# ProLabs

## WRT-SFPI3C42SC-047-C

JDSU® WRT-SFPI3C42SC-047 Compatible TAA 1000Base-CWDM SFP Transceiver (SMF, 1470nm, 40km, LC, DOM)

## Features:

- INF-8074 and SFF-8472 Compliance
- Duplex LC Connector
- Single-mode Fiber
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- Hot Pluggable
- Metal with Lower EMI
- Excellent ESD Protection
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



## **Applications:**

- Gigabit Ethernet over CWDM
- 1x Fibre Channel
- Access, Metro and Enterprise

## **Product Description**

This JDSU<sup>®</sup> WRT-SFPI3C42SC-047 compatible SFP transceiver provides 1000Base-CWDM throughput up to 40km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1470nm via an LC connector. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent JDSU<sup>®</sup> transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

ProLabs' transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. – made or designated country end products."



Rev. 121522

## **Regulatory Compliance**

- ESD to the Electrical PINs: compatible with MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.4
- ESD to the LC Receptacle: compatible with IEC 61000-4-3
- EMI/EMC compatible with FCC Part 15 Subpart B Rules, EN55022:2010
- Laser Eye Safety compatible with FDA 21CFR, EN60950-1& EN (IEC) 60825-1,2
- RoHS compliant with EU RoHS 2.0 directive 2015/863/EU

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

| Parameter                  | Symbol | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit |
|----------------------------|--------|------|---------|------|------|
| Maximum Supply Voltage     | Vcc    | -0.5 |         | 4.0  | V    |
| Storage Temperature        | TS     | -40  |         | 85   | °C   |
| Operating Case Temperature | Тс     | 0    | 25      | 70   | °C   |
| Operating Humidity         | RH     | 5    |         | 95   | %    |
| Data Rate                  |        |      | 1.25    |      | Gb/s |
|                            |        |      | 1.0625  |      |      |

## **Electrical Characteristics** (TOP=25°C, Vcc=3.3 Volts)

| Parameter  | Symbol | Min.  | Тур. | Max.  | Unit              | Notes |
|--|--------|-------|------|-------|-------------------|-------|
| Power Supply Voltage   | Vcc    | 3.135 | 3.30 | 3.465 | V                 |       |
| Power Supply Current   | Icc    |       |      | 300   | mA                |       |
| Power Dissipation  | PD     |       |      | 1000  | mW                |       |
| Transmitter  |        |       |      |       |                   |       |
| Differential data input voltage (TD +/-)                                 |        | 300   |      | 2200  | mV <sub>P-P</sub> | 1     |
| Low speed output: Transmitter Fault<br>(TX_FAULT) / Loss of Signal (LOS) | VOH    | 2.0   |      | Vcc   | V                 | 3     |
|  | VOL    | 0     |      | 0.8   | V                 |       |
| Low speed input: Transmitter Disable                                     | VIH    | 2.0   |      | Vcc   | V                 | 4     |
| (TX_DISABLE), MOD_DEF 1, MOD_DEF 2                                       | VIL    | 0     |      | 0.8   | V                 |       |
| Receiver   |        |       |      |       |                   |       |
| Differential data output voltage (RD +/-)                                |        | 600   |      | 1200  | mV <sub>P-P</sub> | 2     |

#### Notes

- 1. Internally AC coupled and terminated to  $100\Omega$  differential load.
- 2. Internally AC coupled, but requires a 100Ω differential termination or internal to Serializer/Deserializer.
- 3. Pulled up externally with a  $4.7K\Omega$ -10K $\Omega$  resistor on the host board to VCCT,R.
- 4. Mod\_Def1 and Mod\_Def2 must be pulled up externally with a 4.7KΩ-10KΩ resistor on the host board to VCCT,R.

## **Optical Characteristics**

| Parameter                   | Symbol                               | Min.            | Тур.           | Max.             | Unit       | Notes |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|------------|-------|
| Transmitter                 | Transmitter                          |                 |                |                  |            |       |
| Launch Optical Power        | Ро                                   | -5              |                | +5               | dBm        |       |
| Center Wavelength Range     | λς                                   | λ-6.5           | λ              | λ+6.5            | nm         | 1     |
| Extinction Ratio            | EX                                   | 9               |                |                  | dB         |       |
| Spectral Width (-20dB)      | Δλ                                   |                 |                | 1                | nm         |       |
| Side Mode Suppression Ratio | SMSR                                 | 30              |                |                  | dB         |       |
| Total Jitter                | LT                                   |                 |                | 266              | ps         |       |
| Dispersion Penalty          |                                      |                 |                | 1                | dB         |       |
| Optical Rise/ Fall Time     | T <sub>rise</sub> /T <sub>fall</sub> |                 |                | 260              | ps         |       |
| Pout @TX-Disable Asserted   | P <sub>off</sub>                     |                 |                | -45              | dBm        |       |
| Eye Diagram                 | IEEI                                 | E Std 802.3-200 | 5 Gigabit Ethe | rnet 1000Base-LX | compatible |       |
| Receiver                    |                                      |                 |                |                  |            |       |
| Receiver Sensitivity        | S                                    |                 |                | -24              | dBm        | 2     |
| Receiver overload           | POL                                  | -3              |                |                  | dBm        |       |
| Optical Return Loss         | ORL                                  | 12              |                |                  | dB         |       |
| LOS De-Assert               | LOSD                                 |                 |                | -25              | dBm        |       |
| LOS Assert                  | LOSA                                 | -35             |                |                  | dBm        |       |
| LOS Hysteresis              |                                      | 0.5             | 3              | 5                | dB         |       |

## Notes:

- 1. The CWDM Transmitter Center Wavelengths " $\lambda$ " are: 1270, 1290, 1310, 1330, 1350, 1370, 1390, 1410, 1430, 1450, 1470, 1490, 1510, 1530, 1550, 1570, 1590 and 1610nm. 1270 to 1450nm are named herein as O-band wavelength and 1470 to 1610nm as L-band wavelength generally.
- 2. Measured with PRBS 27-1 test pattern, 1.25Gb/s, EX=9dB, BER<10-12.
- 3. Exceeding the Receiver overload can physically damage the module. Please use appropriate attenuation.

# **Timing Characteristics**

| Parameter                            | Symbol     | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Tx_disable assert time               | T_off      |      |      | 10   | us   |       |
| Tx_disable negate time               | T_on       |      |      | 1    | ms   |       |
| Time to initialize, include reset of | T_init     |      |      | 300  | ms   |       |
| TX_FAULT                             |            |      |      |      |      |       |
| TX_FAULT from fault to assertion     | T_fault    |      |      | 100  | us   |       |
| Tx_disable time to start reset       | T_reset    | 10   |      |      | us   |       |
| Receiver LOS Assert Time (on to off) | T_D,RX_LOS |      |      | 80   | us   |       |
| Receiver LOS Assert Time (off to on) | T_A,RX_LOS |      |      | 80   | us   |       |
| Serial I2C Clock Rate                | I2C_Clock  |      |      | 100  | kHz  |       |

# **Pin Descriptions**

| Pin | Symbol      | Name/Descriptions                                   | Engagement order | Ref. |
|-----|-------------|---|------------------|------|
| 1   | VeeT        | Transmitter Ground                                  | 1                |      |
| 2   | TX Fault    | Transmitter Fault Indication                        | 3                | 1    |
| 3   | TX Disable  | Transmitter Disable-Module disables on high or open | 3                | 2    |
| 4   | MOD-DEF2    | Module Definition 2-Two wire serial ID interface    | 3                | 3    |
| 5   | MOD-DEF1    | Module Definition 1-Two wire serial ID interface    | 3                | 3    |
| 6   | MOD-DEF0    | Module Definition 0-Grounded in module              | 3                | 3    |
| 7   | Rate Select | Not Connected                                       | 3                |      |
| 8   | LOS         | Loss of Signal                                      | 3                | 4    |
| 9   | VeeR        | Receiver Ground                                     | 1                |      |
| 10  | VeeR        | Receiver Ground                                     | 1                |      |
| 11  | VeeR        | Receiver Ground                                     | 1                |      |
| 12  | RD-         | Inverse Received Data out                           | 3                | 5    |
| 13  | RD+         | Received Data out                                   | 3                | 5    |
| 14  | VeeR        | Receiver Ground                                     | 1                |      |
| 15  | VccR        | Receiver Power - +3.3V±5%                           | 2                | 6    |
| 16  | VccT        | Transmitter Power - +3.3 V±5%                       | 2                | 6    |
| 17  | VeeT        | Transmitter Ground                                  | 1                |      |
| 18  | TD+         | Transmitter Data In                                 | 3                | 7    |
| 19  | TD-         | Inverse Transmitter Data In                         | 3                | 7    |
| 20  | VeeT        | Transmitter Ground                                  | 1                |      |

## Notes:

- TX Fault is open collector/drain output which should be pulled up externally with a 4.7KΩ-10KΩ resistor on the host board to supply < VccT +0.3V or VccR + 0.3V. When high, this output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.</li>
- 2. TX Disable input is used to shut down the laser output per the state table below. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7K $\Omega$ -10K $\Omega$  resistor.

| Low (0-0.8V):          | Transmitter on       |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| Between (0.8V and 2V): | Undefined            |
| High (2.0-VccT):       | Transmitter Disabled |
| Open:                  | Transmitter Disabled |

- Mod-Def 0, 1, 2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7KΩ-10KΩ resistor on the host board to supply less than VccT+0.3V or VccR+0.3V.
  Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present.
  Mod-Def 1 is clock line of two wire serial interface for optional serial ID.
  Mod-Def 2 is data line of two wire serial interface for optional serial ID.
- 4. LOS (Loss of signal) is an open collector/drain output which should be pulled up externally with a 4.7KΩ-10KΩ resistor on the host board to supply <VccT+0.3V or VccR+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.</p>
- 5. RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled  $100\Omega$  differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  differential at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and thus not required on the host board.
- 6. VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V±5% at the SFP connector pin. The in-rush current will typically be no more than 30mA above steady state supply current after 500ns.
- TD -/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC coupled differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on host board.





## **Digital Diagnostic Memory Map**



# **Required Host Board Components**



# **Recommended Application Interface Circuit**



# **Mechanical Specifications**

Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) transceivers are compatible with the dimensions defined by the SFP Multi-Sourcing Agreement (MSA).



## **About ProLabs**

Our experience comes as standard; for over 15 years ProLabs has delivered optical connectivity solutions that give our customers freedom and choice through our ability to provide seamless interoperability. At the heart of our company is the ability to provide state-of-the-art optical transport and connectivity solutions that are compatible with over 90 optical switching and transport platforms.

## **Complete Portfolio of Network Solutions**

ProLabs is focused on innovations in optical transport and connectivity. The combination of our knowledge of optics and networking equipment enables ProLabs to be your single source for optical transport and connectivity solutions from 100Mb to 400G while providing innovative solutions that increase network efficiency. We provide the optical connectivity expertise that is compatible with and enhances your switching and transport equipment.

## **Trusted Partner**

Customer service is our number one value. ProLabs has invested in people, labs and manufacturing capacity to ensure that you get immediate answers to your questions and compatible product when needed. With Engineering and Manufacturing offices in the U.K. and U.S. augmented by field offices throughout the U.S., U.K. and Asia, ProLabs is able to be our customers best advocate 24 hours a day.

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