

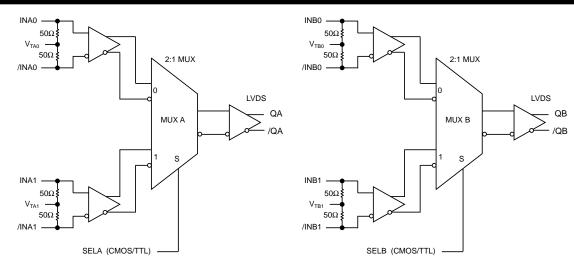
- Dual 2:1 multiplexer
- Guaranteed AC performance over temp and voltage:
  - DC-to > 3.2Gbps data rate throughput
  - < 510ps In-to-Out t<sub>pd</sub>
  - < 150ps t<sub>r</sub>/t<sub>f</sub>
- Ultra-low jitter design:
  - < 1ps<sub>RMS</sub> random jitter
  - < 10ps<sub>PP</sub> deterministic jitter
  - < 10pspp total jitter (clock)
  - < 0.7ps<sub>RMS</sub> crosstalk-induced jitter
- Unique input isolation design minimizes crosstalk
- Internal input termination
- Unique input termination and V<sub>T</sub> pin accepts DCcoupled and AC-coupled inputs (LVDS, LVPECL, CML)
- 350mV LVDS output swing
- CMOS/TTL compatible MUX select
- Power supply 3.3V +10%
- –40 to +85°C temperature range
- Available in 32-pin (5mm x 5mm) MLF<sup>®</sup> package
- Redundant clock/data switchover
- SONET/SDH multi-channel select applications
- Fiber Channel applications
- GigE applications



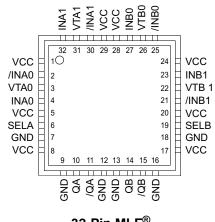
The SY89543L includes two precision, high-speed 2:1 differential Muxes with LVDS (350mV) compatible outputs with a guaranteed data rate throughput of 3.2Gbps over temperature and voltage.

The SY89543L differential inputs include a unique, 3-pin internal termination that allows access to the termination network through a  $V_T$  pin. This feature allows the device to easily interface to different logic standards, both AC- and DC-coupled without external resistor-bias and termination networks. The result is a clean, stub-free, low jitter interface solution.

The SY89543L operates from a single 3.3V supply, and is guaranteed over the full industrial temperature range (-40°C to +85°C). For applications that require a 2.5V supply, consider the SY89542U. The SY89543L is part of a Micrel's Precision Edge<sup>®</sup> product family. All support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at www.micrel.com.



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# Ordering Information<sup>(1)</sup>

Part Number	Package Type	Operating Range	Package Marking	Lead Finish
SY89543LMI	MLF-32	Industrial	SY89543L	Sn-Pb
SY89543LMITR <sup>(2)</sup>	MLF-32	Industrial	SY89543L	Sn-Pb
SY89543LMG <sup>(3)</sup>	MLF-32	Industrial	SY89543L with Pb-Free bar-line indicator	Pb-Free NiPdAu
SY89543LMGTR <sup>(2, 3)</sup>	MLF-32	Industrial	SY89543L with Pb-Free bar-line indicator	Pb-Free NiPdAu

#### Notes:

1. Contact factory for die availability. Dice are guaranteed at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , DC electricals only.

### 32-Pin MLF®

2. Tape and Reel.

3. Recommended for new designs.

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
4, 2, 32, 30, 27, 25, 23, 21	INA0, /INA0, INA1, /INA1, INB0, /INB0, INB1, /INB1	Differential Inputs: These input pairs are the differential signal inputs to the device. Inputs accept AC- or DC-coupled signals as small as 100mV. Each pin of a pair internally terminates to a $V_T$ pin through 50 $\Omega$ . Note that these inputs will default to an indeterminate state if left open. Unused differential input pairs can be terminated by connecting one input to $V_{CC}$ and the complementary input to GND through a 1k $\Omega$ resistor. The $V_T$ pin is to be left open in this configuration. Please refer to the <i>"Input Interface Applications"</i> section for more details.
3, 31, 26, 22	VTA0 , VTA1, VTB0, VTB1	Input Termination Center-Tap: Each side of the differential input pair, terminates to a $V_T$ pin. The $V_{TA0}$ , $V_{TA1}$ , $V_{TB0}$ , $V_{TB1}$ pins provide a center-tap to a termination network for maximum interface flexibility. See <i>"Input Interface Applications"</i> section for more details.
6, 19	SELA, SELB	These single-ended TTL/CMOS compatible inputs select the inputs to the multiplexers. Note that these inputs are internally connected to a $25k\Omega$ pull-up resistor and will default to logic HIGH state if left open.
1, 5, 8, 17, 20, 24, 28, 29	VCC	Positive Power Supply: Bypass with $0.1\mu$ F   $0.01\mu$ F low ESR capacitors. The $0.01\mu$ F capacitor should be as close to V <sub>CC</sub> pin as possible.
10, 11, 14, 15	QA, /QA, QB, /QB	Differential Outputs: This differential LVDS output pair provides a copy of the selected input. It is a logic function of the INA0, INA1, INB0, INB1 and SELA and SELB inputs. Please refer to the <i>"Truth Table"</i> for details. Unused output pairs must be terminated with $100\Omega$ across the differential pair.
7, 9, 12, 13, 16, 18	GND, Exposed pad	Ground: Ground pin and exposed pad must be connected to the same ground plane.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>

Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )	–0.5V to +4.0V
Input Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )	–0.5V to V <sub>CC</sub>
Termination Current <sup>(3)</sup>	
Source or sink current on $V_T$	±100mA
Input Current	
Source or sink current on IN, /IN	±50mA
Lead Temperature (soldering, 20 see	c.) +260°C
Storage Temperature (T <sub>S</sub> )	65°C to +150°C

## Operating Ratings<sup>(2)</sup>

Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )	3.0V to 3.6V
Ambient Temperature (T <sub>A</sub> )	–40°C to +85°C
Package Thermal Resistance <sup>(4)</sup>	
MLF <sup>®</sup> (θ <sub>JA</sub> )	
Still-Air	35°C/W
500lfpm	
MLF <sup>®</sup> (ψ <sub>JB</sub> )	
Junction-to-Board	20°C/W

#### $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C; Unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power Supply		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
I <sub>CC</sub>	Power Supply Current	No Load, Max. V <sub>CC</sub> <sup>(6)</sup>		66	88	mA
R <sub>DIFF_IN</sub>	Differential Input Resistance (IN-to-/IN)		80	100	120	Ω
R <sub>IN</sub>	Input Resistance (IN-to-VT, /IN-to-VT)		40	50	60	Ω
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage (IN, /IN)		1.2		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage (IN, /IN)		0		V <sub>IH</sub> –0.1	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage Swing (IN, /IN)	Notes 7	0.1		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>DIFF_IN</sub>	Differential Input Voltage Swing  IN - /IN	Notes 7	0.2			V
IN-to-V <sub>T</sub>	Voltage from Input to $V_T$				1.8	V

#### Notes:

- 1. Permanent device damage may occur if "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are exceeded. This is a stress rating only and functional operation is not implied at conditions other than those detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to "Absolute Maximum Ratings" conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- 2. The data sheet limits are not guaranteed if the device is operated beyond the operating ratings.
- 3. Due to the limited drive capability use for input of the same package only.
- 4. Package thermal resistance assumes exposed pad is soldered (or equivalent) to the device's most negative potential on the PCB.  $\Psi_{JB}$  uses 4-layer  $\theta_{JA}$  in still air unless otherwise stated.
- 5. The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established.
- 6. Includes current through internal  $50\Omega$  pull-ups.
- 7. See "Operating Characteristics" section for  $V_{\text{IN}}$  and  $V_{\text{DIFF}_{\text{IN}}}$  definition.

ADS OUT PLINS DC ELE

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage (Q, /Q)	See Figure 5a			1.475	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage (Q, /Q)	See Figure 5a	0.925			V
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage Swing (Q, /Q)	See Figures 1a, 5a	250	350		mV
V <sub>DIFF-OUT</sub>	Differential Output Voltage Swing  Q - /Q	See Figure 1b	500	700		mV
V <sub>OCM</sub>	Output Common Mode Voltage (Q, /Q)	See Figure 5b	1.125		1.275	V
$\Delta V_{OCM}$	Change in Common Mode Voltage (Q, /Q)	See Figure 5b	-50		+50	mV

#### $V_{CC}$ = 3.3V ±10%; T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C; R<sub>L</sub> = 100 $\Omega$ across Q and /Q, unless otherwise stated.

#### $V_{CC}$ = 3.3V ±10%; $T_A$ = –40°C to +85°C; unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Voltage				0.8	V
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Current				40	μΑ
IIL	Input LOW Current				-300	μΑ

Note:

9. The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established.

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Min	Тур	Max	Units
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum C	Dperating Frequency		NRZ Data	3.2			Gbps
			V <sub>OUT</sub> > 200mV	Clock		3		GHz
t <sub>PD</sub>	Differential	Propagation Delay	IN-to-Q		310	410	510	ps
			SEL-to-Q		250	450	650	ps
t <sub>SKEW</sub>		Input-to-Input Skew	Note 11				25	ps
	С	hannel-to-Channel Skew	Note 12			10	30	ps
		Part-to-Part Skew	Note 13				200	ps
t <sub>JITTER</sub>	Data	Random Jitter (RJ)	Note 14				1	ps <sub>RMS</sub>
		Deterministic Jitter (DJ)	Note 15				10	ps <sub>PP</sub>
	Clock	Total Jitter (TJ)	Note 16				10	ps <sub>PP</sub>
		Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter	Note 17				1	ps <sub>RMS</sub>
		Crosstalk-Induced Jitter	Note 18				0.7	ps <sub>RMS</sub>
t <sub>R</sub> , t <sub>F</sub>	Output Rise / Fall Time (20% to 80%)		At full output swing		40	80	150	ps

#### $V_{CC}$ = 3.3V ±10%; T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C; R<sub>L</sub> = 100 $\Omega$ across Q and /Q, unless otherwise stated.

#### Notes:

10. Measured with 100mV input swing. See "Timing Diagrams" section for definition of parameters. High-frequency AC-parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization.

- 11. Input-to-input skew is the difference in time from an input-to-output in comparison to any other input-to-output. In addition, the input-to-input skew does not include the output skew.
- 12. Channel-to-channel skew is measured between two different outputs under identical conditions.
- 13. Part-to-part skew is defined for two parts with identical power supply voltages at the same temperature and with no skew of the edges at the respective inputs. Total skew is calculated as the RMS (Root Mean Square) of the input skew and output skew.
- 14. RJ is measured with a K28.7 comma detect character pattern, measured at 1.25Gbps and 3.2Gbps.
- 15. DJ is measured at 1.25Gbps and 3.2Gbps, with both K28.5 and 2<sup>23</sup>-1 PRBS pattern.
- 16. Total jitter definition: with an ideal clock input of frequency ≤f<sub>MAX</sub>, no more than one output edge in 10<sup>12</sup> output edges will deviate by more than the specified peak-to-peak jitter value.
- 17. Cycle-to-cycle jitter definition: the variation of periods between adjacent cycles, Tn-Tn-1 where T is the time between rising edges of the output signal.
- 18. Crosstalk is measured at the output while applying two similar frequencies to adjacent inputs that are asynchronous with respect to each other at the inputs.

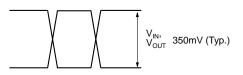
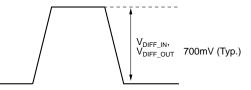
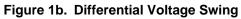


Figure 1a. Single-Ended Voltage Swing





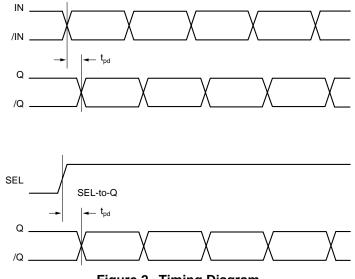
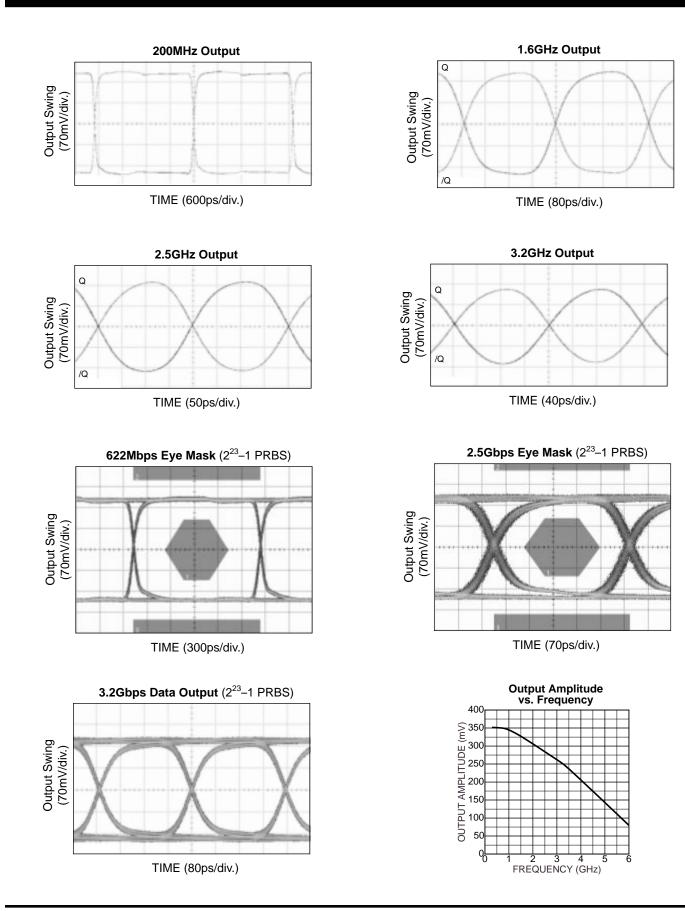
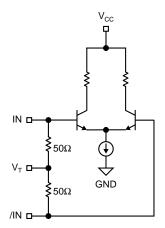


Figure 2. Timing Diagram

INO	IN1	SEL	Q	/Q
0	Х	0	0	1
1	Х	0	1	0
х	0	1	0	1
x	1	1	1	0







V<sub>CC</sub>

LVPEC

 $\checkmark$ 

GND

V<sub>CC</sub>

\_0.01µF

ş

R<sub>p</sub>

IN

/IN

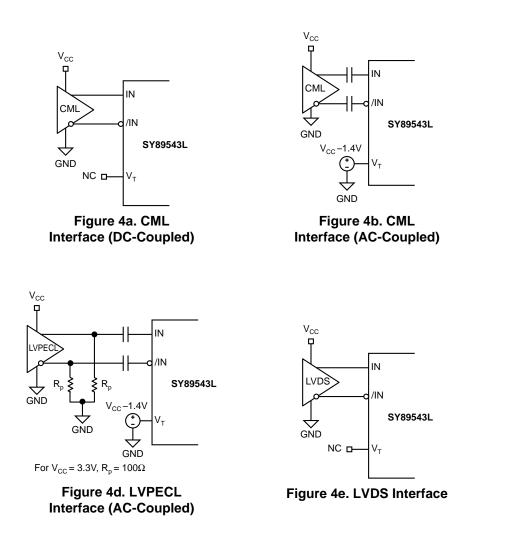
V٦

For V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V,  $R_p = 50\Omega$ 

Figure 4c. LVPECL

Interface (DC-Coupled)

SY89543L



LVDS specifies a small swing of 350mV typical, on a nominal 1.25V common mode above ground. The common mode voltage has tight limits to permit large variations in

ground between an LVDS driver and receiver. Also, change in common mode voltage, as a function of data input, is kept to a minimum, to keep EMI low.

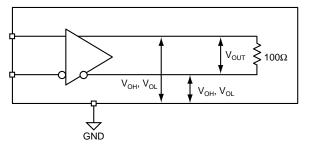


Figure 5a. LVDS Differential Measurement

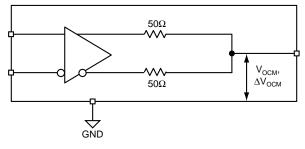
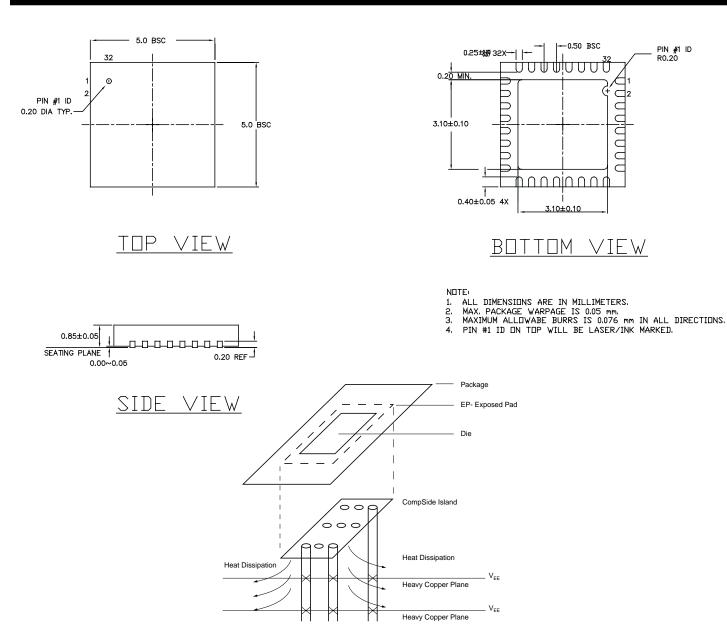
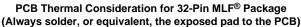


Figure 5b. LVDS Common Mode Measurement

Part Number	Function	Data Sheet Link
SY89542U	2.5V, 3.2Gbps Dual, Differential 2:1 LVDS Multiplexer with Internal Input Termination	http://www.micrel.com/_PDF/HBW/sy89542u.pdf
SY89544U	2.5V, 3.2Gbps 4:1 LVDS Multiplexer with Internal Input Termination	http://www.micrel.com/_PDF/HBW/sy89544u.pdf
SY89545L	3.3V, 3.2Gbps, Differential 4:1 LVDS Multiplexer with Internal Input Termination	http://www.micrel.com/_PDF/HBW/sy89545I.pdf
SY89546U	2.5V, 3.2Gbps, Differential 4:1 LVDS Multiplexer with 1:2 Fanout and Internal Input Termination	http://www.micrel.com/_PDF/HBW/sy89546u.pdf
SY89547L	3.3V, 3.2Gbps, Differential 4:1 LVDS Multiplexer with 1:2 Fanout and Internal Input Termination	http://www.micrel.com/_PDF/HBW/sy89547I.pdf
	MLF <sup>®</sup> Application Note	www.amkor.com/products/notes_papers/LF_AppNote_0902.pdf
HBW Solutions	New Products and Applications	www.micrel.com/product-info/products/solutions.shtml





#### Package Notes:

- 1. Package meets Level 2 qualification.
- 2. All parts are dry-packaged before shipment.
- 3. Exposed pads must be soldered to a ground for proper thermal management.

### MICREL, INC. 2180 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA

TEL + 1 (408) 944-0800 FAX + 1 (408) 474-1000 WEB http://www.micrel.com

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