER





# 10-Bit Serial Input Latched Source Driver

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$  (A6810S-) or over operating temperature range (A6810E-),  $V_{BB} = 60 \text{ V}$ , logic supply operating voltage  $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ; unless otherwise noted

7 0 117 1			Limits	@ V <sub>DD</sub> :	= 3.3 V	Limit	<sub>0</sub> = 5 V		
Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIn.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Output Leakage Current	I <sub>CEX</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V	_	<-0.1	-15	_	<-0.1	-15	μA
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT(1)</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = -25 mA	57.5	58.3	_	57.5	58.3	_	V
	V <sub>OUT(0)</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1 mA	_	1.0	1.5	_	1.0	1.5	V
Output Pull-Down Current	I <sub>OUT(0)</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5 V to V <sub>BB</sub>	2.5	5.0	_	2.5	5.0	_	mA
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN(1)</sub>		2.2	_	_	3.3	_	_	V
	V <sub>IN(0)</sub>		_	_	1.1	_	_	1.7	V
Input Current	I <sub>IN(1)</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub>	_	<0.01	1.0	_	<0.01	1.0	μΑ
	I <sub>IN(0)</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V	_	<-0.01	-1.0	_	<-0.01	-1.0	μΑ
Input Clamp Voltage	V <sub>IK</sub>	I <sub>IN</sub> = -200 μA	_	-0.8	-1.5	_	-0.8	-1.5	V
Serial Data Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT(1)</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = -200 μA	2.8	3.05	_	4.5	4.75	_	V
	V <sub>OUT(0)</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200 μA	_	0.15	0.3	_	0.15	0.3	V
Maximum Clock Frequency	f <sub>c</sub>		10*	_	_	10*	_	_	MHz
Logic Supply Current	I <sub>DD(1)</sub>	All Outputs High	_	0.25	0.75	_	0.3	1.0	mA
	I <sub>DD(0)</sub>	All Outputs Low	-	0.25	0.75	-	0.3	1.0	mA
Load Supply Current	I <sub>BB(1)</sub>	All Outputs High, No Load	_	1.5	3.0	_	1.5	3.0	mA
	I <sub>BB(0)</sub>	All Outputs Low	_	0.2	20	_	0.2	20	μA
Blanking-to-Output Delay	t <sub>dis(BQ)</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, 50% to 50%	_	0.7	2.0	_	0.7	2.0	μs
	t <sub>en(BQ)</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, 50% to 50%	_	1.8	3.0	_	1.8	3.0	μs
Strobe-to-Output Delay	t <sub>p(STH-QL)</sub>	$R_L$ = 2.3 kΩ, $C_L \le 30$ pF	_	0.7	2.0	_	0.7	2.0	μs
	t <sub>p(STH-QH)</sub>	$R_L$ = 2.3 kΩ, $C_L \le 30$ pF	_	1.8	3.0	_	1.8	3.0	μs
Output Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>	$R_L = 2.3 \text{ k}\Omega, C_L \le 30 \text{ pF}$	2.4	_	12	2.4	_	12	μs
Output Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$R_L$ = 2.3 kΩ, $C_L \le 30$ pF	2.4	_	12	2.4	_	12	μs
Output Slew Rate	dV/dt	$R_L$ = 2.3 kΩ, $C_L \le 30$ pF	4.0	_	20	4.0	_	20	V/µs
Clock-to-Serial Data Out Delay	t <sub>p(CH-SQX)</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = ±200 μA		50	_	_	50	_	ns

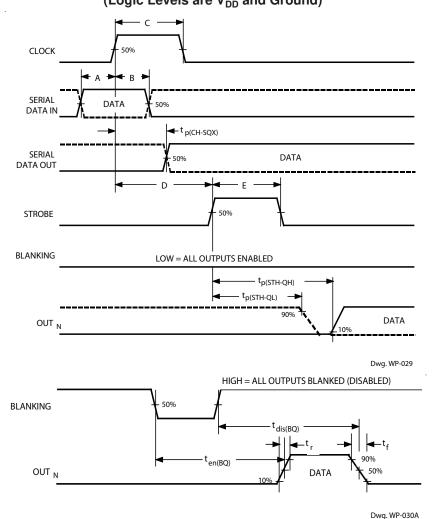
Negative current is defined as coming out of (sourcing) the specified device terminal.



Typical data is is for design information only and is at  $T_A = +25$ °C.

<sup>\*</sup>Operation at a clock frequency greater than the specified minimum value is possible but not warranteed.

# TIMING REQUIREMENTS and SPECIFICATIONS (Logic Levels are V<sub>DD</sub> and Ground)



NOTE – Timing is representative of a 10 MHz clock. Higher speeds may be attainable; operation at high temperatures will reduce the specified maximum clock frequency.

Serial Data present at the input is transferred to the shift register on the logic "0" to logic "1" transition of the CLOCK input pulse. On succeeding CLOCK pulses, the registers shift data information towards the SERIAL DATA OUTPUT. The SERIAL DATA must appear at the input prior to the rising edge of the CLOCK input waveform.

Information present at any register is transferred to the respective latch when the STROBE is high (serial-to-parallel conversion). The latches will continue to accept new data as long as the STROBE is held high. Applications where the latches are bypassed (STROBE tied high) will require that the BLANKING input be high during serial data entry.

When the BLANKING input is high, the output source drivers are disabled (OFF); the PNP active pull-down sink drivers are ON. The information stored in the latches is not affected by the BLANKING input. With the BLANKING input low, the outputs are controlled by the state of their respective latches.



# 10-Bit Serial Input Latched Source Driver

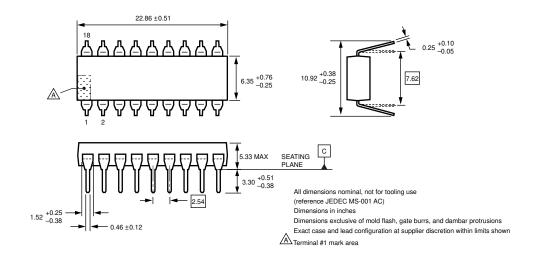
#### **TRUTH TABLE**

Serial	1	ı	nift F	Regis	ster	Conte	nts	Serial			Lat	ch C	Conte	ents		Outp	ut C	ont	ents	3	
Data Input	Clock Input	ı	l <sub>2</sub>	I <sub>3</sub>		I <sub>N-1</sub>	I <sub>N</sub>	Data Output	Strobe Input	l <sub>1</sub>	l <sub>2</sub>	I <sub>3</sub>		I <sub>N-1</sub>	I <sub>N</sub>	Blanking	I <sub>1</sub>	l <sub>2</sub>	l <sub>3</sub>	I <sub>N-</sub>	1 I <sub>N</sub>
Н		Н	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>		R <sub>N-2</sub>	R <sub>N-1</sub>	R <sub>N-1</sub>													
L		L	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>		R <sub>N-2</sub>	R <sub>N-1</sub>	R <sub>N-1</sub>													
Х		$R_1$	$R_2$	$R_3$		R <sub>N-1</sub>	$R_N$	R <sub>N</sub>													
		x	Χ	Χ		Χ	X	X	L	R <sub>1</sub>	$R_2$	$R_3$		R <sub>N-1</sub>	$R_{N}$						
		P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>3</sub>		P <sub>N-1</sub>	P <sub>N</sub>	P <sub>N</sub>	Н	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>3</sub>		P <sub>N-1</sub>	P <sub>N</sub>	L	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>3</sub>	P <sub>1</sub>	<sub>N-1</sub> P <sub>N</sub>
										Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ	Н	L	L	L	L	L

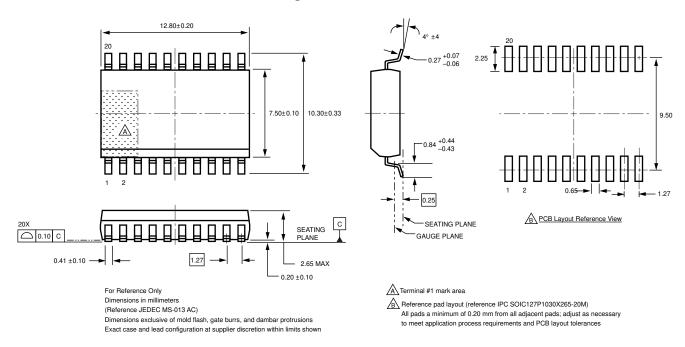
L = Low Logic Level H = High Logic Level X = Irrelevant P = Present State R = Previous State



#### Package A 18-Pin DIP



#### Package LW 20-Pin SOICW





## 10-Bit Serial Input Latched Source Driver

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