

HybridPACK™ 2 Module

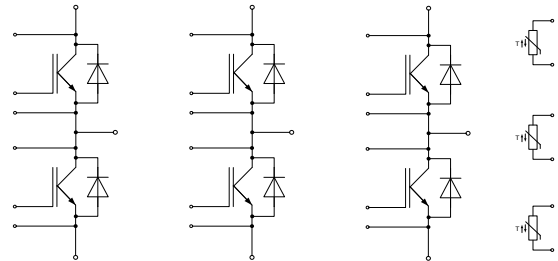
FS900R08A2P2_B32

Final Data Sheet

V3.0, 2017-06-14

Automotive High Power

1 Features / Description



$V_{CES} = 750V$
 $I_{C\ nom} = 900A$

Typical Applications

- Automotive Applications
- Hybrid Electrical Vehicles (H)EV
- Commercial Agriculture Vehicles
- Motor Drives
- Optimized for automotive applications with DC link voltages up to 450 V

Electrical Features

- V_{CESat} with positive Temperature Coefficient
- Low V_{CESat}
- Low Switching Losses
- Low Q_g and C_{res}
- Low Inductive Design
- $T_{vj\ op} = 150^\circ C$
- Short-time extended Operation Temperature
 $T_{vj\ op} = 175^\circ C$

Mechanical Features

- 2.5kV AC 1min Insulation
- Direct Cooled Base Plate
- High Power Density
- Integrated NTC temperature sensor
- Copper Base Plate
- Isolated Base Plate
- RoHS compliant

Product Name	Ordering Code
FS900R08A2P2_B32	-

2 IGBT, Inverter

2.1 Maximum Rated Values

Parameter	Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	V_{CES}	750	V
Implemented collector current		I_{CN}	900	A
Continuous DC collector current	$T_F = 105^{\circ}\text{C}$, $T_{vj\max} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$	$I_{C\text{nom}}$	550	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$t_p = 1\text{ ms}$	I_{CRM}	1800	A
Total power dissipation	$T_F = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $T_{vj\max} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{tot}	1546	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage		V_{GES}	+/-20	V

2.2 Characteristic Values

Parameter	Conditions	Symbol	min. typ. max.			Unit	
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 550\text{ A}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ $I_C = 550\text{ A}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ $I_C = 550\text{ A}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	$V_{CE\text{sat}}$	1.10 1.10 1.10	1.25	V	
Gate threshold voltage	$I_C = 13.0\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$V_{GE\text{th}}$	4.90	5.80	6.50	V
Gate charge	$V_{GE} = -8\text{ V} \dots 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{ V}$		Q_G	5.80		μC	
Internal gate resistor		$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$R_{G\text{int}}$	0.5		Ω	
Input capacitance	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	C_{ies}	105		nF	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	C_{res}	0.50		nF	
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$V_{CE} = 450\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	I_{CES}		0.5	mA	
Gate-emitter leakage current	$V_{CE} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 20\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	I_{GES}		400	nA	
Turn-on delay time, inductive load	$I_C = 550\text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{ V}$ $V_{GE} = -8\text{ V} / +15\text{ V}$ $R_{G\text{on}} = 3.3\ \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	$t_{d\text{on}}$	0.39 0.39 0.39		μs	
Rise time, inductive load	$I_C = 550\text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{ V}$ $V_{GE} = -8\text{ V} / +15\text{ V}$ $R_{G\text{on}} = 3.3\ \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	t_r	0.09 0.11 0.11		μs	
Turn-off delay time, inductive load	$I_C = 550\text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{ V}$ $V_{GE} = -8\text{ V} / +15\text{ V}$ $R_{G\text{off}} = 2.0\ \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	$t_{d\text{off}}$	0.63 0.71 0.74		μs	
Fall time, inductive load	$I_C = 550\text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{ V}$ $V_{GE} = -8\text{ V} / +15\text{ V}$ $R_{G\text{off}} = 2.0\ \Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	t_f	0.06 0.08 0.08		μs	
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	$I_C = 550\text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{ V}$, $L_S = 20\text{ nH}$ $V_{GE} = -8\text{ V} / +15\text{ V}$ $R_{G\text{on}} = 3.3\ \Omega$ $di/dt (T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}) = 4100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	E_{on}	21.0 29.0 30.5		mJ	
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	$I_C = 550\text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{ V}$, $L_S = 20\text{ nH}$ $V_{GE} = -8\text{ V} / +15\text{ V}$ $R_{G\text{off}} = 2.0\ \Omega$ $dv/dt (T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}) = 2600\text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	E_{off}	27.5 36.0 38.5		mJ	
SC data	$V_{GE} \leq 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 400\text{ V}$ $V_{CE\text{max}} = V_{CES} - L_{SCE} \cdot di/dt$ $t_p \leq 4\ \mu\text{s}$, $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$		I_{SC}	4500		A	
Thermal resistance, junction to cooling fluid	per IGBT; $\Delta V/\Delta t = 10\text{ dm}^3/\text{min}$		R_{thJF}		0.097	K/W	
Temperature under switching conditions	t_{op} continuous $t_{op\max}$ 30h over life time, for 10s within period of 10min		$T_{vj\text{op}}$	-40 150	150 175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	

3 Diode, Inverter

3.1 Maximum Rated Values

Parameter	Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	V_{RRM}	750	V
Implemented forward current		I_{FN}	860	A
Continuous DC forward current		I_F	550	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$t_p = 1 \text{ ms}$	I_{FRM}	1720	A
I^2t - value	$V_R = 0 \text{ V}, t_p = 10 \text{ ms}, T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}, t_p = 10 \text{ ms}, T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	I^2t	19500 19000	A^2s A^2s

3.2 Characteristic Values

Parameter	Conditions	Symbol	min. typ. max.			Unit	
Forward voltage	$I_F = 550 \text{ A}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$ $I_F = 550 \text{ A}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$ $I_F = 550 \text{ A}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	V_F		1.40 1.30 1.25	1.65	V
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_F = 550 \text{ A}, -di_F/dt = 4100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s} (T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C})$ $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$ $V_{GE} = -8 \text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	I_{RM}		265 385 420		A
Recovered charge	$I_F = 550 \text{ A}, -di_F/dt = 4100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s} (T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C})$ $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$ $V_{GE} = -8 \text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	Q_r		23.0 49.5 58.5		μC
Reverse recovery energy	$I_F = 550 \text{ A}, -di_F/dt = 4100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s} (T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C})$ $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$ $V_{GE} = -8 \text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	E_{rec}		7.20 15.0 17.5		mJ
Thermal resistance, junction to cooling fluid	per diode; $\Delta V/\Delta t = 10 \text{ dm}^3/\text{min}$		R_{thJF}			0.125	K/W
Temperature under switching conditions	t_{op} continuous $t_{op \text{ max}}$ 30h over life time, for 10s within period of 10min		$T_{vj \text{ op}}$	-40 150		150 175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

4 NTC-Thermistor

Parameter	Conditions	Symbol	min. typ. max.			Unit
Rated resistance	$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	R_{25}		5.00		$\text{k}\Omega$
Deviation of R_{100}	$T_C = 100^{\circ}\text{C}, R_{100} = 493 \Omega$	$\Delta R/R$	5		5	%
Power dissipation	$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{25}			20.0	mW
B-value	$R_2 = R_{25} \exp [B_{25/50}(1/T_2 - 1/(298,15 \text{ K}))]$	$B_{25/50}$		3375		K
B-value	$R_2 = R_{25} \exp [B_{25/80}(1/T_2 - 1/(298,15 \text{ K}))]$	$B_{25/80}$		3411		K
B-value	$R_2 = R_{25} \exp [B_{25/100}(1/T_2 - 1/(298,15 \text{ K}))]$	$B_{25/100}$		3433		K

Specification according to the valid application note.

5 Module

Parameter	Conditions	Symbol	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Isolation test voltage	RMS, f = 50 Hz, t = 1 min.	V_{ISOL}	2.5			kV
Material of module baseplate			Cu			
Internal isolation	basic insulation (class 1, IEC 61140)		Al ₂ O ₃			
Creepage distance	terminal to heatsink	d_{Creep}	7.0			mm
	terminal to terminal		5.5			
Clearance	terminal to heatsink	d_{Clear}	7.0			mm
	terminal to terminal		5.0			
Comperative tracking index		CTI	> 200			
Pressure drop in cooling circuit	$\Delta V/\Delta t = 10.0 \text{ dm}^3/\text{min}; T_F = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Δp		119		mbar
Maximum pressure in cooling circuit		p			2.5	bar
Stray inductance module		L_{sCE}	14			nH
Module lead resistance, terminals - chip	$T_F = 25^\circ\text{C}$, per switch	$R_{CC'+EE'}$	0.80			mΩ
Storage temperature		T_{stg}	-40		125	°C
Mounting torque for modul mounting	Screw M6 baseplate to heatsink	M	3.00		6.00	Nm
Terminal connection torque	Screw M6	M	2.5	-	5.0	Nm
Weight		G	1340			g

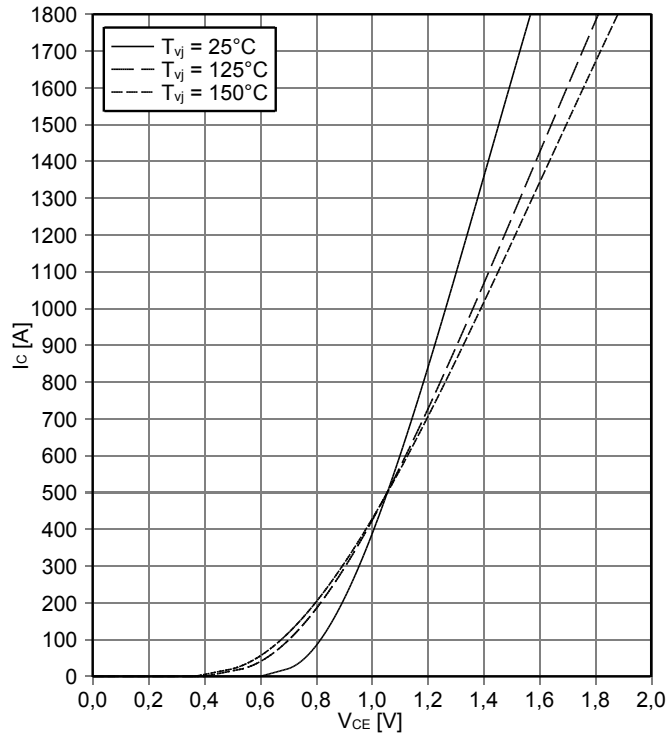
* Kühleraufbau gemäß gültiger Application Note.

* Cooler setup according to the valid application note.

6 Characteristics Diagrams

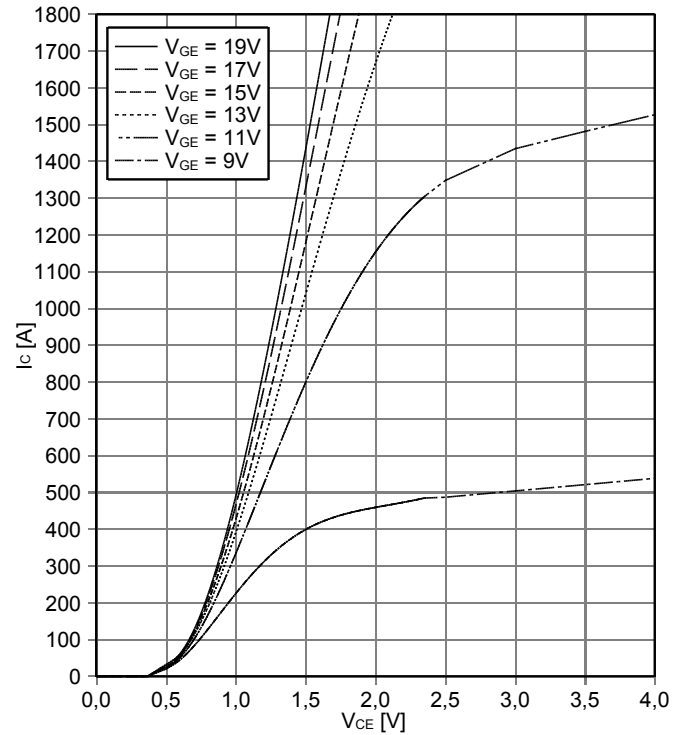
output characteristic IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$



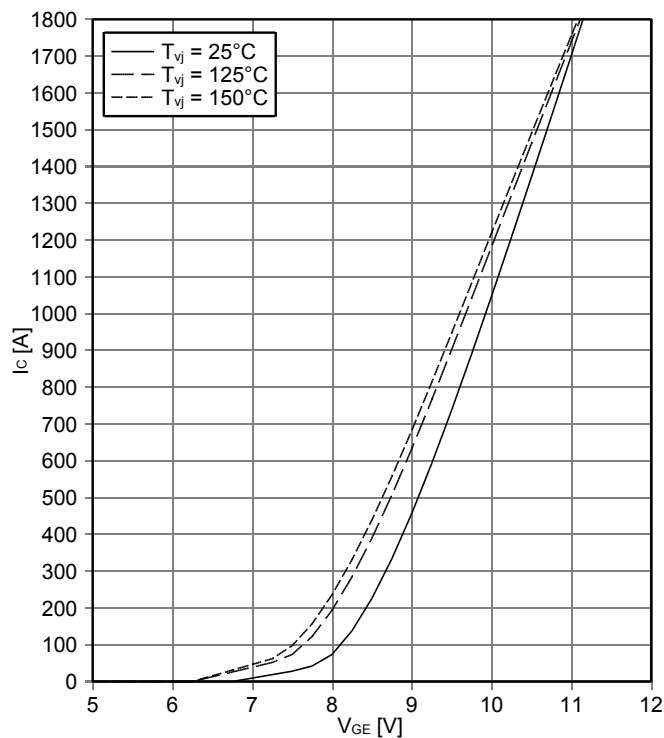
output characteristic IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$
 $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$



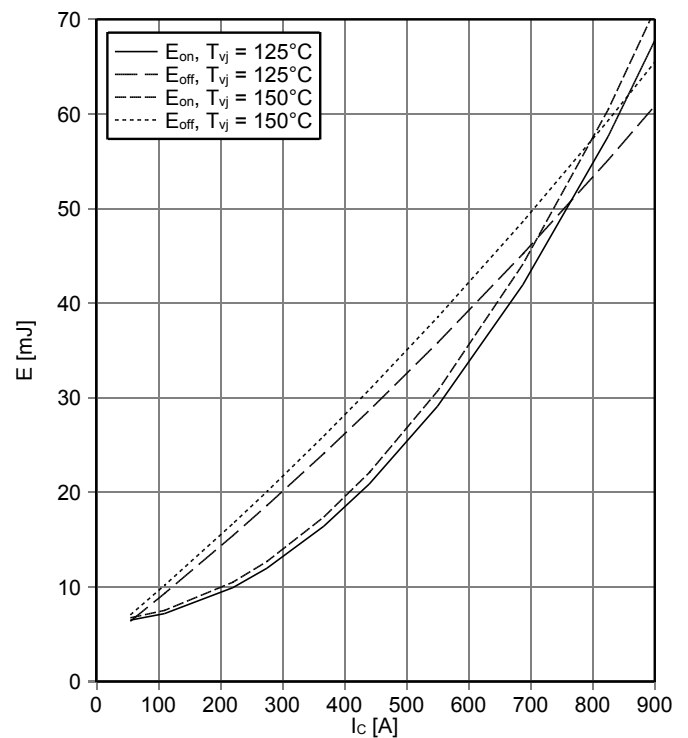
transfer characteristic IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$
 $V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$



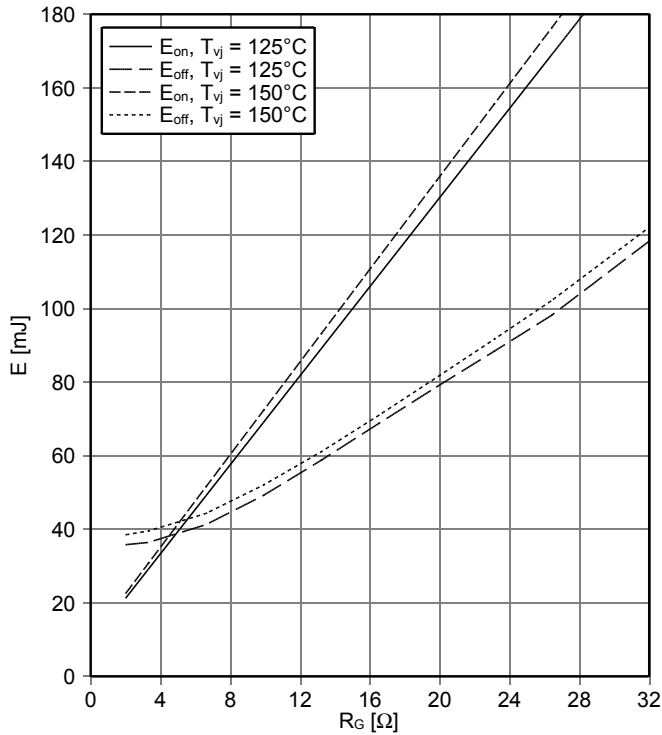
switching losses IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$E_{on} = f(I_C)$, $E_{off} = f(I_C)$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$, $R_{Gon} = 3.3\ \Omega$, $R_{Goff} = 2\ \Omega$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{ V}$



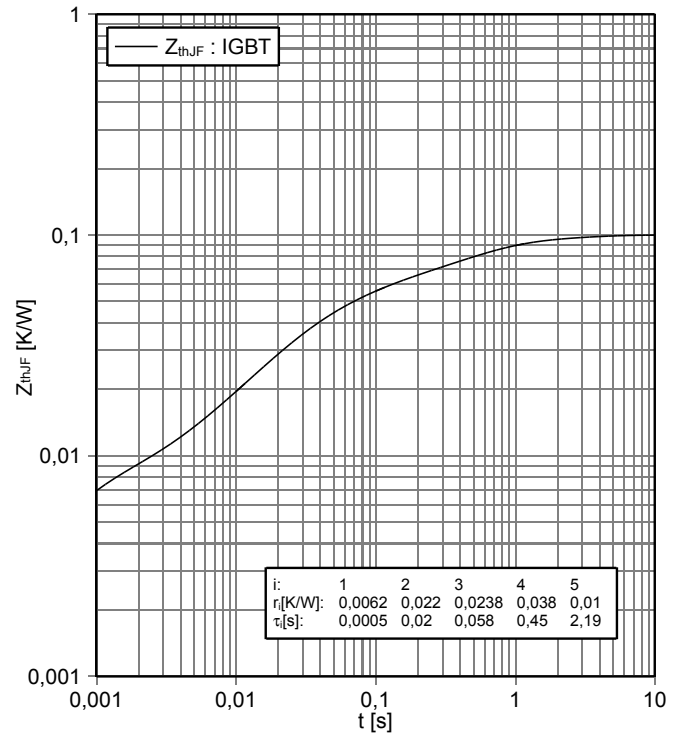
switching losses IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$E_{on} = f(R_G)$, $E_{off} = f(R_G)$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$, $I_C = 550\text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{ V}$



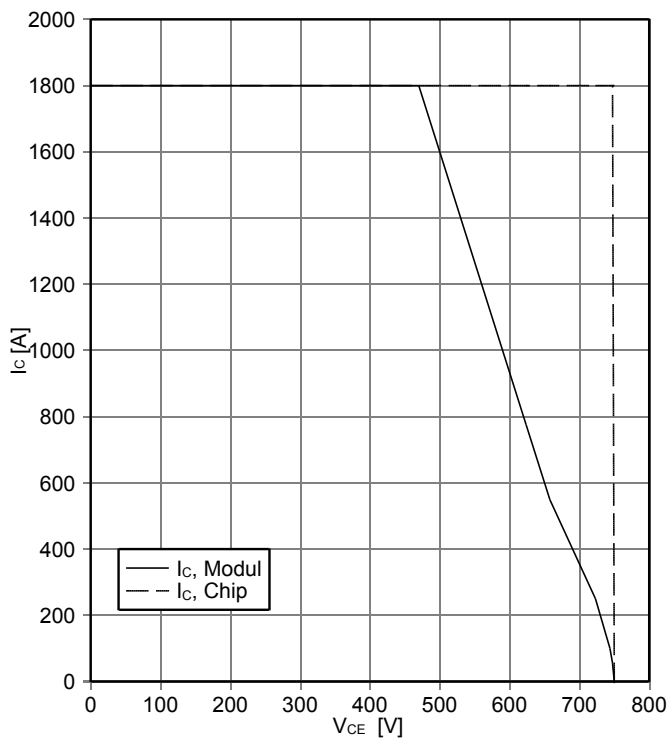
transient thermal impedance IGBT, Inverter

$Z_{thJF} = f(t)$ ($\Delta V/\Delta t = 10\text{ dm}^3/\text{min}$)



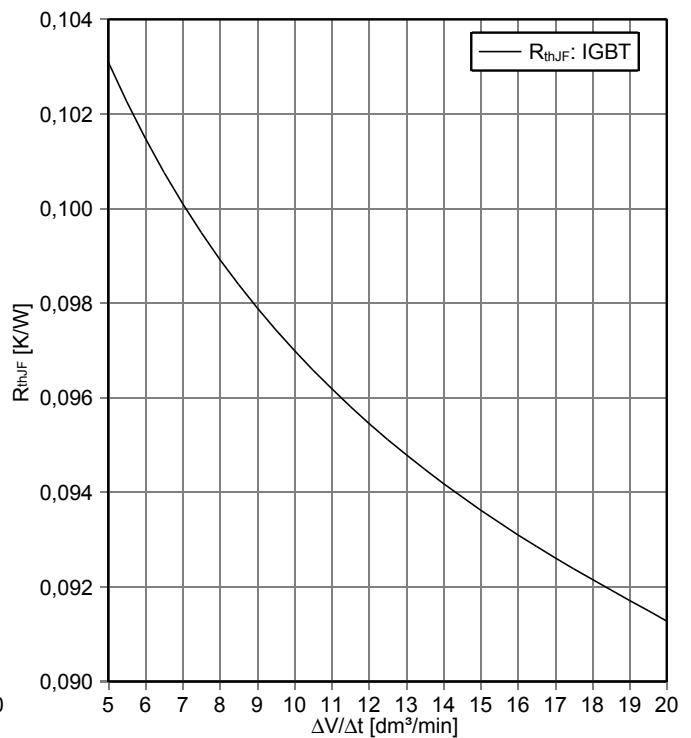
reverse bias safe operating area IGBT, Inverter (RBSOA)

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$, $R_{Goff} = 2\ \Omega$, $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$



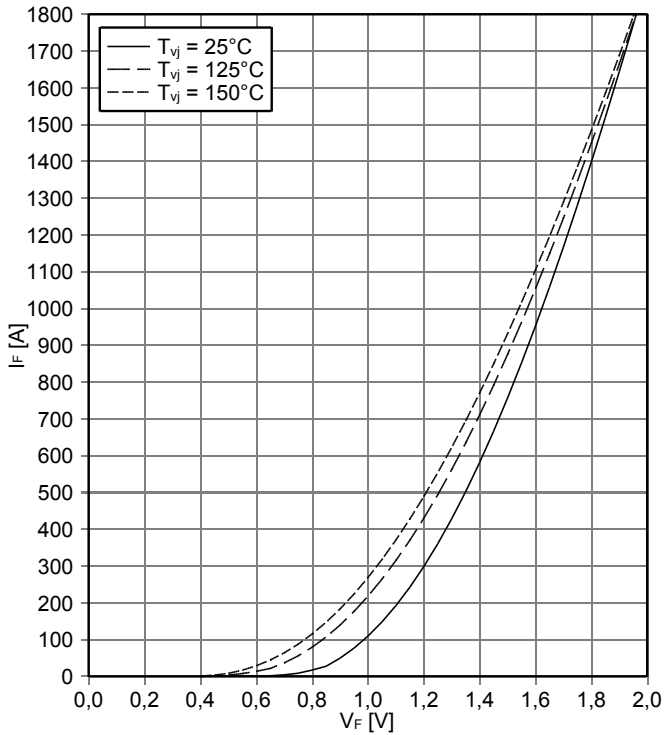
thermal impedance IGBT, Inverter

$R_{thJF} = f(\Delta V/\Delta t)$
cooling fluid = 50% water/50% ethylenglycol



forward characteristic of Diode, Inverter (typical)

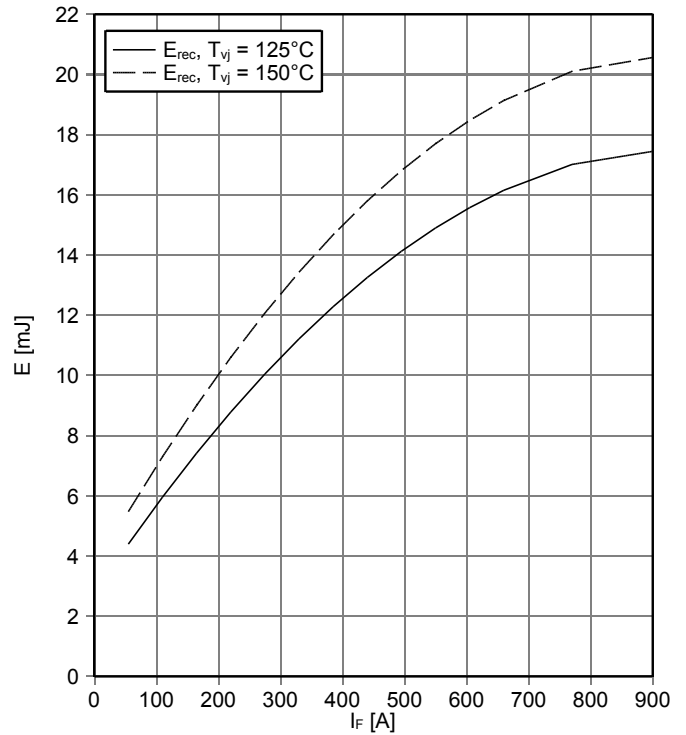
$I_F = f(V_F)$



switching losses Diode, Inverter (typical)

$E_{rec} = f(I_F)$

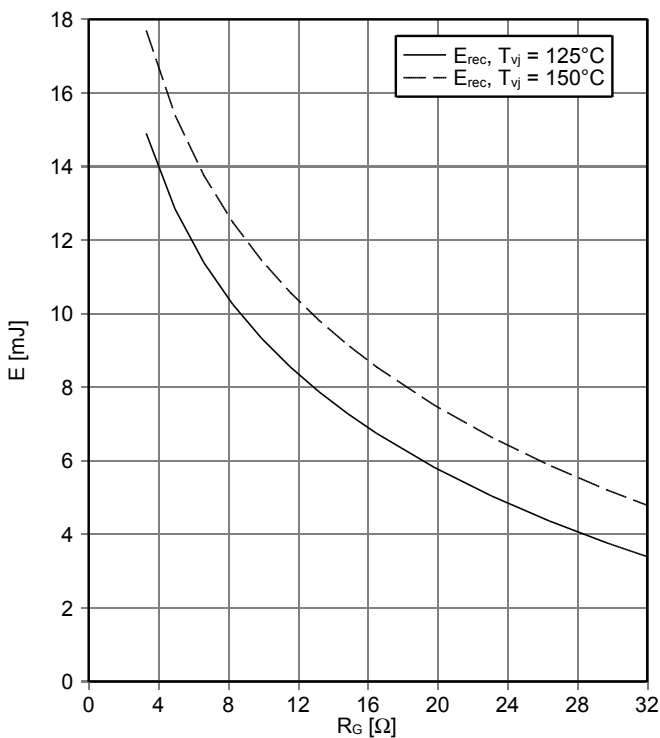
$R_{Gon} = 3.3 \Omega$, $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$



switching losses Diode, Inverter (typical)

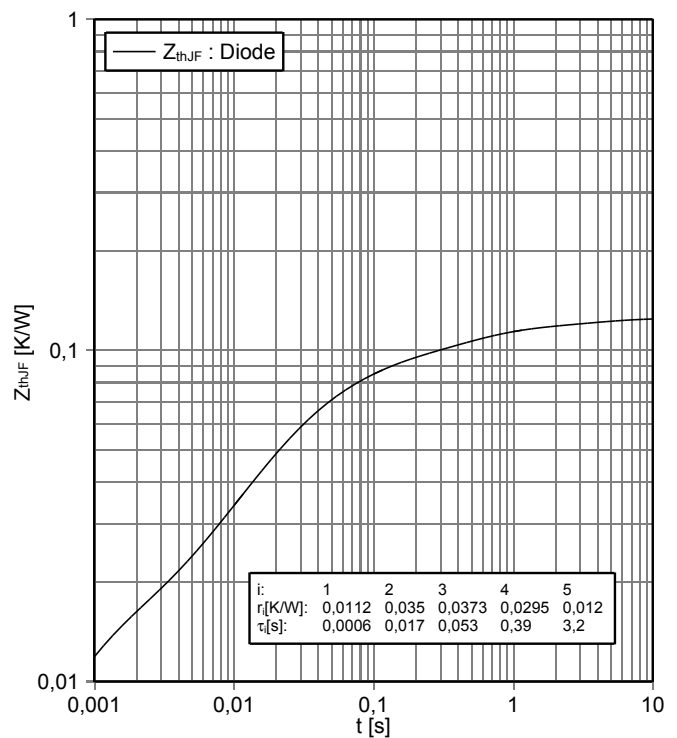
$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$

$I_F = 550 \text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$



transient thermal impedance Diode, Inverter

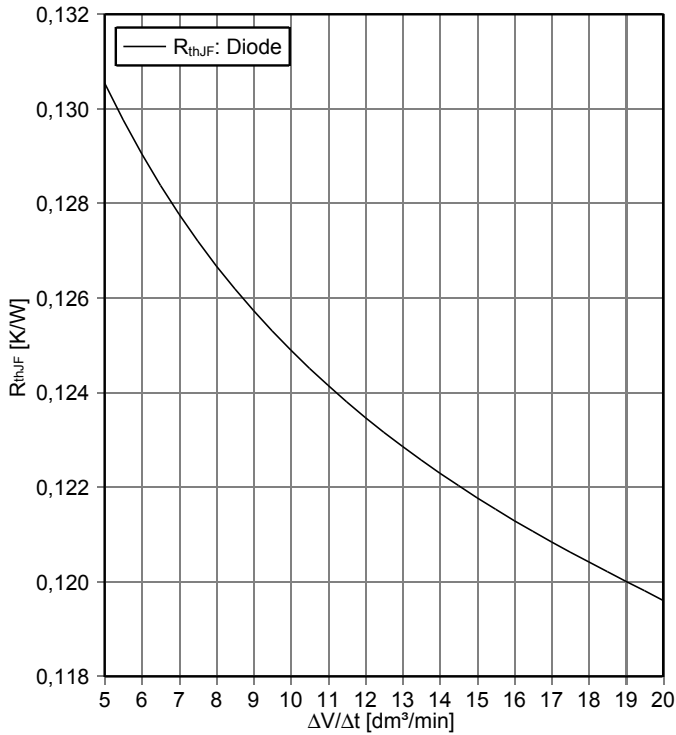
$Z_{thJF} = f(t)$ ($\Delta V/\Delta t = 10 \text{ dm}^3/\text{min}$)



thermal impedance Diode, Inverter

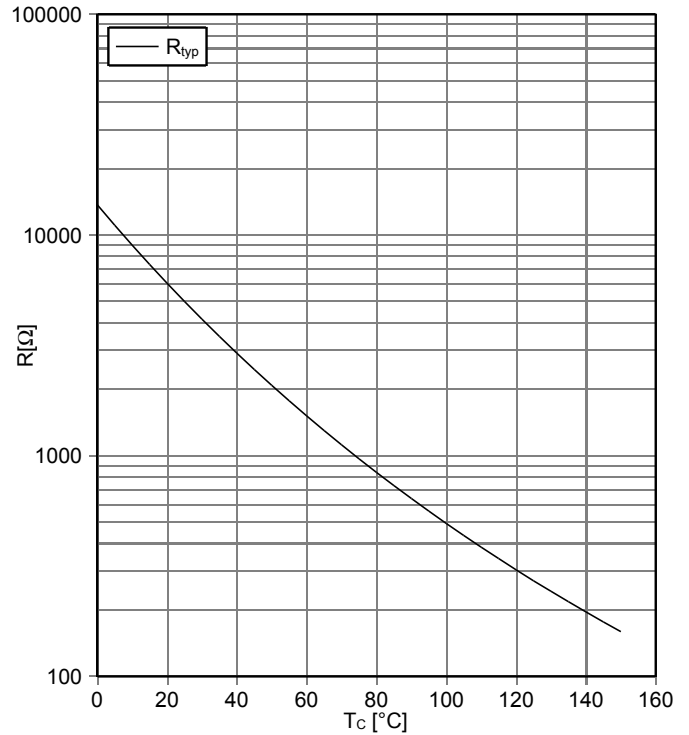
$R_{thJF} = f(\Delta V/\Delta t)$

cooling fluid = 50% water/50% ethylenglycol



NTC-Thermistor-temperature characteristic (typical)

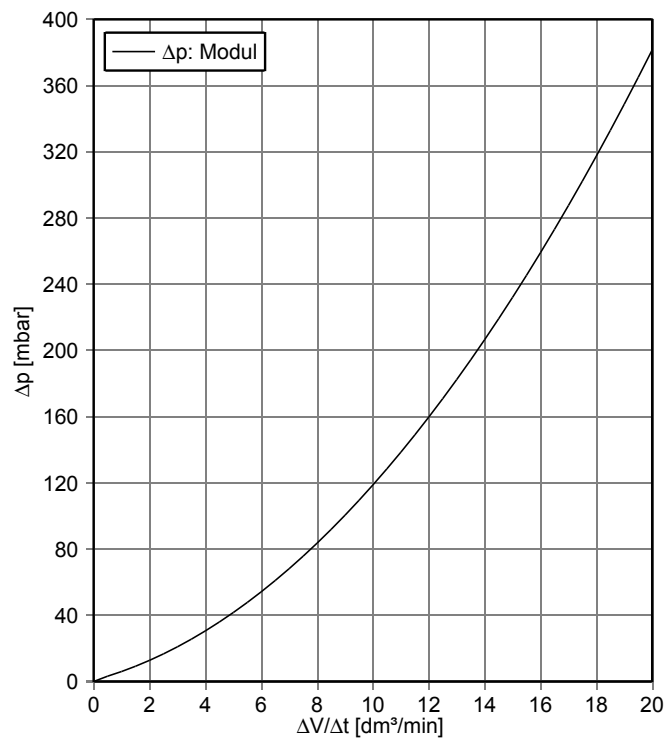
$R = f(T)$



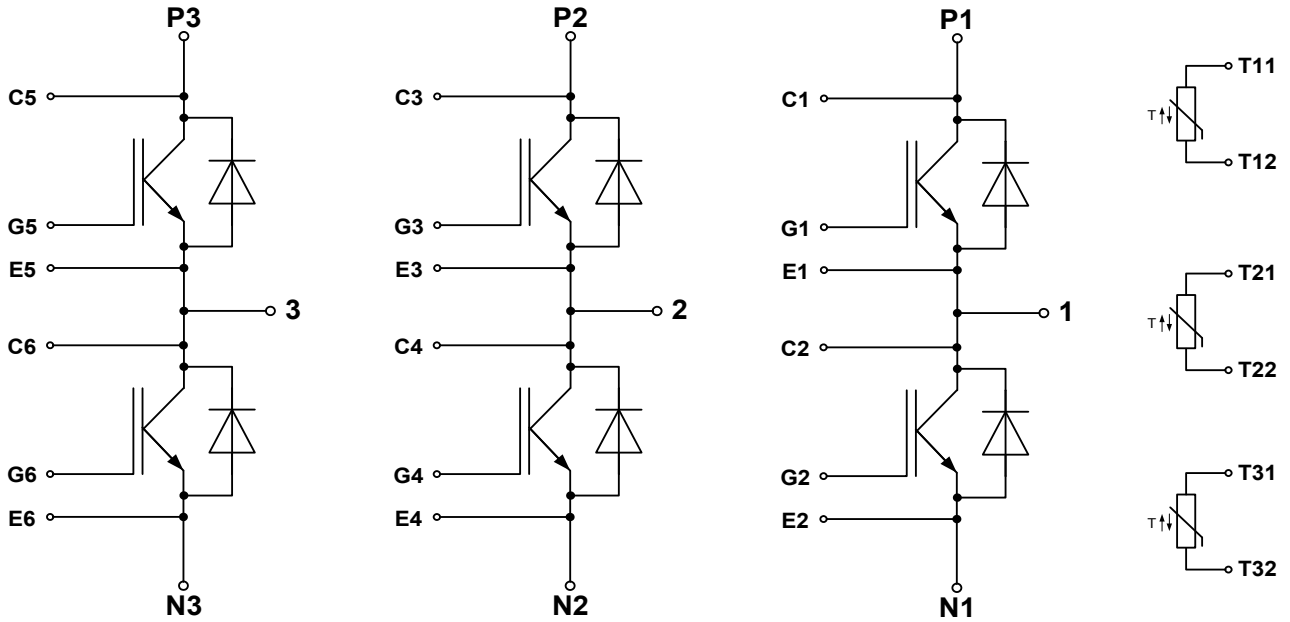
pressure drop in cooling circuit

$\Delta p = f(\Delta V/\Delta t)$

cooling fluid = 50% water/50% ethylenglycol, $T_F = 25^\circ\text{C}$



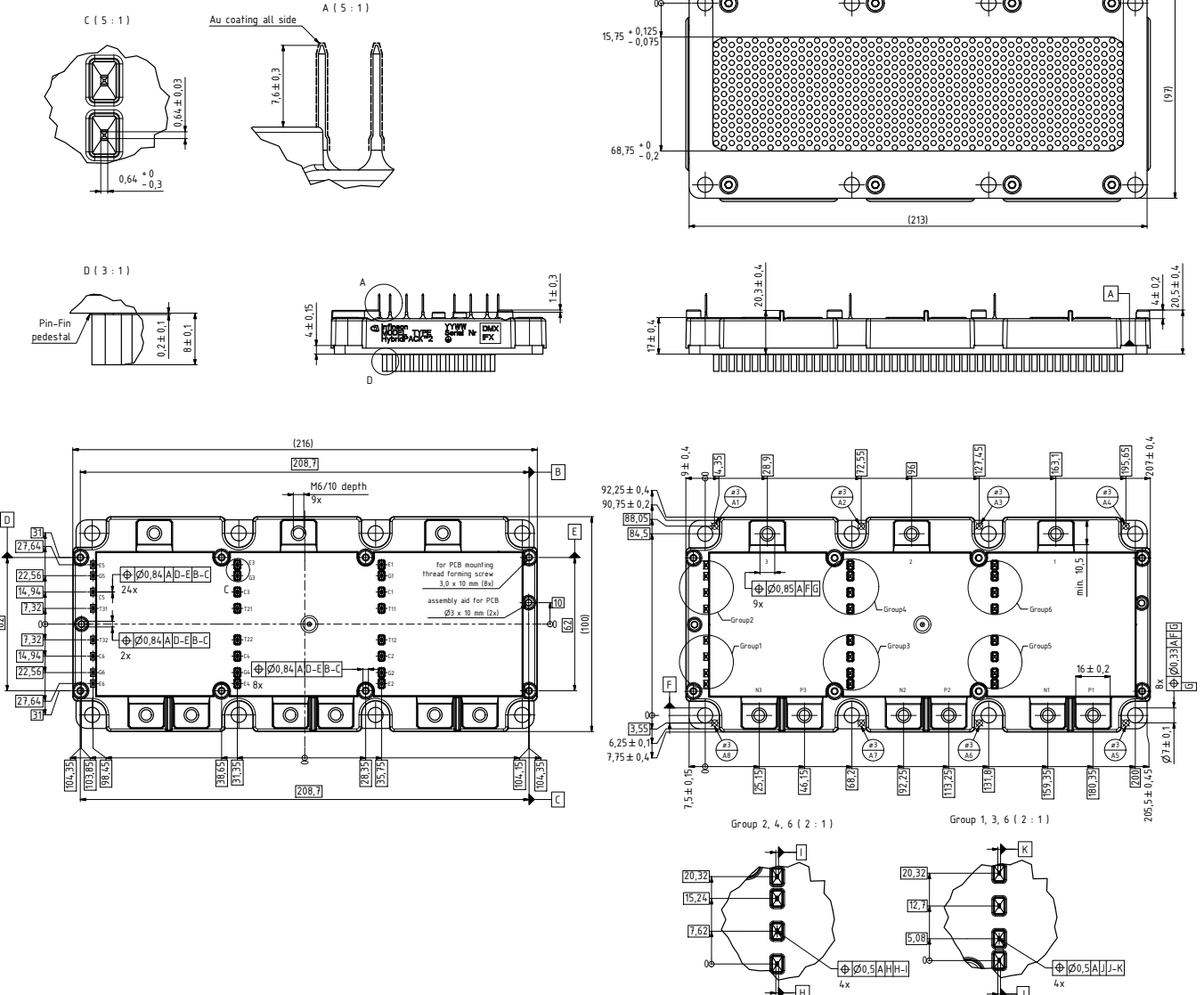
7 Circuit diagram



8 Package outlines


Drawing: D00044455,00.A			
ISO 8015 principle of independency dimensions ISO 14405 GD target geometry according CAD file with general tolerances M method of least-squares	edges DIN ISO 13715	general tolerances 1. DIN 16742-TG6 2. DIN ISO 2768-mk	surface DIN EN ISO 1302

All dimensions refer to module in delivery condition




9 Label Codes

9.1 Module Code

Code Format	Data Matrix		
Encoding	ASCII Text		
Symbol Size	16x16		
Standard	IEC24720 and IEC16022		
Code Content	Content Module Serial Number Module Material Number Production Order Number Datecode (Production Year) Datecode (Production Week)	Digit 1 - 5 6 - 11 12 - 19 20 - 21 22 - 23	Example (below) 71549 142846 55054991 15 30
Example	 71549142846550549911530		

9.2 Packing Code

Code Format	Code128			
Encoding	Code Set A			
Symbol Size	34 digits			
Standard	IEC8859-1			
Code Content	Content Backend Construction Number Production Lot Number Serial Number Date Code Box Quantity	Identifier X 1T S 9D Q	Digit 2 - 9 12 - 19 21 - 25 28 - 31 33 - 34	Example (below) 95056609 2X0003E0 754389 1139 15
Example	 X950566091T2X0003E0S754389D1139Q15			

Revision History

Major changes since previous revision

Revision History

Reference	Date	Description
V3.0	2017-06-14	-

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Edition 2014-05-30

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81726 Munich, Germany
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