## **ON Semiconductor**

### Is Now



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# 45 μV Offset, 0.4 μV/°C, Zero-Drift Operational Amplifier

# NCS21871, NCV21871, NCS21872, NCV21872, NCS21874, NCV21874

The NCS21871, NCS21872 and NCS21874 family of zero-drift op amps feature offset voltage as low as 45  $\mu V$  over the 1.8 V to 5.5 V supply voltage range. The zero-drift architecture reduces the offset drift to as low as 0.4  $\mu V/^{\circ}C$  and enables high precision measurements over both time and temperature. This family has low power consumption over a wide dynamic range and is available in space saving packages. These features make it well suited for signal conditioning circuits in portable, industrial, automotive, medical and consumer markets.

#### **Features**

- Gain-Bandwidth Product: 270 kHz to 350 kHz
- Low Supply Current: 17 μA (typ at 3.3 V)
- Low Offset Voltage: 45 μV max
- Low Offset Drift: 0.4 µV/°C max
- Wide Supply Range: 1.8 V to 5.5 V
- Wide Temperature Range: -40°C to +125°C
- Rail-to-Rail Input and Output
- Available in Single, Dual and Quad Packages
- NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Unique Site and Control Change Requirements; AEC-Q100 Qualified and PPAP Capable

#### **Applications**

- Automotive
- Battery Powered/ Portable Application
- Sensor Signal Conditioning
- Low Voltage Current Sensing
- Filter Circuits
- Bridge Circuits
- Medical Instrumentation



ON Semiconductor®

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SC70-5 SQ SUFFIX CASE 419A



UDFN8 MU SUFFIX CASE 517AW



MSOP-8 DM SUFFIX CASE 846A-02



SOIC-8 D SUFFIX CASE 751



SOIC-14 D SUFFIX CASE 751A



TSSOP-14 WB DT SUFFIX CASE 948G



FCT SUFFIX CASE 971BE

#### **DEVICE MARKING INFORMATION**

See general marking information in the device marking section on page 2 of this data sheet.

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 3 of this data sheet.

#### **DEVICE MARKING INFORMATION**

# Single Channel Configuration NCS21871, NCV21871



TSOP-5/SOT23-5 CASE 483



SC70-5 CASE 419A



ECP5 CASE 971BE

# Dual Channel Configuration NCS21872, NCV21872



UDFN8, 2x2, 0.5P CASE 517AW

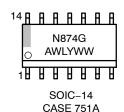


Micro8/MSOP8 CASE 846A-02



SOIC-8 CASE 751

#### Quad Channel Configuration NCS21874, NCV21874



N874 = Specific Device Code A = Assembly Location

Y = Year W = Work Week

W = Work Week
M = Date Code
G or • = Pb-Free Package

TSSOP-14 WB CASE 948G

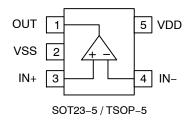
N874 = Specific Device Code A = Assembly Location

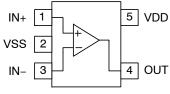
L = Wafer Lot
Y = Year
W = Work Week
= Pb-Free Package

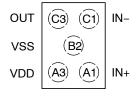
(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

#### **PIN CONNECTIONS**

# Single Channel Configuration NCS21871, NCV21871



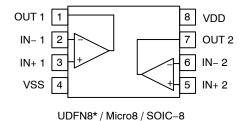




SC70-5 / SC-88-5 / SOT-353-5

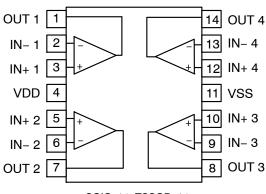
ECP5 (Top View)

#### Dual Channel Configuration NCS21872, NCV21872



<sup>\*</sup>The exposed pad of the UDFN8 package can be floated or connected to VSS.

#### Quad Channel Configuration NCS21874, NCV21874



SOIC-14, TSSOP-14

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

| Temperature       | Channels | Package                      | <b>Device Part Number</b> | Shipping <sup>†</sup> |
|-------------------|----------|------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| COMMERCIAL AND IN | DUSTRIAL |                              |                           |                       |
| –40°C to 125°C    | Single   | SOT23-5/TSOP-5               | NCS21871SN2T1G            | 3000 / Tape & Reel    |
|                   |          | SC70-5/SC-88-5/<br>SOT-353-5 | NCS21871SQ3T2G            |                       |
|                   |          | ECP5                         | NCS21871FCTTAG*           |                       |
|                   | Dual     | MICRO-8                      | NCS21872DMR2G             | 4000 / Tape & Reel    |
|                   |          | SOIC-8                       | NCS21872DR2G              | 3000 / Tape & Reel    |
|                   |          | UDFN-8                       | NCS21872MUTBG*            | 1                     |
|                   | Quad     | SOIC-14                      | NCS21874DR2G              | 2500 / Tape & Reel    |
|                   |          | TSSOP-14                     | NCS21874DTBR2G            |                       |
| AUTOMOTIVE        |          |                              |                           |                       |
| -40°C to 125°C    | Single   | SOT23-5/TSOP-5               | NCV21871SN2T1G            | 3000 / Tape & Reel    |
|                   |          | SC70-5/SC-88-5/<br>SOT-353-5 | NCV21871SQ3T2G            |                       |
|                   | Dual     | MICRO-8                      | NCV21872DMR2G             | 4000 / Tape & Reel    |
|                   |          | SOIC-8                       | NCV21872DR2G              | 3000 / Tape & Reel    |
|                   | Quad     | SOIC-14                      | NCV21874DR2G              | 2500 / Tape & Reel    |
|                   |          | TSSOP-14                     | NCV21874DTBR2G            |                       |

<sup>†</sup>For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

<sup>\*</sup>In Development. Contact local sales office for more information.

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Over operating free-air temperature, unless otherwise stated.

| Parameter                             | Rating                     | Unit |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|------|
| Supply Voltage                        | 6                          | V    |
| INPUT AND OUTPUT PINS                 |                            |      |
| Input Voltage (Note 1)                | (VSS) - 0.3 to (VDD) + 0.3 | V    |
| Input Current (Note 1)                | ±10                        | mA   |
| Output Short Circuit Current (Note 2) | Continuous                 |      |
| TEMPERATURE                           |                            |      |
| Operating Temperature Range           | -40 to +125                | °C   |
| Storage Temperature Range             | -65 to +150                | °C   |
| Junction Temperature                  | +150                       | °C   |
| ESD RATINGS (Note 3)                  |                            |      |
| Human Body Model (HBM)                | ±4000                      | V    |
| Charged Device Model (CDM)            | ±2000                      | V    |
| OTHER RATINGS                         |                            |      |
| Latch-up Current (Note 4)             | 100                        | mA   |
| MSL                                   | Level 1                    |      |

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

- 1. Input terminals are diode-clamped to the power-supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.3 V beyond the supply rails should be current limited to 10 mA or less
- 2. Short-circuit to ground.
- 3. This device series incorporates ESD protection and is tested by the following methods:
  - ESD Human Body Model tested per JEDEC standard JS-001 (AEC-Q100-002)
- ESD Charged Device Model tested per JEDEC standard JESD22-C101 (AEC-Q100-011)
- 4. Latch-up Current tested per JEDEC standard: JESD78.

#### THERMAL INFORMATION (Note 5)

| Parameter           | Symbol            | Package                      | Value | Unit |  |
|---------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------|------|--|
| Thermal Resistance, | $\theta_{\sf JA}$ | SOT23-5 / TSOP5              | 290   | °C/W |  |
| Junction to Ambient |                   | SC70-5 / SC-88-5 / SOT-353-5 | 290   |      |  |
|                     |                   | ECP5                         | 157   |      |  |
|                     |                   | Micro8 / MSOP8               | 298   |      |  |
|                     |                   | SOIC-8                       | 250   |      |  |
|                     |                   | UDFN8                        | 228   |      |  |
|                     |                   | SOIC-14                      |       |      |  |
|                     |                   | TSSOP-14                     | 155   |      |  |

As mounted on an 80x80x1.5 mm FR4 PCB with 650 mm<sup>2</sup> and 2 oz (0.07 mm) thick copper heat spreader. Following JEDEC JESD/EIA 51.1, 51.2, 51.3 test guidelines

#### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Parameter   | Symbol         | Range  | Unit |
|---|----------------|--|------|
| Supply Voltage (V <sub>DD</sub> – V <sub>SS</sub> ) | V <sub>S</sub> | 1.8 to 5.5                                   | V    |
| Specified Operating Temperature Range               | T <sub>A</sub> | -40 to 125                                   | °C   |
| Input Common Mode Voltage Range                     | $V_{CM}$       | V <sub>SS</sub> -0.1 to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.1 | V    |

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:**  $V_S = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$  At  $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$  connected to midsupply,  $V_{CM} = V_{OUT} =$  midsupply, unless otherwise noted. **Boldface** limits apply over the specified operating temperature range, guaranteed by characterization and/or design.

| Parameter                          | Symbol                       | Con  | ditions               | Min           | Тур       | Max  | Unit         |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|-----------------------|---------------|-----------|------|--------------|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS              |                              |  |                       |               |           |      |              |
| Offset Voltage                     | V <sub>OS</sub>              | V <sub>S</sub> :   | = +5 V                |               | 6         | 45   | μV           |
| Offset Voltage Drift vs Temp       | $\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$     | Vs   | = 5 V                 |               | 0.1       | 0.4  | μV/°C        |
| Offset Voltage Drift vs Supply     | $\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta V_{S}$ | T <sub>A</sub> =   | +25°C                 |               | 0.4       | 8    | μV/V         |
|                                    |                              | Full tempe   | erature range         |               |           | 12.6 |              |
| Input Bias Current                 | I <sub>IB</sub>              | T <sub>A</sub> =   | +25°C                 |               | ±60       | ±400 | рА           |
| (Note 6)                           |                              | Full tempe   | erature range         |               | ±400      |      | 1            |
| Input Offset Current<br>(Note 6)   | los                          | T <sub>A</sub> =   | +25°C                 |               | ±50       | ±800 | pА           |
| Common Mode Rejection Ratio        | CMRR                         | V <sub>S</sub> =   | = 1.8 V               |               | 111       |      | dB           |
| (Note 7)                           |                              | V <sub>S</sub> =   | = 3.3 V               |               | 118       |      |              |
|                                    |                              | V <sub>S</sub> =   | = 5.0 V               | 102           | 123       |      |              |
|                                    |                              | V <sub>S</sub> =   | = 5.5 V               |               | 127       |      | 1            |
| Input Capacitance                  | C <sub>IN</sub>              | Diffe  | erential              |               | 4.1       |      | pF           |
|                                    |                              | Comm   | on Mode               |               | 7.9       |      | 1            |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS             |                              |  |                       |               |           |      | •            |
| Open Loop Voltage Gain<br>(Note 6) | A <sub>VOL</sub>             | V <sub>SS</sub> + 100 mV < V <sub>O</sub> < V <sub>DD</sub> - 100 mV |                       | 106           | 145       |      | dB           |
| Open Loop Output Impedance         | Z <sub>out-OL</sub>          |  |                       | See Figure 18 |           | Ω    |              |
| Output Voltage High,               | V <sub>OH</sub>              | T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C   |                       |               | 10        | 80   | mV           |
| Referenced to V <sub>DD</sub>      |                              | Full tempe   | erature range         |               |           | 80   |              |
| Output Voltage Low,                | V <sub>OL</sub>              | T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C   |                       |               | 10        | 80   | mV           |
| Referenced to V <sub>SS</sub>      |                              | Full temperature range   |                       |               |           | 80   |              |
|                                    | I <sub>O</sub>               | Sinking Current  |                       |               | 11        |      | mA           |
|                                    |                              | Sourcir  | ng Current            |               | 5.0       |      |              |
| Capacitive Load Drive              | C <sub>L</sub>               |  |                       | S             | ee Figure | 14   |              |
| NOISE PERFORMANCE                  | •                            |  |                       |               |           |      |              |
| Voltage Noise Density              | e <sub>N</sub>               | f <sub>IN</sub> =  | 1 kHz                 |               | 62        |      | nV / √Hz     |
| Voltage Noise                      | e <sub>P-P</sub>             | f <sub>IN</sub> = 0.1  | Hz to 10 Hz           |               | 1.1       |      | $\mu V_{PP}$ |
|                                    |                              | f <sub>IN</sub> = 0.01   | Hz to 1 Hz            |               | 0.5       |      | 1            |
| Current Noise Density              | i <sub>N</sub>               | f <sub>IN</sub> = 10 Hz  |                       |               | 350       |      | fA / √Hz     |
| Channel Separation                 |                              | NCS21872   | 2, NCS21874           |               | 135       |      | dB           |
| DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE                |                              |  |                       |               |           |      |              |
| Gain Bandwidth Product             | GBWP                         | C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF  | NCS21871, NCS21874    |               | 350       |      | kHz          |
|                                    |                              |  | NCS21872              |               | 270       |      | 1            |
| Gain Margin                        | A <sub>M</sub>               | C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF  |                       |               | 18        |      | dB           |
| Phase Margin                       | $\phi_{M}$                   | C <sub>L</sub> =   | 100 pF                |               | 55        |      | 0            |
|                                    |                              | G = 1, V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5 V                                       |                       |               |           |      | i —          |
| Slew Rate                          | SR                           | G = 1, V   | <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5 V |               | 0.1       |      | V/μs         |

- 6. Guaranteed by characterization and/or design
- 7. Specified over the full common mode range:  $V_{SS}$  0.1 <  $V_{CM}$  <  $V_{DD}$  + 0.1
- 8. No load, per channel

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:**  $V_S = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$  At  $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$  connected to midsupply,  $V_{CM} = V_{OUT} =$  midsupply, unless otherwise noted. **Boldface** limits apply over the specified operating temperature range, guaranteed by characterization and/or design.

| Parameter                    | Symbol          | Conditions  |     | Тур | Max | Unit |
|------------------------------|-----------------|---|-----|-----|-----|------|
| POWER SUPPLY                 |                 |   |     |     |     |      |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio | PSRR            | T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C                                    | 106 | 130 |     | dB   |
|                              |                 | Full temperature range                                    | 98  |     |     |      |
| Turn-on Time                 | t <sub>ON</sub> | V <sub>S</sub> = 5 V                                      |     | 100 |     | μs   |
| Quiescent Current            | IQ              | $1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{S}} \le 3.3 \text{ V}$ |     | 20  | 40  | μΑ   |
| (Note 8)                     |                 |   |     |     | 40  |      |
|                              |                 | 3.3 V < V <sub>S</sub> ≤ 5.5 V                            |     | 28  | 45  |      |
|                              |                 |   |     |     | 45  |      |

- 6. Guaranteed by characterization and/or design
- 7. Specified over the full common mode range:  $V_{SS}$  0.1 <  $V_{CM}$  <  $V_{DD}$  + 0.1
- 8. No load, per channel

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

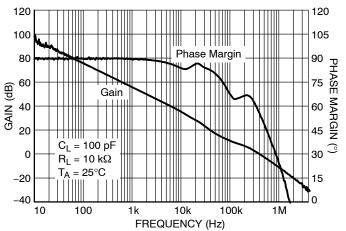


Figure 1. Open Loop Gain and Phase Margin vs. Frequency

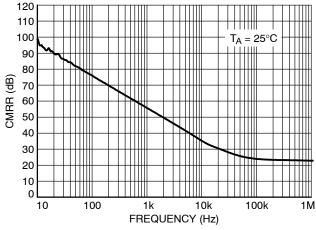


Figure 2. CMRR vs. Frequency

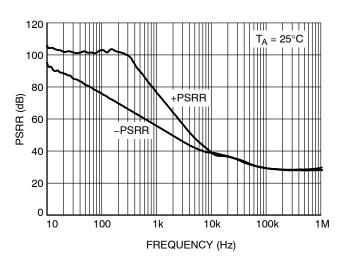


Figure 3. PSRR vs. Frequency

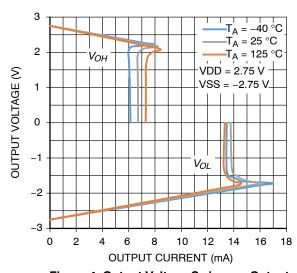


Figure 4. Output Voltage Swing vs. Output Current at  $V_S = 5.5 \text{ V}$ 

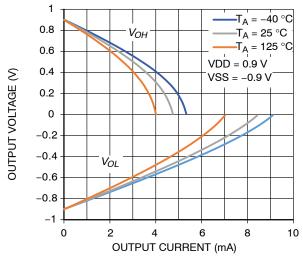


Figure 5. Output Voltage Swing vs. Output Current at  $V_S = 1.8 \text{ V}$ 

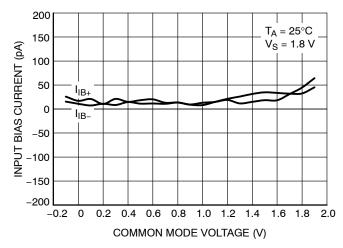
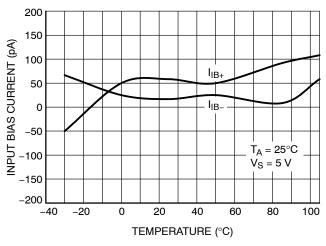


Figure 6. Input Bias Current vs. Common Mode Voltage

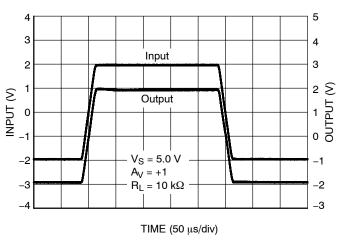
#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



30  $V_S = 5.5 V$ 25  $V_S = 5.0 V$ V<sub>S</sub> = 3.3 V 20 la (MA) 15  $V_{S} = 1.8 V$ 10 5 Per Channel 0 20 40 -40-20 60 80 100 TEMPERATURE (°C)

Figure 7. Input Bias Current vs. Temperature

Figure 8. Quiescent Current vs. Temperature



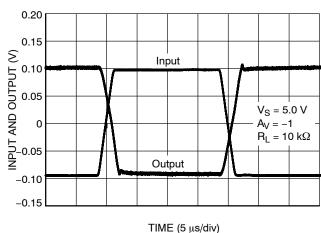


Figure 9. Large Signal Step Response

Figure 10. Small Signal Step Response

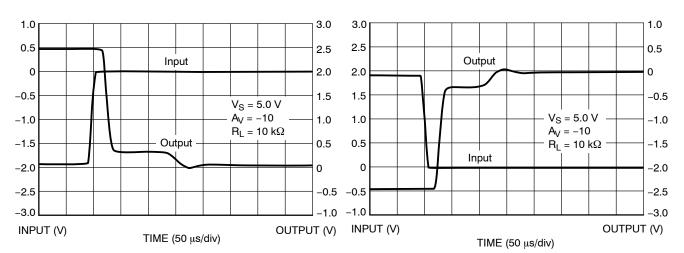


Figure 11. Positive Overvoltage Recovery

Figure 12. Negative Overvoltage Recovery

#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

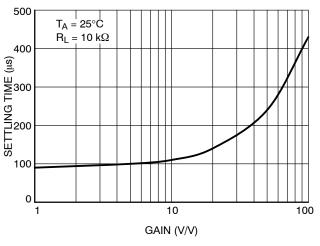


Figure 13. Setting Time to 0.1% vs. Closed-Loop Gain

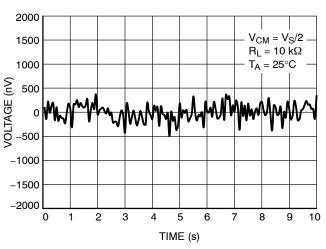


Figure 15. 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz Noise

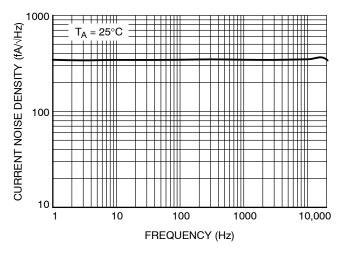


Figure 17. Current Noise Density vs. Frequency

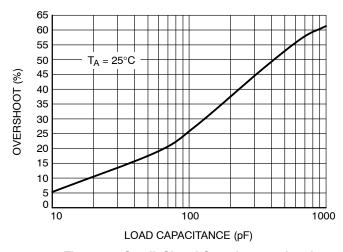


Figure 14. Small-Signal Overshoot vs. Load Capacitance

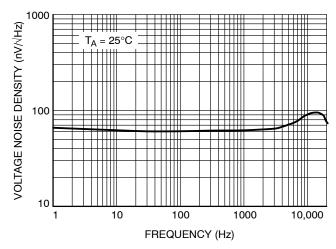


Figure 16. Voltage Noise Density vs. Frequency

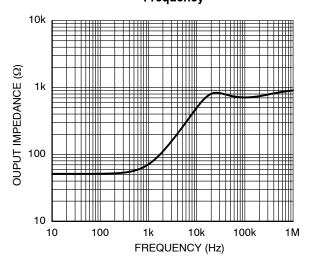


Figure 18. Open Loop Output Impedance vs. Frequency

#### APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

#### **OVERVIEW**

The NCS21871, NCS21872, and NCS21874 precision op amps provide low offset voltage and zero drift over temperature. The input common mode voltage range extends 100 mV beyond the supply rails to allow for sensing near ground or VDD. These features make the NCS21871 series well–suited for applications where precision is required, such as current sensing and interfacing with sensors.

The NCS21871 series of precision op amps uses a chopper-stabilized architecture, which provides the advantage of minimizing offset voltage drift over temperature and time. The simplified block diagram is shown in Figure 19. Unlike the classical chopper architecture, the chopper stabilized architecture has two signal paths.

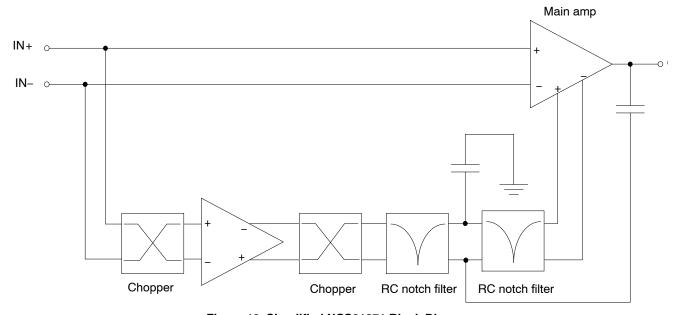


Figure 19. Simplified NCS21871 Block Diagram

In Figure 19, the lower signal path is where the chopper samples the input offset voltage, which is then used to correct the offset at the output. The offset correction occurs at a frequency of 125 kHz. The chopper-stabilized architecture is optimized for best performance at frequencies up to the related Nyquist frequency (1/2 of the offset correction frequency). As the signal frequency exceeds the Nyquist frequency, 62.5 kHz, aliasing may occur at the output. This is an inherent limitation of all chopper and chopper-stabilized architectures. Nevertheless, the NCS21871 op amps have minimal aliasing up to 125 kHz and low aliasing up to 190 kHz when compared to competitor parts from other manufacturers. ON Semiconductor's patented approach utilizes two

cascaded, symmetrical, RC notch filters tuned to the chopper frequency and its fifth harmonic to reduce aliasing effects.

The chopper–stabilized architecture also benefits from the feed–forward path, which is shown as the upper signal path of the block diagram in Figure 19. This is the high speed signal path that extends the gain bandwidth up to 350 kHz. Not only does this help retain high frequency components of the input signal, but it also improves the loop gain at low frequencies. This is especially useful for low–side current sensing and sensor interface applications where the signal is low frequency and the differential voltage is relatively small.

#### **APPLICATION CIRCUITS**

#### Low-Side Current Sensing

Low-side current sensing is used to monitor the current through a load. This method can be used to detect over-current conditions and is often used in feedback control, as shown in Figure 20. A sense resistor is placed in series with the load to ground. Typically, the value of the

sense resistor is less than 100 m $\Omega$  to reduce power loss across the resistor. The op amp amplifies the voltage drop across the sense resistor with a gain set by external resistors R1, R2, R3, and R4 (where R1 = R2, R3 = R4). Precision resistors are required for high accuracy, and the gain is set to utilize the full scale of the ADC for the highest resolution.

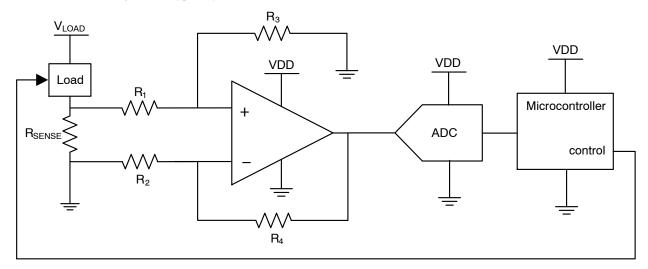


Figure 20. Low-Side Current Sensing

#### **Differential Amplifier for Bridged Circuits**

Sensors to measure strain, pressure, and temperature are often configured in a Wheatstone bridge circuit as shown in Figure 21. In the measurement, the voltage change that is

produced is relatively small and needs to be amplified before going into an ADC. Precision amplifiers are recommended in these types of applications due to their high gain, low noise, and low offset voltage.

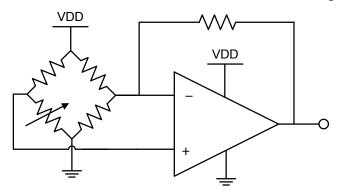


Figure 21. Bridge Circuit Amplification

#### **EMI Susceptibility and Input Filtering**

Op amps have varying amounts of EMI susceptibility. Semiconductor junctions can pick up and rectify EMI signals, creating an EMI-induced voltage offset at the output, adding another component to the total error. Input pins are the most sensitive to EMI. The NCS21871 op amp family integrates low-pass filters to decrease sensitivity to EMI.

#### **General Layout Guidelines**

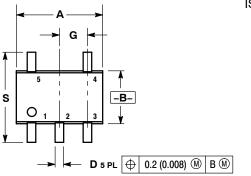
To ensure optimum device performance, it is important to follow good PCB design practices. Place  $0.1~\mu F$  decoupling capacitors as close as possible to the supply pins. Keep traces short, utilize a ground plane, choose surface–mount components, and place components as close as possible to the device pins. These techniques will reduce susceptibility to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Thermoelectric effects can create an additional temperature dependent offset voltage at the input pins. To reduce these effects, use metals with low thermoelectric–coefficients and prevent temperature gradients from heat sources or cooling fans.

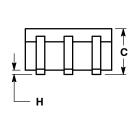
#### **UDFN8 Package Guidelines**

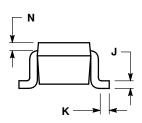
The UDFN8 package has an exposed leadframe die pad on the underside of the package. This pad should be soldered to the PCB, as shown in the recommended soldering footprint in the Package Dimensions section of this datasheet. The center pad can be electrically connected to VSS or it may be left floating. When connected to VSS, the center pad acts as a heat sink, improving the thermal resistance of the part.

#### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

## SC-88A (SC-70-5/SOT-353) CASE 419A-02 ISSUE L



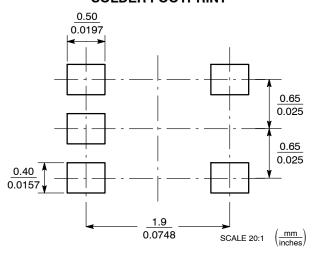




- NOTES:
  1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
  3. 419A-01 OBSOLETE. NEW STANDARD 419A-02.
  4. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BLIBES BURRS.

|     | INCHES    |       | MILLIN   | IETERS |
|-----|-----------|-------|----------|--------|
| DIM | MIN       | MAX   | MIN      | MAX    |
| Α   | 0.071     | 0.087 | 1.80     | 2.20   |
| В   | 0.045     | 0.053 | 1.15     | 1.35   |
| C   | 0.031     | 0.043 | 0.80     | 1.10   |
| D   | 0.004     | 0.012 | 0.10     | 0.30   |
| G   | 0.026     | BSC   | 0.65 BSC |        |
| Н   |           | 0.004 |          | 0.10   |
| J   | 0.004     | 0.010 | 0.10     | 0.25   |
| K   | 0.004     | 0.012 | 0.10     | 0.30   |
| N   | 0.008 REF |       | 0.20     | REF    |
| S   | 0.079     | 0.087 | 2.00     | 2.20   |

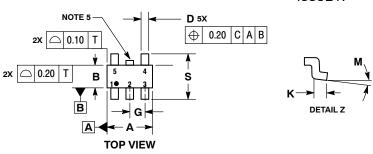
#### **SOLDER FOOTPRINT**

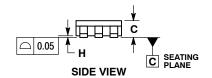


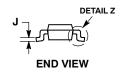
\*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

#### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

#### TSOP-5 CASE 483-02 ISSUE K







#### NOTES:

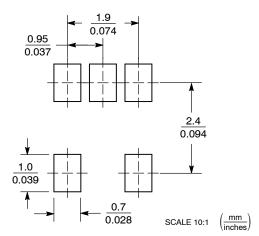
- 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME
- Y14.5M, 1994.
  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
  3. MAXIMUM LEAD THICKNESS INCLUDES LEAD FINISH THICKNESS. MINIMUM LEAD THICKNESS IS THE
- MINIMUM THICKNESS OF BASE MATERIAL.

  4. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 PER SIDE. DIMENSION A.

  5. OPTIONAL CONSTRUCTION: AN ADDITIONAL
- TRIMMED LEAD IS ALLOWED IN THIS LOCATION.
  TRIMMED LEAD NOT TO EXTEND MORE THAN 0.2

|     | MILLIMETERS |      |  |  |
|-----|-------------|------|--|--|
| DIM | MIN         | MAX  |  |  |
| Α   | 3.00        | BSC  |  |  |
| В   | 1.50        | BSC  |  |  |
| C   | 0.90        | 1.10 |  |  |
| D   | 0.25        | 0.50 |  |  |
| G   | 0.95        | BSC  |  |  |
| Н   | 0.01        | 0.10 |  |  |
| 7   | 0.10        | 0.26 |  |  |
| K   | 0.20        | 0.60 |  |  |
| М   | 0 °         | 10°  |  |  |
| s   | 2.50        | 3.00 |  |  |

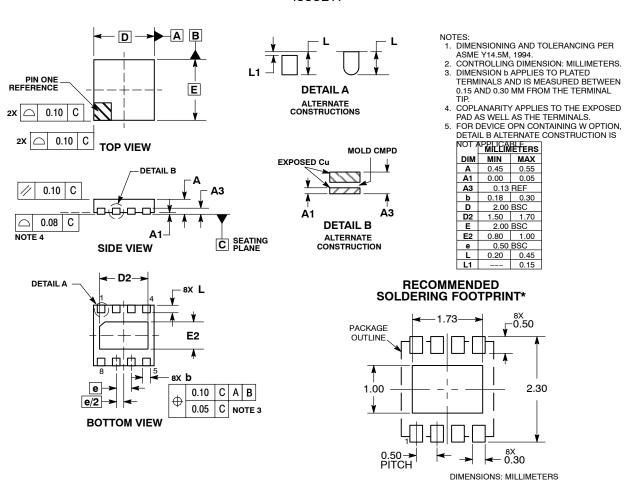
#### **SOLDERING FOOTPRINT\***



\*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

#### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

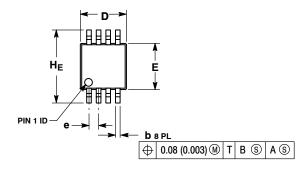
#### UDFN8, 2x2 CASE 517AW ISSUE A

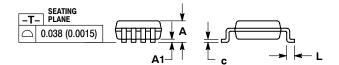


<sup>\*</sup>For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

#### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

Micro8™ CASE 846A-02 **ISSUE J** 



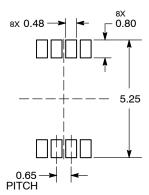


#### NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
  DIMENSION A DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE. 3. DIMENSION A DUES NOT INCLUDE MOLLO FLASH, PHOTHUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 (0.06) PER SIDE.
   4. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.25 (0.010) PER SIDE.
   5. 846A-01 OBSOLETE, NEW STANDARD 846A-02.

|     | MILLIMETERS |          |      | INCHES    |       |       |
|-----|-------------|----------|------|-----------|-------|-------|
| DIM | MIN         | NOM      | MAX  | MIN       | NOM   | MAX   |
| Α   | -           |          | 1.10 |           |       | 0.043 |
| A1  | 0.05        | 0.08     | 0.15 | 0.002     | 0.003 | 0.006 |
| b   | 0.25        | 0.33     | 0.40 | 0.010     | 0.013 | 0.016 |
| С   | 0.13        | 0.18     | 0.23 | 0.005     | 0.007 | 0.009 |
| D   | 2.90        | 3.00     | 3.10 | 0.114     | 0.118 | 0.122 |
| E   | 2.90        | 3.00     | 3.10 | 0.114     | 0.118 | 0.122 |
| е   |             | 0.65 BSC |      | 0.026 BSC |       |       |
| L   | 0.40        | 0.55     | 0.70 | 0.016     | 0.021 | 0.028 |
| HE  | 4.75        | 4.90     | 5.05 | 0.187     | 0.193 | 0.199 |

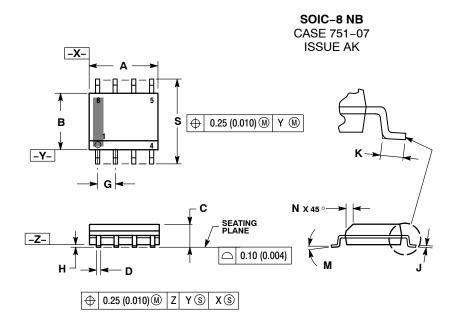
#### **RECOMMENDED SOLDERING FOOTPRINT\***



DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS

<sup>\*</sup>For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

#### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**



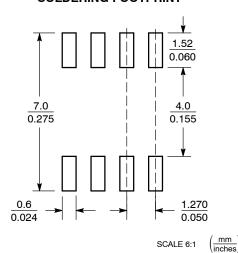
#### NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.

- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
  DIMENSION A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE
  MOLD PROTRUSION.
  MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006)
  PER SIDE.
  DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR
  PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 (0.005) TOTAL
  IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT
  MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION
- MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
  6. 751–01 THRU 751–06 ARE OBSOLETE. NEW STANDARD IS 751–07.

|     | MILLIMETERS |          | INCHES |       |
|-----|-------------|----------|--------|-------|
| DIM | MIN         | MAX      | MIN    | MAX   |
| Α   | 4.80        | 5.00     | 0.189  | 0.197 |
| В   | 3.80        | 4.00     | 0.150  | 0.157 |
| С   | 1.35        | 1.75     | 0.053  | 0.069 |
| D   | 0.33        | 0.51     | 0.013  | 0.020 |
| G   | 1.27        | 1.27 BSC |        | 0 BSC |
| Н   | 0.10        | 0.25     | 0.004  | 0.010 |
| J   | 0.19        | 0.25     | 0.007  | 0.010 |
| K   | 0.40        | 1.27     | 0.016  | 0.050 |
| M   | 0 °         | 8 °      | 0 °    | 8 °   |
| N   | 0.25        | 0.50     | 0.010  | 0.020 |
| S   | 5.80        | 6.20     | 0.228  | 0.244 |

#### **SOLDERING FOOTPRINT\***

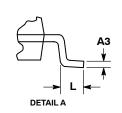


\*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

#### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

# В Н 13X **b** | 🕁 | 0.25 (M) | B (M) 0.25 M C A S $\overline{\Phi}$



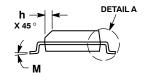


#### NOTES:

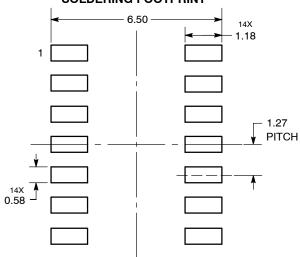
- 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER
- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
   CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
   DIMENSION b DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.13 TOTAL IN EXCESS OF AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
   DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSIONS.
- 5. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 PER

|     | MILLIMETERS |          | LIMETERS INCHES |       |  |
|-----|-------------|----------|-----------------|-------|--|
| DIM | MIN         | MAX      | MIN             | MAX   |  |
| Α   | 1.35        | 1.75     | 0.054           | 0.068 |  |
| A1  | 0.10        | 0.25     | 0.004           | 0.010 |  |
| А3  | 0.19        | 0.25     | 0.008           | 0.010 |  |
| b   | 0.35        | 0.49     | 0.014           | 0.019 |  |
| D   | 8.55        | 8.75     | 0.337           | 0.344 |  |
| Е   | 3.80        | 4.00     | 0.150           | 0.157 |  |
| е   | 1.27        | 1.27 BSC |                 | BSC   |  |
| Н   | 5.80        | 6.20     | 0.228           | 0.244 |  |
| h   | 0.25        | 0.50     | 0.010           | 0.019 |  |
| L   | 0.40        | 1.25     | 0.016           | 0.049 |  |
| М   | 0°          | 7°       | 0°              | 7°    |  |





#### **SOLDERING FOOTPRINT\***



**DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS** 

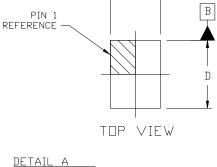
<sup>\*</sup>For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

#### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

#### ECP5, 1.116x0.822x0.58 CASE 971BE **ISSUE O**

#### NOTES:

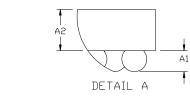
- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 2009.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS
- DATUM C, THE SEATING PLANE, IS DEFINED BY THE SPERICAL CROWNS OF THE CONTACT BALLS.
- COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE SPHERICAL CROWNS OF THE CONTACT BALLS.
- 5. DIMENSION & IS MEASURED AT THE MAXIMUM CONTACT BALL DIAMETER PARALLEL TO DATUM C.



// 0.10 C

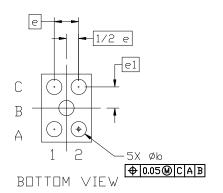
0.05 C

— E →



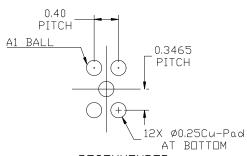
|                  | DETAIL A |  |
|------------------|----------|--|
| SEATING<br>PLANE |          |  |

| MILLIMETERS |   |  |  |
|-------------|---|--|--|
| MIN.        | N□M.  | MAX.   |  |
| 0.535       | 0.580   | 0.625  |  |
| 0.175       | 0.195   | 0.215  |  |
| 0.360       | 0.385   | 0.410  |  |
| 0.25        | 0.27  | 0.29   |  |
| 1.086       | 1.116   | 1.146  |  |
| 0.792       | 0.822   | 0.852  |  |
| 0.40 BSC    |   |  |  |
| 0.3465 BSC  |   |  |  |
|             | MIN.<br>0.535<br>0.175<br>0.360<br>0.25<br>1.086<br>0.792 | MIN. NDM. 0.535 0.580 0.175 0.195 0.360 0.385 0.25 0.27 1.086 1.116 0.792 0.822 0.40 BSC |  |



SIDE VIEW

С

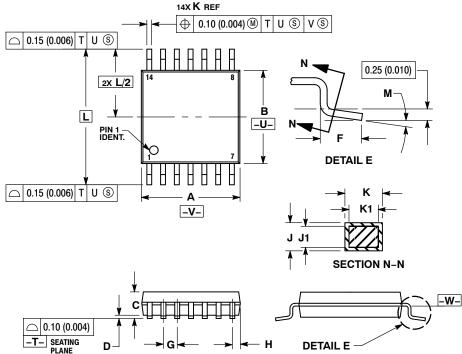


RECOMMENDED MOUNTING FOOTPRINT\* (NSMD PAD TYPE)

\* For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering detalls, please download the DN Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SDLDERRM/D.

#### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

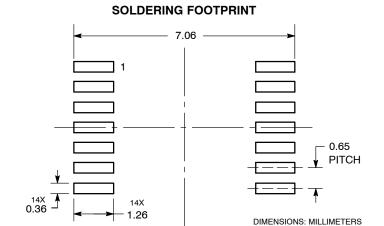
#### TSSOP-14 WB CASE 948G ISSUE C



#### NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER
- ANSI Y14.5M, 1982. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
- 3. DIMENSION A DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS.
- HLASH, PHOTHUSIONS OH GATE BUHRS.
  MOLD FLASH OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT
  EXCEED 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
  4. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE
  INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION.
  INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL
  NOT EXCEED 0.25 (0.010) PER SIDE.
  5. DIMENSION K DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR
  PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR
  PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR
- PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08 (0.003) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE K DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
- TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
- DIMENSION A AND B ARE TO BE
   DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE -W-.

|     | MILLIMETERS |      | INCHES    |       |
|-----|-------------|------|-----------|-------|
| DIM | MIN         | MAX  | MIN       | MAX   |
| Α   | 4.90        | 5.10 | 0.193     | 0.200 |
| В   | 4.30        | 4.50 | 0.169     | 0.177 |
| С   |             | 1.20 |           | 0.047 |
| D   | 0.05        | 0.15 | 0.002     | 0.006 |
| F   | 0.50        | 0.75 | 0.020     | 0.030 |
| G   | 0.65 BSC    |      | 0.026 BSC |       |
| Н   | 0.50        | 0.60 | 0.020     | 0.024 |
| J   | 0.09        | 0.20 | 0.004     | 0.008 |
| J1  | 0.09        | 0.16 | 0.004     | 0.006 |
| Κ   | 0.19        | 0.30 | 0.007     | 0.012 |
| K1  | 0.19        | 0.25 | 0.007     | 0.010 |
| L   | 6.40 BSC    |      | 0.252 BSC |       |
| М   | 0 °         | 8 °  | 0 °       | 8 °   |



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