

Electrical Characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN}=3.0V, I_o=30mA, V_c=1.8V, T_a=25^\circ C$ (PQ1M155M2SPQ, PQ1M185M2SPQ))
 (Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN}=V_o(TYP.)+1.0V, I_o=30mA, V_c=1.8V, T_a=25^\circ C$ (PQ1M255M2SPQ, PQ1M335M2SPQ, PQ1M505M2SPQ))

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Output voltage	V_o	-	Refer to the table below.			V	
Load regulation	$RegL$	$I_o=5mA$ to $500mA$	-	60	200	mV	
Line regulation	PQ1M155M2SPQ PQ1M185M2SPQ PQ1M255,335,505M2SPQ	$RegL$	-	$V_{IN}=3.0V$ to $7.5V$	3.0	20	mV
				$V_{IN}=3.0V$ to $7.8V$			
				$V_{IN}=V_o(TYP.)+1V$ to $V_o(TYP.)+6V(MAX9V)$			
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	TcV_o	$I_o=10mA, T_j=-25$ to $+75^\circ C$	-	0.1	-	mV/ $^\circ C$	
Ripple rejection	RR	Refer to Fig.2	-	65	-	dB	
Output noise voltage	PQ1M155,185M2SPQ PQ1M335M2SPQ	$V_{no(rms)}$	-	$10kHz < f < 100kHz, C_n=0.1\mu F, I_o=30mA$	30	-	μV
				$10kHz < f < 100kHz, C_n=0.1\mu F, I_o=30mA$			
*4 Dropout voltage	V_{i-o}	$I_o=500mA$ *5	-	0.4	0.7	V	
*6 ON-state voltage for control	$V_{C(ON)}$	-	1.8	-	-	V	
ON-state current for control	$I_{C(ON)}$	$V_c=1.8V$	-	20	70	μA	
OFF-state voltage for control	$V_{C(OFF)}$	-	-	-	0.4	V	
Quiescent current	I_q	$I_o=0mA$	-	0.6	1	mA	
Output OFF-state dissipation current	I_{qs}	$V_c=0.2V$	-	-	1	μA	

*4 Excluding PQ1M155M2SPQ, PQ1M185M2SPQ

*5 Dropout voltage when output voltage lowers 0.1V from the voltage at $V_{IN}=V_o+1V$.

*6 In case of opening control terminal ③, output voltage turns off.

Table.1 Output Voltage

$V_{IN}=3.0V, I_o=30mA, V_c=1.8V, T_a=25^\circ C$ (PQ1M155M2SPQ, PQ1M185M2SPQ)
 $V_{IN}=V_o(TYP.)+1.0V, I_o=30mA, V_c=1.8V, T_a=25^\circ C$ (PQ1M255M2SPQ, PQ1M335M2SPQ, PQ1M505M2SPQ)

Model No.	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
PQ1M155M2SPQ	V_o	-	1.44	1.5	1.56	V
PQ1M185M2SPQ			1.74	1.8	1.86	
PQ1M255M2SPQ			2.440	2.5	2.560	
PQ1M335M2SPQ			3.234	3.3	3.366	
PQ1M505M2SPQ			4.900	5.0	5.100	

Fig.1 Test Circuit

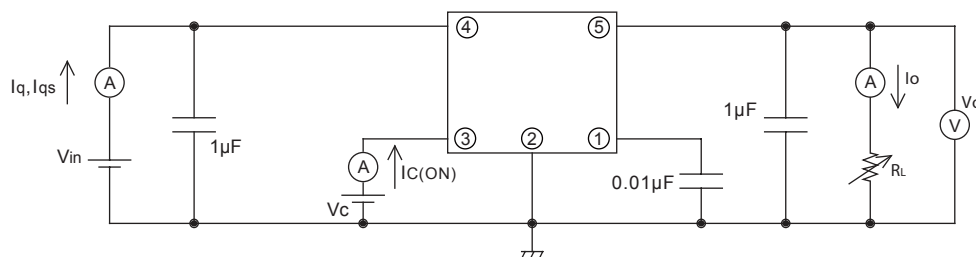


Fig.2 Test Circuit for Ripple Rejection

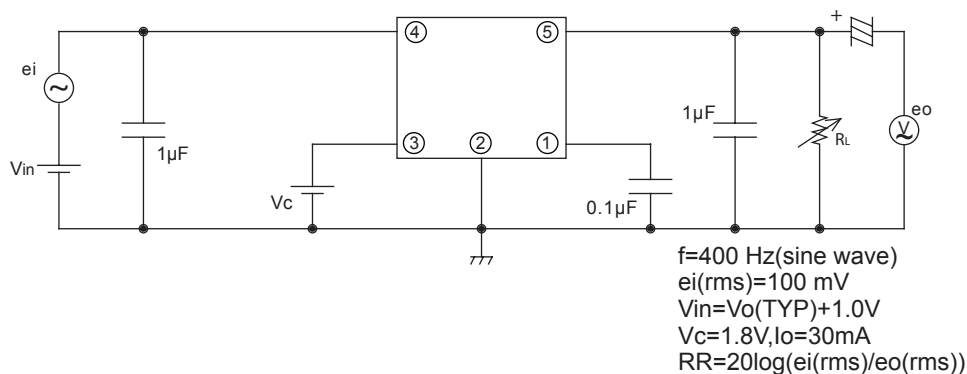
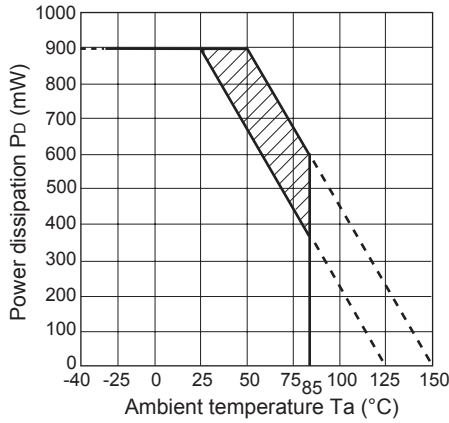
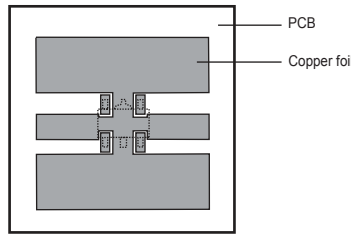


Fig.3 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



Mounting PCB



Material : Glass-cloth epoxy resin
 PCB Size : 20mm × 20mm × 1.0mm
 Copper foil area : 180mm²
 Thickness of copper : 35μm

Note) Oblique line portion:Overheat protection may operate in this area.

Fig.4 Overcurrent Protection Characteristics (Typical Value)

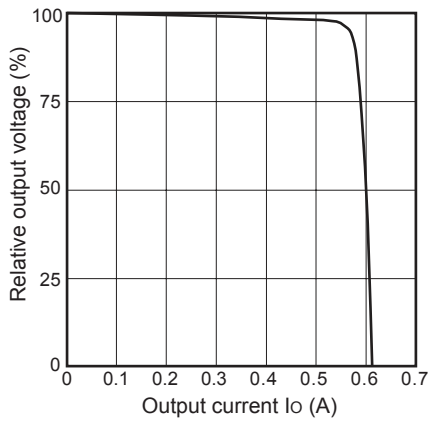


Fig.5 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (Typical Value) (PQ1M335M2SPQ)

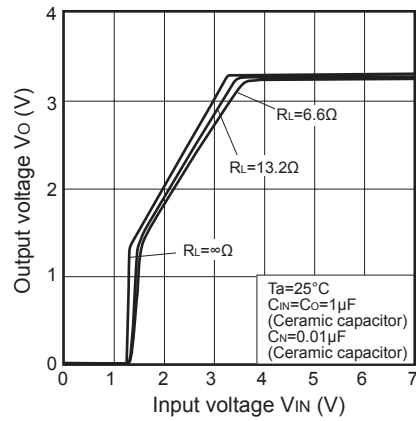


Fig.6 Circuit Operating Current vs. Input Voltage (Typical Value) (PQ1M335M2SPQ)

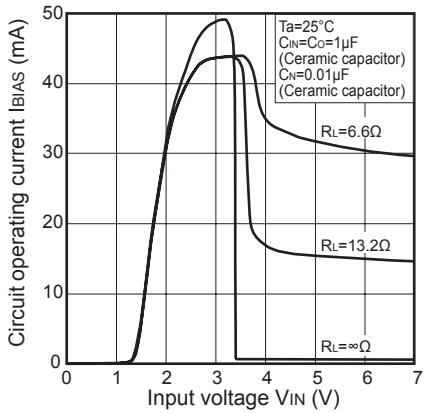


Fig.7 Quiescent Current vs. Junction Temperature (Typical Value)

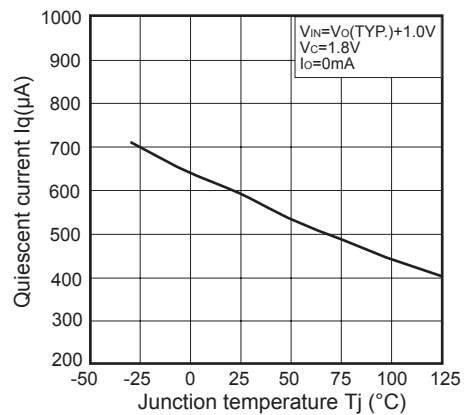


Fig.8 Dropout Voltage vs. Junction Temperature (Typical Value) (PQ1M335M2SPQ)

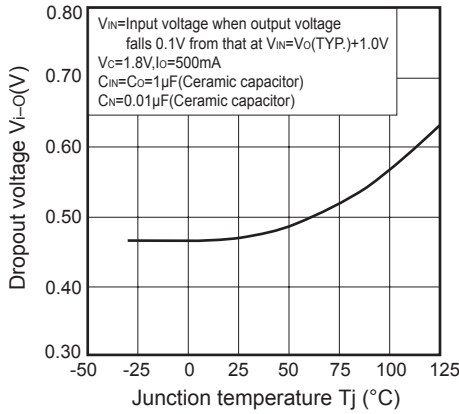


Fig.9 Output Voltage Deviation vs. Junction Temperature (Typical Value) (PQ1M335M2SPQ)

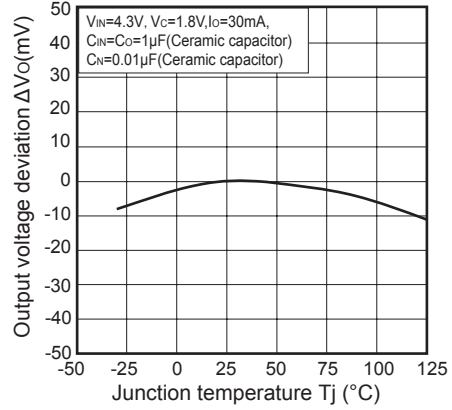


Fig.10 Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current (Typical Value)

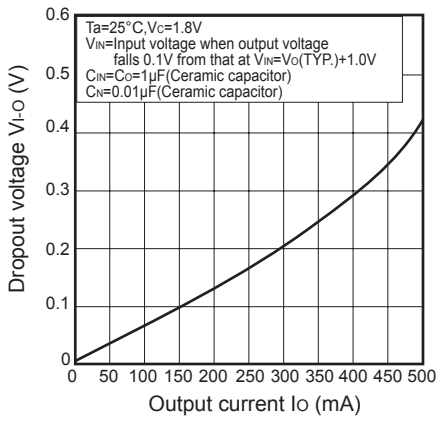


Fig.11 Ripple Rejection vs. Input Ripple Frequency (Typical Value) (PQ1M335M2SPQ)

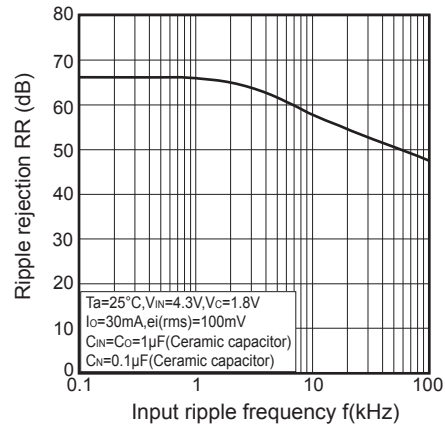
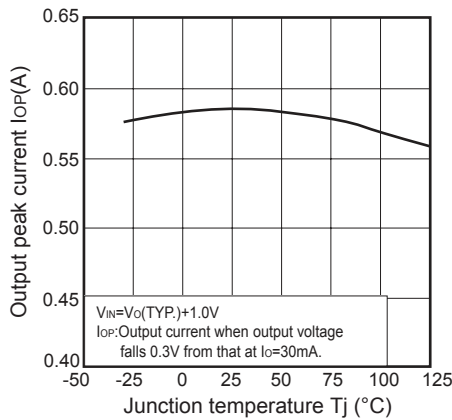


Fig.12 Output Peak Current vs. Junction Temperature (Typical Value)



■ Example of application

