To our customers,

Old Company Name in Catalogs and Other Documents

On April 1st, 2010, NEC Electronics Corporation merged with Renesas Technology Corporation, and Renesas Electronics Corporation took over all the business of both companies. Therefore, although the old company name remains in this document, it is a valid Renesas Electronics document. We appreciate your understanding.

Renesas Electronics website: http://www.renesas.com

April 1st, 2010
Renesas Electronics Corporation

Issued by: Renesas Electronics Corporation (http://www.renesas.com)

Send any inquiries to http://www.renesas.com/inquiry.

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DATA SHEET

MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR
NP160N04TUG

SWITCHING
N-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET

DESCRIPTION

The NP160N04TUG is N-channel MOS Field Effect Transistor designed for high current switching applications.

ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	LEAD PLATING	PACKING	PACKAGE
NP160N04TUG-E1-AY Note	Pure Sn (Tin)	Tape 800 p/reel	TO-263-7pin (MP-25ZT) typ. 1.5 g
NP160N04TUG-E2-AY Note			

Note Pb-free (This product does not contain Pb in the external electrode).

FEATURES

- Super low on-state resistance
  $R_{DS(on)}$ = 1.6 mΩ TYP. / 2.0 mΩ MAX. (V_{GS} = 10 V, I_D = 80 A)
- High Current Rating
  $I_{D(DC)}$ = ±160 A

(TO-263-7pin)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_A = 25°C)

Drain to Source Voltage (V_{GS} = 0 V)	V_{DSS}	40	V
Gate to Source Voltage (V_{DS} = 0 V)	V_{GSS}	±20	V
Drain Current (DC) (T_C = 25°C)	$I_{D(DC)}$	±160	A
Drain Current (pulse) Note1	$I_{D(pulse)}$	±640	A
Total Power Dissipation (T_C = 25°C)	P_{T1}	220	W
Total Power Dissipation (T_A = 25°C)	P_{T2}	1.8	W
Channel Temperature	T_{ch}	175	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	−55 to +175	°C
Single Avalanche Energy Note2	E_{AS}	372	mJ
Repetitive Avalanche Current Note3	I_{AR}	61	A
Repetitive Avalanche Energy Note3	E_{AR}	372	mJ

Notes 1. PW ≤ 10 μs, Duty Cycle ≤ 1%

2. Starting T_{ch} = 25°C, V_{DD} = 20 V, R_G = 25 Ω, V_{GS} = 20 → 0 V, L = 100 μH

3. R_G = 25 Ω, $T_{ch(peak)}$ ≤ 150°C

THERMAL RESISTANCE

Channel to Case Thermal Resistance	$R_{th(ch-C)}$	0.68	°C/W
Channel to Ambient Thermal Resistance	$R_{th(ch-A)}$	83.3	°C/W

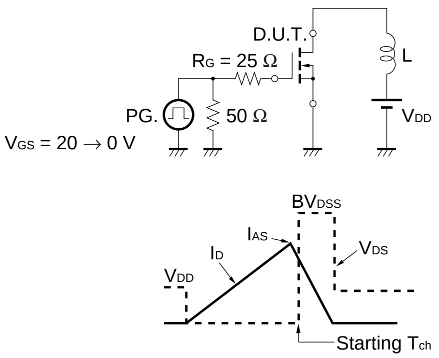
Document No. D18754EJ1V0DS00 (1st edition)
Date Published May 2007 NS CP(K)
Printed in Japan

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C)

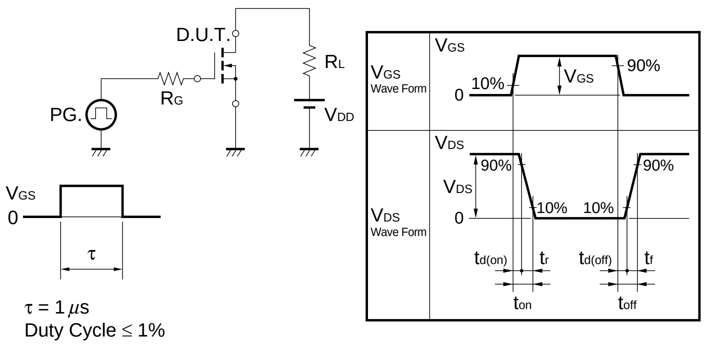
CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	V_{DS} = 40 V, V_{GS} = 0 V			1	μA
Gate Leakage Current	I_{GSS}	V_{GS} = ±20 V, V_{DS} = 0 V			±100	nA
Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 μA	2.0	3.0	4.0	V
Forward Transfer Admittance Note	$\|y_{fs}\|$	V_{DS} = 5 V, I_D = 40 A	28	76		S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance Note	$R_{DS(on)}$	V_{GS} = 10 V, I_D = 80 A		1.6	2.0	mΩ
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	V_{DS} = 25 V,		10500	15750	pF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}	V_{GS} = 0 V,		980	1470	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}	f = 1 MHz		630	1140	pF
Turn-on Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	V_{DD} = 20 V, I_D = 80 A,		47	110	ns
Rise Time	t_r	V_{GS} = 10 V,		67	170	ns
Turn-off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$	R_G = 0 Ω		94	190	ns
Fall Time	t_f			19	50	ns
Total Gate Charge Note	Q_G	V_{DD} = 32 V,		178	270	nC
Gate to Source Charge	Q_{GS}	V_{GS} = 10 V,		44		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q_{GD}	I_D = 160 A		61		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage Note	$V_{F(S-D)}$	I_F = 160 A, V_{GS} = 0 V		0.92	1.5	V
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	I_F = 160 A, V_{GS} = 0 V,		50		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}	di/dt = 100 A/μs		75		nC

Note Pulsed test

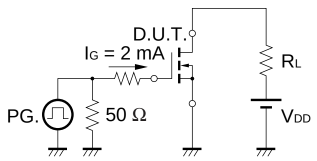
TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY



TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME

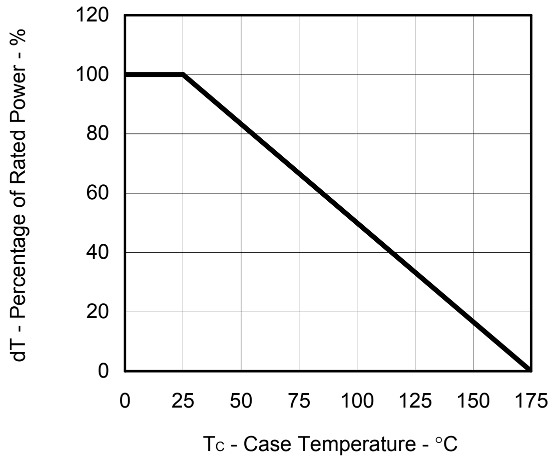


TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE

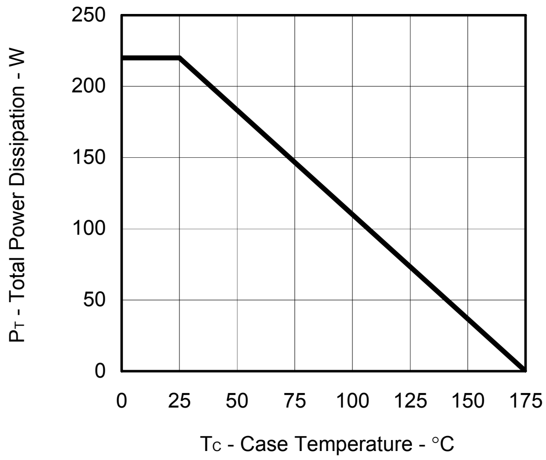


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C)

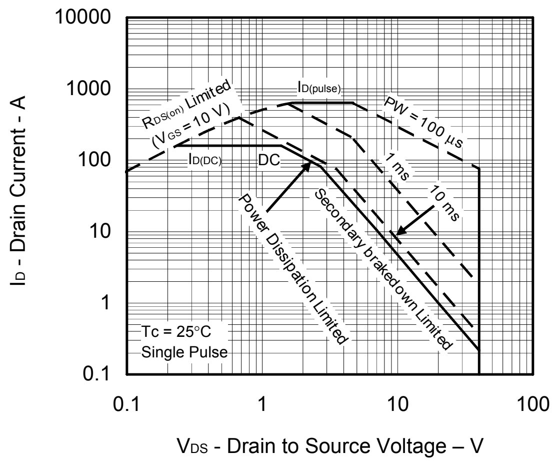
DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



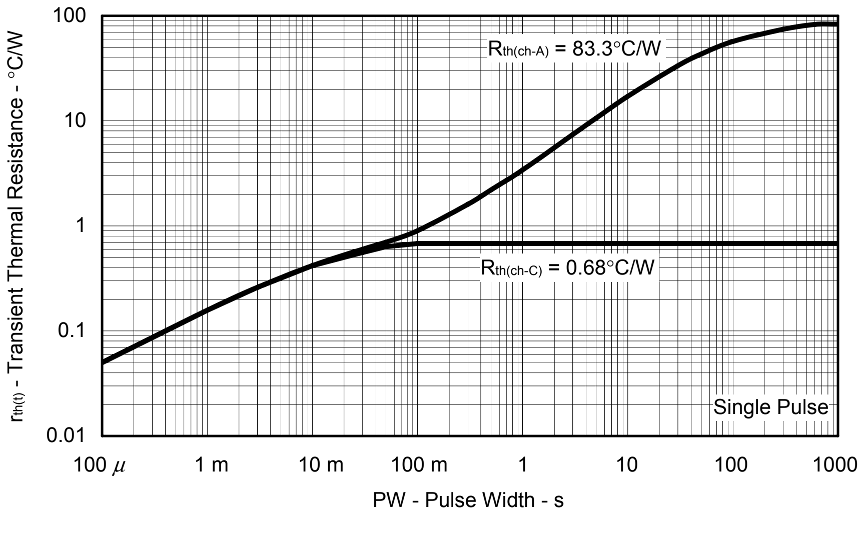
TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs. CASE TEMPERATURE



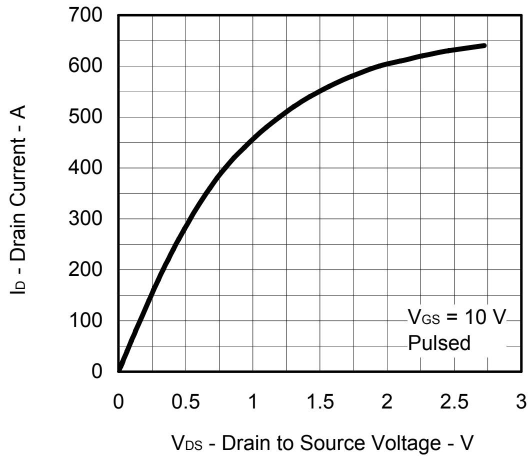
FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



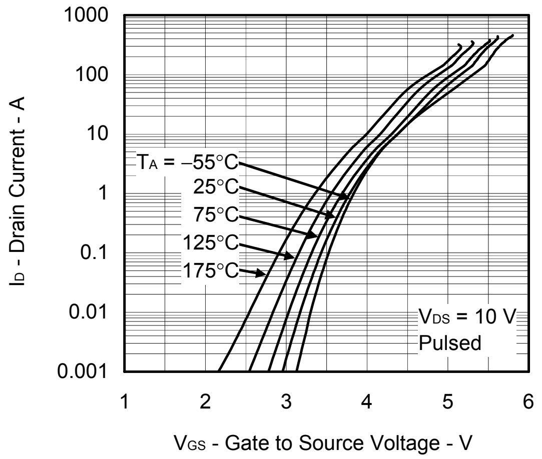
TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



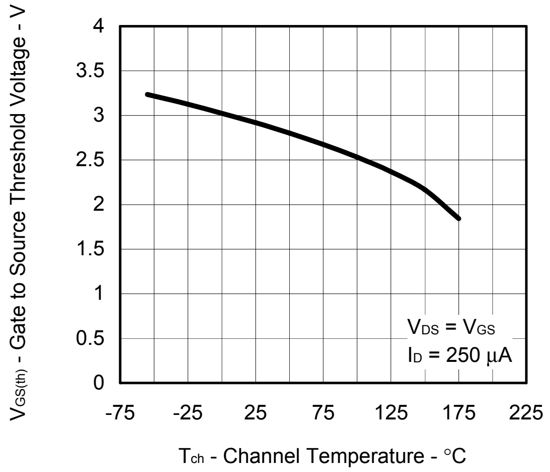
DRAIN CURRENT vs.
DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



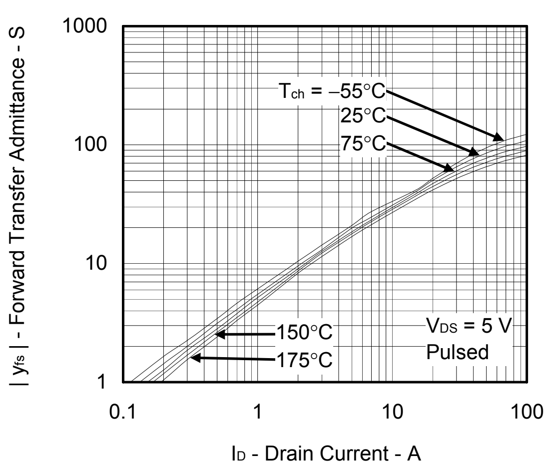
FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



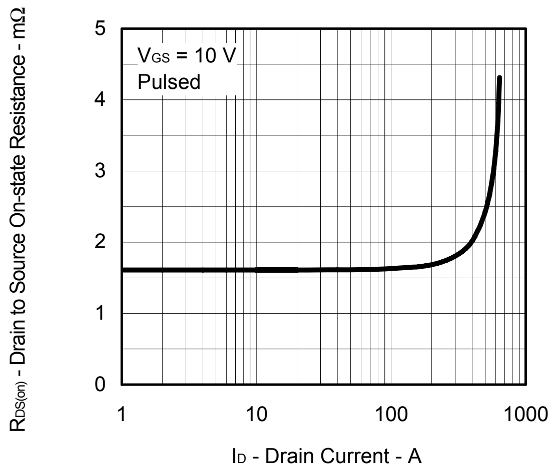
GATE TO SOURCE THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs.
CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



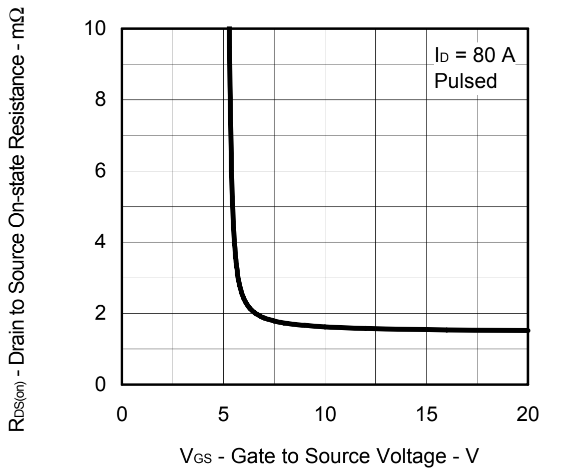
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs.
DRAIN CURRENT



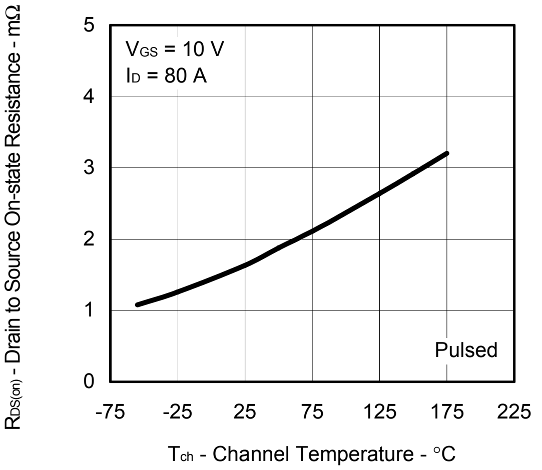
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs.
DRAIN CURRENT



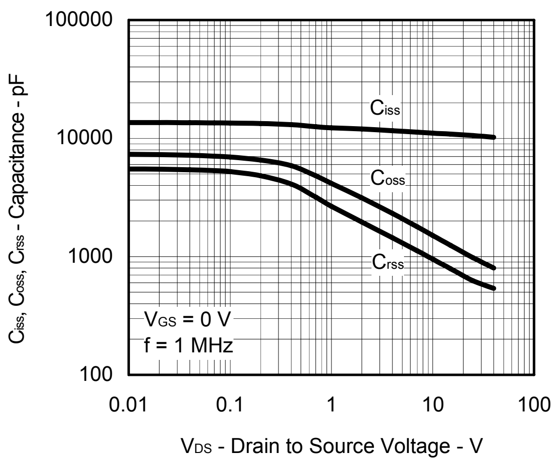
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs.
GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



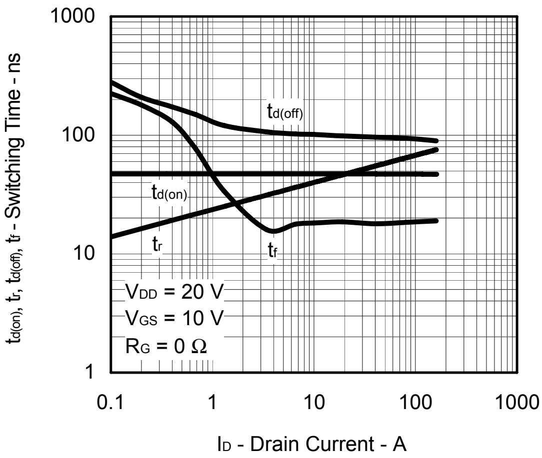
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



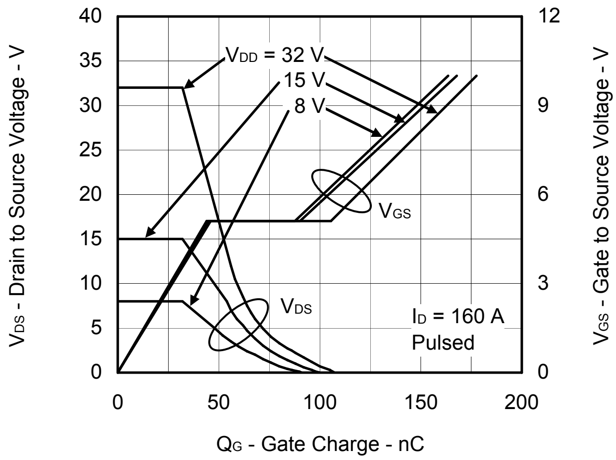
CAPACITANCE vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



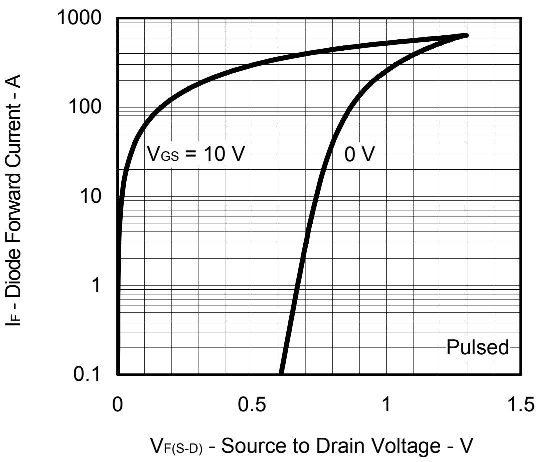
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS



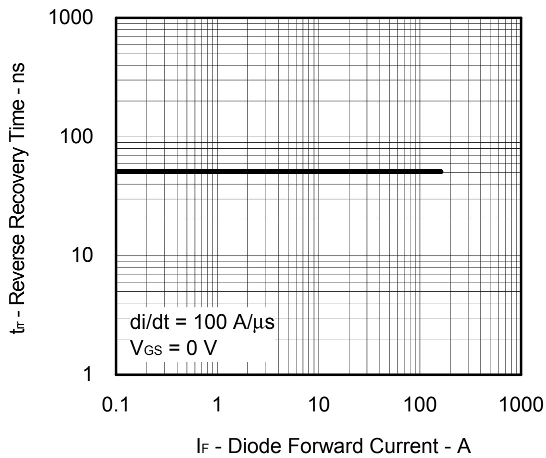
DYNAMIC INPUT/OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS



SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE

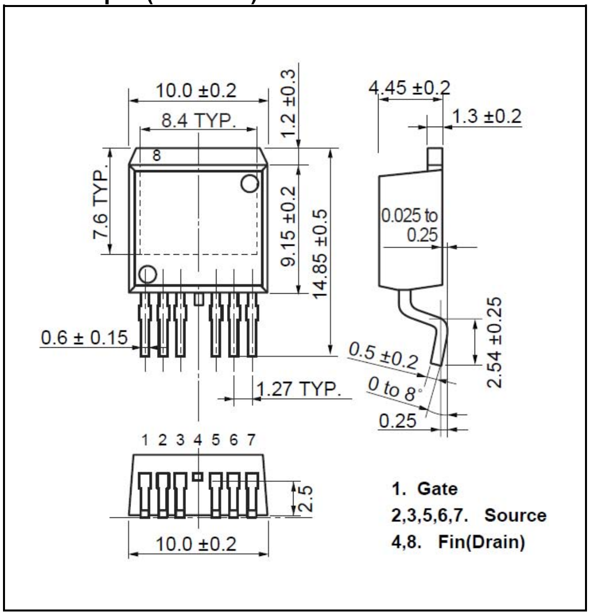


REVERSE RECOVERY TIME vs. DIODE FORWARD CURRENT

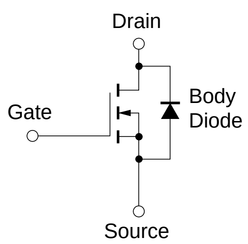


PACKAGE DRAWING (Unit: mm)

TO-263-7pin (MP-25ZT)



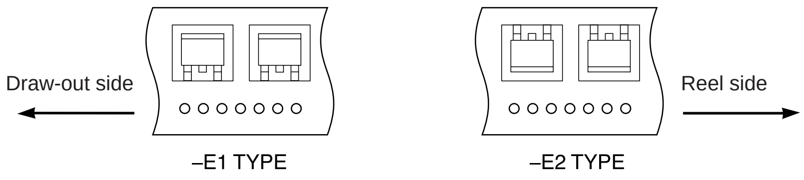
EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



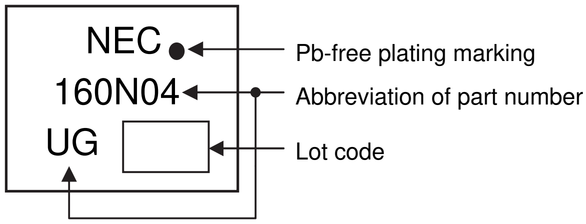
Remark Strong electric field, when exposed to this device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it once, when it has occurred.

TAPE INFORMATION

There are two types (-E1, -E2) of taping depending on the direction of the device.



MARKING INFORMATION



RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

The NP160N04TUG should be soldered and mounted under the following recommended conditions.

For soldering methods and conditions other than those recommended below, please contact an NEC Electronics sales representative.

For technical information, see the following website.

Semiconductor Device Mount Manual (http://www.necel.com/pkg/en/mount/index.html)

Soldering Method	Soldering Conditions	Recommended Condition Symbol
Infrared reflow	Maximum temperature (Package's surface temperature): 260°C or below Time at maximum temperature: 10 seconds or less Time of temperature higher than 220°C: 60 seconds or less Preheating time at 160 to 180°C: 60 to 120 seconds Maximum number of reflow processes: 3 times Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux (percentage mass): 0.2% or less	IR60-00-3
Partial heating	Maximum temperature (Pin temperature): 350°C or below Time (per side of the device): 3 seconds or less Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux: 0.2% (wt.) or less	P350

Caution Do not use different soldering methods together (except for partial heating).