

Dual Channel 10s2p WLED Drivers

General Description

The RT4531 is a dual-channel current source with highefficiency asynchronous boost converter for backlight application. The RT4531 has built-in 1.5A/36V power MOSFET and two high current-matching capability current sink, so RT4531 can drives up 10s2p white LED. The RT4531 can allow very low voltage headroom control, therefore to improve LED strings efficiency effectively.

The RT4531 supports both PWM dimming and 1-wire digital dimming interface and it can realize 10 bit brightness code programming.

The RT4531 provides complete protection functions such as input Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO), Over-Current Protection (OCP), Output Over Voltage (OVP) and Over-Temperature Protection (OTP).

The RT4531 is available in the WL-CSP-9B 1.35x1.35 (BSC) package.

Applications

- Smart Phones
- Probable Instruments
- Backlight for Small and Media Form
- Factor LCD Display with Single-cell Battery Input

Features

- Input Voltage Range : 2.5V to 5.5V
- Internal Soft-Start, UVLO, OTP, OCP, OVP
- Typical Shutdown Current : < 1µA
- 1MHz Switching Frequency
- Drives Up to 10 WLEDs in Two Strings
- Independent PWM Dimming and 1-Wire Dimming Control
- PWM Dimming Frequency from 20k to 100kHz
- Up to 10 Bit Dimming Resolution
- LED Current Accuracy ± 2% (I_{FBx} = 20mA)
- LED Current Matching ± 2% (I_{FBx} = 20mA)
- Built-in IFB1/IFB2 pin OVP, Short Protection, and Un-Use Detection

Ordering Information

RT4531 📮

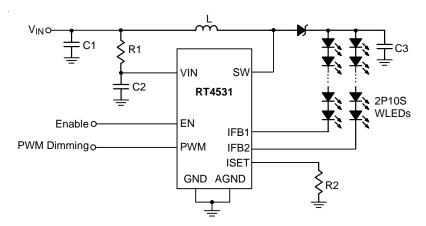
Package Type WSC : WL-CSP-9B 1.35x1.35 (BSC)

Note :

Richtek products are :

- RoHS compliant and compatible with the current requirements of IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020.
- Suitable for use in SnPb or Pb-free soldering processes.

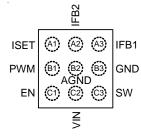
Simplified Application Circuit





Pin Configurations

(TOP VIEW)



WL-CSP-9B 1.35x1.35 (BSC)

Functional Pin Description

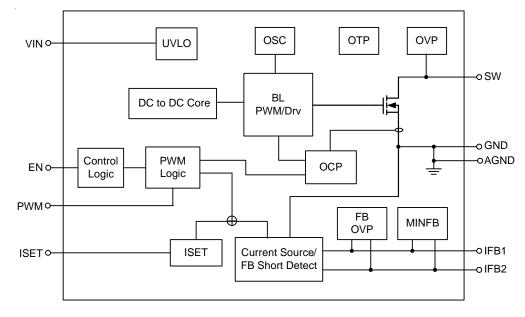
Marking Information



33 : Product Code W : Date Code

Pin No.	Pin Name	Pin Function
A1	ISET	Full-Scale LED Current Set Pin. Connecting a resistor to the pin programs the full-scale LED current.
A2	IFB2	Single Output 2 for Backlight LED.
A3	IFB1	Single Output 1 for Backlight LED.
B1	PWM	Enable Control, and PWM Dimming Signal Input.
B2	AGND	Analog Ground.
B3	GND	Power Ground.
C1	EN	Enable Control, and 1-Wire Dimming Signal Input.
C2	VIN	Supply Input Pin.
C3	SW	Switch Node of Boost Converter.

Function Block Diagram



Operation

The RT4531 is a high efficiency solution with 10S2P string for backlight applications. The RT4531 optimizes the feedback regulation voltage to provide high efficiency and also keep high current matching. The RT4531 can receive either the 1-wire dimming at EN pin or PWM dimming at PWM pin for brightness dimming. If the 1-wire dimming is selected, the PWM pin should be kept high; If the PWM dimming is selected, the EN pin should be kept high.

OCP Protection

The RT4531 features a 1.5A OCP. The driver provides cycle-by-cycle current limit function to control the current on power switch. The boost switch turns off when the inductor current reaches this current threshold and it remains off until the beginning of the next switching cycle. This protects the RT4531 and external component under overload conditions.

OTP Protection

The OTP function will disable boost and current source when the junction temperature exceeds 150° C. Then restart to soft-start when the junction temperature is smaller than 135° C.

OVP Protection

The OVP function monitors the SW pin's voltage. Once it exceeds OVP threshold = 36.5V twice, the boost and current source will be latched off. Until PWM or EN go high from low again, the latch state will be released.

1-wire Brightness Dimming

The RT4531 is built-in a 10-bit resolution brightness control. The EN pin features a simple 1-wire interface to allow digital brightness control. If the 1-wire dimming is needed, signals of a specific pattern should be input detection window into EN pin; Otherwise, PWM pin need to be enabled.(refer to Timing Diagram1 for Continuous Coding).The Register Program and register map give an overview of the protocol used by RT4531.

PWM Brightness Dimming

Besides programmable built-in 1-wire backlight LED current control, the RT4531 features a built-in PWM dimming current control by PWM pin, offering a linear current dimming by external clock source. In order to guarantee the PWM dimming resolution, recommending PWM dimming frequency have to be operated at range of 20kHz to 100kHz.



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

• Supply Voltage, V _{IN}	-0.3V to 6V
• LED Switching Voltage, SW	38V
LED Current Source Voltage, IFB1, IFB2	–0.3V to 6V
Digital Clock Control Pin, EN, PWM	–0.3V to 6V
Other Pins, ISET	–0.3V to 6V
• Power Dissipation, $P_D @ T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	
WL-CSP-9B 1.35x1.35 (BSC)	1.22W
Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	
WL-CSP-9B 1.35x1.35 (BSC), θ _{JA}	81.5°C/W
Junction Temperature	150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	260°C
Storage Temperature Range	–65°C to 150°C
ESD Susceptibility (Note 3)	
HBM (Human Body Model)	2kV
MM (Machine Model)	200V

Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 4)

Supply Input Voltage, V _{IN}	2.5V to 5.5V
Junction Temperature Range	–40°C to 125°C
Ambient Temperature Range	–40°C to 85°C

Electrical Characteristics

(V_{IN} = 3.6V, C_{IN} = 2.2 \mu F, C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F, L = 4.7 \mu H, T_A = 25 ^{\circ}C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power Supply						
UVLO	V _{UVLO}	VIN falls		2.2	2.3	V
UVLO Hysteresis Voltage	ΔV uvlo	VIN rises after UVLO	30	50	200	mV
VIN Supply Current	lq	EN = High, Non-switching		1.2		mA
VIN Shutdown Current	I _{SHDN}	$V_{IN} = 5V$		1		μΑ
Thermal Shutdown	T _{SD}			150		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis				15		°C
Back Light LED						
Accuracy of Back Light Output Current 1/2	AIBL1, 2	I _{FBx} = 20mA	-2		2	%
Matching (O. Inst.O. mart)		I _{FBx} = 20mA		1	2	%
Matching of Output Current	MIBL	I _{FBx} = 500μA		1		%
BLED Sense Voltage 1/2	VDSBL	I _{FBx} = 20mA, measured on IFBx pin which has a lower voltage.	200	300	430	mV
Back Light Switching Frequency	f _{blosc}		0.88	1	1.12	MHz

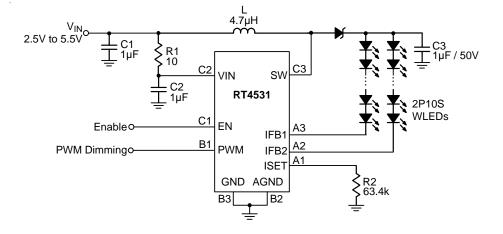
Para	meter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Maximum Duty Cycle		D _{MAX}		90	95		%	
Back Light N-I	MOSFET Ron	RDS(ON)_BLN		100	270	400	mΩ	
Back Light Cu	rrent Limit	ILIM_BL	After 5ms in soft-start	1.15	1.5	1.85	А	
Back Light Ov Protection	er Voltage	VBLOVP	Close loop, V _{IN} = 3.6V	35.5	36.5	37.5	V	
IFBx Pin Over Threshold	Voltage	VIFBXOVP	Measure on IFBx pin		5		V	
Logic Contro	I							
One Wire Det	ection Delay	tes_delay	Measure from En low to high	300			μs	
One Wire Det	ection Time	tes_det	En pin low time in detection window	400			μs	
One Wire Det	ection Window	tes_win	Measure from En low to high, Fblosc = 1MHz		1		ms	
Start Time of Stream	Program	t _{start}		3			μs	
End Time of Program Stream		tEOS		3			μs	
High Time Low Bit		tH_LB	Logic 0	2		180	μs	
Low Time Lov	/ Bit	tL_LB	Logic 0	2 x tH_LB		360	μs	
High Time High Bit		t _{H_HB}	Logic 1	2 x tL_HB		360	μs	
Low Time Hig	h Bit	tL_нв	Logic 1	2		180	μs	
EN Input	Logic-Low	Ven_L				0.4	V	
Voltage	Logic-High	V _{EN_H}		1.4			V	
PWM Input	Logic-Low	V _{PWM_L}				0.4		
Voltage	Logic-High	Vpwm_h		1.4			V	
EN Pull Low Resistor		R _{EN}		280	400	520	kΩ	
PWM Pull Low Resistor		Rpwm		280	400	520	kΩ	
PWM Logic Low Width to Shutdown		T _{SD_PWM}	PWM pin high to low, then shutdown	20			ms	
EN Logic Low Width to Shutdown		T _{DS_EN}	EN pin high to low, then shutdown	2.5			ms	

Note 1. Stresses beyond those listed "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.

- Note 2. θ_{JA} is measured at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ on a high effective thermal conductivity four-layer test board per JEDEC 51-7.
- Note 3. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precaution is recommended.
- Note 4. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

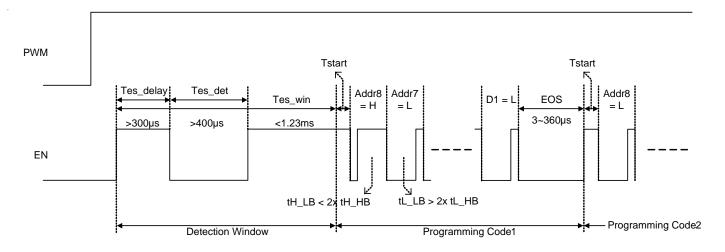


Typical Application Circuit

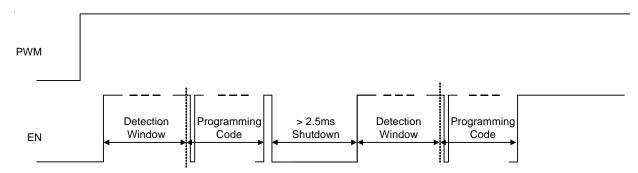


Timing Diagram

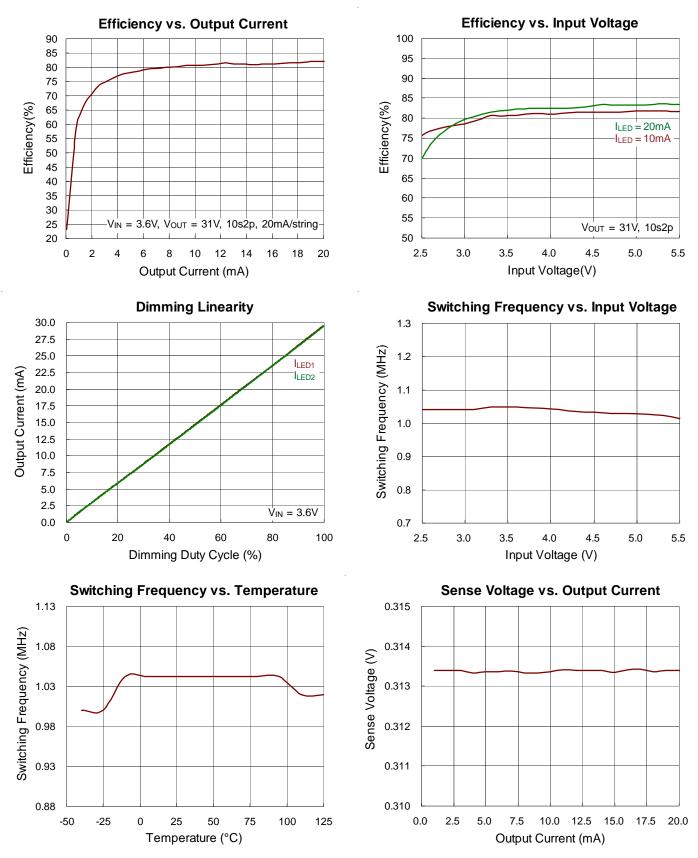
Timing Diagram1 for 1-wire Continuous Coding



Timing Diagram2 for Shutdown and then Reprogram



Typical Operating Characteristics

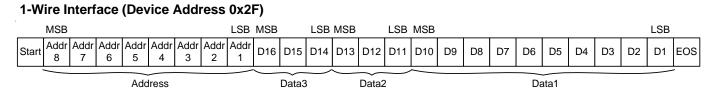


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Application Information

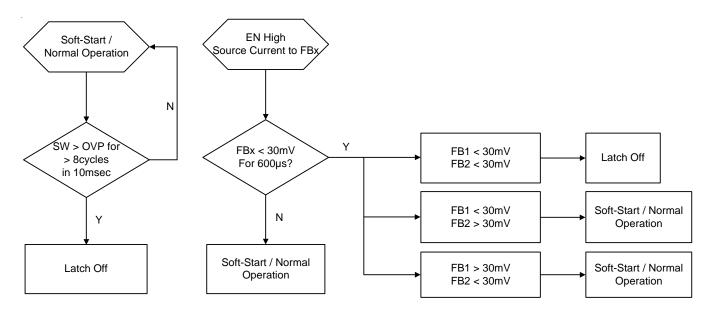
Register Program



Register Map

Bit	Label	Reset	Description
D16	Ramp Up<2>	0	
D15	Ramp Up<1>	0	[000] = 4μs, [001] = 8μs, [010] = 16μs,[011] = 64μs, [100] = 256μs, [101] = 1.024ms, [110] = 2.048ms, [111] = 4.096ms
D14	Ramp Up<0>	1	
D13	Ramp Down<2>	0	
D12	Ramp Down<1>	0	[000] = 4µs, [001] = 8µs, [010] = 16µs, [011] = 64µs, [100] = 256µs, [101] = 1.024ms, [110] = 2.048ms, [111] = 4.096ms
D11	Ramp Down<0>	1	[101] = 1.024110, [110] = 2.040110, [111] = 4.000110
D10	ILED<9>	0	MSB = sDAC<9>
D9	ILED<8>	0	sDAC<8>
D8	ILED<7>	0	sDAC<7>
D7	ILED<6>	0	sDAC<6>
D6	ILED<5>	0	sDAC<5>
D5	ILED<4>	0	sDAC<4>
D4	ILED<3>	0	sDAC<3>
D3	ILED<2>	0	sDAC<2>
D2	ILED<1>	0	sDAC<1>
D1	ILED<0>	0	LSB = sDAC<0>

Protection Actions



RT4531

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LED Current Setting

The dual channels of the RT4531 can provide up to 30mA current each.

No matter either 1-wire Brightness Dimming or PWM Brightness Dimming is selected, the full-scale current (current when dimming duty cycle is 100%) of each channel should be programmed by an external resistor RISET at ISET pin according to Equation 1.

$$I_{FB} = \frac{V_{ISET}}{R_{ISET}} \times K_{ISET}$$
(1)

Where :

 $V_{ISET} = 1V,$

 $K_{ISET} = 1268$

Brightness Control

a. 1-wire Brightness Dimming

The RT4531 is built-in a 10-bit resolution brightness control. The EN pin features a simple 1-wire interface to allow digital brightness control. If the 1-wire dimming is needed, signals of a specific pattern should be input detection window into EN pin; Otherwise, PWM pin need to be enabled.(refer to Timing Diagram1 for Continuous Coding). The Register Program and register map give an overview of the protocol used by RT4531.By the 1-wire Brightness Dimming, a master can program the 10-bit code D1(LSB) to D10(MSB) to any of 1024 steps with a single command. The programmed value will be stored in an internal register and set the dual-channel current according to Equation 2. The code will be reset to default value when the IC is shut down or disabled.

$$I_{FBX} = I_{FB} \times \frac{DAC \text{ code}}{1024}$$
(2)

Where :

 I_{FB} : the full-scale LED current set by the RISET at ISET pin.

Code : the 10-bit DAC code D1~D10 programmed by 1-wire interface.

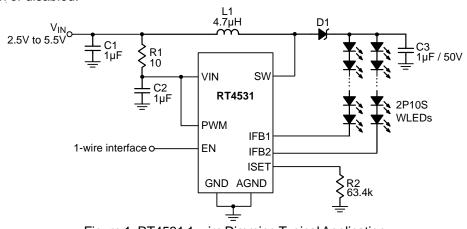
To enter 1-wire dimming mode, the following digital pattern on the EN pin must be recognized by the IC when the IC starts from the shutdown mode.

1. Pull the EN pin high to enable the RT4531 and start the detection window for digital dimming.

2. After the digital dimming detection delay time (T es_delay, >300 μ s), drive the EN low for more than the detection time (T es_det, >400 μ s).

3. Pull the EN pin high after the detection time (>400 μ s) and before the detection window (Tes_win, <1.23ms), once

the above 3 conditions are met, the IC immediately enters the 1-wire dimming mode. The digital dimming communication can start before the detection window expires. Once the dimming mode is selected, it cannot be changed without another start up. This means the IC needs to be shut down by pulling the EN low for 2.5ms and restarts. See the dimming mode detection and softstart for a graphical explanation. (see Timing Diagram1 for 1-wire Continuous Coding).





b. PWM Brightness Dimming

Besides programmable built-in 1-wire backlight LED current control, the RT4531 features a built-in PWM dimming current control by PWM pin, offering a linear current dimming by external clock source. In order to guarantee the PWM dimming resolution, recommending PWM dimming frequency have to be operated at range of 20kHz to 100kHz. The PWM mode ramp time is 64µs each step.

When the PWM pin is constantly high, the dual channel current is regulated to full-scale according to Equation 1.

The PWM pin allows PWM signals to reduce this regulation current according to the PWM duty cycle; therefore,

it achieves LED brightness dimming. The relationship between the PWM duty cycle and I_{FBx} current is given by Equation 3.

$$I_{FBX} = I_{FB} \times Duty(\%)$$
(3)

Where :

 I_{FBX} is the current of each current sink, I_{FB} is the full-scale LED current, Duty is the duty cycle information detected from the PWM signals.

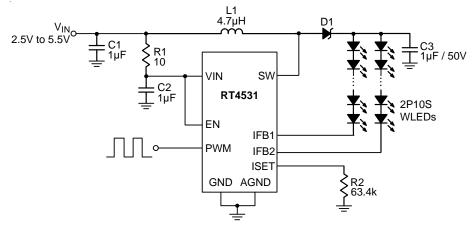


Figure 2. RT4531 PWM Dimming Typical Application

OCP Protection

The RT4531 features a 1.5A OCP. The driver provides cycle-by-cycle current limit function to control the current on power switch. The boost switch turns off when the inductor current reaches this current threshold and it remains off until the beginning of the next switching cycle. This protects the RT4531 and external component under overload conditions.

OTP Protection

The OTP function will disable boost and current source when the junction temperature exceeds 150°C. Then restart to soft-start when the junction temperature is smaller than 135°C.

Open LED Protection

Open LED protection circuitry prevents IC damage as the result of LED disconnection. The RT4531 monitors the voltage at the LX pin during each switching cycle. The circuitry turns off the switch and shuts down the IC as soon as the LX voltage exceeds the VOVP threshold. The device remains in shutdown mode until it is enabled by toggling the EN pin logic. The RT4531 is designed to work with inductor values for 4.7μ H (Taiyo NR4018T4R7M) and Cout values for 1μ F/50V (Murata 0603/X5R)that the OVP is 37.5V typ. Generally, the VF of the backlight LED is about 3.1 to 3.3V, the RT4531 can support up to 10 LEDs and it would not be trigger OVP.



Thermal Considerations

For continuous operation, do not exceed absolute maximum operation junction temperature. The maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of IC package, PCB layout, the rate of surroundings airflow and temperature difference between junction to ambient. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated by following formula :

 $\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}(\mathsf{MAX})} = \left(\ \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{J}(\mathsf{MAX})} - \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{A}} \ \right) / \ \theta_{\mathsf{JA}}$

Where $T_{J(MAX)}$ is the maximum operation junction temperature, T_A is the ambient temperature and the θ_{JA} is the junction to ambient thermal resistance.

For recommended operating condition specifications, the maximum junction temperature is 125°C. The junction to ambient thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , is layout dependent. For WL-CSP-9B 1.35x1.35 (BSC) package, the thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , is 81.5°C/W on the standard JEDEC 51-7 four-layer thermal test board. The maximum power dissipation at $T_A = 25$ °C can be calculated by following formula :

 $\label{eq:P_D(MAX)} \begin{array}{l} P_{D(MAX)} = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) \; / \; (81.5^{\circ}C/W) = 1.22W \; for \\ WL\text{-}CSP\text{-}9B\; 1.35x1.35 \; (BSC) \; package \end{array}$

The maximum power dissipation depends on operating ambient temperature for fixed $T_{J(MAX)}$ and thermal resistance θ_{JA} . The derating curve in Figure 3 of derating curves allows the designer to see the effect of rising ambient temperature on the maximum power allowed.

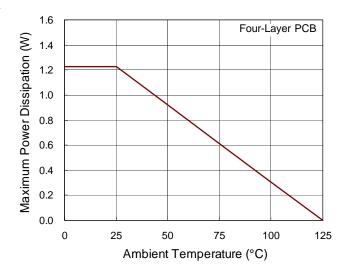


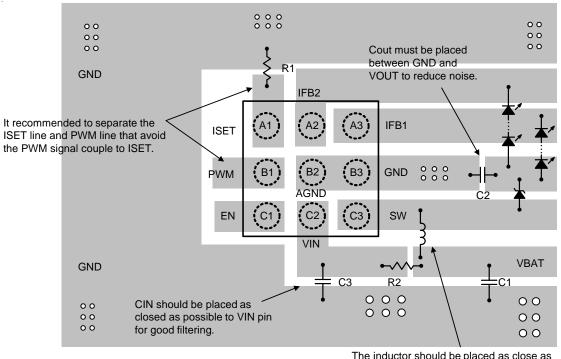
Figure 3. Derating Curve of Maximum Power Dissipation

For best performance of the RT4531, the following guidelines must be strictly followed.

- Input and Output capacitors should be placed close to the IC and connected to ground plane to reduce noise coupling.
- The GND and Exposed Pad should be connected to a strong ground plane for heat sinking and noise protection.
- Keep the main current traces as possible as short and wide.
- SW node of DC/DC converter is with high frequency voltage swing. It should be kept at a small area.
- It recommended to separate the ISET line and PWM line that avoid the PWM signal couple to ISET.

Layout Consideration





The inductor should be placed as close as possible to the switch pin to minimize the noise coupling into other circuits. SW node copper area should be minimized for reducing EMI.

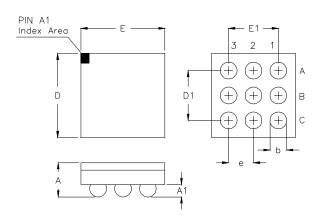
Figure 4. PCB Layout Guide

Table 1. Recommended Components for Typical Application Circuit	
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Reference	Part Number	Description	Manufacture	
Schottky Diode	SS0540	Schottky Diode	PANJIT	
C1	EMK107BJ105MA-T	Capacitor, Ceramic, 1µF/16V X5R	Taiyo Yuden	
R1	RC0603FR-0763K4	Resistor 63.4kΩ, 1%	YAGEO	
C2	GRM188R61H105KAAL	MLCC,0603,X5R,50V,1uF	Murata	
L	NR4018T4R7M	Inductor, 4.7µH	Taiyo Yuden	
C3	EMK107BJ105MA-T	Capacitor, Ceramic, 1µF/16V X5R	Taiyo Yuden	
R2	RC0603FR-0710R	Resistor 10Ω, 1%	YAGEO	



Outline Dimension



Symbol	Dimensions	In Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
A	0.500	0.600	0.020	0.024	
A1	0.170	0.230	0.007	0.009	
b	0.240	0.300	0.009	0.012	
D	1.300	1.400	0.051	0.055	
D1	0.800		0.0)31	
E	1.300	1.400	0.051	0.055	
E1	0.800		0.031		
е	0.400		0.0)16	

WL-CSP-9B 1.35x1.35 (BSC)

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