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# Part No:



NOTE :

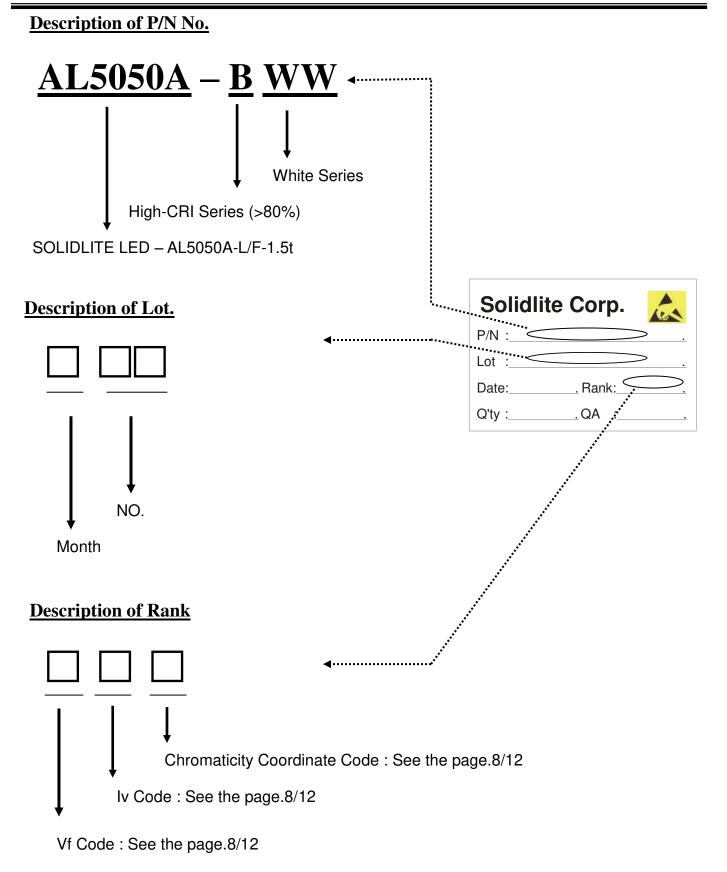
# Tri-Wavelength White LED Green Part

MAKER			MAKER		MAKER		CUST	OMER
R&D	QA	Sales	Checked	Approved				
Sky	gat	25						

Prepared	Checked	Approved
Rachel Lee	Sky Lin	Kenneth Wu



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<u>Absolute Maximum Ratings at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  (\*The values are based on 3-dies performance)</u>

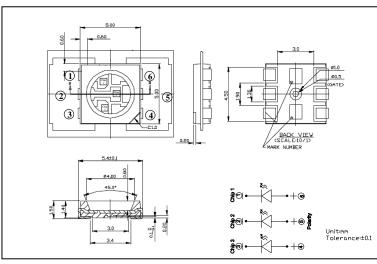
Parameter	MAX.	Unit	
DC forward current*	90	mA	
Power Dissipation*	300	mW	
Pulse Current (1/10 duty, 10ms Pulse width)*	360	mA	
Reverse Voltage (V <sub>r</sub> )	5	V	
Electrostatic Discharge Classification(HBM)	± 500V		
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-55℃ to +100℃		
Lead Soldering Temperature	245°C for 10 seconds		
Electrical and Optical Characteristics at $T_A = 2$	<b>25°C</b> (*The values are based on	3-dies performance)	

Parameter	Test Condition	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Chromaticity Coordinate <sup>#1</sup>	I _60m A	CIE-X	0.281		0.367	
Chromaticity Coordinate	I <sub>F</sub> =60mA	CIE-Y	0.270		0.415	-
Forward Voltage <sup>#2</sup>	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	V <sub>F</sub>	3.0	—	3.5	V
Reverse Current	$V_R=5V$	I <sub>R</sub>	—	—	10	μA
Luminous Intensity <sup>#3</sup>	I <sub>F</sub> =60mA	Iv	4000	—	6000	mcd
Luminous Flux <sup>#3</sup>	I <sub>F</sub> =60mA	Φv		11.2		lm
Viewing Angle	I <sub>F</sub> =60mA	2 \operatorname{1}/2		120		deg

#:Please refer to CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.#2.The values are based on 1-die performance.

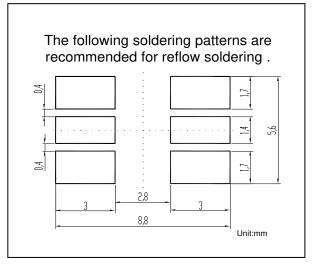
These values measured by Optical Spectrum Analyzer of SOLIDLITE. Recommend forward current for longer duration is 60mA.

#3.The values are based on 3-dies performance.A



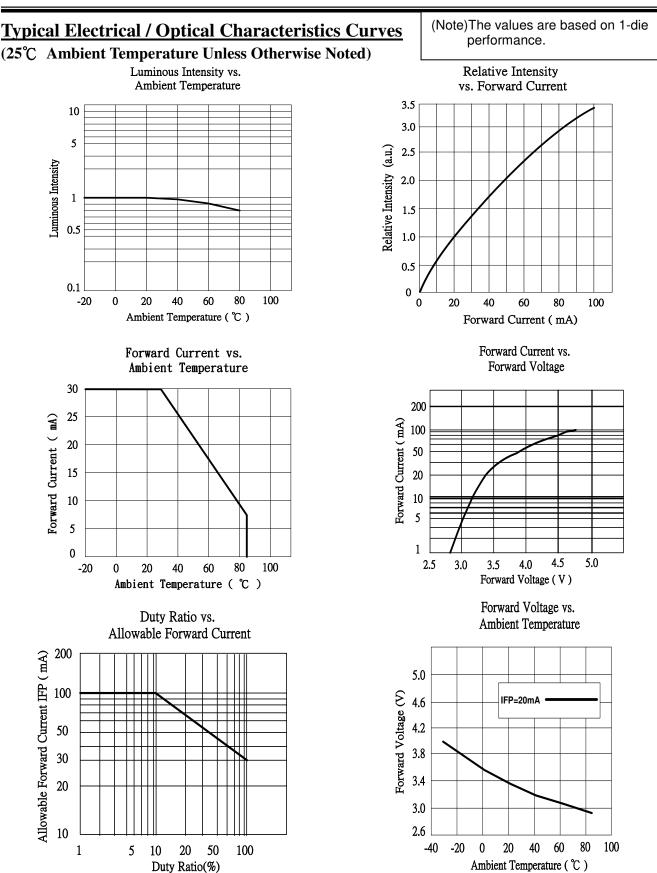
## Package outline dimensions :

## Recommended pad :



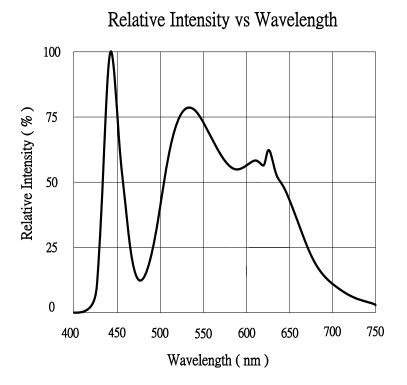


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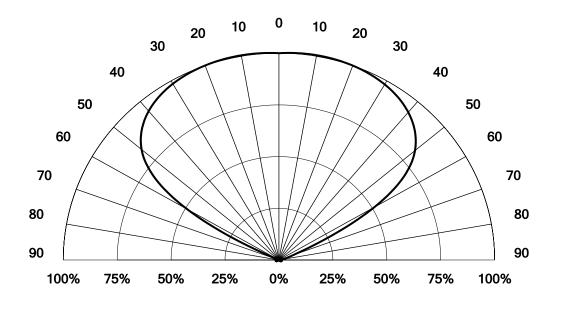




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Spatial Distribution





### **Surface Mounting Condition**

In automatic mounting of the SMD LEDs on printed circuit boards, any bending, expanding and pulling forces or shock against the SMD LEDs shall be kept min. to prevent them from electrical failures and mechanical damages of the devices.

### **Soldering Reflow**

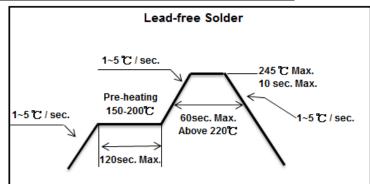
Soldering of the SMD LEDs shall conform to the soldering condition in the individual specifications. SMD LEDs are designed for Reflow Soldering.

In the reflow soldering, too high temperature and too large temperature gradient such as rapid heating / cooling may cause electrical & optical failure and damages of the devices.

Solidlite can not quarantee the LED after they have been assembled using the solder dipping method .

## <u>commended Soldering Temperature \_ Time Profile ( Reflow Soldering )</u>

Lead Free Solder				
Pre-heat	<mark>150~200 ზ</mark>			
Pre-heat time	120 sec. Max.			
Peak-Temperature	245 °C Max.			
Soldering time Condition	10 sec. Max.			



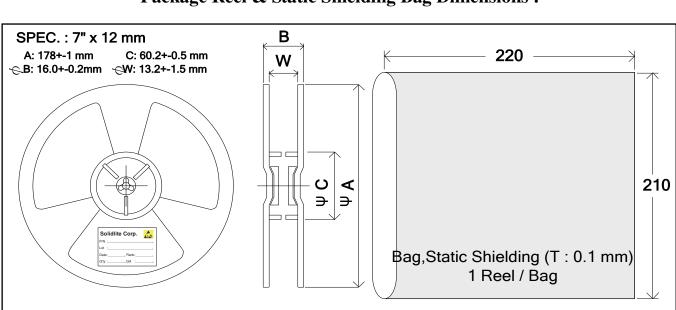
## **Reliability Test Item and Conditions**

• Resu	lts of Reliability	*Test(Note)The values are based on 1-die performant			e performance.		
No	Item	Test Condition	Test Hours/Cycles	Sample No	Ac / Re		
1	DC Operating Life	I <sub>F</sub> : 20mA*	1,000 HRS	20 PCS	0 / 1		
2	Pulse Life Test	1/2 duty,0.1ms pulse width	500 HRS	20 PCS	0 / 1		
3	High Temperature Storage	Temp : 100°C	1,000 HRS	20 PCS	0 / 1		
4	Low Temperature Storage	Temp : -55°C	1,000 HRS	20 PCS	0 / 1		
5	Thermal Shock Test	$\begin{array}{ccc} -40 \ ^{\circ}\text{C} & & 80 \ ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ 5 \text{min} & 8 \text{secs} & 5 \text{min} \end{array}$	100 CYCLES	20 PCS	0/1		
6	Temperature Cycle	-40°C ~25°C ~100°C ~25°C 30min 5min 30min 5min	300 CYCLES	20 PCS	0 / 1		
7	Temp. & Humidity bias	T <sub>A</sub> =60°C,RH=90%,I <sub>F</sub> =5mA*	1,000 HRS	20 PCS	0 / 1		
• The	The Reliability Criteria of SMD LED						

Item	Symbol	Test Coundition	Limit		
Item	Symbol	Symbol Test Coundition		Max.	
Forward Voltage	VF	IF : 20mA	-	U.S.L*1.2	
Reverse Current	IR	VR : 5V	-	U.S.L.*2.0	
Luminous Intensity	Iv	IF : 20mA	L.S.L.*0.5		
*U.S.L. : Upper Standard Level *L.S.L. : Lower Standard Level					



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Package Reel & Static Shielding Bag Dimensions :

Package Carrier Tape Dimensions : 500 pcs/Reel

				P2	Ko				<b>t</b>	E = B - B	30 ↓ ;' Unit:mn	-
ITEM	w	P1	E	F	D0	D1	P0	t	P2	Ко	Ao	Bo
SPEC	12.0	8.0	1.75	5.5	1.50	1.50	4.0	0.29	2.0	2.23	5.25	5.75
TOL	+0.30 -0.10	±0.1	±0.1	±0.05	+0.1 -0.0	+0.25		±0.02	±0.05	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1



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### **Ranks Combination**

V	f	A1
V <sub>F</sub> @20mA	(Voltage)	3.0 ~ 3.5

Luminous Intensity		СВ	CC
Iv@60mA	(mcd)	4000 ~5000	5000 ~6000

Chromaticity Coordinate <sup>#</sup>		BA	BB	BC	BD	BE	BF
CIE(X/Y) @60mA		(0.281,0.285) (0.287,0.294) (0.293,0.279) (0.287,0.270)	(0.287,0.294) (0.293,0.303) (0.299,0.288) (0.293,0.279)	(0.293,0.303) (0.299,0.312) (0.305,0.297) (0.299,0.288)	(0.299,0.312) (0.305,0.322) (0.310,0.305) (0.305,0.297)	(0.305,0.322) (0.313,0.334) (0.317,0.316) (0.310,0.305)	(0.313,0.334) (0.322,0.347) (0.323,0.325) (0.317,0.316)
Color Temperature CCT@60mA (°K)		9100~10000	8500~9100	7600~8500	7000~7600	6500~7000	6000~6500
Chromaticity	Chromaticity Coordinate <sup>#</sup>		BH	BJ	BK	BL	-
CIE(X/Y) @60mA		(0.322,0.347) (0.330,0.359) (0.330,0.335) (0.323,0.325)	(0.330,0.359) (0.338,0.371) (0.337,0.346) (0.330,0.335)	(0.338,0.371) (0.349,0.388) (0.346,0.359) (0.337,0.346)	(0.349,0.388) (0.358,0.402) (0.356,0.374) (0.346,0.359)	(0.358,0.402) (0.367,0.415) (0.363,0.385) (0.356,0.374)	-
Color Ten CCT@60mA	nperature (°K)	5650~6000	5300~5650	5000~5300	4700~5000	4500~4700	-

#:Please refer to CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

( Vf )The values are based on 1-die performance.

The quantity ratio of the ranks is decided by SOLIDLITE.

#### Note:

1. The products are sensitive to static electricity and care must be fully taken when handling products.

2. Measurement Uncertainty of the Luminous Intensity:  $\pm 10\,\%$ 

3. Measurement Uncertainty of the Chromaticity Coordinate: ±0.01

4. Measurement Uncertainty of the Voltage: ±0.05V



### Cautions :

### 1. Storage

\*Storage Conditions

Before opening the package:

The LEDs should be kept at  $30^{\circ}$ C or less and 90%RH or less. The LEDs should be used within a

year. When storing the LEDs, moisture proof packaging with absorbent material (silica gel) is recommended.

After opening the package:

The LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 70%RH or less. The LEDs should be soldered within 72 hours (3days) after opening the package. If unused LEDs remain, they should be stored in moisture proof packages, such as sealed containers with packages of moisture absorbent material (silica gel). It's also recommended to return the LEDs to the original moisture proof bag and to reseal the moisture proof bag again.\*If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following condition.

Baking treatment: more than 24 hours at  $65+/-5^{\circ}C$ .

- \*Solidlite LED electrode sections are comprised of a silver plated copper alloy. The silver surface may be affected by environments which contain corrosive gases and so on. Please avoid conditions which may cause the LED to corrode, tarnish or discolor. This corrosion or discoloration may cause difficulty during soldering operations. It is recommended that the user use the LEDs as soon as possible.
- \*Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially in high humidity environments where condensation can occur.

### 2. Moisture Proof Package

- \*When moisture is absorbed into the SMT package it may vaporize and expand during soldering. There is a possibility that this can cause exfoliation of the contacts and damage to the optical characteristics of the LEDs. For this reason, the moisture proof package is used to keep moisture to a minimum in the package.
- \*The moisture proof package is made of an aluminum moisture proof bag whit a zipper. A package of a moisture absorbent material (silica gel) is inserted into the aluminum moisture proof bag. The silica gel changes its color from blue to pink as it absorbs moisture.



### 3. Heat Generation

\*Thermal design of the end product is of paramount importance. Please consider the heat generation of the LED when making the system design. The coefficient of temperature increase per input electric power is affected by the thermal resistance of the circuit board and density of LED placement on the board, as well as other components. It is necessary to avoid intense heat generation and operate within the maximum ratings given in this specification.

\*The operating current should be decided after considering the ambient maximum temperature of LEDs.

### 4. Static Electricity

\*Static electricity or surge voltage damages the LEDs.

It is recommended that a wrist band or an anti-electrostatic glove be used when handling the LEDs.

\*All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

It is recommended that measures be taken against surge voltage to the equipment that mounts the LEDs.

\*When inspecting the final products in which LEDs were assembled, it is recommended to check whether the assembled LEDs are damaged by static electricity or not. It is to find static-damaged LEDs by a light-on or a VF test at a lower current (below 1mA is recommended)

\*Damaged LEDs will show some unusual characteristics such as the leak current remarkably increases, the forward voltage becomes lower, or the LEDs do not light at the low current.

Criteria:(VF>2.0 V at IF=0.5mA)

### 5. Cleaning

\*It is recommended that isopropyl alcohol be used as a solvent for cleaning the LEDs. When using other solvents, it should be confirmed beforehand whether the solvents will dissolve the package and the resin or not. Freon solvents should not be used to clean the LEDs because of worldwide regulations.

\*Do not clean the LEDs by the ultrasonic. When it is absolutely necessary, the influence of ultrasonic cleaning on the LEDs depends on factors such as ultrasonic power and the assembled condition. Before cleaning, a pre-test should be done to confirm whether any damage to the LEDs will occur.



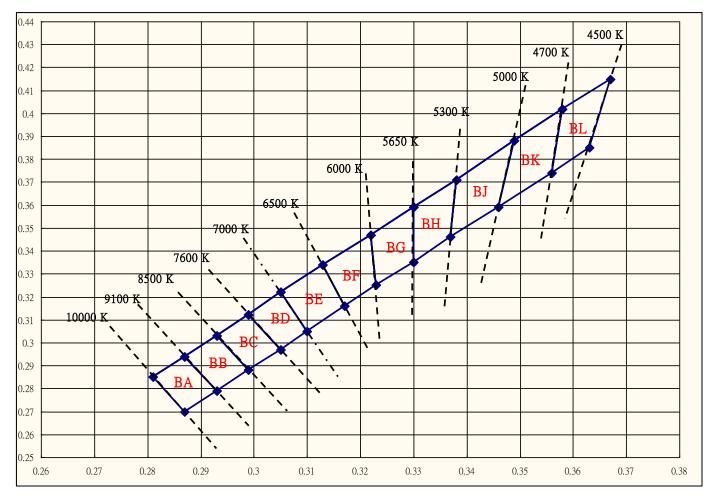
### 6. Other

- \*Care must be taken to ensure that the reverse voltage will not exceed the absolute maximum rating when using the LEDs with matrix drive.
- \*The LED light output is strong enough to injure human eyes. Precaution must be taken to prevent looking directly at the LEDs with unaided eyes for more than a few seconds
- \*Flashing lights have been known to cause discomfort in people. You can prevent this by taking precautions during use. Also, people should be cautious when using equipment that has had LEDs incorporated into it.
- \*The LEDs described in this brochure are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communications equipment, measurement instruments and household appliances). Consult Solidlite's sales staff in advance for information on the applications in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as for airplanes, aerospace, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, automobiles, traffic control equipment, life support systems and safety devices).
- \*User shall not reverse engineer by disassembling or analysis of the LEDs without having prior written consent from Solidlite. When defective LEDs are found, the user shall inform Solidlite directly before disassembling or analysis.
- \*The formal specifications must be exchanged and signed by both parties before large volume purchased begins.
- \*The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.



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## **Chromaticity Coordinat**



### CIE X-Y:

BA ---- (0.281,0.285) (0.287,0.294) (0.293,0.279) (0.287,0.270) BB ---- (0.287,0.294) (0.293,0.303) (0.299,0.288) (0.293,0.279) BC ---- (0.293,0.303) (0.299,0.312) (0.305,0.297) (0.299,0.288) BD ---- (0.299,0.312) (0.305,0.322) (0.310,0.305) (0.305,0.297) BE ---- (0.305,0.322) (0.313,0.334) (0.317,0.316) (0.310,0.305) BF ---- (0.313,0.334) (0.322,0.347) (0.323,0.325) (0.317,0.316) BG ---- (0.322,0.347) (0.330,0.359) (0.330,0.335) (0.323,0.325) BH ---- (0.330,0.359) (0.338,0.371) (0.337,0.346) (0.330,0.335) BJ ---- (0.349,0.388) (0.358,0.402) (0.356,0.374) (0.346,0.359) BL ---- (0.358,0.402) (0.367,0.415) (0.363,0.385) (0.356,0.374)