

Data Sheet

SST12LP19E is a versatile power amplifier based on the highly-reliable InGaP/GaAs HBT technology. SST12LP19E is a 2.4 GHz fully-integrated, high-power, high-gain Power Amplifier module designed in compliance with IEEE 802.11b/g/n and 256 QAM applications. For WLAN applications, it typically provides 25 dB gain with 34% power-added efficiency. SST12LP19E has excellent linearity while meeting 802.11g spectrum mask at 23.5 dBm and 802.11b spectrum mask at 23 dBm. This power amplifier includes a power detector with dB-wise linear voltage output and features easy board-level usage along with high-speed power-up/down control through a single combined reference voltage pin. SST12LP19E and is offered in 6-contact XSON, 8-contact XSON, and 6-contact X2SON packages. Due to its small package size and high efficiency, this power amplifier is also well suited for ZigBee® and Bluetooth® applications.

### **Features**

- Excellent RF Stability with Moderate Gain:
  - Typically 25 dB gain across 2.4 2.5 GHz
- · High linear output power:
  - ->26 dBm P1dB
  - Please refer to "Absolute Maximum Stress Ratings" on page 6
  - Meets 802.11g OFDM ACPR requirement up to 23.5 dBm
  - 3% EVM up to 18 dBm (high-efficiency configuration) or ~3% EVM up to 19.5 dBm (high-power configuration) for 54 Mbps 802.11g signal
  - 2.5% ÉVM up to 16.5 dBm for MCS7–20 MHz bandwidth
  - 1.8% EVM up to 16 dBm for MCS9-40 MHz bandwidth
  - Meets 802.11b ACPR requirement up to 23 dBm
- High power-added efficiency/Low operating current for 802.11b/g/n applications
  - $\sim 34\%/200$  mA @  $P_{OUT} = 23.5$  dBm for 802.11g  $\sim 31\%/195$  mA @  $P_{OUT} = 23$  dBm for 802.11b
- Single-pin low I<sub>REF</sub> power-up/down control
  - $-I_{RFF} < 2 \text{ mA}$
- Low idle current
  - ~40-65 mA I<sub>CQ</sub>, depending on package type and configuration.
- High-speed power-up/down
  - -Turn on/off time (10%- 90%) <100 ns
  - Typical power-up/down delay with driver delay included <200 ns</li>

- Low Shut-down Current (~2 μA)
- High temperature stability
  - -~1 dB gain/power variation between 0°C to +85°C
- Excellent On-chip power detection
  - 20 dB dynamic range on-chip power detection
  - dB-wise linear output voltage
  - Temperature stable and load insensitive
- Simple input/output matching
- Packages available
  - 8-contact XSON 2mm x 2mm x 0.5 mm max
  - 6-contact XSON 1.5mm x 1.5mm x 0.5 mm max
  - 6-contact X2SON 1.5mm x 1.5mm x 0.4mm max
- All non-Pb (lead-free) devices are RoHS compliant

### **Applications**

- WLAN (IEEE 802.11b/g/n/256 QAM)
- Bluetooth
- ZigBee
- Cordless phones
- 2.4 GHz ISM wireless equipment



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### **Product Description**

SST12LP19E is a versatile, 2.4 GHz power amplifier based on the highly-reliable InGaP/GaAs HBT technology. While it is designed to meet the high-linearity requirement of IEEE 802.11b/g/n/256 QAM, the power amplifier's high efficiency also makes it useful for Bluetooth and ZigBee applications.

SST12LP19E can be easily configured for high-power applications with good power-added efficiency while operating over the 2.4- 2.5 GHz frequency band. It typically provides 25 dB gain with 34% power-added efficiency (PAE) @  $P_{OUT}$  = 23.5 dBm for 802.11g and 31% PAE @  $P_{OUT}$  = 23 dBm for 802.11b.

This device has excellent linearity, typically ~3% added EVM at 19.5 dBm output power which is essential for 54 Mbps 802.11g operation while meeting 802.11g spectrum mask at 23.5 dBm and 802.11b spectrum mask at 23 dBm.

SST12LP19E can also be easily configured for high-efficiency operation, typically 3% added EVM at 18 dBm output power and 92 mA total power consumption for 54 Mbps 802.11g applications. It operates at 2.5% EM at typically 16.5 dBm for MCS7-20 MHz and 1.8% EVM at 16 dBm for MCS9-40 MHz bandwidth. High-efficiency operation is desirable in embedded applications, such as in hand-held units, where SST12LP19E can provide 25 dB gain and meet 802.11b/g/n/256 QAM spectrum mask at 22 dBm output power with 34% PAE.

This power amplifier also features easy board-level usage along with high-speed power-up/down control through a single combined reference voltage pin. Ultra-low reference current (total  $I_{REF} \sim 2$  mA) makes the SST12LP19E controllable by an on/off switching signal directly from the baseband chip. These features coupled with low operating current make the SST12LP19E ideal for the final stage power amplification in battery-powered 802.11b/g/n/256 QAM WLAN transmitter applications.

SST12LP19E has an excellent on-chip, single-ended power detector, which features wide-range (>20 dB) with dB-wise linear output voltage. The excellent on-chip power detector provides a reliable solution to board-level power control.

The SST12LP19E is offered in 8-contact XSON, 6-contact XSON, and 6-contact X2SON packages. See Figure 3 for pin assignments and Tables 1 and 2 for pin descriptions.



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### **Functional Blocks**

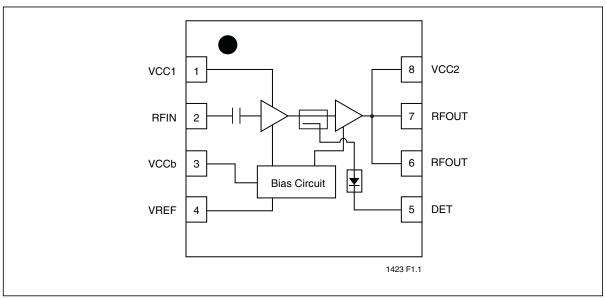


Figure 1: Functional Block Diagram 8-Contact XSON (QX8)

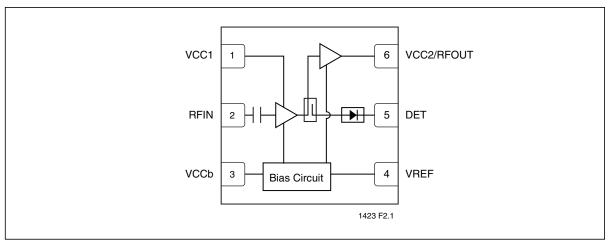


Figure 2: Functional Block Diagram 6-Contact XSON (QX6) and 6-contact X2SON (NR)



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## **Pin Assignments**

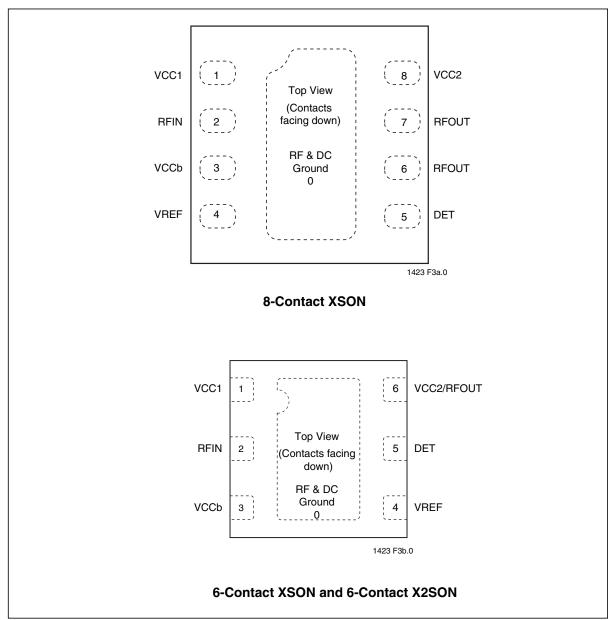


Figure 3: Pin Assignments



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## **Pin Descriptions**

Table 1: Pin Description, 8-contact XSON (QX8)

Symbol	Pin No.	Pin Name	Type <sup>1</sup>	Function
GND	0	Ground		Low inductance ground pad
V <sub>CC1</sub>	1	Power Supply	PWR	Power supply, 1 <sup>st</sup> stage
RF <sub>IN</sub>	2		I	RF input, DC decoupled
V <sub>CCb</sub>	3	Power Supply	PWR	Supply voltage for bias circuit
VREF	4		PWR	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> stage idle current control
Det	5		0	On-chip power detector
RFOUT	6		0	RF output
RFOUT	7		0	RF output
V <sub>CC2</sub>	8	Power Supply	PWR	Power supply, 2 <sup>nd</sup> stage

<sup>1.</sup> I=Input, O=Output

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Table 2: Pin Description, 6-contact XSON (QX6) and 6-contact X2SON(NR)

Symbol	Pin No.	Pin Name	Type <sup>1</sup>	Function
GND	0	Ground		Low inductance ground pad
V <sub>CC1</sub>	1	Power Supply	PWR	Power supply, 1 <sup>st</sup> stage
RF <sub>IN</sub>	2		I	RF input, DC decoupled
V <sub>CCb</sub>	3	Power Supply	PWR	Supply voltage for bias circuit
VREF	4		PWR	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> stage idle current control
Det	5		0	On-chip power detector
V <sub>CC2</sub> / RFOUT	6	Power Supply	PWR/O	Power supply, 2 <sup>nd</sup> stage/ RF Output

<sup>1.</sup> I=Input, O=Output

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### **Electrical Specifications**

The RF and DC specifications for the power amplifier interface signals. Refer to Table 4 for the DC voltage and current specifications. Refer to Figures 4 through 15 for the RF performance.

**Absolute Maximum Stress Ratings** (Applied conditions greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Stress Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these conditions or conditions greater than those defined in the operational sections of this data sheet is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum stress rating conditions may affect device reliability.)

Input power to pin 2 (P <sub>IN</sub> )	+5 dBm
Average output power from pins 6 and 7 $(P_{OUT})^1$ for 8-contact XSON .	+26 dBm
Average output power from pin 6 $(P_{OUT})^1$ for 6-contact XSON/X2SON.	+26 dBm
Supply Voltage to pins1, 3, and 8 (V <sub>CC</sub> ) for 8-contact XSON	0.3V to +4.6V
Supply Voltage to pins 1, 3, and 6 (V $_{\text{CC}}$ ) for 6-contact XSON/X2SON	0.3V to +4.6V
Reference voltage to pin 4 (V <sub>REF</sub> )	0.3V to +3.3V
DC supply current (I <sub>CC</sub> ) <sup>2</sup>	400 mA
Operating Temperature (T <sub>A</sub> )	40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature (T <sub>STG</sub> )	40°C to +120°C
Maximum Junction Temperature $(T_J)$	+150°C
Surface Mount Solder Reflow Temperature	260°C for 10 seconds

<sup>1.</sup> Never measure with CW source. Pulsed single-tone source with <50% duty cycle is recommended. Exceeding the maximum rating of average output power could cause permanent damage to the device.

#### Table 3: Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temp	V <sub>DD</sub>
Industrial	-40°C to +85°C	3.3V

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<sup>2.</sup> Measured with 100% duty cycle 54 Mbps 802.11g OFDM Signal



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Table 4: DC Electrical Characteristics at 25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
	Supply Voltage at pins1, 3, and 8 for 8-contact XSON	3.0	3.3	4.2	٧	Figures 16 and 17
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage at pins 1, 3, 6 for 6-contact XSON/X2SON	3.0	3.3	4.2	V	Figures 18 and 19
	Idle current to meet EVM ~3% @ 19.5 dBm for 8-contact XSON <sup>1</sup>		60		mA	Figure 16
la a	Idle current to meet EVM ~2.5% @ 18 dBm for 8-contact XSON <sup>1</sup>		45			Figure 17
I <sub>CQ</sub>	Idle current to meet EVM ~3% @ 19.5 dBm for 6-contact XSON/X2SON <sup>1</sup>		50		mA	Figure 18
	Idle current to meet EVM ~2.5% @ 18 dBm for 6-contact XSON/X2SON <sup>1</sup>		45		mA	Figure 19
	Current consumption to meet EVM ~3% @ 19.5 dBm for 8-contact XSON <sup>1</sup>		130		mA	Figure 16
I <sub>CC</sub>	Current consumption to meet EVM ~2.5% @18 dBm for 8-contact XSON1		92		mA	Figure 17
(802.11g)	Current consumption to meet EVM ~3% @ 19.5 dBm for 6-contact XSON/X2SON <sup>1</sup>		132		mA	Figure 18
	Current consumption to meet EVM ~2.5% @18 dBm for 6-contact XSON/X2SON <sup>1</sup>		90		mA	Figure 19
	Current consumption to meet Spectrum Mask @23.5 dBm for 8-contact XSON <sup>1</sup>		200		mA	Figure 16
I <sub>CC</sub> (802.11g	Current consumption to meet Spectrum Mask @22 dBm for 8-contact XSON1		140		mA	Figure 17
(802.11g Mask)	Current consumption to meet Spectrum Mask @23.5 dBm for 6-contact XSON/X2SON <sup>1</sup>		190		mA	Figure 18
	Current consumption to meet Spectrum Mask @22 dBm for 6-contact XSON/X2SON1		138		mA	Figure 19
	Current consumption to meet Spectrum Mask @23 dBm for 8-contact XSON <sup>2</sup>		195		mA	Figure 16
I <sub>CC</sub> (802.11b	Current consumption to meet Spectrum Mask @22 dBm for 8-contact XSON <sup>2</sup>		140		mA	Figure 17
Mask)	Current consumption to meet Spectrum Mask @23 dBm for 6-contact XSON/X2SON <sup>2</sup>		185		mA	Figure 18
	Current consumption to meet Spectrum Mask @22.5 dBm for 6-contact XSON/X2SON <sup>2</sup>		150		mA	Figure 19
	Reference Voltage for 8-contact XSON with no resistor	2.75	2.85	2.95	V	Figure 16
	Reference Voltage for 8-contact XSON with $300\Omega$ resistor	2.75	2.85	2.95	V	Figure 17
$V_{REG}$	Reference Voltage for 6-contact XSON/X2SON with $200\Omega$ resistor	2.75	2.85	2.95	V	Figure 18
	Reference Voltage for 6-contact XSON/X2SON with $360\Omega$ resistor	2.75	2.85	2.95	V	Figure 19

<sup>1. 802.11</sup>g OFDM 54 Mbps signal

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<sup>2. 802.11</sup>b DSSS 1 Mbps signal



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Table 5: RF Characteristics at 25°C1

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
F <sub>L-U</sub>	Frequency range	2412		2484	MHz	
G	Small signal gain	24	25		dB	
G <sub>VAR1</sub>	Gain variation over band (2412–2484 MHz)			±0.5	dB	
G <sub>VAR2</sub>	Gain ripple over channel (20 MHz)		0.2		dB	
2f, 3f, 4f, 5f	Harmonics at 22 dBm, without external filters			-30	dBc	
	EVM @ 19.5 dBm output power for 8-contact XSON <sup>2</sup> using 802.11g, 54 Mbps modulation		3		%	Figure 16
	EVM @ 18 dBm output power for 8-contact XSON <sup>2</sup> using 802.11g, 54 Mbps modulation		2.5	3	%	Figure 17
FVM	EVM @ 19.5 dBm output power for 6-contact XSON/X2SON <sup>2</sup> using 802.11g, 54 Mbps modulation		3		%	Figure 18
⊏VIVI	EVM @ 18 dBm output power for 6-contact XSON/ X2SON <sup>2</sup> using 802.11g, 54 Mbps modulation		2.5	3	%	Figure 19
	Dynamic EVM @ 16.5 dBm for 8-contact XSON with MCS7-20 modulation		2.5		%	Figure 16
	Dynamic EVM @ 16 dBm for 8-contact XSON with MCS9-40 modulation		1.8		%	Figure 16
	Output power to meet Spectrum Mask for 8-contact XSON <sup>2</sup>	22.5	23.5		dBm	Figure 16
P <sub>OUT</sub>	Output power to meet Spectrum Mask for 8-contact XSON <sup>2</sup>	21	22		dBm	Figure 17
(802.11g MASK)	Output power to meet Spectrum Mask for 6-contact XSON/X2SON <sup>2</sup>	22.5	23.5		dBm	Figure 18
	Output power to meet Spectrum Mask for 6-contact XSON/X2SON <sup>2</sup>	21	22		dBm	Figure 19
Роит	Output power to meet Spectrum Mask for 8-contact XSON <sup>3</sup>	22	23		dBm	Figure 16
	Output power to meet Spectrum Mask for 8-contact XSON <sup>3</sup>	21	22		dBm	Figure 17
(802.11b MASK)	Output power to meet Spectrum Mask for 6-contact XSON/X2SON <sup>3</sup>	22	23		dBm	Figure 18
	Output power to meet Spectrum Mask for 6-contact XSON/X2SON <sup>3</sup>	21.5	22.5		dBm	Figure 19
P <sub>OUT</sub> (Blue- tooth MASK)	Output power to meet spectrum mask for 6- and 8-contact XSON		17		dBm	

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<sup>1.</sup> EVM measured with "sequence-only" equalizer channel estimation

<sup>2. 802.11</sup>g OFDM 54 Mbps signal

<sup>3. 802.11</sup>b DSSS 1 Mbps signal



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### **Typical Performance Characteristics**

Test Conditions:  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{REG} = 2.85V$ ,  $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified

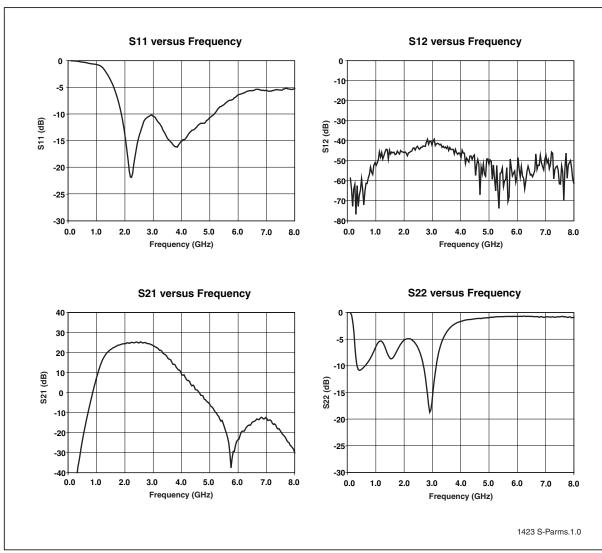


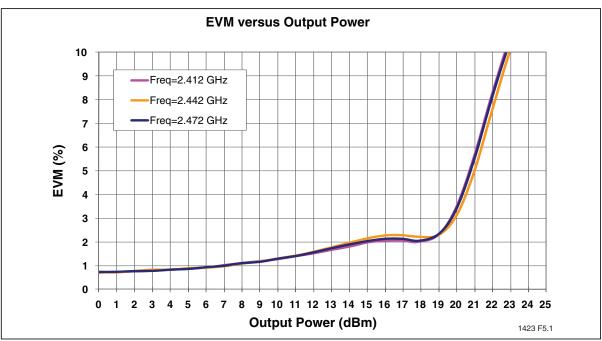
Figure 4: S-Parameters



**Data Sheet** 

### **Typical Performance Characteristics for High-power applications**

Test Conditions:  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{REG} = 2.85V$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , 54 Mbps 802.11g OFDM Signal, QX6E example



**Figure 5:** EVM versus Output Power, measured with Equalizer Channel Estimation set to "sequence only"

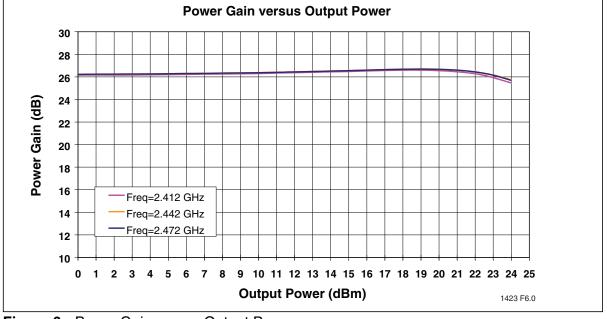


Figure 6: Power Gain versus Output Power



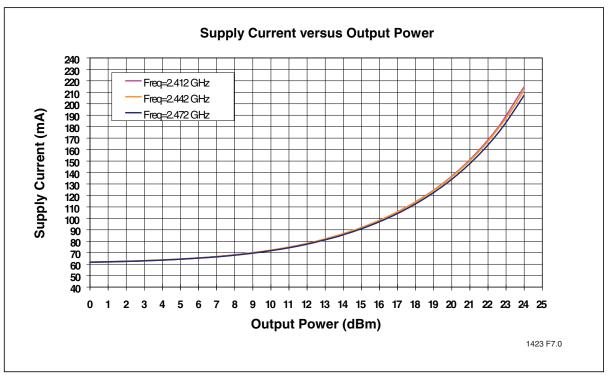


Figure 7: Total Current Consumption for 802.11g Operation versus Output Power

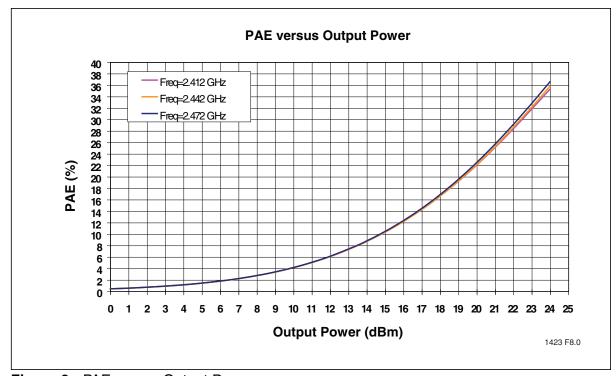


Figure 8: PAE versus Output Power



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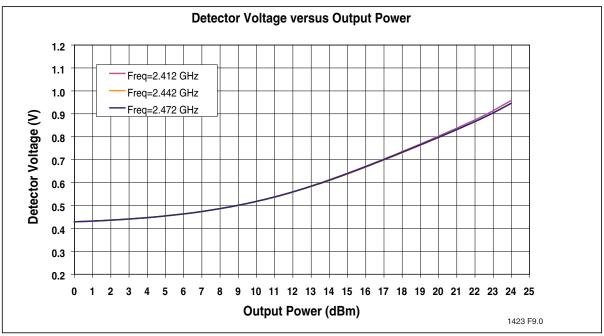


Figure 9: Detector Characteristics versus Output Power

Typical Performance Characteristics for High-Efficiency Applications Test Conditions:  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $V_{REG} = 2.85V$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , 54 Mbps 802.11g OFDM Signal, QX6E example

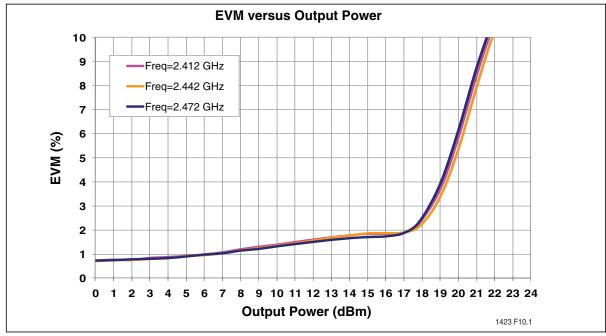


Figure 10: EVM versus Output Power, measured with Equalizer Channel Estimation set to "sequence only"



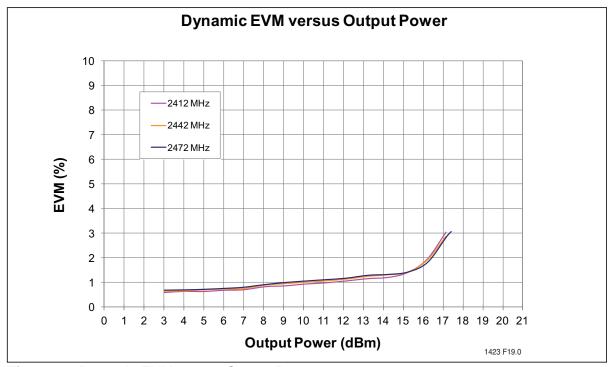


Figure 11: Dynamic EVM versus Output Power

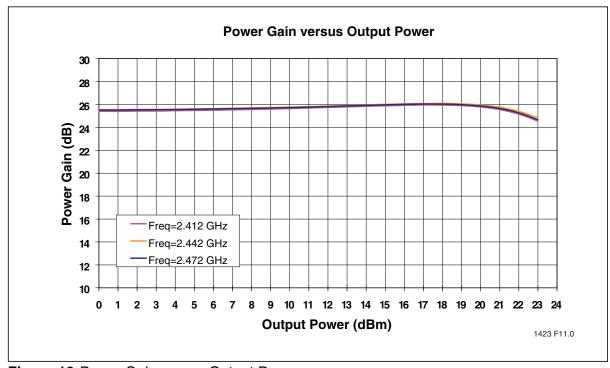


Figure 12: Power Gain versus Output Power



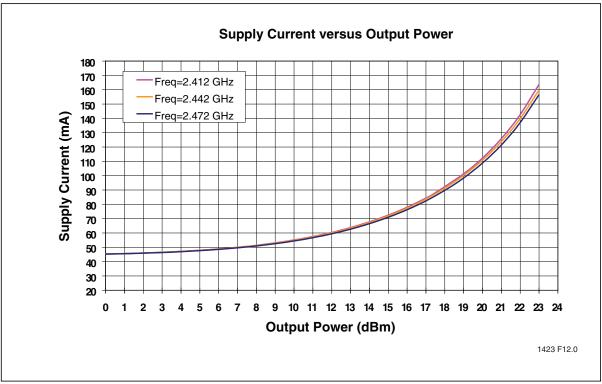


Figure 13: Total Current Consumption for 802.11g Operation versus Output Power

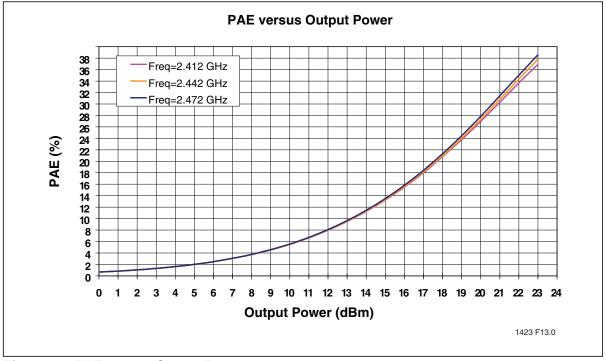


Figure 14: PAE versus Output Power



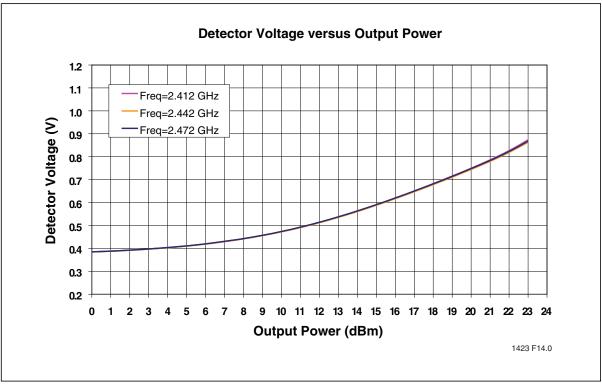


Figure 15: Detector Characteristics versus Output Power



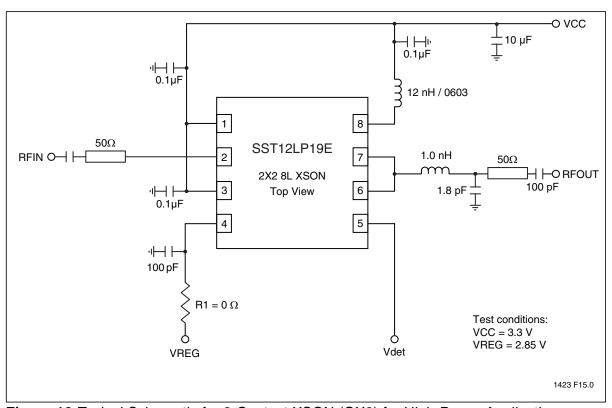


Figure 16: Typical Schematic for 8-Contact XSON (QX8) for High-Power Applications



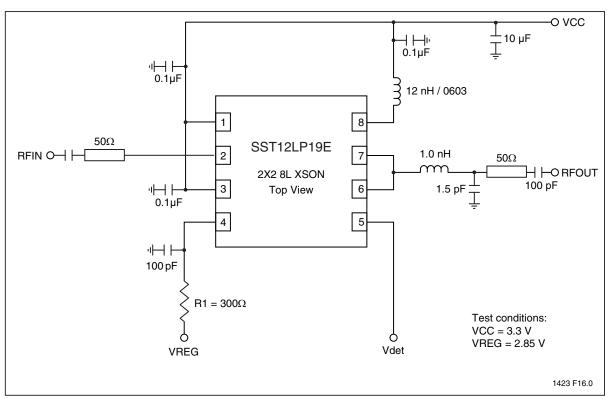
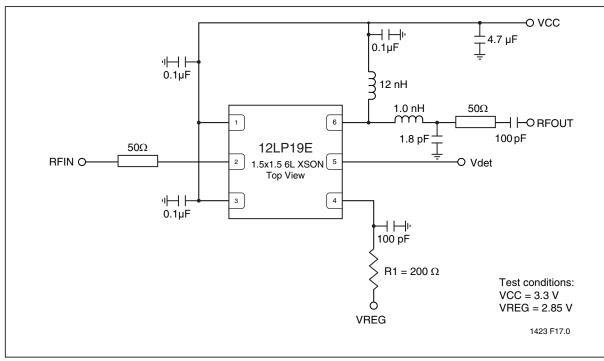
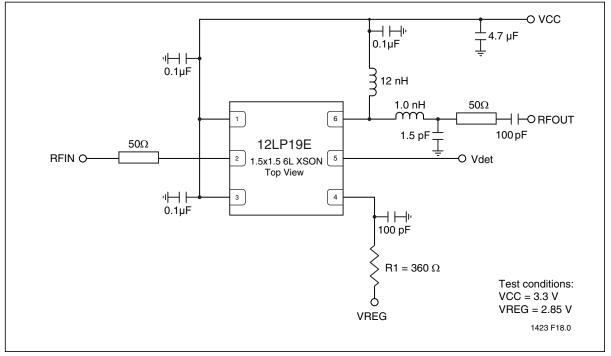


Figure 17: Typical Schematic for 8-Contact XSON (QX8) for High-Efficiency Applications





**Figure 18:** Typical Schematic for 6-Contact XSON (QX6) and 6-contact X2SON(NR) for High-Power Applications

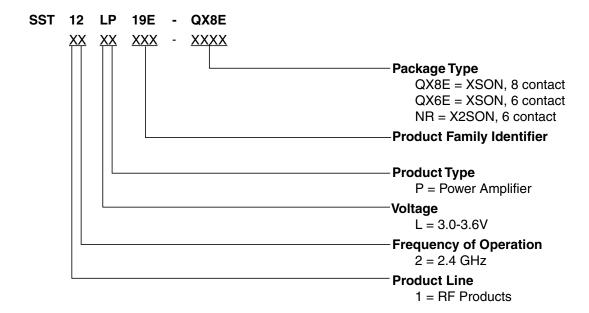


**Figure 19:**Typical Schematic for 6-Contact XSON (QX6) and 6-contact X2SON(NR) for High-Efficiency Applications



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### **Product Ordering Information**



#### Valid combinations for SST12LP19E

SST12LP19E-QX8E SST12LP19E-QX6E SST12LP19E-NR

#### SST12LP19E Evaluation Kits

SST12LP19E-QX8E-K SST12LP19E-QX6E-K SST12LP19E-NR-K

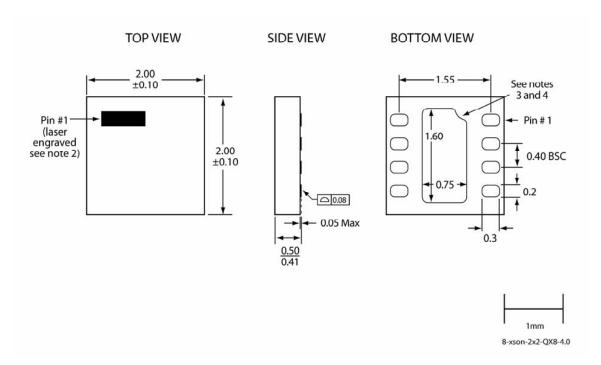
**Note:** Valid combinations are those products in mass production or will be in mass production. Consult your SST sales representative to confirm availability of valid combinations and to determine availability of new combinations.

**Data Sheet** 

### **Packaging Diagrams**

#### 8-Lead Extremely Thin Small Outline No-Leads (QX8E/F) - 2x2 mm Body [XSON]

For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



#### Note:

- . Similar to JEDEC JEP95 XQFN/XSON variants, though number of contacts and some dimensions are different.
- 2. The topside pin #1 indicator is laser engraved; its approximate shape and location is as shown.
- 3. From the bottom view, the pin #1 indicator may be either a curved indent or a 45-degree chamfer.
- 4. The external paddle is electrically connected to the die back-side and to VSS. This paddle must be soldered to the PC board; it is required to connect this paddle to the VSS of the unit. Connection of this paddle to any other voltage potential will result in shorts and electrical malfunction of the device.
- 5. Untoleranced dimensions are nominal target dimensions.
- 6. All linear dimensions are in millimeters (max/min).

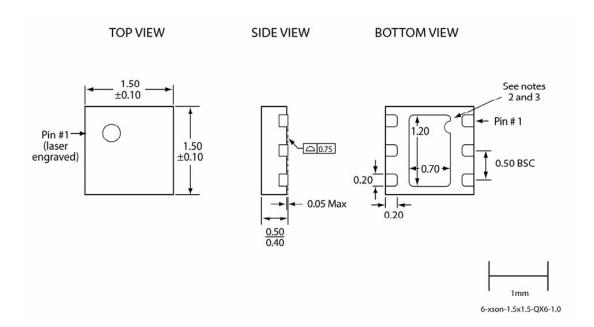
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**Data Sheet** 

#### 6-Lead Extremely Thin Small Outline No-Leads (QX6E/F) - 1.5x1.5 mm Body [XSON]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



#### Note:

- 1. Similar to JEDEC JEP95 XQFN/XSON variants, though number of contacts and some dimensions are different.
- 2. From the bottom view, the pin #1 indicator may be either a curved indent or a 45-degree chamfer.
- 3. The external paddle is electrically connected to the die back-side and to VSS. This paddle must be soldered to the PC board; it is required to connect this paddle to the VSS of the unit. Connection of this paddle to any other voltage potential will result in shorts and electrical malfunction of the device.
- Untoleranced dimensions are nominal target dimensions.
- 5. All linear dimensions are in millimeters (max/min).

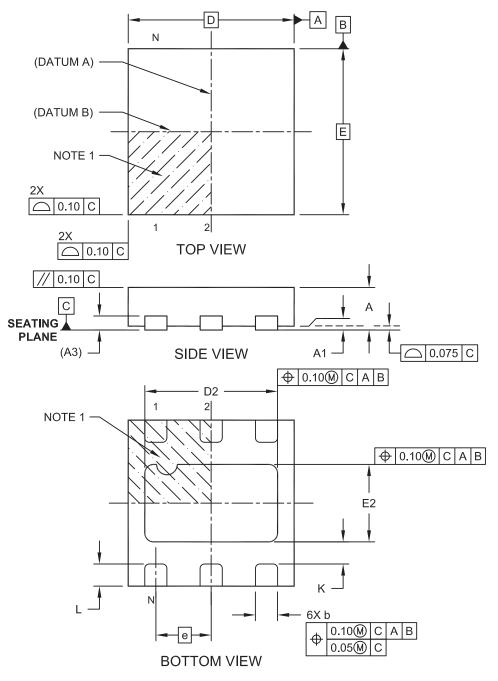
Microchip Technology Drawing C04-14002A Sheet 1 of 1



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### 6-Lead Plastic Super Thin Small Outline No Lead (NR) - 1.5x1.5x0.4 mm Body [X2SON]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



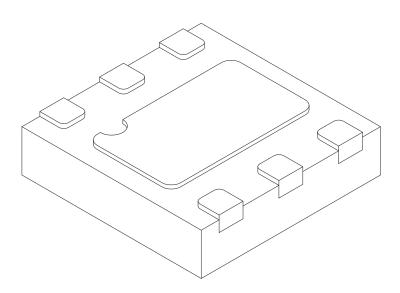
Microchip Technology Drawing C04-215A Sheet 1 of 2



**Data Sheet** 

#### 6-Lead Plastic Super Thin Small Outline No Lead (NR) - 1.5x1.5x0.4 mm Body [X2SON]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	MILLIMETERS					
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX		
Number of Terminals	N	6				
Pitch	е	0.50 BSC				
Overall Height	Α	0.30	0.35	0.40		
Standoff	A1	0.00	0.02	0.05		
Terminal Thickness	A3	0.127 REF				
Overall Width	E	1.50 BSC				
Exposed Pad Width	E2	0.65 0.70 0.75				
Overall Length	D	1.50 BSC				
Exposed Pad Length	D2	1.15	1.20	1.25		
Terminal Width	b	0.15	0.20	0.25		
Terminal Length	L	0.150	0.200	0.250		
Terminal-to-Exposed-Pad	K	0.20	-	-		

#### Notes:

- 1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- 2. Package is saw singulated
- 3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

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**Table 6:** Revision History

Revision	Description	Date
00	Initial release of data sheet	Mar 2010
01	Revised "Absolute Maximum Stress Ratings" on page 6	Mar 2010
	<ul> <li>Changed Operating range to Industrial on page 6</li> </ul>	
	Updated Table 4 on page 7	
	Changed document status to "Preliminary Specifications"	
02	Changed document status from "Preliminary Specifications" to "Data Sheet."	Jul 2010
	Made a minor correction in "Product Description" on page 2	
Α	Updated Figures 1 and 2	Jan 2012
	<ul> <li>Updated Figures 5 and 10 to show measurements with Equalizer Channel Estimation set to "sequence only"</li> </ul>	
	Applied new document format	
	Released document under letter revision system	
	<ul> <li>Updated Spec number from S71423 to DS75041</li> </ul>	
В	Updated package drawing to reflect new Pin1 indicator	Jul 2012
С	Added the X2SON package (package code NR)	May 2013
D	Updated "Features" on page 1 and "Product Description" on page 2	Aug 2014
	Revised Table 5 on page 8	
	<ul> <li>Updated package drawings for QX8 and Qx6</li> </ul>	

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