



# Delphi Series V48SH, 1/16<sup>th</sup> Brick 100W DC/DC Power Modules: 48V in, 1.8V, 30A out

The Delphi Series V48SH, 1/16<sup>th</sup> Brick, 48V input, single output, isolated DC/DC converter, is the latest offering from a world leader in power systems technology and manufacturing — Delta Electronics, Inc. This product family provides up to 100 watts of power or 40A of output current (1.8V and below) in an industry standard 1/16<sup>th</sup> brick form factor (1.30" x 0.90"). The 1.8V output offers one of the highest output currents available and provides up to 89% efficiency at full load. With creative design technology and optimization of component placement, these converters possess outstanding electrical and thermal performance, as well as extremely high reliability under highly stressful operating conditions. All modules are protected from abnormal input/output voltage, current, and temperature conditions. For lower power needs, but in a similar small form factor, please check out Delta, V36SE (50W or 15A), S48SP (36W or 10A) and S36SE (17W or 5A) series standard DC/DC modules.

#### **FEATURES**

- High efficiency: 89% @ 1.8V/30A
- Size: 33.0x22.8x9.5mm (1.30"x0.90"x0.37")
- Industry standard footprint and pinout
- Fixed frequency operation
- SMD and through-hole versions
- Input UVLO
- OTP and output OCP, OVP
- Output voltage trim: -20%, +10%
- Monotonic startup into normal and pre-biased loads
- 1500V isolation and basic insulation
- No minimum load required
- No negative current during power or enable on/off
- ISO 9001, TL 9000, ISO 14001, QS 9000, OHSAS18001 certified manufacturing facility
- IEC/EN/UL/CSA 62368-1, 2nd edition
- UL/cUL 60950-1 (US & Canada)
   Recognized

#### **OPTIONS**

- SMD pins
- Short pin lengths available
- Positive remote On/Off
- Heat spreader

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Optical Transport
- Data Networking
- Communications
- Servers



# **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

(T<sub>A</sub>=25°C, airflow rate=300 LFM, V<sub>in</sub>=48Vdc, nominal Vout unless otherwise noted.)

| PARAMETER   | NOTES and CONDITIONS  | V48SH1R830 (St |          |            | tandard)         |  |
|---|---|----------------|----------|------------|------------------|--|
| ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS  |   | Min.           | Тур.     | Max. Units |                  |  |
| Input Voltage   |   |                |          |            |                  |  |
| Continuous  |   |                |          | 80         | Vdc              |  |
| Transient (100ms)   | 100ms  Refer to figure 20 for measuring point   | -40            |          | 100<br>120 | Vdc<br>°C        |  |
| Operating Temperature Storage Temperature   | Refer to figure 20 for measuring point  | -40<br>-55     |          | 125        | °C               |  |
| Input/Output Isolation Voltage  |   | -              |          | 1500       | Vdc              |  |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS   |   |                |          |            |                  |  |
| Operating Input Voltage   |   | 36             |          | 75         | Vdc              |  |
| Input Under-Voltage Lockout Turn-On Voltage Threshold                                   |   | 32.5           | 34       | 35.5       | Vdc              |  |
| Turn-Off Voltage Threshold  |   | 30.5           | 32       | 33.5       | Vdc              |  |
| Lockout Hysteresis Voltage  |   | 1              | 2        | 3          | Vdc              |  |
| Maximum Input Current   | 100% Load, 36Vin  |                | 50       | 1.8        | A                |  |
| No-Load Input Current Off Converter Input Current                                       |   |                | 50<br>7  | 80<br>12   | mA<br>mA         |  |
| Inrush Current (I²t)  | With 100uF external input capacitor   |                | 7        | 1          | A <sup>2</sup> s |  |
| Start up Current  | Peak, Vin=36V, 100% Load, With 10000uF Co   |                | 2.2      | 3          | A                |  |
| Input Terminal Ripple Current   | RMS, Vin=36V, 100% Load, With 10000dr Co  |                | 0.07     | 0.11       | A                |  |
| Input Reflected-Ripple Current  | P-P thru 12µH inductor, 5Hz to 20MHz  |                | 8        | 15         | mA               |  |
| Input Voltage Ripple Rejection  | 120 Hz  |                | 45       |            | dB               |  |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS  |   |                |          |            |                  |  |
| Output Voltage Set Point  | Vin=48V, Io=Io.max, Tc=25°C   | 1.773          | 1.8      | 1.827      | Vdc              |  |
| Output Voltage Regulation Over Load   | lo=lo, min to lo, max   |                | ±5       |            | mV               |  |
| Over Line   | Vin=36V to 75V  |                | ±5       |            | mV               |  |
| Over Temperature  | Tc=-40°C to125°C  |                | ±18      |            | mV               |  |
| Total Output Voltage Range  | Over sample load, line and temperature  | 1.746          |          | 1.854      | ٧                |  |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise   | 5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth  |                | 70       | 100        | m\/              |  |
| Peak-to-Peak<br>RMS   | Full Load, 1μF ceramic, 10μF tantalum Full Load, 1μF ceramic, 10μF tantalum   |                | 70<br>25 | 120<br>50  | mV<br>mV         |  |
| Operating Output Current Range  | Tun Loud, Tun Cordinio, Tour tantalum   | 0              | 20       | 30         | A                |  |
| Output Over Current Protection  | Output Voltage 10% Low  | 110            |          | 140        | %                |  |
| DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS   |   |                |          |            |                  |  |
| Output Voltage Current Transient  Positive Step Change in Output Current                | 48V, 10μF Tan & 1μF Ceramic load cap, 0.1A/μs<br>50% lo.max to 75% lo.max   |                | 50       | 100        | mV               |  |
| Negative Step Change in Output Current  | 75% Io.max to 50% Io.max  |                | 50       | 100        | mV               |  |
| Settling Time (within 1% Vout nominal)  |   |                | 150      | 300        | us               |  |
| Turn-On Transient   |   |                |          |            |                  |  |
| Start-Up Time, From On/Off Control  |   | 12             |          | 28         | ms               |  |
| Start-Up Time, From Input   | Cap ESR>=3mohm;   | 12             |          | 28         | ms               |  |
| Maximum Output Capacitance  | Full load; 5% overshoot of Vout at startup;   | 0              |          | 10000      | μF               |  |
| EFFICIENCY  |   |                |          |            |                  |  |
| 100% Load   | Vin=48V   | 87.5           | 89       |            | %                |  |
| 60% Load ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS  | Vin=48V   | 87.5           | 89       |            | %                |  |
| Input to Output   |   |                |          | 1500       | Vdc              |  |
| Isolation Resistance  |   | 10             |          | .000       | MΩ               |  |
| Isolation Capacitance   |   |                | 1500     |            | pF               |  |
| FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS   |   |                | 200      |            | ld In            |  |
| Switching Frequency ON/OFF Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic                        |   |                | 300      |            | kHz              |  |
| Logic Low (Module On)   | Von/off   | -0.7           |          | 0.8        | V                |  |
| Logic High (Module Off)   | Von/off   | 2              |          | 15         | ٧                |  |
| ON/OFF Control, Positive Remote On/Off logic  |   |                |          |            |                  |  |
| Logic Low (Module Off) Logic High (Module On)   | Von/off<br>Von/off  | -0.7           |          | 0.8<br>15  | V                |  |
| ON/OFF Current (for both remote on/off logic)   | Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V   | 2              |          | 0.3        | mA               |  |
| ON/OFF Current (for both remote on/off logic)   | Ion/off at Von/off=2V   | 10             |          | 0.0        | uA               |  |
| Leakage Current (for both remote on/off logic)  | Logic High, Von/off=15V   | 10             |          | 50         | uA               |  |
|   | Max rated current guaranteed at full trim range   | -20            |          | 10         | %                |  |
| Output Voltage Trim Range   |   |                |          | 10         | %                |  |
| <u> </u>  | Max rated current guaranteed at full remote   |                | ,        | 10         |                  |  |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range   | sense range   |                | 100      | 10         |                  |  |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range  Output Over-Voltage Protection                       |   |                | 130      | 10         | %                |  |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Over-Voltage Protection GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS | sense range   |                |          | 10         | %                |  |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Over-Voltage Protection                        | Sense range Over full temp range; % of nominal Vout  Per Telecordia SR-332, 100% load, 40°C, 48Vin, 400LFM  |                | 130      | 10         |                  |  |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Over-Voltage Protection GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS | Sense range Over full temp range; % of nominal Vout  Per Telecordia SR-332, 100% load, 40°C, 48Vin, 400LFM  Per Telecordia SR-332, 50% load, 25°C, 48Vin, |                |          | 10         | %                |  |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Over-Voltage Protection GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS | Sense range Over full temp range; % of nominal Vout  Per Telecordia SR-332, 100% load, 40°C, 48Vin, 400LFM  |                | 1.9      | 10         | %<br>M hours     |  |

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES**

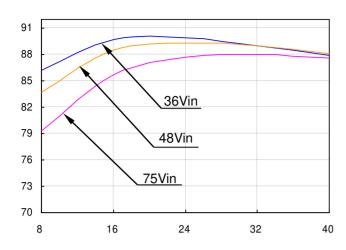


Figure 1: Efficiency vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C

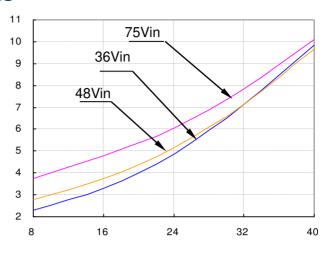


Figure 2: Power dissipation vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

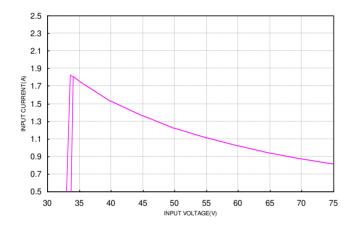
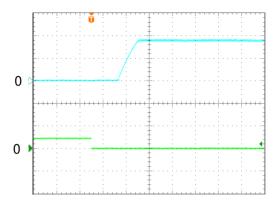


Figure 3: Typical full load input characteristics at room temperature

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES**

#### For Negative Remote On/Off Start up



**Figure 4:** Turn-on transient at full rated load current (10 ms/div). Vin=48V. Top Trace: Vout, 1.0V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input, 5V/div

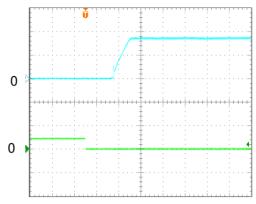
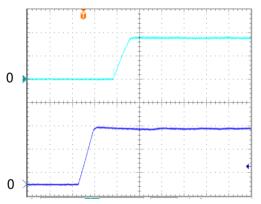
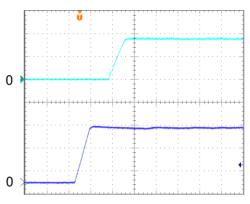


Figure 5: Turn-on transient at zero load current (10 ms/div). Vin=48V. Top Trace: Vout: 1.0V/div, Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input, 5V/div

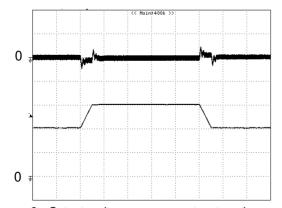
# For Input Voltage Start up



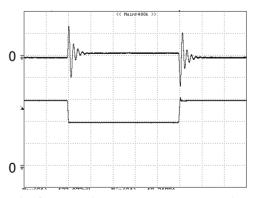
**Figure 6:** Turn-on transient at full rated load current (10 ms/div). Vin=48V. Top Trace: Vout, 1.0V/div; Bottom Trace: Vin, 20V/div



**Figure 7:** Turn-on transient at zero load current (10 ms/div). Vin=48V. Top Trace: Vout, 1.0V/div; Bottom Trace: Vin, 20V/div

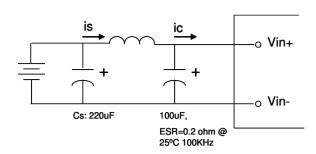


**Figure 8:** Output voltage response to step-change in load current (75%-50%-75% of Io, max; di/dt =  $0.1A/\mu s$ ). Load cap:  $10\mu F$  tantalum capacitor and  $1\mu F$  ceramic capacitor. Top Trace: Vout (50mV/div, 200us/div), Bottom Trace: lout (10A/div). Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module



**Figure 9:** Output voltage response to step-change in load current (75%-50%-75% of lo, max; di/dt =  $1.0A/\mu s$ ). Load cap:  $220\mu F$  tantalum capacitor and  $1\mu F$  ceramic capacitor. Top Trace: Vout (100mV/div, 200us/div), Bottom Trace: lout (10A/div). Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES**



**Figure 10:** Test set-up diagram showing measurement points for Input Terminal Ripple Current and Input Reflected Ripple Current.

Note: Measured input reflected-ripple current with a simulated source Inductance (LTEST) of 12 µH. Capacitor Cs offset possible battery impedance. Measure current as shown above

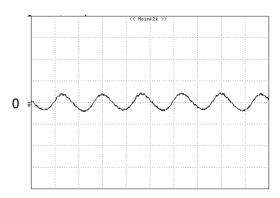
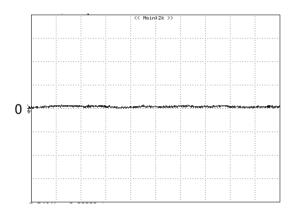


Figure 11: Input Terminal Ripple Current, i<sub>c</sub>, at full rated output current and nominal input voltage with 12μH source impedance and 33μF electrolytic capacitor (200 mA/div, 1us/div)



**Figure 12:** Input reflected ripple current, is, through a 12µH source inductor at nominal input voltage and rated load current (20 mA/div, 1us/div)

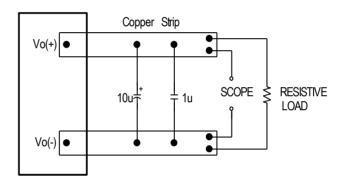
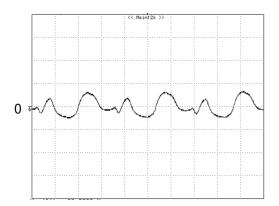


Figure 13: Output voltage noise and ripple measurement test setup



**Figure 14:** Output voltage ripple at nominal input voltage and rated load current (Io=40A)(50 mV/div, 1us/div)
Load capacitance: 1μF ceramic capacitor and 10μF tantalum capacitor. Bandwidth: 20 MHz. Scope measurements should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module.

#### **DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS**

#### **Input Source Impedance**

The impedance of the input source connecting to the DC/DC power modules will interact with the modules and affect the stability. A low ac-impedance input source is recommended. If the source inductance is more than a few  $\mu H$ , we advise adding a 10 to 100  $\mu F$  electrolytic capacitor (ESR < 0.7  $\Omega$  at 100 kHz) mounted close to the input of the module to improve the stability.

#### **Layout and EMC Considerations**

Delta's DC/DC power modules are designed to operate in a wide variety of systems and applications. For design assistance with EMC compliance and related PWB layout issues, please contact Delta's technical support team. An external input filter module is available for easier EMC compliance design.

#### **Safety Considerations**

The power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-user's safety agency standard, i.e., IEC 62368-1: 2014 (2nd edition), EN 62368-1: 2014 (2nd edition), UL 62368-1, 2nd Edition, 2014-12-01 and CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1-14, 2nd Edition, 2014-12. IEC 60950-1: 2005, 2nd Edition + A1: 2009 + A2: 2013, EN 60950-1: 2006 + A11: 2009 + A1: 2010 + A12: 2011 + A2: 2013, UL 60950-1, 2nd Edition, 2011-10-14 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-07, 2nd Edition, 2010-14, if the system in which the power module is to be used must meet safety agency requirements.

Basic insulation based on 75 Vdc input is provided between the input and output of the module for the purpose of applying insulation requirements when the input to this DC-to-DC converter is identified as TNV-2 or SELV. An additional evaluation is needed if the source is other than TNV-2 or SELV.

When the input source is SELV circuit, the power module meets SELV (safety extra-low voltage) requirements. If the input source is a hazardous voltage which is greater than 60 Vdc and less than or equal to 75 Vdc, for the module's output to meet SELV requirements, all of the following must be met:

- The input source must be insulated from the ac mains by reinforced or double insulation.
- The input terminals of the module are not operator accessible.
- A SELV reliability test is conducted on the system where the module is used, in combination with the module, to ensure that under a single fault, hazardous voltage does not appear at the module's output.

When installed into a Class II equipment (without grounding), spacing consideration should be given to the end-use installation, as the spacing between the module and mounting surface have not been evaluated.

The power module has extra-low voltage (ELV) outputs when all inputs are ELV.

This power module is not internally fused. To achieve optimum safety and system protection, an input line fuse is highly recommended. The safety agencies require a Fast-acting fuse with 30A maximum rating to be installed in the ungrounded lead. A lower rated fuse can be used based on the maximum inrush transient energy and maximum input current.

# **Soldering and Cleaning Considerations**

Post solder cleaning is usually the final board assembly process before the board or system undergoes electrical testing. Inadequate cleaning and/or drying may lower the reliability of a power module and severely affect the finished circuit board assembly test. Adequate cleaning and/or drying is especially important for un-encapsulated and/or open frame type power modules. For assistance on appropriate soldering and cleaning procedures, please contact Delta's technical support team.

#### **FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS**

#### **Over-Current Protection**

The modules include an internal output over-current protection circuit, which will endure current limiting for an unlimited duration during output overload. If the output current exceeds the OCP set point, the modules will automatically shut down, and enter hiccup mode or latch mode, which is optional.

For hiccup mode, the module will try to restart after shutdown. If the over current condition still exists, the module will shut down again. This restart trial will continue until the over-current condition is corrected.

For latch mode, the module will latch off once it shutdown. The latch is reset by either cycling the input power or by toggling the on/off signal for one second.

#### **Over-Voltage Protection**

The modules include an internal output over-voltage protection circuit, which monitors the voltage on the output terminals. If this voltage exceeds the over-voltage set point, the module will shut down, and enter in hiccup mode or latch mode, which is optional.

For hiccup mode, the module will try to restart after shutdown. If the over voltage condition still exists, the module will shut down again. This restart trial will continue until the over-voltage condition is corrected.

For latch mode, the module will latch off once it shutdown. The latch is reset by either cycling the input power or by toggling the on/off signal for one second.

#### **Over-Temperature Protection**

The over-temperature protection consists of circuitry that provides protection from thermal damage. If the temperature exceeds the over-temperature threshold the module will shut down, and enter in auto-restart mode or latch mode, which is optional.

For auto-restart mode, the module will monitor the module temperature after shutdown. Once the temperature is dropped and within the specification, the module will be auto-restart.

For latch mode, the module will latch off once it shutdown. The latch is reset by either cycling the input power or by toggling the on/off signal for one second.

#### Remote On/Off

The remote on/off feature on the module can be either negative or positive logic. Negative logic turns the module on during a logic low and off during a logic high. Positive logic turns the modules on during a logic high and off during a logic low.

Remote on/off can be controlled by an external switch between the on/off terminal and the Vi(-) terminal. The switch can be an open collector or open drain.

For negative logic if the remote on/off feature is not used, please short the on/off pin to Vi(-). For positive logic if the remote on/off feature is not used, please leave the on/off pin floating.

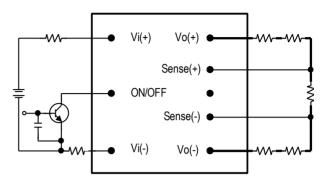


Figure 15: Remote on/off implementation

#### **Remote Sense**

Remote sense compensates for voltage drops on the output by sensing the actual output voltage at the point of load. The voltage between the remote sense pins and the output terminals must not exceed the output voltage sense range given here:

$$[Vo(+) - Vo(-)] - [SENSE(+) - SENSE(-)] \le 10\% \times Vout$$

This limit includes any increase in voltage due to remote sense compensation and output voltage set point adjustment (trim).

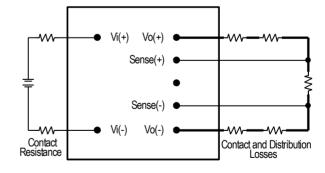


Figure 16: Effective circuit configuration for remote sense operation

If the remote sense feature is not used to regulate the output at the point of load, please connect SENSE(+) to Vo(+) and SENSE(-) to Vo(-) at the module.

The output voltage can be increased by both the remote sense and the trim; however, the maximum increase is the larger of either the remote sense or the trim, not the sum of both.

# **FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS (CON.)**

When using remote sense and trim, the output voltage of the module is usually increased, which increases the power output of the module with the same output current.

Max rated current is guaranteed at full output voltage remote sense range.

#### **Output Voltage Adjustment (TRIM)**

To increase or decrease the output voltage set point, connect an external resistor between the TRIM pin and either the SENSE(+) or SENSE(-). The TRIM pin should be left open if this feature is not used.

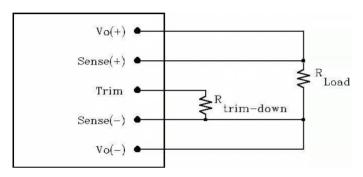


Figure 17: Circuit configuration for trim-down (decrease output voltage)

If the external resistor is connected between the TRIM and SENSE (-) pins, the output voltage set point decreases (Fig. 18). The external resistor value required to obtain a percentage of output voltage change  $\triangle\%$  is defined as:

$$Rtrim - down = \left\lceil \frac{511}{\Delta} - 10.2 \right\rceil (K\Omega)$$

Ex. When Trim-down -10% (1.8V×0.9=1.62V)

$$Rtrim - down = \left[\frac{511}{10} - 10.2\right] (K\Omega) = 40.9(K\Omega)$$

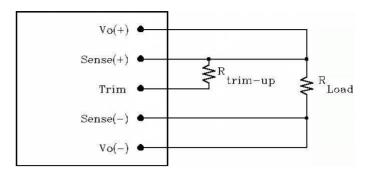


Figure 18: Circuit configuration for trim-up (increase output voltage)

If the external resistor is connected between the TRIM and SENSE (+) the output voltage set point increases (Fig. 19). The external resistor value required to obtain a percentage output voltage change  $\triangle\%$  is defined as:

Rtrim - 
$$up = \frac{5.11\text{Vo}(100 + \Delta)}{1.225\Delta} - \frac{511}{\Delta} - 10.2(K\Omega)$$

Ex. When Trim-up +10% (1.8V×1.1=1.98V)

$$Rtrim - up = \frac{5.11 \times 1.8 \times (100 + 10)}{1.225 \times 10} - \frac{511}{10} - 10.2 = 21.3 (K\Omega)$$

Trim resistor can also be connected to Vo+ or Vo- but it would introduce a small error voltage than the desired value.

The output voltage can be increased by both the remote sense and the trim, however the maximum increase is the larger of either the remote sense or the trim, not the sum of both.

When using remote sense and trim, the output voltage of the module is usually increased, which increases the power output of the module with the same output current.

Max rated current is guaranteed at full output voltage trim range.

# THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

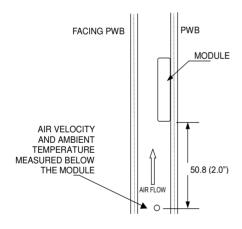
Thermal management is an important part of the system design. To ensure proper, reliable operation, sufficient cooling of the power module is needed over the entire temperature range of the module. Convection cooling is usually the dominant mode of heat transfer.

Hence, the choice of equipment to characterize the thermal performance of the power module is a wind tunnel.

#### **Thermal Testing Setup**

Delta's DC/DC power modules are characterized in heated vertical wind tunnels that simulate the thermal environments encountered in most electronics equipment. This type of equipment commonly uses vertically mounted circuit cards in cabinet racks in which the power modules are mounted.

The following figure shows the wind tunnel characterization setup. The power module is mounted on a test PWB and is vertically positioned within the wind tunnel. The space between the neighboring PWB and the top of the power module is constantly kept at 6.35mm (0.25").



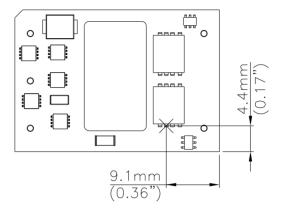
Note: Wind Tunnel Test Setup Figure Dimensions are in millimeters and (Inches)

Figure 19: Wind tunnel test setup

#### **Thermal Derating**

Heat can be removed by increasing airflow over the module. To enhance system reliability, the power module should always be operated below the maximum operating temperature. If the temperature exceeds the maximum module temperature, reliability of the unit may be affected.

#### THERMAL CURVES



**Figure 20:** Temperature measurement location The allowed maximum hot spot temperature is defined at 120  $^{\circ}$ C.

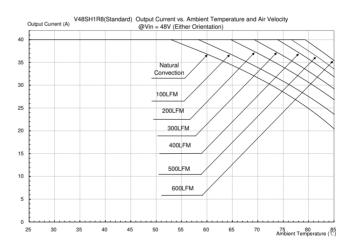


Figure 21: Output Current vs. Ambient Temperature and Air Velocity @ Vin=48V (Either Orientation)

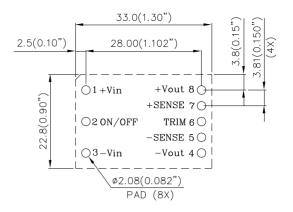
# PICK AND PLACE LOCATION

# 33.0(1.30") 16.10(0.634") (2.060) (2.07) (3.07) (4.07) (5.07) (6.08) (7.07) (7.07) (7.07) (8.08) (9.08) (

#### NOTES:

ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES) TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.) X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

# **RECOMMENDED PAD LAYOUT (SMD)**

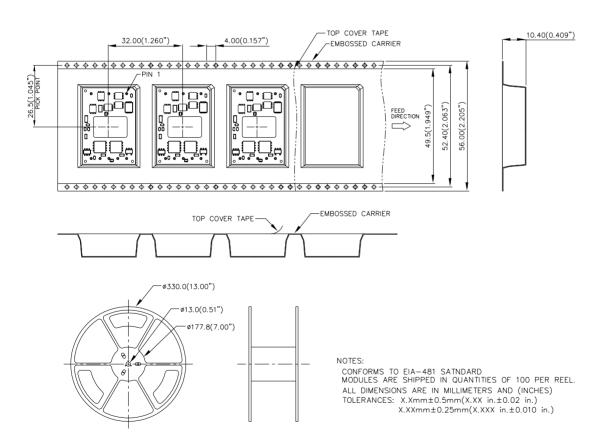


#### RECOMENDED P.W.B. PAD LAYOUT

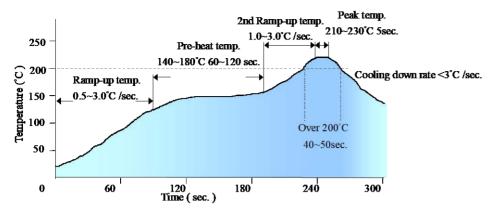
#### NOTES:

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES)
TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.)
X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

#### **SURFACE-MOUNT TAPE & REEL**

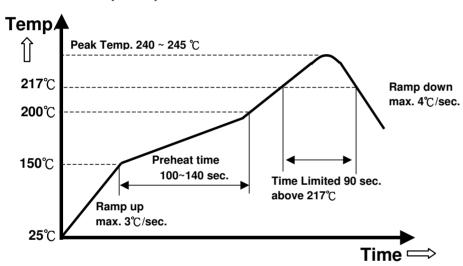


# LEADED (Sn/Pb) PROCESS RECOMMEND TEMP. PROFILE



Note: The temperature refers to the pin of V48SH, measured on the pin +Vout joint.

# LEAD FREE (SAC) PROCESS RECOMMEND TEMP. PROFILE



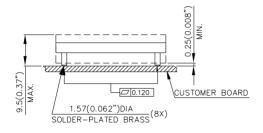
Note: The temperature refers to the pin of V48SH, measured on the pin +Vout joint.

# **MECHANICAL DRAWING**

# Surface-mount module

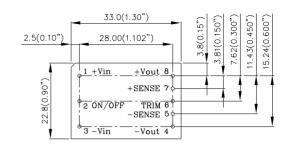
#### 33.0(1.30") 3.8(0.15") 3.81(0.150") 7.62(0.300") 11.43(0.450") 15.24(0.600") 2.5(0.10" 28.00(1.102") 1 + Vin <u> +Vout\_8</u> 22.8(0.90") +SENSE 7 TRIM 6 \$ ON/OFF -SENSE 5¢ 3-Vin -Vout 4

TOP VIEW

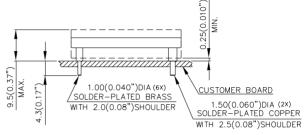


SIDE VIEW

# Through-hole module



TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW

NOTES:
DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES)
TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.)
X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

| Pin No. | <u>Name</u> | <u>Function</u>         |  |  |
|---------|-------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| 1       | +Vin        | Positive input voltage  |  |  |
| 2       | ON/OFF      | Remote ON/OFF           |  |  |
| 3       | -Vin        | Negative input voltage  |  |  |
| 4       | -Vout       | Negative output voltage |  |  |
| 5       | -SENSE      | Negative remote sense   |  |  |
| 6       | TRIM        | Output voltage trim     |  |  |
| 7       | +SENSE      | Positive remote sense   |  |  |
| 8       | +Vout       | Positive output voltage |  |  |

#### PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

| V                  | 48               | S                    | Н                 | 1R8               | 30                | N                          | R                        | F | Α   |
|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|
| Type of<br>Product | Input<br>Voltage | Number of<br>Outputs | Product<br>Series | Output<br>Voltage | Output<br>Current | ON/OFF<br>Logic            | Pin<br>Length/Type       |   | Option Code                                     |
| V - 1/16<br>Brick  | 48-<br>36V~75V   | S - Single           | H - High<br>Power | 1R8 - 1.8V        | 30 - 30A          | N- Negative<br>P- Positive | R - 0.170"<br>N - 0.145" |   | A - Standard Functions<br>H - with Heatspreader |

#### **MODEL LIST**

| MODEL NAME     | INPUT   |      | OUTPUT |     | EFF @ 100% LOAD |  |
|----------------|---------|------|--------|-----|-----------------|--|
| V48SH1R840NNFA | 36V~75V | 3A   | 1.8V   | 40A | 88.5%           |  |
| V48SH1R830NNFA | 36V~75V | 2.5A | 1.8V   | 30A | 89%             |  |

Default remote on/off logic is negative and pin length is 0.170"

For different remote on/off logic and pin length, please refer to part numbering system above or contact your local sales office.

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#### **WARRANTY**

Delta offers a two (2) year limited warranty. Complete warranty information is listed on our web site or is available upon request from Delta.

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