19-3216; Rev 0; 1/08



Adaptive Equalizer for Video Over Twisted Pair

Features

- Automatically Equalizes Up to 600m (Fully Recovers Losses Up to 300m) of UTP Cable Carrying CVBS
- Automatic Switchover to Fixed Equalization for CVBS Without Color Burst
- Integrated Video Driver with Adjustable Back-Porch Clamp Level
- LOS and LOB Output
- NTSC and PAL Compatible
- ♦ 16-Pin SSOP Package

single-ended output. The output is capable of driving two AC- or DC-coupled standard 150Ω video loads. The output back-porch DC level is adjustable with an externally applied DC voltage at the BPLVL input. The device also features loss-of-sync (LOS) and loss-of-burst (LOB) logic outputs.

General Description

The MAX7474 is available in a 16-pin SSOP package and is fully specified over the extended (-40°C to +85°C) temperature range.

The MAX7474 adaptive equalizer recovers losses

incurred in the transmission of a composite video

(CVBS) signal over unshielded twisted-pair (UTP)

cable. The device fully recovers losses for cable

lengths of up to 300m and greatly improves signal quality for cable lengths of up to 600m. The device automat-

ically adapts to all cable lengths for CVBS signals with

color burst and allows fixed-equalization settings for

video signals without burst. The MAX7474 is optimized to provide compensation for losses that occur when

transmitting composite video signals over UTP cables

such as Category 5e. The device compensates for low frequency and chroma band losses. The MAX7474 is

The MAX7474 accepts differential input and provides a

compatible with NTSC and PAL standards.

Applications

Security Video Systems Video Switching Systems Home Automation

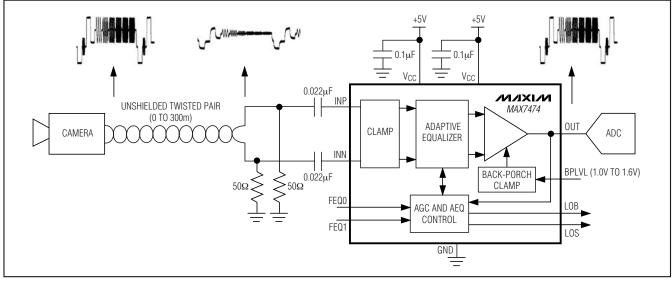
Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	PKG CODE
MAX7474EAE+	-40°C to +85°C	16 SSOP (5.3mm x 6.2mm)	A16+2

+Denotes a lead-free package.

Pin Configuration and Typical Application Circuit appear at end of data sheet.

Functional Diagram



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For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

MAX7474

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V_{CC} to GND-0.3V to +6V All Other Pins to GND-0.3V to (min of 6V or V_{CC} + 0.3V) Maximum Continuous Current into Any Input or Output±50mA Continuous Power Dissipation (T_A = +70°C) 16-Pin SSOP (derate 7.1mW/°C above +70°C)571.4mW

Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = +4.75V \text{ to } +5.25V, R_L = 150\Omega \text{ (AC-coupled)}, FEQ1 = GND, FEQ0 = GND, V_{BPLVL} = 1.4V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted}. Typical values are at T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Differential Input Operating Voltage	VIN-DIFF	AC-coupled, measured from sync tip to 100% white level (Note 1)			1.0		Vp-p
Maximum Differential Input Operating Voltage		AC-coupled, measured from sync tip to 100% white level					Vp-p
Output Voltage	Vout	Measured from sync tip	to 100% white level		1.0		Vp-p
Output Sync Accuracy	VSYNC_OUT	210mV _{P-P} < V _{SYNC_IN-I}	DIFF < 600mV_{P-P}	263	293	323	mV _{P-P}
Output Burst Accuracy	VBURST_OUT	$76mV_{P-P} < V_{BURST_IN-E}$	DIFF < 300mV_{P-P} , f _{SC} = 3.58MHz	242	293	344	mV _{P-P}
Differential Phase	DP				0.3		Degrees
Differential Gain	DG				0.3		%
Clamp Settling Time	tCLAMP	Output blank level settles to < 5 IRE of final value from an initial 100 IRE input error			9	30	H Lines
Back-Porch Level Input Operating Range	VBPLVL					1.6	V
Output Blank Level Accuracy	ΔV_{OUT-BL}	(Note 2)				±55	mV
Line-Time Distortion	LTD	18µs, 100 IRE bar, DC-coupled output			1.2		%
LOS Threshold	VLOS	Measured differentially between INP and INN (Note 3)			40		mV _{P-P}
LOB Threshold	V _{LOB}	Measured at OUT with maximum equalizer gain (Note 4)			80		mV _{P-P}
Equalizer Response Time	tEQ	Within ±10% of final value of the combined AGC and AEQ gain from minimum to maximum			16,384		H Lines
OUT Leakage Current	ILEAK	LOS mode, OUT is three-stated			±0.01	±10	μA
			FEQ1 = GND, FEQ0 = GND	-1.5	0	+1.5	
Fixed Equalizer Gain	AFEQ	$f_{SC} = 3.58 MHz$	$FEQ1 = GND, FEQ0 = V_{CC}$	2.5	4.5	6.5	dB
			$FEQ1 = V_{CC}, FEQ0 = GND$	8.5	10.5	12.5	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +4.75V \text{ to } +5.25V, R_L = 150\Omega \text{ (AC-coupled)}, FEQ1 = GND, FEQ0 = GND, V_{BPLVL} = 1.4V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS			TYP	MAX	UNITS
DIGITAL INPUTS (FEQ0	, FEQ1)	• •					
Input High Voltage	VIH			0.7 x V _{CC}			V
Input Low Voltage	VIL					0.3 x V _{CC}	V
Input Leakage Current		Digital inputs = 0 or V _{CC}			±0.01	±10	μA
Input Capacitance	CIN				15		pF
DIGITAL OUTPUTS (LO	S, LOB)						
Output Low Voltage	Vol	I _{SINK} = 500μA				0.4	V
Output High Voltage	Voh	I _{SOURCE} = 500µA		V _{CC} - 0.4			V
POWER SUPPLY							
Supply Voltage Range	V _{CC}			4.75	5.0	5.25	V
Supply Current	t Icc	No load Normal mode LOS mode	Normal mode		47	59	mA
				24		ША	
DC Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$20\log(\Delta V_{CC}/\Delta V_{OUT-BlackLevel})$, black video input with no color burst			65		dB

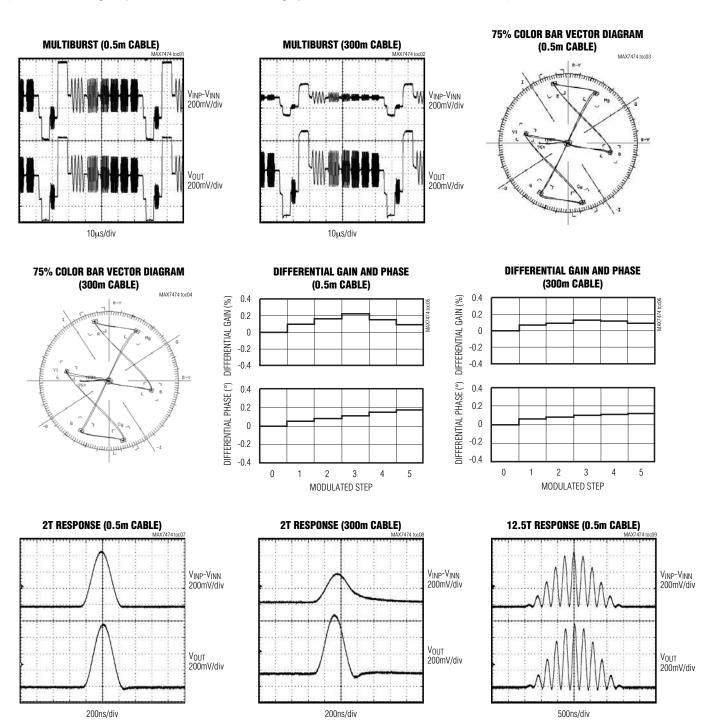
Note 1: V_{IN-DIFF} = V_{INP} - V_{INN}.

Note 2: $V_{OUT-BL} = V_{BPLVL} + \Delta V_{OUT-BL}$.

Note 3: LOS is high when the input video sync amplitude goes below V_{LOS} for 32 consecutive horizontal lines. LOS goes low when the input video sync amplitude exceeds V_{LOS} for 32 consecutive horizontal lines.

Note 4: LOB is high when the output color burst amplitude goes below V_{LOB} for 32 consecutive horizontal lines when at maximum equalizer gain. LOB goes low when the output color burst amplitude exceeds V_{LOB} for 32 consecutive horizontal lines.

MAX7474



Typical Operating Characteristics

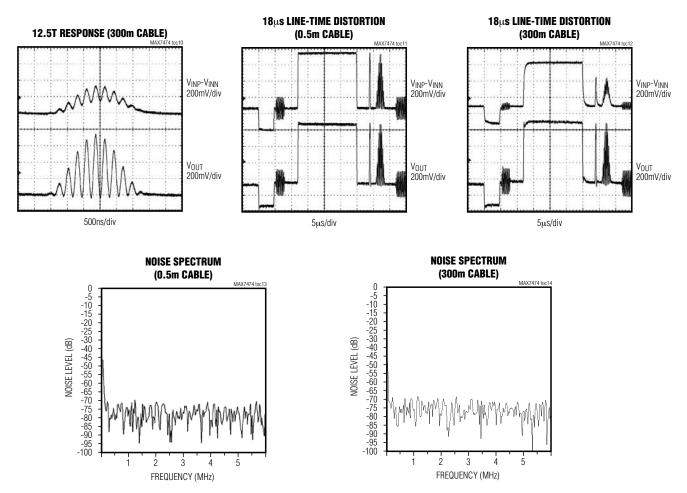
MIXIM

(V_{CC} = 5V, R_L = high impedance, f_{SC} = 3.58MHz, Category 5e cable with active driver, T_A = +25°C.)

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Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(V_{CC} = 5V, R_L = high impedance, f_{SC} = 3.58MHz, Category 5e cable with active driver, T_A = +25°C.)



MAX7474

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1, 2, 3, 5, 10, 13	GND	Ground. Connect all GND terminals together.
4, 9	V _{CC}	Power-Supply Input. Connect a +4.75V to +5.25V supply to V _{CC} . Connect both V _{CC} inputs together. Bypass each V _{CC} input with a 0.1μ F capacitor to GND as close as possible to the device.
6	LOB	Loss-of-Burst Logic Output. LOB goes high when the output color burst goes below the LOB threshold (V_{LOB}) for 32 consecutive horizontal lines when the equalizer is at its maximum gain. LOB goes low when the output color burst exceeds V_{LOB} for 32 consecutive horizontal lines. When LOB is active, the device enters the fixed equalization mode. LOB is valid only when LOS is low.
7	BPLVL	Back-Porch Level Input. The voltage applied to BPLVL sets the output back-porch voltage level.
8	OUT	Composite Video Output
11	FEQ0	Fixed Cable Equalization inputs FEOD and FEO1 act the fixed equalization layer Cap Table 1
12	FEQ1	Fixed-Cable Equalization inputs. FEQ0 and FEQ1 set the fixed equalization level. See Table 1.
14	INP	Noninverted Video Input. AC-couple video signal with a 0.022µF capacitor.
15	INN	Inverted Video Input. AC-couple video signal with a 0.022µF capacitor.
16 LOS		Loss-of-Sync Logic Output. LOS goes high when the input sync amplitude goes below the loss-of-sync threshold (V_{LOS}) for 32 consecutive horizontal lines. LOS is pulled low when the input sync amplitude exceeds V_{LOS} for 32 consecutive horizontal lines. When LOS is active, the output enters a high-impedance state.

Detailed Description

The MAX7474 compensates for cable losses that occur when transmitting a composite video signal over unshielded twisted-pair cable (see the *Typical Application Circuit*). The device automatically adapts to cable length by monitoring the sync and color-burst amplitudes of the color video signal at the output (OUT) and adjusting the gains accordingly. Video signals without burst are automatically detected and a user-selectable fixed equalization is applied to the signal. The MAX7474 provides full equalization up to 300m of Category 5e cable and greatly improves performance up to 600m.

The MAX7474 accepts differential video input signals in NTSC or PAL standards. The MAX7474 includes an output unity-gain video driver and adjustable backporch DC level. The device also features LOS and LOB logic outputs.

Video Input The MAX7474 accepts a differential video input with a maximum 2.4VP-P voltage swing. A twisted-pair cable carries the differential video signal to the positive (INP) and negative (INN) inputs, which are AC-coupled with 0.022µF capacitors. Each input is internally clamped to a DC level (see the *Input Clamp* section).

Input Clamp

The MAX7474 clamps the sync tip of the input signal to internally set DC levels effectively correcting, on a lineby-line basis, any shift in the sync-tip level of the input video signal. The sync-tip of the positive video input signal (V_{INP}) is clamped to typically 2.0V and the negative video input signal (V_{INN}) is clamped to typically 3.2V. The input clamp enables capacitive coupling of the input, permitting a large common-mode DC difference between the line driver (camera) and the device.

Adaptive Equalizer

The adaptive equalizer in the MAX7474 provides the appropriate inverse frequency response needed to compensate for UTP cable loss. The equalizer adjusts the low-frequency amplitude and chroma amplitude of the input CVBS signal. The low-frequency component of the CVBS is adjusted according to the feedback information obtained from the internal automatic gain-control (AGC) circuit, which monitors the sync pulse amplitude of the output signal (see the *Automatic Gain Control (AGC)* section). The chroma gain of the video signal is adjusted according to the feedback information obtained from the internal automatic equalization control circuit, which monitors the color-burst amplitude of the output signal (see the *Automatic Equalization Control (AEQ)* section).



The chroma gain for the MAX7474 is automatically adjusted between 0dB and +12dB, while the low-frequency gain is automatically adjusted between -6dB and +3.6dB, providing full equalization for cable losses that can occur when using up to 300m of UTP cable to transmit CVBS signal with color burst.

Automatic Gain Control (AGC)

The automatic gain control circuit corrects low-frequency signal losses such that the output signal obtains a nominal sync level (V_{SYNC_OUT}) of 293mV. Differential input sync pulse amplitude in the 210mV_{P-P} and 600mV_{P-P} range is automatically adjusted to the nominal output sync level (V_{SYNC_OUT}).

If the sync is lost for 32 consecutive horizontal lines, the LOS output goes high and OUT is set to a high-impedance state.

Automatic Equalization Control (AEQ)

The automatic equalization control circuit corrects the chroma signal attenuation such that the output-signal burst amplitude is 293mV (subcarrier frequency, $f_{SC} = 3.58$ MHz or 4.43MHz). Differential input color-burst amplitude in the 76mVp-p and 300mVp-p range is automatically adjusted to the nominal output color-burst level (VBURST_OUT).

The AGC and AEQ equalization take approximately 1s (16,384 lines) to change from the lowest gain to the highest gain. During this time, the chroma amplitude is gradually increased from minimum to maximum.

Fixed Equalization Mode (LOB Is High)

If the color-burst amplitude at the output of the MAX7474 (OUT) is less than 80mVP-P with the equalizer gain set to maximum for 32 consecutive horizontal lines, the loss-of-burst output (LOB) goes high. LOB returns low when color bursts with amplitude greater than 80mVP-P are present at OUT for 32 consecutive horizontal lines.

For applications where the input signal has no color burst, or the input burst amplitude is lower than the LOB threshold voltage (V_{LOB}), the MAX7474 asserts LOB and automatically applies a user-defined fixed equalization set by logic inputs FEQ1 and FEQ0 (see Table 1).

Table 1.	Fixed I	Equalization	Level	Settinas
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PART	FEQ1	FEQ0	TYP (dB)	CABLE LENGTH RANGE (m)
	GND	GND	0	0 to 75
MAX7474	GND	Vcc	4.5	75 to 225
	Vcc	Х	10.5	≥ 225

 $X = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND.$



Adaptive Equalizer for Video Over Twisted Pair

When using cable lengths greater than 75m, set the fixed equalization level according to Table 1, or higher, to ensure the device comes out of the fixed equalization mode. If the fixed equalization is set to a lower gain setting than specified in Table 1, the amplitude of the color-burst signal at the output may remain smaller than the LOB threshold (V_{LOB}) of $80mV_{P-P}$, keeping the device in LOB mode (see the *Automatic Equalization Control (AEQ)* section). If the conditions in Table 1 are not met, set FEQ1 to high to ensure the device always comes out of LOB mode for longer cable lengths.

Output Video Driver

The MAX7474 features a single-ended video output driver with 0dB gain. The typical output voltage swing of the output driver is $1.2V_{P-P}$. The output driver is capable of driving two AC-coupled or DC-coupled 150Ω video loads. The output back-porch DC level is set by an internal back-porch clamp circuit (see the *Back-Porch Clamp* section). OUT enters a high-impedance state when sync is lost for 32 consecutive horizontal lines, asserting LOS.

Back-Porch Clamp

The MAX7474 features a back-porch clamp to set the output blanking level. This clamp shifts the DC level of the video signal so that the back-porch level is approximately equal to the voltage level on the BPLVL input. The voltage range allowed at the BPLVL input is 1V to 1.6V.

_Applications Information

Differential UTP Input Interface

Applications with differential input interface require proper input voltage levels, termination, and AC-coupling (Figure 1). The maximum differential input voltage swing allowed is 2.4V. Use active drivers to drive the cable as shown in Figure 1. For Category 5e cables, the proper termination resistance is 50 Ω to ground at INN and INP inputs. Apply a 0.022µF coupling capacitor at each input.

Output Interface

The video output is capable of driving an AC-coupled or DC-coupled load. Use a 220μ F or larger coupling capacitor for AC-coupling. Figure 1 shows applications with AC- and DC-coupled output interface.

Security Systems Application

Security systems typically consist of many cameras that are viewed and recorded on a relatively smaller number



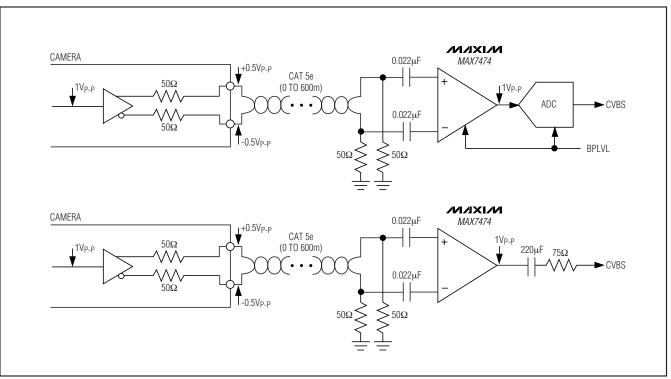


Figure 1. Typical Input and Output Connections

of monitors or recording devices. Cabling is a significant part of a CCTV installation cost. Low-cost unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) cable has increasingly replaced coaxial cable in security systems. Most cameras and switchers use single-channel coax connectors, and therefore require some type of single-ended-to-differential video conversion such as active drivers. Active cable compensation is required for longer cable lengths. Active compensation can occur on the receive side, camera side, or both. The MAX7474 provides active compensation on the receive side that is superior to balun, or active fixed cable equalization.

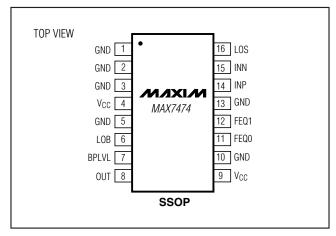
Power Supply, Grounding, and Layout

The MAX7474 operates from a +4.75V to +5.25V single supply. Connect both V_{CC} inputs together and bypass each one with a 0.1 μ F capacitor to GND. Connect the 0.1 μ F capacitors as close as possible to the device to minimize the loop formed when the bypass capacitor is connected to the device, thus avoiding additional inductance that could resonate with the capacitor. For optimum performance, use a ground plane and keep the input and output traces away from each other.

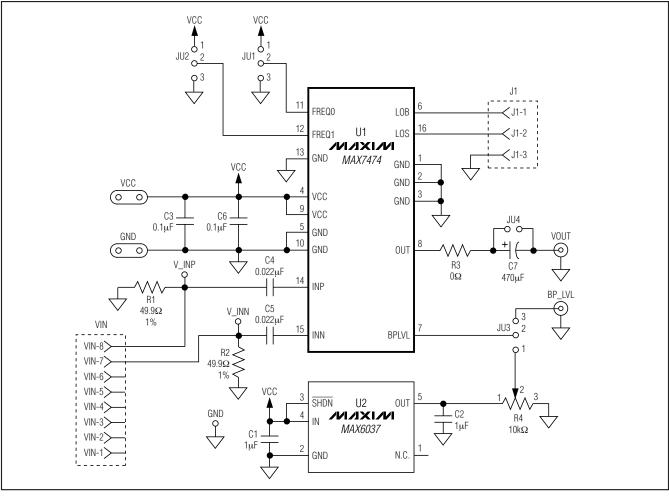
Chip Information

PROCESS: BICMOS

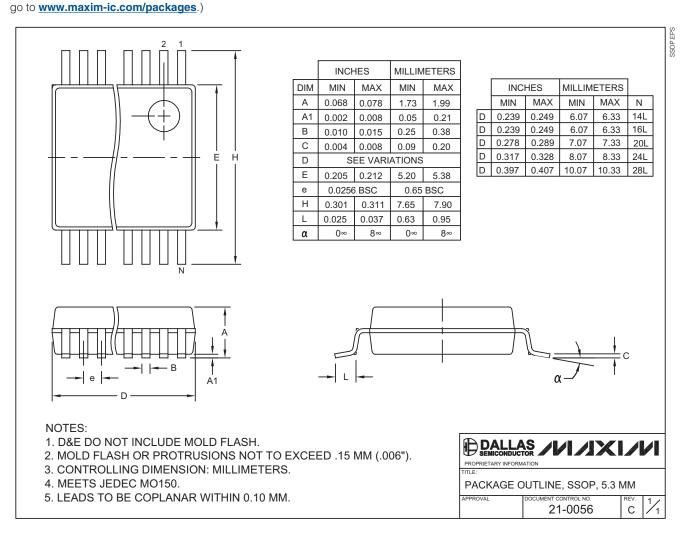
Pin Configuration



Typical Application Circuit



MAX7474



(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information,

Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

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Package Information

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