LA3161

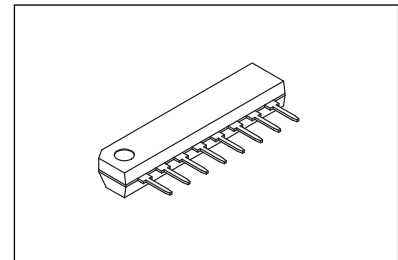**ON Semiconductor®**

Monolithic Linear IC

2-Channel Preamplifier for Car Stereo

Features

- On-chip 2 preamplifiers
- Good ripple rejection owing to on-chip voltage regulator
- Minimum number of external parts required
- Low noise
- 8-pin SIP package facilitating easy mounting
- Pin-compatible with LA3160

SIP8 22x4.5 / SIP8

Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum Supply Voltage	V_{CC} max		18	V
Allowable Power Dissipation	Pd max		200	mW
Operating Temperature	Topr		−20 to +75	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg		−40 to +125	°C

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

Recommended Operating Conditions at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}		9	V
Load Resistance	P_L		10k	Ω

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

Electrical Characteristics at Ta = 25°C, V_{CC} = 9V, R_L = 10kΩ, Rg = 600Ω, f = 1kHz, NAB

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Current Dissipation	I_{CC}			6.5	8.0	mA
Voltage Gain	VG	Closed loop		35		dB
		Open loop, V_O = 0.77V	70	78		dB
Output Voltage	V_O	THD = 1%	1.0	1.3		V
Total Hamonic Distortion	THD	V_O = 0.5V		0.05	0.30	%
Input Resistance	r_i		70k	100k		Ω
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	V_{NI}	Rg = 2.2kΩ		1.2	2.0	μF
Crosstalk	CT	Rg = 2.2kΩ	−50	−65		dB
Ripple Rejection	Rr			−40		dB

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.
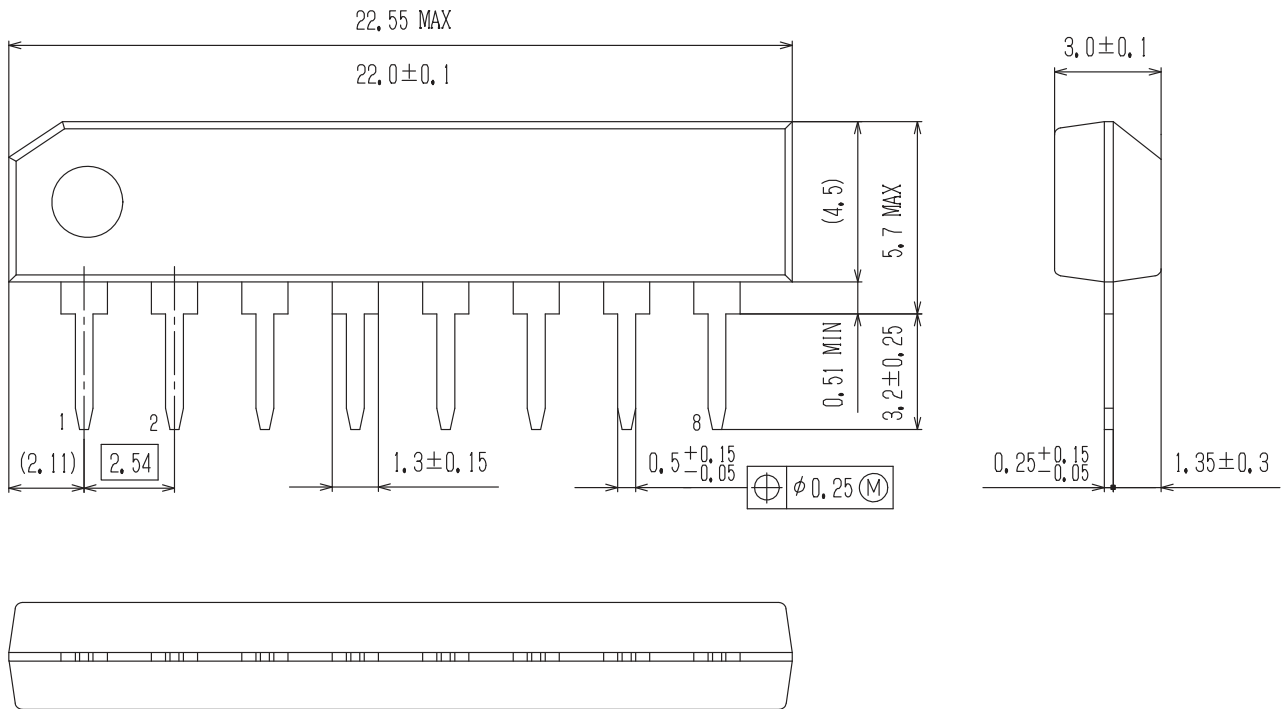
ORDERING INFORMATION

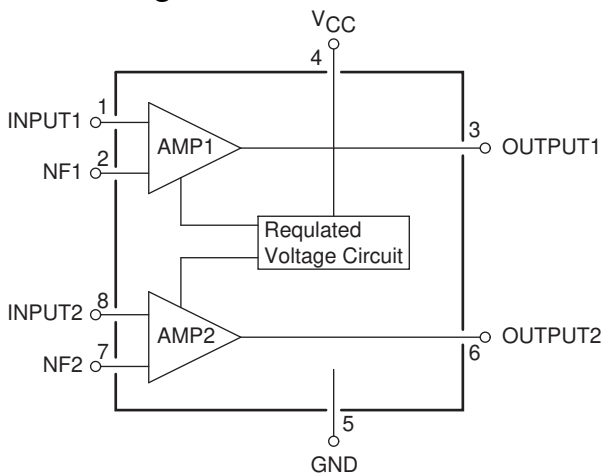See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 7 of this data sheet.

Package Dimensions

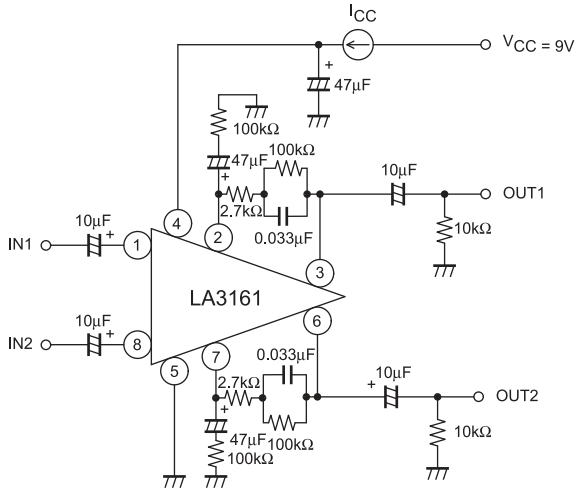unit : mm

SIP8 22x4.5 / SIP8
CASE 127AG
ISSUE O

22.55 MAX
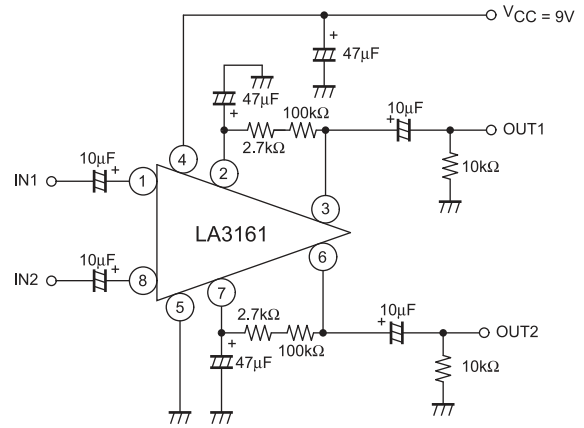
22.0±0.1

(4.5)

5.7 MAX

0.51 MIN

3.2±0.25

1   2

(2.11)   2.54

1.3±0.15

0.5 +0.15 −0.05

⊕ | φ 0.25 Ⓜ

8

3.0±0.1

0.25 +0.15 −0.05

1.35±0.3

Block Diagram

V$_{CC}$

4

INPUT1   1

NF1   2

AMP1

OUTPUT1   3

Requlated
Voltage Circuit

INPUT2   8

NF2   7

AMP2

OUTPUT2   6

5

GND

Test Circuit1 : V_O, VG, THD, I_{CC}, r_i

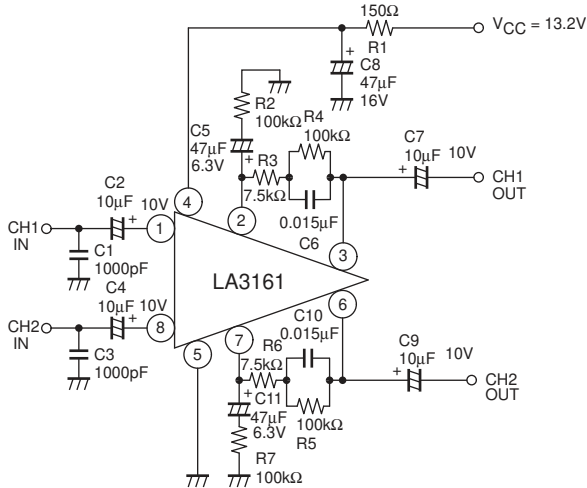**Test Circuit2** : VG_O

Test Circuit3 : Noise
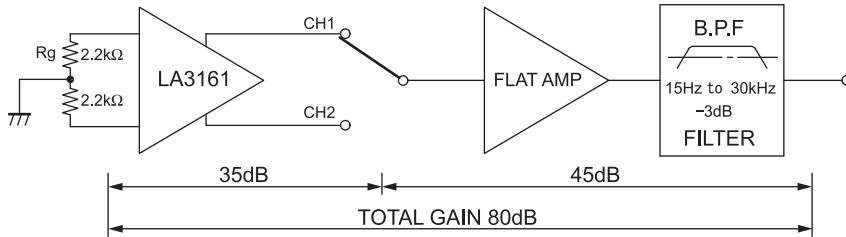
Sample Application Circuit 1 : Preamplifier for Car Stereo
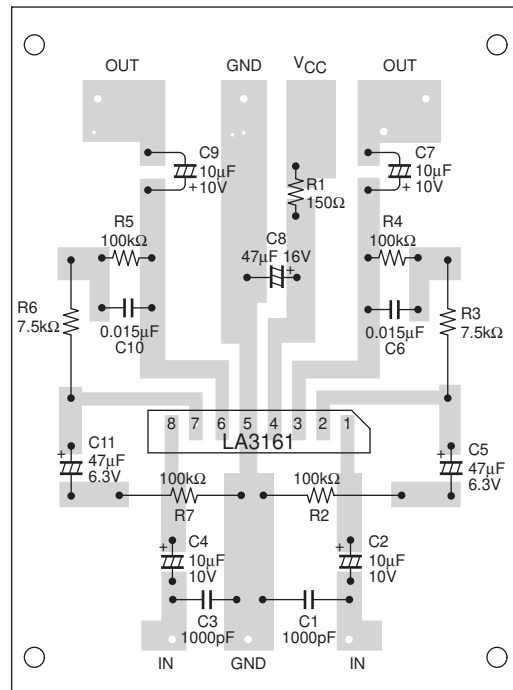
Function of External Parts

C_2, C_4 are input coupling capacitors. In NAB equalizer amplifier, the gain at low frequencies is high and 1/f noise inside the IC is emphasized as output noise. Therefore, if the reactance of capacitor at low frequencies is increased, the dependence of 1/f noise on the signal source resistance causes the output noise voltage to deteriorate, and the value of reactance must be made small enough as compared with the signal source resistance. C_2, C_4 also influence the operation start time and the adequate value of these capacitors is 10μF. (Since C_2, C_4 of less than 4.7μF make the operation start time longer, use C_2, C_4, of 4.7μF or more).

C_5, C_{11} are NF capacitors. The lower cut-off frequency depends on the value of these capacitors.

If the lower cut-off frequency is taken as f_L :

$$C5 (C11) = 1/2\pi \cdot f_L \cdot R2 (R7)$$

If the value of this capacitor is made larger, the operation start time of amplifier is more delayed. The adequate value of capacitor is 47μF.

The frequency characteristic of the equalizer amplifier depends on C_6 and R_4, R_3 (C_{10} and R_5, R_6).

The time constants to obtain the standard NAB characteristic are as shown below.

| Tape speed	9.5cm/s	4.75cm/s
C6 (R3 + R4)	3180μs	1590μs
R3 C6	90μs	120μs

C_8 is bias capacitor for the power line. C_8 of 47μF is inserted at a point as close to the power supply pin (pin 4) as possible.

C_1, C_3 are for preventing radio interference in the strong electric field, interference attributable to engine noise, and blocking oscillation at the time of large amplitude operation. The adequate value of C_1, C_3 is approximately 1000pF.

C_7, C_9 are output coupling capacitors. The adequate value of C_7, C_9 is 10μF.

NAB element and determination of gain

Since the DC feedback is provided by R_1, R_2 of NAB element, which brings about DC output potential at pins 3, 6, it is impossible to change the value of R_1, R_2 of NAB element greatly. Therefore, when determining the gain, change R_{NF} with R_1, R_2, C_1 (NAB element) kept constant.
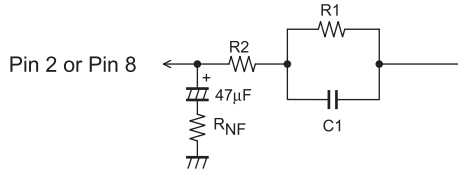
(1) How to obtain R_{NF}

Impedance Z of NAB element is

$$Z = \frac{1}{1/R1 + j\omega C1} + R2$$

$$= (R1 + R2) \left\{ \frac{1 + j\omega C1\{R1\,R2/(R1 + R2)\}}{1 + j\omega C1R1} \right\}$$

For a general negative feedback amplifier circuit, A = Ao/ (1 + Aoβ) applies, and Z = A · R_{NF} is obtained under conditions of Ao>>A, A>>1 (β = R_{NF}/ (R_{NF} + Z), Ao = open-loop gain, A = feedback gain).
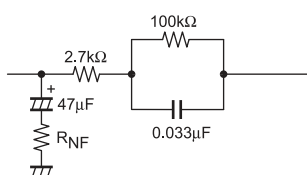
Therefore, we can use an approximation of R_{NF} = Z/A.

A = (VG for 1kHz) times, (Set R_1, R_2 at approximately 100kΩ)

Each time constant of NAB characteristic.

Tape speed	9.5cm/s	4.75cm/s
T1 C1, R1	3180μs	1590μs
T2 C1 (R1//R2)	90μs	120μs

(2) Examples of NAB Constants

(a) Tape speed : 9.5cm/s. (8 tracks)

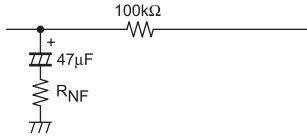VG : R_{NF} (VG/f = 1kHz)

VG	30	35	40	dB
R_{NF}	180	100	56	Ω

(b) Tape speed : 4.75cm/s. (cassette)
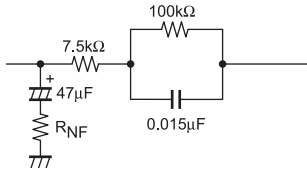
VG : R$_{NF}$

VG	30	35	40	dB
R$_{NF}$	440	240	130	Ω

(c) Flat amplifier

VG : R$_{NF}$

VG	30	35	40	dB
R$_{NF}$	3.2	1.8	1	kΩ

Proper cares in using IC

1. Maximum Rating

   If the IC is used in the vicinity of the maximum rating, even a slight variation in conditions may cause the maximum rating to be exceeded, thereby leading to a breakdown. Allow an ample margin of variation for supply voltage, etc. and use the IC in the range where the maximum rating is not exceed.

2. Short between pins

   If the supply voltage is applied when the space between pins is shorted, a breakdown or deterioration may occur. When installing the IC on the board or applying the supply voltage, make sure that the space between pins is not shorted with solder, etc.
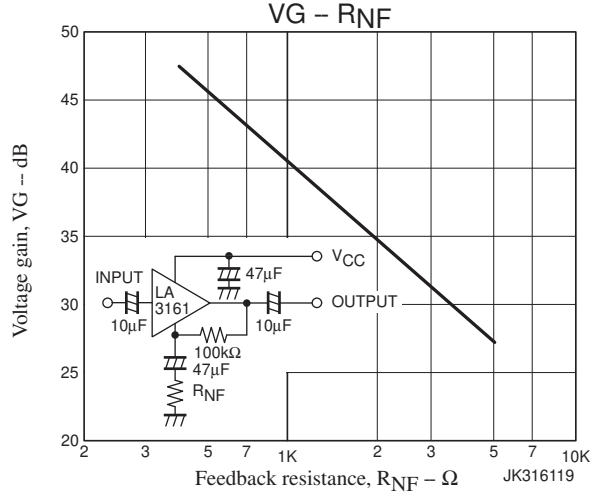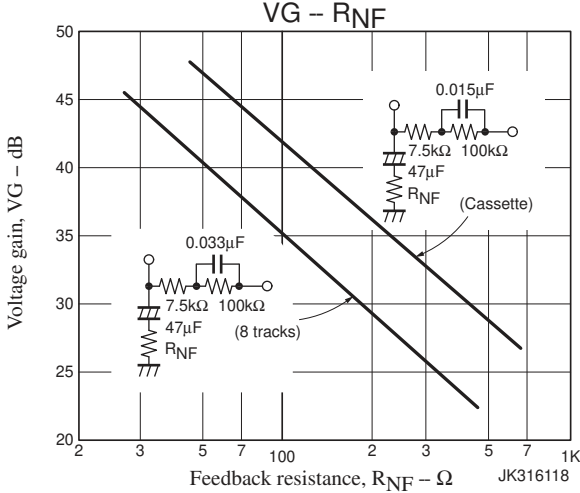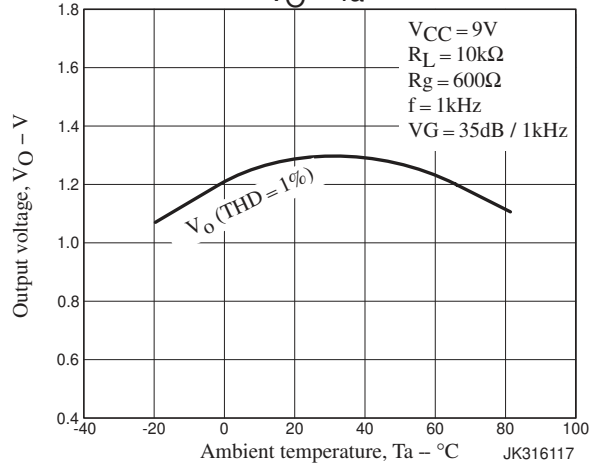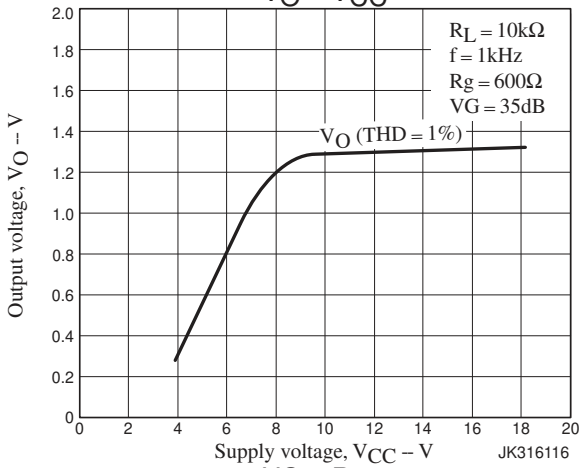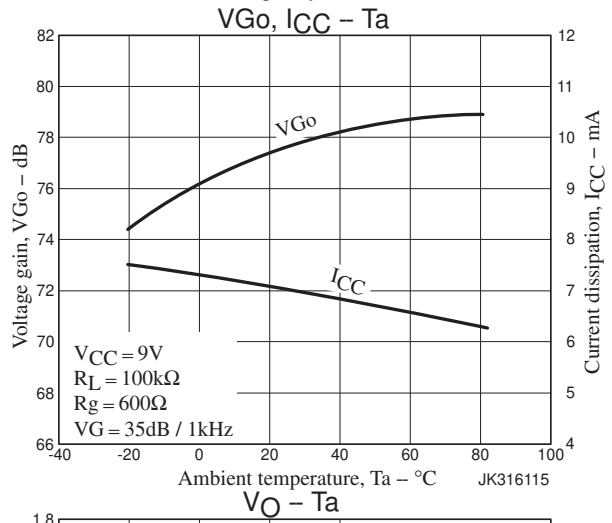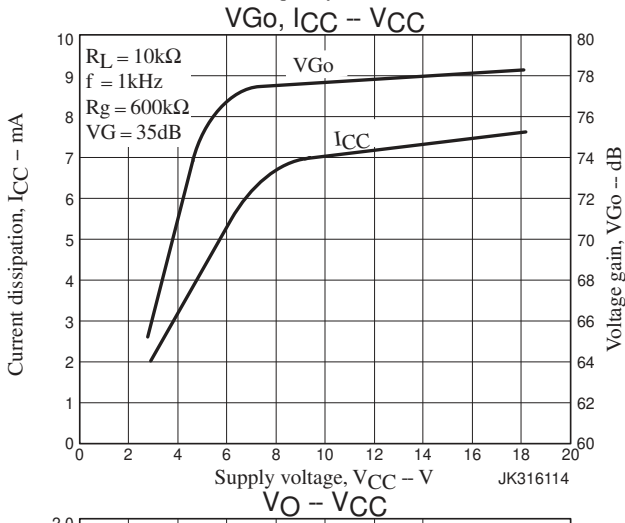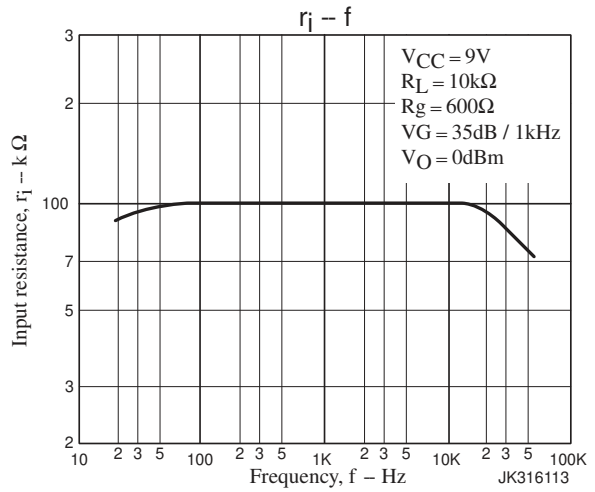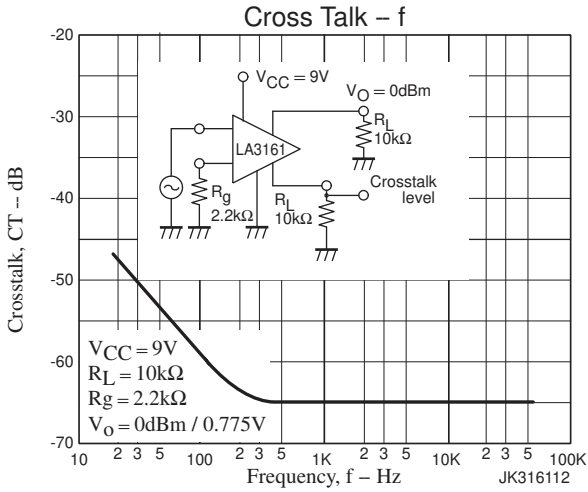
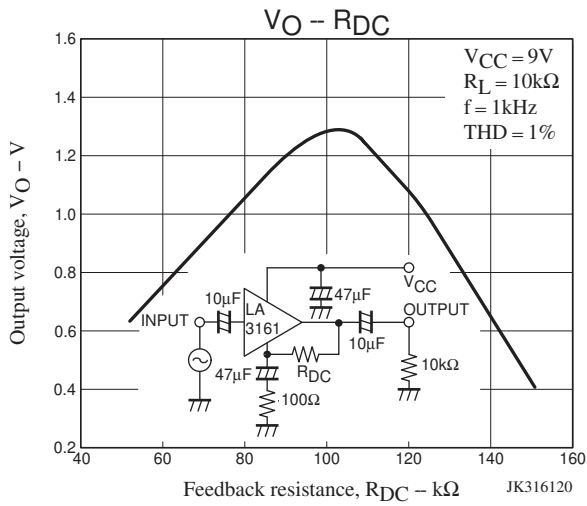3. Breakdown of IC attributable to inverted insertion

   If the IC is inserted inversely and operated, the IC may suffer from something unusual, thereby leading to a breakdown or deterioration of the IC. When installing the IC on the board or operating the IC, check the marked surface of IC.

Proper cares to be taken for obtaining optimum operation of IC

- Set DC resistance of R$_1$, R$_2$ of NAB element at approximately 100kΩ.
- Determine the gain by changing R$_{NF}$ without chaging NAB constant (Refer to Examples of NAB constant.).

Cross Talk – f

V_CC = 9V
V_O = 0dBm
R_L 10kΩ
LA3161
R_g 2.2kΩ
R_L 10kΩ
Crosstalk level

V_CC = 9V
R_L = 10kΩ
Rg = 2.2kΩ
V_O = 0dBm / 0.775V

Crosstalk, CT – dB
Frequency, f – Hz
JK316112

r_i – f

V_CC = 9V
R_L = 10kΩ
Rg = 600Ω
VG = 35dB / 1kHz
V_O = 0dBm

Input resistance, r_i – kΩ
Frequency, f – Hz
JK316113

VGo, I_CC – V_CC

R_L = 10kΩ
f = 1kHz
Rg = 600kΩ
VG = 35dB

VGo
I_CC

Current dissipation, I_CC – mA
Voltage gain, VGo – dB
Supply voltage, V_CC – V
JK316114

VGo, I_CC – Ta

VGo
I_CC

V_CC = 9V
R_L = 100kΩ
Rg = 600Ω
VG = 35dB / 1kHz

Voltage gain, VGo – dB
Current dissipation, I_CC – mA
Ambient temperature, Ta – °C
JK316115

V_O – V_CC

R_L = 10kΩ
f = 1kHz
Rg = 600Ω
VG = 35dB

V_O (THD = 1%)

Output voltage, V_O – V
Supply voltage, V_CC – V
JK316116

V_O – Ta

V_CC = 9V
R_L = 10kΩ
Rg = 600Ω
f = 1kHz
VG = 35dB / 1kHz

V_O (THD = 1%)

Output voltage, V_O – V
Ambient temperature, Ta – °C
JK316117

VG – R_NF

0.015µF
7.5kΩ 100kΩ
47µF
R_NF
(Cassette)

0.033µF
7.5kΩ 100kΩ
47µF
R_NF
(8 tracks)

Voltage gain, VG – dB
Feedback resistance, R_NF – Ω
JK316118

VG – R_NF

INPUT
10µF
LA 3161
47µF
V_CC
OUTPUT
10µF
100kΩ
47µF
R_NF

Voltage gain, VG – dB
Feedback resistance, R_NF – Ω
JK316119

$V_O - R_{DC}$

$V_{CC} = 9V$
$R_L = 10k\Omega$
$f = 1kHz$
$THD = 1\%$

(Graph: Output voltage, V_O – V (vertical axis, 0.2 to 1.6) versus Feedback resistance, R_{DC} – kΩ (horizontal axis, 40 to 160), with circuit diagram inset showing LA3161, INPUT, 10µF, 47µF, R_{DC}, 100Ω, V_{CC}, OUTPUT, 10µF, 10kΩ)

JK316120

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping (Qty / Packing)
LA3161-E	SIP8 22x4.5 / SIP8 (Pb-Free)	25 / Fan-Fold