

**BL-HJLG6BH32L** 

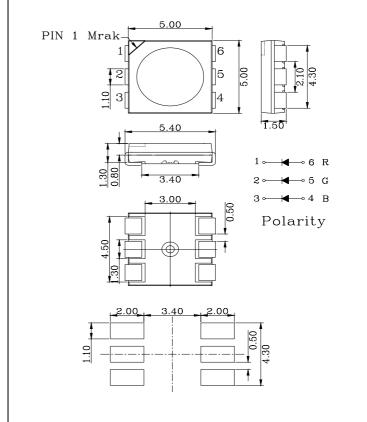
#### Features:

- 1. Emitted Color: Red, Green, Blue,
- 2. Lens Appearance: Water Clear.
- 3. 5.4x5.0x1.3mm standard package.
- 4. Suitable for all SMT assembly methods.
- 5. Compatible with infrared and vapor phase reflow solder process.
- Compatible with automatic placement equipment.
- 7. This product doesn't contain restriction Substance, comply ROHS standard.

### Applications:

- 1. Automotive lighting.
- 2. Backlighting: LCDs, Key pads advertising.
- 3. Status indicators: Consumer & industrial electronics.
- 4. General use.

### **●**Package Dimensions:



#### NOTES:

- 1.All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is ±0.10mm (0.004") unless otherwise specified.
- 3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Color	Rating	Unit		
		Red	75			
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	Green	120	mW		
		Blue	120			
Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>		30	mA		
Peak Forward Current*1	I <sub>FP</sub>		100	mA		
Reverse Voltage	$V_R$		5	V		
Operating Temperature	Topr		Topr		-40°℃~85°℃	-
Storage Temperature	Tstg		Tstg		-40°C ~100°C	-
Soldering Temperature	Tsol		See Page 7	-		

<sup>\*1</sup>Condition for I<sub>FP</sub> is pulse of 1/10 duty and 3 msec width.

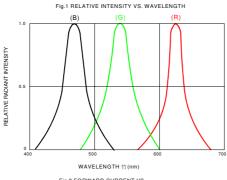


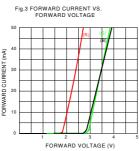
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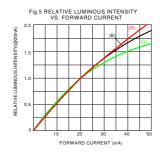
### ■ Electrical and optical characteristics(Ta=25°C)

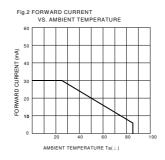
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Color	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
			Red	-	2.0	2.4	
Forward Voltage	$V_{F}$	$I_F=20mA$	Green	-	3.1	3.6	V
			Blue	-	3.1	3.6	
			Red	-	900	-	
Luminous Intensity	lv	$I_F=20mA$	Green	-	1300	-	mcd
			Blue		190		
			Red	-	620	-	
Peak Wavelength	λ <b>p</b>	$I_F=20mA$	Green	-	525	-	nm
			Blue	-	470	-	
			Red	619	-	630	
Dominant Wavelength	λ <b>d</b>	$I_F=20mA$	Green	520	-	530	nm
			Blue	465	-	475	
			Red	-	22	-	
Spectral Line Half-width	Δλ	$I_F=20mA$	Green	-	30	-	nm
			Blue	-	17	-	
Reverse Current	$I_R$	$V_R=5V$		-	-	10	μΑ
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA		-	120	-	degree

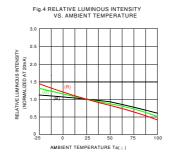
### Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

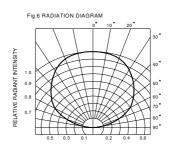








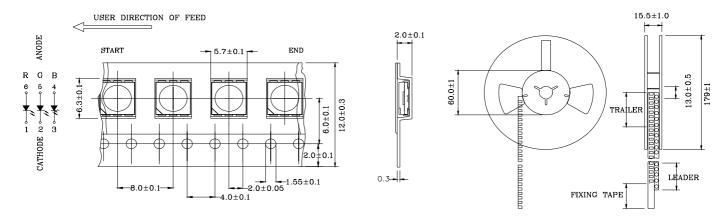






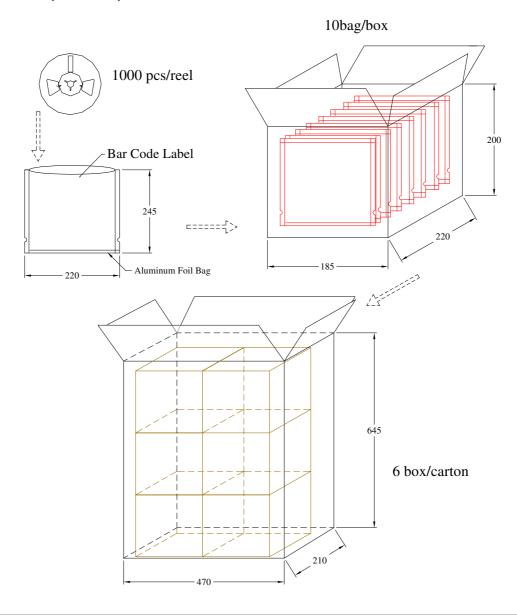
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### Tapping and packaging specifications(Units: mm)



NOTE:1000 PCS PER REEL

### ● Package Method:(unit:mm)





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## ● Bin Limits (At 20mA)

Intensity Bin Limits (At 20 mA) (JL)

COLOR	RED			
ITEM	lv (n	ncd)	λd (nm)	
Spec	715-1600		619-630	
BIN	MIN MAX		MIN	MAX
V	715	1070	619	630
W	1070	1600	019	030

### Intensity Bin Limits (At 20 mA) (G6)

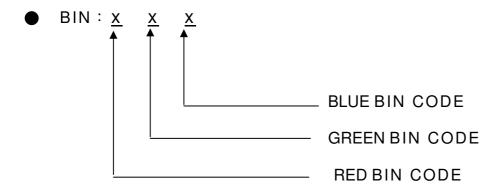
COLOR	Green				
ITEM	lv (n	ncd)	λ <b>d</b> (nm)		
Spec	715-	2400	520-530		
BIN	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
V6	715	1070	520	525	
V7	715		525	530	
W6	1070	1600	520	525	
W7	1070		525	530	
X6	1600	2400	520	525	
X7	1000		525	530	



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Intensity Bin Limits (At 20 mA) (BH)

COLOR	BLUE				
ITEM	lv (mcd)		λ d (nm)		
Spec	94-317		465-475		
BIN	MIN MAX		MIN	MAX	
Q4	94	140	465	470	
Q5	34		470	475	
R4	1.40	210	465	470	
R5	140		470	475	
S4	210	317	465	470	
S5	210		470	475	



#### Notes:

- 1. Iv: Tolerance for each Bin limit is ± 15 %
- 2. λd: Tolerance for each Bin limit is ± 1nm
- 3. Bin categories are established for classification of products. Products may not be available in all bin categories.



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### Reliability Test

Classification	Test Item	Reference Standard	Test Conditions	Result
	Operation Life	MIL-STD-750:1026 MIL-STD-883:1005 JIS-C-7021 :B-1	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA Ta=Under room temperature Test time=1,000hrs	0/20
Endurance High H	Temperature	MIL-STD-202:103B JIS-C-7021 :B-11	Ta=+65°C ±5°C RH=90%-95% Test time=240hrs	0/20
Test	High Temperature Storage	MIL-STD-883:1008 JIS-C-7021 :B-10	High Ta=+85°C±5°C Test time=1,000hrs	0/20
	Low Temperature Storage	JIS-C-7021 :B-12	Low Ta=-35°C ±5°C Test time=1,000hrs	0/20
	Temperature Cycling	MIL-STD-202:107D MIL-STD-750:1051 MIL-STD-883:1010 JIS-C-7021 :A-4	-35°C ~ $+25$ °C ~ $+85$ °C ~ $+25$ °C 60min 20min 60min 20min Test Time=5cycle	0/20
Environmental Test	Thermal Shock	MIL-STD-202:107D MIL-STD-750:1051 MIL-STD-883:1011	-35°C±5°C ~+85°C±5°C 20min 20min Test Time=10cycle	0/20
	Solder Resistance	MIL-STD-202:201A MIL-STD-750:2031 JIS-C-7021 :A-1	Preheating: 140°C-160°C, within 2 minutes. Operation heating: 260°C (Max.), within 10seconds. (Max.)	0/20

### Judgment criteria of failure for the reliability

Measuring items	Symbol	Measuring conditions	Judgment criteria for failure
Forward voltage	$V_{F}(V)$	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	Over U <sup>1</sup> x1.2
Reverse current	I <sub>R</sub> (uA)	V <sub>R</sub> =5V	Over U <sup>1</sup> x2
Luminous intensity	lv ( mcd )	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	Below S <sup>1</sup> X0.5

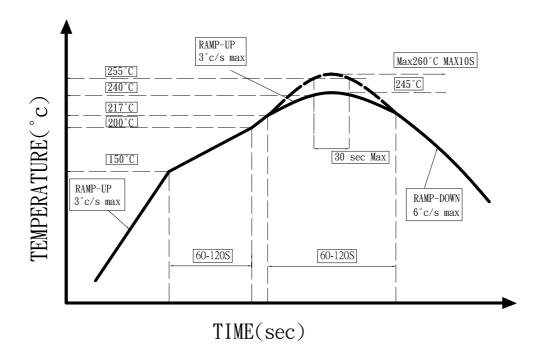
Note: 1. U means the upper limit of specified characteristics. S means initial value.

2. After each test, remove test pieces, wait for 2 hours and test pieces have returned to ambient temperature, then take next measurement.

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#### ●IR-Reflow



- 1. Avoid any external stress applied to the resin while the LEDs are at high temperature, especially during soldering.
- 2. Avoid rapid cooling or any excess vibration during temperature ramp-down process
- Although the soldering condition is recommended above, soldering at the lowest possible temperature is feasible for the LEDs
- ●IRON Soldering 350°C Within 3 sec, one time only.



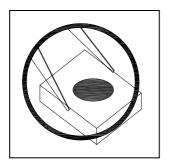
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### **Handling Precautions**

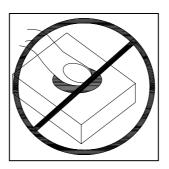
Compare to epoxy encapsulant that is hard and brittle, silicone is softer and flexible. Although its characteristic significantly reduces thermal stress, it is more susceptible to damage by external mechanical force.

As a result, special handling precautions need to be observed during assembly using silicone encapsulated LED products. Failure to comply might lead to damage and premature failure of the LED.

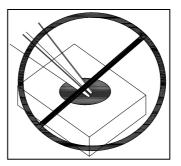
- 1. Handle the component along the side surfaces by using forceps or appropriate tools.(pic.1)
- 2. Do not directly touch or handle the silicone lens surface. It may damage the internal circuitry. (pic.2,pic.3)
- 3. Do not stack together assembled PCBs, containing exposed LEDs. Impact may scratch the silicone lens or damage the internal circuitry. (pic.4)
- 4. The outer diameter of the SMD pickup nozzle should not exceed the size of the LED to prevent air leaks. The inner diameter of the nozzle should be as large as possible. (pic.5)
- 5. A pliable material is suggested for the nozzle tip to avoid scratching or damaging the LED surface during pickup. (pic.5)
- 6. The dimensions of the component must be accurately programmed in the pick-and-place machine to insure precise pickup and avoid damage during production. (pic.5)



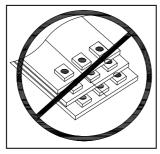
Pic.1



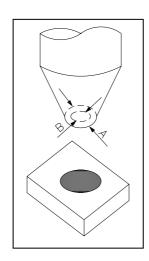
Pic.2



Pic.3



Pic.4



Pic.5



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### Notes for designing:

Care must be taken to provide the current limiting resistor in the circuit so as to drive the LEDs within the rated figures. Also, caution should be taken not to overload LEDs with instantaneous voltage at the turning ON and OFF of the circuit.

When using the pulse drive care must be taken to keep the average current within the rated figures. Also, the circuit should be designed so as be subjected to reverse voltage when turning off the LEDs.

### Storage:

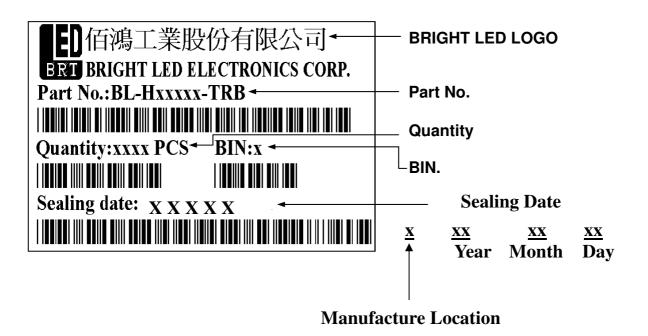
In order to avoid the absorption of moisture, it is recommended to solder LEDs as soon as possible after unpacking the sealed envelope.

If the envelope is still packed, to store it in the environment as following:

- (1) Temperature: 5°C-30°C(41°F)Humidity: RH 60% Max.
- (2) After this bag is opened, devices that will be applied to infrared reflow, vapor-phase reflow, or equivalent soldering process must be:
- a. Completed within 168 hours.
- b. Stored at less than 30% RH.
- (3) Devices require baking before mounting, if: 2a or 2b is not met.
- (4) If baking is required, devices must be baked under below conditions: 48 hours at 60°C±3°C.

### Package and Label of Products:

- (1) Package: Products are packed in one bag of 1000 pcs (one taping reel) and a label is attached to each bag.
- (2) Label:



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