ETR02009-011a

Highly Accurate, Ultra Small, Low Power Consumption Voltage Detector

■GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The XC6120 series are highly precise, low power consumption voltage detectors, manufactured using CMOS and laser trimming technologies. With low power consumption and high accuracy, the series is suitable for precision mobile equipment. The XC6120 in ultra small packages are ideally suited for high-density mounting. The XC6120 is available in both CMOS and N-channel open drain output configurations.

■ APPLICATIONS

- Microprocessor reset circuitry
- Memory battery back-up circuits
- Power-on reset circuits
- Power failure detection
- System battery life and charge voltage monitors

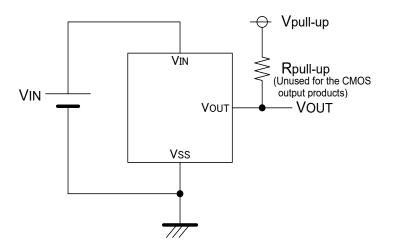
■FEATURES

Highly Accurate	:± 2% (V _{DF} ≧1.5V)
	: ± 30mV (V _{DF} <1.5V)
Low Power Consumption	on : 0.6 μ Α [V _{DF} =2.7V, V _{IN} =2.97V]
Detect Voltage Range	: 1.0V ~ 5.0V (0.1V increments)
Operating Voltage Rang	ge : 0.7V ∼ 6.0V
Detect Voltage Tempera	ature Characteristics
	:±100ppm/°C (TYP.)
Output Configuration	: CMOS (XC6120C)
	: N-channel open drain (XC6120N)
Operating	
Temperature Range	: -40°C ~ 85°C
Packages	: USP-3, SSOT-24, SOT-25
Environmentally Friend	lly : EU RoHS Compliant, Pb Free

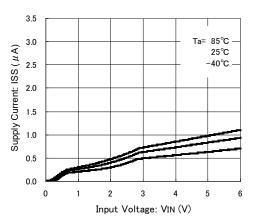
■ TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

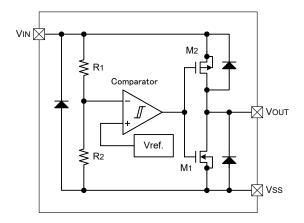


XC6120x272xx



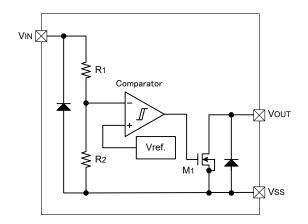
■BLOCK DIAGRAMS

(1) XC6120C



* Diodes inside the circuits are ESD protection diodes and parasitic diodes.

(2) XC6120N



* Diodes inside the circuits are ESD protection diodes and parasitic diodes.

direction of feed

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■PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION

1) Ordering Information

XC6120123456-7(*1)

DESIGNATOR	ITEM	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
	Output Configuration	С	CMOS output
1	Output Configuration	N	N-ch open drain output
23	Detect Voltage (V _{DF})	10~50	For example 1.0V \rightarrow (2)1, (3)0
4	Detect Accuracy	2	±2%(1.5V≦VDF≦5.0V)
4			\pm 30mV(1.0V \leq VDF \leq 1.5V)
		HR-G	USP-3 (3,000pcs/Reel)
()	Packages	NR-G	SSOT-24 (3,000pcs/Reel)
\$ 6 -7 ^(*1)	(Order Unit)	SR-G	SOT-25 (3,000pcs/Reel) Standard feed ^(*2)
		SL-G	SOT-25 (3,000pcs/Reel) Reverse feed ^(*2)

(*1) The "-G" suffix indicates that the products are Halogen and Antimony free as well as being fully EU RoHS compliant.

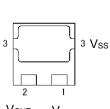
(*2) SOT-25 uses Cu wires.

2) Taping Specifications



• SL-G direction of feed Ο 0 Ο 0 0 Ο Ο Ο Ο Ο 2 Ο يعمم يعدم يدحم يعدم يدحم 000 la a al la a al la a el 1000 h h п п

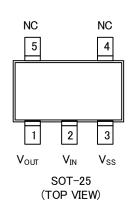
■PIN CONFIGURATION



Vout VIN USP-3 (BOTTOM VIEW)

V_{IN} Vout 4 3 1 2 NC Vss SSOT-24

(TOP VIEW)



■PIN ASSIGNMENT

F	PIN NUMBER	र	PIN NAME	FUNCTION
USP-3	SSOT-24	SOT-25	FIN NAME	FUNCTION
1	4	2	V _{IN}	Power Input
3	2	3	V _{SS}	Ground
2	3	1	Vout	Output (Detect "Low")
-	1	4,5	NC	No Connection

■ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

			•	Ta=25°C	
PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATING	UNITS	
Inp	out Voltage	VIN	V _{SS} - 0.3 ~ 7.0	V	
Out	put Current	Іоит	10	mA	
	CMOS Output	Vout	$V_{SS} - 0.3 \sim V_{IN} + 0.3$	v	
Output Voltage	N-ch Open Drain Output	V 001	Vss - 0.3 ~ 7.0	v	
	USP-3		120	- mW	
	03P-3	Pd	1000 (40mm x 40mm Standard board) ^(*1)		
Devuer Dissinction	0007.04		150		
Power Dissipation	SSOT-24		500 (40mm x 40mm Standard board) ^(*1)		
	007.05		250		
	SOT-25		600 (40mm x 40mm Standard board) ^(*1)		
Operating T	emperature Range	Topr	-40 ~ 85	°C	
Storage Temperature Range		Tstg	-55 ~ 125	°C	

(*1) The power dissipation figure shown is PCB mounted and is for reference only. Please refer to PACKAGING INFORMATION for the mounting condition.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

XC6120 Series

XC612	20 Series								Ta=25°C
PARAN	METER	SYMBOL	CONDITION		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Operating	g Voltage	VIN	V	′ _{DF(T)} =1.0~5.0V ^(*1)	0.7	-	6.0	V	-
Detect	Voltage	V_{DF}	,	V _{DF(T)} =1.0V~5.0V		E-1		V	1
Hysteres	sis Width	V _{HYS}	,	V _{DF(T)} =1.0V~5.0V	V _{DF} × 0.03	V _{DF} × 0.05	V _{DF} × 0.07	V	1
Supply (Current 1	Iss1		$V_{IN}=V_{DF(T)} \times 1.1$		E-2		μA	2
Supply 0	Current 2	lss2		$V_{IN} = V_{DF(T)} \times 0.9$		E-3		μA	2
			V _{IN} =0.7V	V _{OUT} =0.5V V _{OUT} =0.3V V _{OUT} =0.1V	0.09 0.08 0.05	0.57 0.56 0.30	-	mA	3
Output	Current	I _{OUTN} V _{IN} =1.0V V _{IN} =2.0V	V _{OUT} =0.1V, V _{DF(T)} >1.0V	0.46	0.71	-			
Output	Current			Vout=0.1V, Vdf(t)>2.0V	1.15	1.41	-		
			V _{IN} =3.0V	Vout=0.1V, Vdf(t)>3.0V	1.44	1.77	-	4	
		. (*0)	V _{IN} =4.0V	Vout=0.1V, VDF(T)>4.0V	1.61	1.96	-	-	
		IOUTP (*2)	V _{IN} =6.0V	V _{OUT} =5.5V	-	-0.95	-0.60	mA	3
Leakage	CMOS Output(Pch)	ILEAK	VIN	=V _{DF} × 0.9, V _{OUT} =0V	-	-0.001	-	μA	3
Current	N-ch Open Drain	ILEAK	VI	V _{IN} =6.0V, V _{OUT} =6.0V		0.001	0.10	μΑ	9
	erature teristics	ΔV _{DF} / (ΔTopr・ V _{DF})	-40 °C≦Topr≦85 °C		-	±100	-	ppm/ºC	1
Detect Del	ay Time ^(*3)	t _{DF}		V _{IN} =6.0V→0.7V _N =V _{DF} to V _{OUT} =0.5V	-	30	100	μs	4
Release De	elay Time ^(*5)	t _{DR}		V _{IN} =0.7V→6.0V =V _{DR} to V _{OUT} =V _{DR} ^(*4)	-	20	100	μs	4

(*1): VDF (T): Nominal detect voltage

^(*2): For XC6120C only.

(*3): A time taking from the time at $V_{IN} = V_{DF}$ to the time at $V_{OUT}=0.5V$ when V_{IN} falls from 6.0V to 0.7V. (*4): V_{DR} : Release voltage ($V_{DR} = V_{DF} + V_{HYS}$) (*5): A time taking from the time at $V_{IN} = V_{DR}$ to the time at $V_{OUT} = V_{DR}$ when V_{IN} rise from 0.7V to 6.0V.

●XC6120N recommended	pull-up	resistance
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Input Voltage Range	Pull-up Resistance			
0.7V~6.0V	\geqq 220k Ω			
0.8V~6.0V	\geq 100k Ω			
1.0V~6.0V	\geq 33k Ω			

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

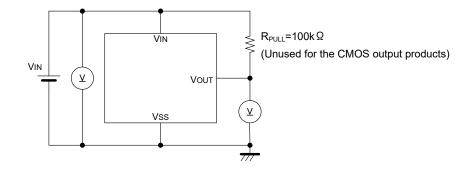
• DETECT VOLTAGE ACCURACY AND SUPPLY CURRENT SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	E	-1	E	-2	E	-3
PARAMETER	DETECT	VOLTAGE	SUPPLYC	SUPPLY CURRENT 1 I _{SS1} (µA) SUPPLY CURRENT 2 I _{SS2} (µA)		URRENT 2
NOMINAL DETECT VOLTAGE		(V) xx2 Series				
V _{DF(T)}	MIN.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.
1.0	0.970	1.030				
1.1	1.070	1.130	-			
1.2	1.170	1.230				
1.3	1.270	1.330				
1.4	1.370	1.430				4.0-5
1.5	1.470	1.530	0.5	1.4	0.4	1.35
1.6	1.568	1.632				
1.7	1.666	1.734				
1.8	1.764	1.836				
1.9	1.862	1.938				
2.0	1.960	2.040				
2.1	2.058	2.142				
2.2	2.156	2.244			1.7 0.5	1.60
2.3	2.254	2.346		. –		
2.4	2.352	2.448	0.6 1.7	1.7		
2.5	2.450	2.550				
2.6	2.548	2.652				
2.7	2.646	2.754				
2.8	2.744	2.856				
2.9	2.842	2.958				
3.0	2.940	3.060				
3.1	3.038	3.162				
3.2	3.136	3.264				
3.3	3.234	3.366				
3.4	3.332	3.468				
3.5	3.430	3.570				
3.6	3.528	3.672				
3.7	3.626	3.774				
3.8	3.724	3.876				
3.9	3.822	3.978	0.7	1.9	0.6	1.80
4.0	3.920	4.080	-			
4.1	4.018	4.182				
4.2	4.116	4.284				
4.3	4.214	4.386				
4.4	4.312	4.488				
4.5	4.410	4.590				
4.6	4.508	4.692				
4.7	4.606	4.794				
4.8	4.704	4.896]			
4.9	4.802	4.998				
5.0	4.900	5.100				

 $^{(*6)}$ When detect voltage is $1.0V {\leq} V_{DF(T)} {<} 1.5V$, detect accuracy is $\pm 30mV$. When detect voltage is $1.5V {\leq} V_{DF(T)} {\leq} 5.0V$, detect accuracy is $\pm 2\%$.

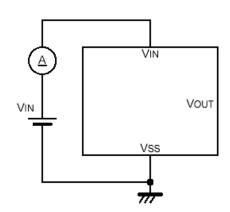
■TEST CIRCUITS

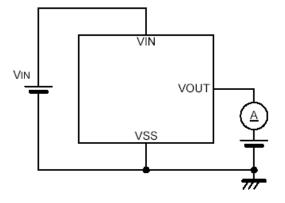
 $\operatorname{Circuit} (1)$



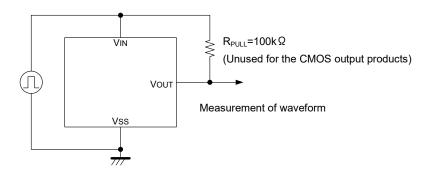
Circuit 2

Circuit ③



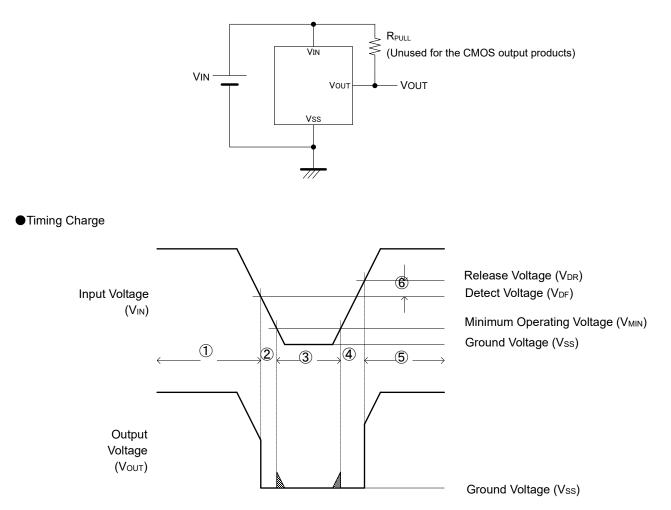


Circuit ④



■OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION

Typical Application Circuit



Note: For explaining in a simplified case, an operation time of the circuit is not counted.

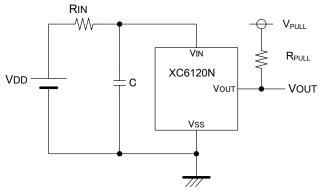
The following explains the operation of the typical application circuit along number symbols shown in the timing chart.

- ① When input voltage (V_{IN}) is higher than detect voltage (V_{DF}) , output voltage (V_{OUT}) will be equal to input voltage (V_{IN}) . (A condition of high impedance exists with N-ch open drain output configurations.)
- ② When input voltage (V_{IN}) falls below detect voltage (V_{DF}), output voltage (V_{OUT}) will be equal to the ground voltage (V_{SS}) level.
- ③ When input voltage (V_{IN}) falls to a level below that of the minimum operating voltage (V_{MIN}), output will become unstable. If In this condition, V_{IN} will equal the pulled-up output (should output be pulled-up.) (Input voltage, V_{IN}, in the typical application circuit.)
- When input voltage (V_{IN}) rises above the minimum operating voltage (V_{MIN}) level until it achieves a release voltage (V_{DR}), output keeps the ground voltage level (V_{SS}).
- (5) When the input voltage (V_{IN}) rises above the release voltage (V_{DR}), output voltage (V_{OUT} will be equal to input voltage (V_{IN}). (A condition of high impedance exists with N-ch open drain output configurations.)
- (6) The difference between V_{DR} and V_{DF} represents the hysteresis width.

■NOTE ON USE

- 1. Please use this IC within the stated maximum ratings. For temporary, transitional voltage drop or voltage rising phenomenon, the IC is liable to malfunction should the ratings be exceeded.
- 2. In order to stabilize the IC's operations, please ensure that V_{IN} pin's input frequency's rise and fall times are more than several μ s / V.
- 3. With a resistor connected between the V_{IN} pin and the power supply V_{DD} some errors may be observed from the input voltage at the detect and release voltage. Those errors are not constant because of the fluctuation of the supply current.
- 4. When a resistor is connected between the V_{IN} pin and the power supply V_{DD}, oscillation may occur as a result of through current and voltage drop at the R_{IN} at the time of voltage release. (refer to the Oscillation Description (1) below) Especially in the CMOS output configurations, oscillation may occur regardless of detect/release operation if load current (I_{OUT}) exists. (refer to the Oscillation Description (2) below)
- 5. Please use N-ch open drains configuration, when a resistor R_{IN} is connected between the V_{IN} pin and the power supply V_{DD} power source. In such cases, please ensure that R_{IN} is less than 10k Ω and that C is more than 0.1 μ F.

 Torex places an importance on improving our products and its reliability. However, by any possibility, we would request user fail-safe design and post-aging treatment on system or equipment.



[Figure 1: Circuit connected with the input resistor]

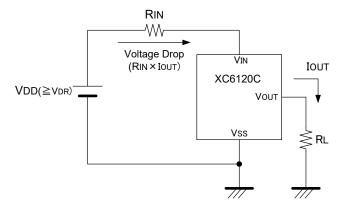
Oscillation Description

(1) Oscillation as a result of through current

Since the XC6120 series are CMOS ICs, transient through current will flow when the IC's internal circuit switching operates regardless of output configuration. Consequently, oscillation is liable to occur as a result of the similar operations as in (1) above. This oscillation does not occur during the detect operation.

(2) Output current oscillation with the CMOS output configuration

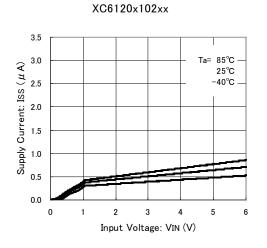
As shown in figure 2, when the voltage applied at the power supply (V_{DD}) rises from below detect voltage to above release voltage, the IC commence release operations and the internal P-ch driver transistor will be on. The output current (I_{OUT}) flows the input resistor (R_{IN}) via the P-ch driver transistor. Because of the input resistor (R_{IN}) and the output current (I_{OUT}), an input pin voltage drops $R_{IN} \times I_{OUT}$. If the voltage drop level is larger than the IC's hysteresis width (V_{HYS}), the input pin voltage will falls below the V_{DF} and detect operations will commerce so that the internal P-ch driver transistor will be off. The voltage drop will stop because the output current (I_{OUT}) which was flowing the P-ch driver transistor will run down. The input pin voltage will become the same voltage level as the input voltage (V_{IN}). For this, the input pin voltage will rise above the release voltage (V_{DR}), therefore, the release operations will begin over again. Oscillation may occur with this repetition. Further, this condition will also appear via means of a similar mechanism during detect operations.



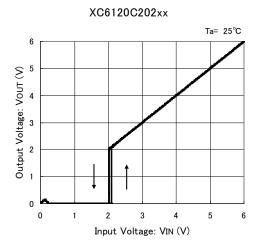
[Figure 2: Oscillation caused by the input resistor of the CMOS output product and the output current]

■TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

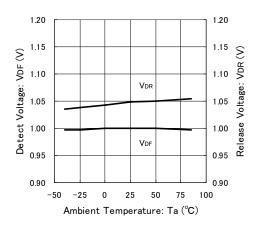
(1) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage



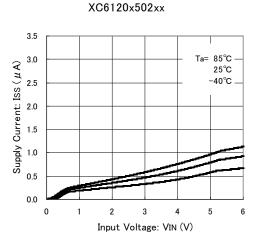
(2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage



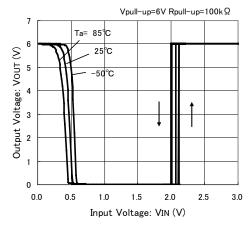
(3) Detect Voltage, Release Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



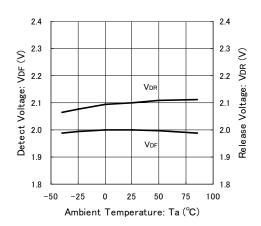




XC6120N202xx

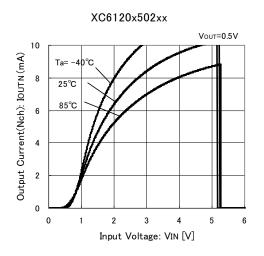


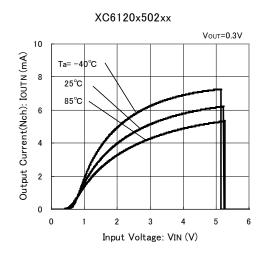
XC6120x202xx



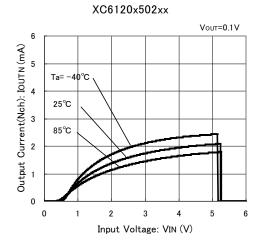
■TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(4) Output Current (Nch Driver) vs. Input Voltage

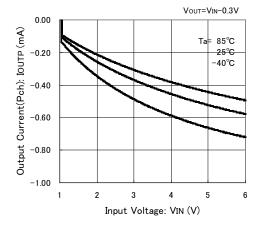


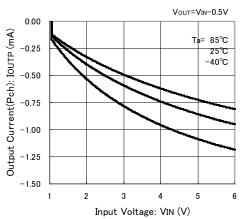


(5) Output Current (Pch Driver) vs. Input Voltage

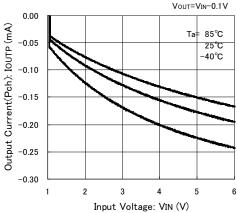












XC6120C102xx

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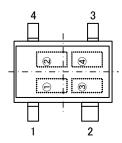
■PACKAGING INFORMATION

For the latest package information go to, www.torexsemi.com/technical-support/packages

PACKAGE	OUTLINE / LAND PATTERN	THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS
SOT-25	SOT-25 PKG	SOT-25 Power Dissipation
SSOT-24	SSOT-24 PKG	SSOT-24 Power Dissipation
USP-3	<u>USP-3 PKG</u>	USP-3 Power Dissipation

■ MARKING RULE

●SSOT-24



① represents output configuration and detect voltage Range

MARK	OUTPUT CONFIGURATION	OUTPUT VOLTAGE	PRODUCT SERIES
К	CMOS	1.0V~2.9V	XC6120C
L	CMOS	3.0V~5.0V	XC6120C
М	Neb anon drain	1.0V~2.9V	XC6120N
N	Nch open drain	3.0V~5.0V	XC6120N

SSOT-24 (TOP VIEW)

2 represents detect voltage

MARK	DETECT V	ETECT VOLTAGE (V) MARK DETECT VOLT		OLTAGE (V)	
0	-	3.0	F	1.5	4.5
1	-	3.1	Н	1.6	4.6
2	-	3.2	К	1.7	4.7
3	-	3.3	L	1.8	4.8
4	-	3.4	М	1.9	4.9
5	-	3.5	N	2.0	5.0
6	-	3.6	Р	2.1	-
7	-	3.7	R	2.2	-
8	-	3.8	S	2.3	-
9	-	3.9	Т	2.4	-
A	1.0	4.0	U	2.5	-
В	1.1	4.1	V	2.6	-
С	1.2	4.2	Х	2.7	-
D	1.3	4.3	Y	2.8	-
E	1.4	4.4	Z	2.9	-

③, ④ represents production lot number

01 to 09, 10, 11, ..., 99, 0A, ..., 0Z, 1A, ...repeated.

(G, I, J, O, Q, W excluded. Reversed character is not used.)

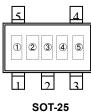
■ MARKING RULE (Continued)

OUSP-3



3 USP-3 (TOP VIEW)

●SOT-25



SOT-25 (TOP VIEW)

1	represents	product	series
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MARK	PRODUCT SERIES
0	XC6120*****

2 standard : represents output configuration and integer number of detect voltage
CMOS Output (XC6120C Series)

CMOS Output (XC6120C Series)

MARK	DETECT VOLTAGE (V)
А	1.X
В	2.X
С	3.X
D	4.X
Е	5.X

Nch open drain (XC6120N Series)

MARK	DETECT VOLTAGE (V)
F	1.X
Н	2.X
K	3.X
L	4.X
М	5.X

③ standard : represents decimal point of detect voltage

MARK	DETECT VOLTAGE (V)	PRODUCT SERIES
3	X.3	XC6120**3***
0	X.0	XC6120**0***

(4), (5) represents production lot number

01 to 09, 10, 11, …, 99, 0A, …, 0Z, 1A, …repeated. (G, I, J, O, Q, W excluded.)

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