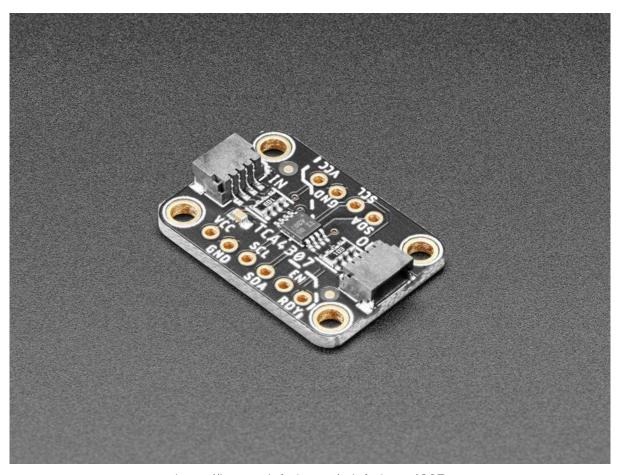


# Adafruit TCA4307 Hot-Swap I2C Buffer

Created by Kattni Rembor



https://learn.adafruit.com/adafruit-tca4307

Last updated on 2022-12-01 04:06:36 PM EST

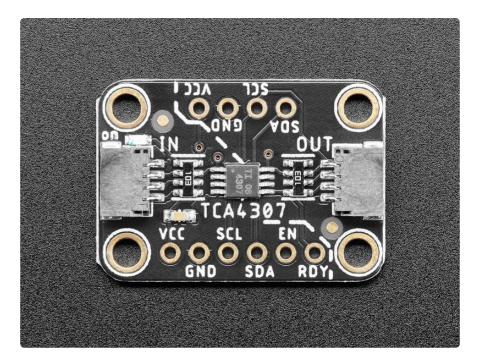
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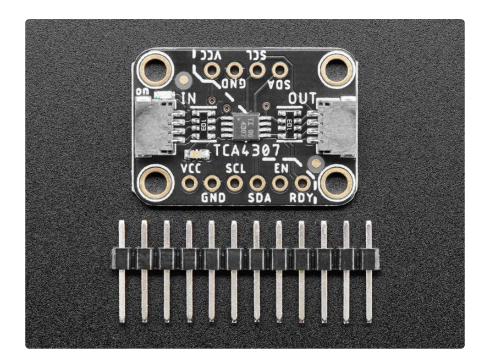
### Overview



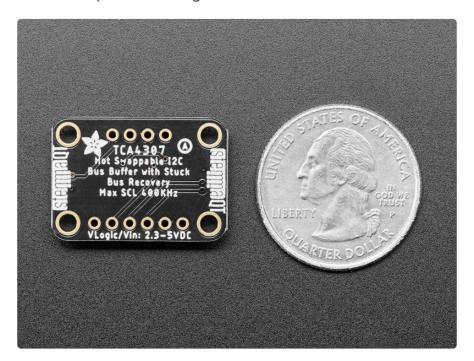
As we've been adding <u>STEMMA QT connectors</u> () to our breakouts and dev boards, folks have been really enjoying the simplicity and speed of plugging in I2C sensors and devices for quick iteration and design. That's all good, but I2C wasn't really designed for hot-plugging. You're kinda supposed to have everything connected once on boot and never mess with it - I2C was specified for on-board connections. And, folks who have experimented with hot-plugging I2C devices eventually have discovered that if you plug in or unplug at the wrong moment you can cause the bus to hang due to an extra SCL pulse or an unexpected capacitive load.

The Adafruit TCA4307 Hot-Swap I2C Buffer breakout here solves that problem. It's specifically designed to take a non-hot-swap protocol (I2C) and protect the controller from wayward peripherals messing with the bus during attach/detach.

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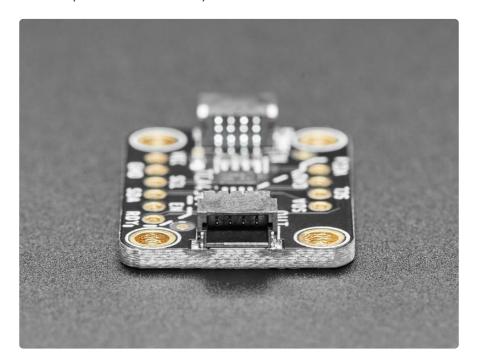
Usage is super simple. Connect the left side (IN) to your main board controller - Arduino, Raspberry Pi, Feather, etc. Then connect any I2C sensors you like to OUT side. Power is connected through - this isn't a power isolator, just a bus buffer. You can use 2.3 to 5.5V DC power and logic levels.



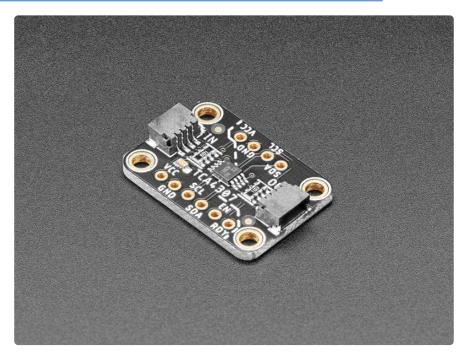
The chip can handle up to 400KHz I2C clock rates and even has stuck bus recovery: it automatically disconnects the bus if it detects either SDAOUT or SCLOUT are low for about 40 ms. Once the bus is disconnected, the device automatically generates up to 16 pulses on SCLOUT to attempt to reset the device which is holding the bus low.

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There's also an extra ENable pin, if you want to disconnect the in and out sides, and a READY pin that will let you know if the peripheral is buffer-connected to the controller (and is safe to attempt communication).

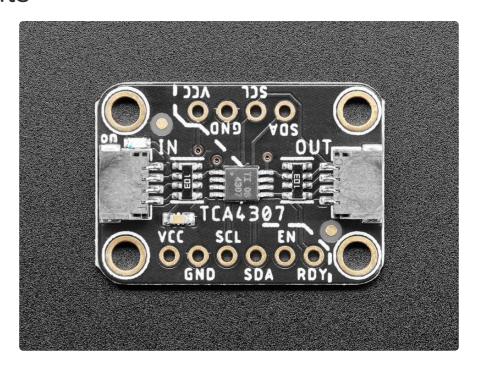


To get you going fast, we spun up a custom-made PCB in the <u>STEMMA QT form</u> factor (), making it easy to interface with. The <u>STEMMA QT connectors</u> () on either side are compatible with the <u>SparkFun Qwiic</u> () I2C connectors. This allows you to make solderless connections between your development board and the TCA4307 or to chain it with a wide range of other sensors and accessories using a <u>compatible cable</u> (). QT Cables are not included, but we have a variety in the shop ().



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### **Pinouts**



### **Power Pins**

This breakout requires between 2.3V and 5.5V, and can be easily used with most microcontrollers from an Arduino to a Feather or something else. Power is connected through to both sides - this board is not a power isolator.

- VCC this is the power pin. To power the board, give it the same power as the logic level of your microcontroller - e.g. for a 5V micro like Arduino, use 5V
- GND common ground for power and logic

## Logic Pins

- SCL I2C clock pin, connect to your microcontrollers I2C clock line. The logic level is the same as VCC.
- SDA I2C data pin, connect to your microcontrollers I2C data line. The logic level is the same as VCC.
- <u>STEMMA QT</u> () These connectors allow you to connect to dev boards with STE MMA QT connectors or to other things with various associated accessories ().

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### Other Pins

- EN This is the Enable input pin. Allows you to disconnect the in and out sides when pulled low
- RDY This is the Ready output pin. It will let you know if the peripheral is bufferconnected to the controller (and is safe to attempt communication).

### Wiring

Connecting up the TCA4307 is super simple. Simply include it between your microcontroller and your I2C sensor or breakout as shown below.

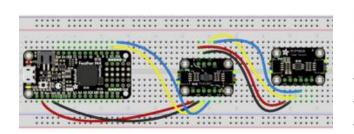
fritzing

Here is how to wire it up using STEMMA QT:



Board 3V to TCA4307 in VIN
Board GND to TCA4307 in GND
Board SCL to TCA4307 in SCL
Board SDA to TCA4307 in SDA
TCA4307 out VIN to breakout VIN
TCA4307 out GND to breakout GND
TCA4307 out SCL to breakout SCL
TCA4307 out SDA to breakout SDA

Here is how to wire it up using a solderless breadboard:



Board 3V to TCA4307 in VIN
Board GND to TCA4307 in GND
Board SCL to TCA4307 in SCL
Board SDA to TCA4307 in SDA
TCA4307 out VIN to breakout VIN
TCA4307 out GND to breakout GND
TCA4307 out SCL to breakout SCL
TCA4307 out SDA to breakout SDA

Now you're ready to hot--swap your I2C breakout or sensor!

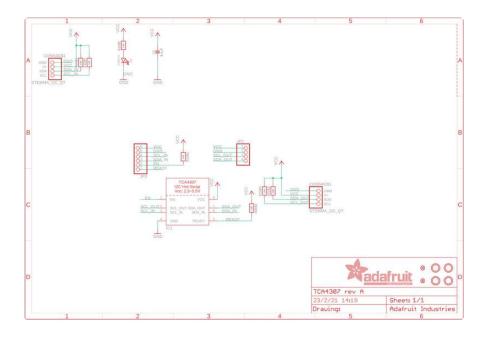
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# Downloads

#### **Files**

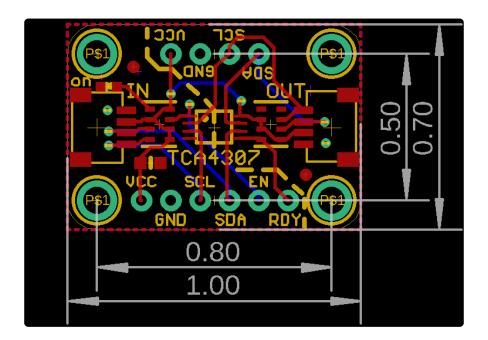
- TCA4307 Datasheet ()
- EagleCAD PCB files on GitHub ()
- Fritzing object in the Adafruit Fritzing Library ()

## Schematic



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# Fab Print



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