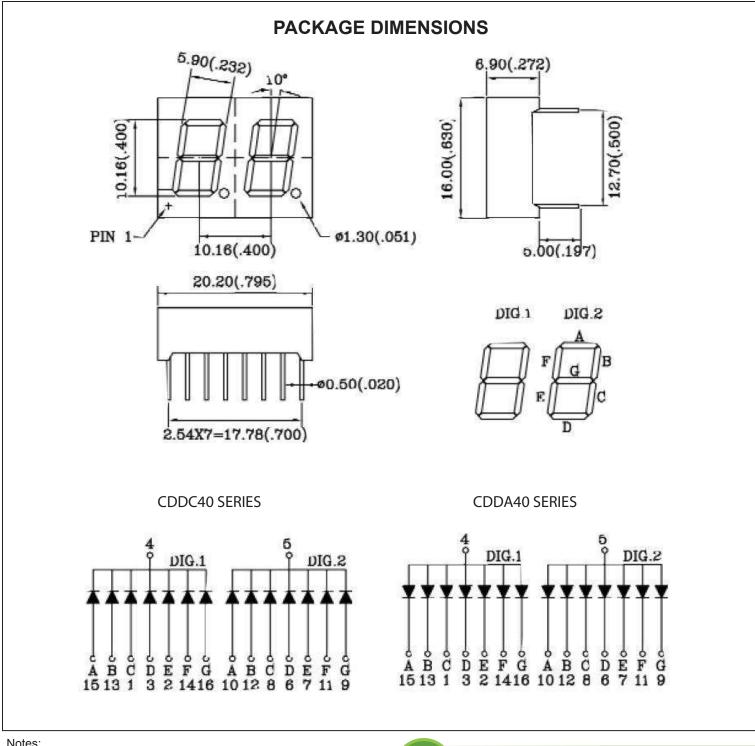


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SPECIFICATIONS



Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is ± 0.25mm (0.01") unless otherwised noted.
- 3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



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CDDX40 SERIES

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PART NUMBER DESCRIPTION

| Part Number | Chip Material | Color of Emission | Lens Type | Description |
|-------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| CDDA40R1W | GaAsP | Red | White Segment | Common Anode |
| CDDC40R1W | GaAsP | Red | White Segment | Common Cathode |
| CDDA40RR1W | AlGaAs | Super Red | White Segment | Common Anode |
| CDDC40RR1W | AlGaAs | Super Red | White Segment | Common Cathode |
| CDDA40Y1W | GaAsP | Yellow | White Segment | Common Anode |
| CDDC40Y1W | GaAsP | Yellow | White Segment | Common Cathode |
| CDDA40G1W | GaP | Green | White Segment | Common Anode |
| CDDC40G1W | GaP | Green | White Segment | Common Cathode |
| CDDA40B1W | GaN | Blue | White Segment | Common Anode |
| CDDC40B1W | GaN | Blue | White Segment | Common Cathode |

OPTICAL-ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(TA=25°C)

| | Wave- length (nm) | Absolute Maximum | | | Electro-Optical Characteristics | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|---------------------------------|--------|------|-----|-------|------------------|-------|
| Part Number | | Δλ | PD | IAF | IPF | VF (V) | | | IF | Ιν (μcd) | |
| | | nm | mW | mA | (Peak) | Min | Тур | Max | (Rec) | Min | Тур |
| CDDA40R1W | 625 | 45 | 75 | 30 | 100 | 1.7 | 1.85 | 2.5 | 10 | 1900 | 4700 |
| CDDC40R1W | 625 | 45 | 75 | 30 | 100 | 1.7 | 1.85 | 2.5 | 10 | 1900 | 4700 |
| CDDA40RR1W | 640 | 20 | 72 | 20 | 100 | 1.6 | 1.75 | 2.4 | 10 | 8000 | 18000 |
| CDDC40RR1W | 640 | 20 | 72 | 20 | 100 | 1.6 | 1.75 | 2.4 | 10 | 8000 | 18000 |
| CDDA40Y1W | 588 | 35 | 75 | 30 | 100 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 10 | 1200 | 3000 |
| CDDC40Y1W | 588 | 35 | 75 | 30 | 100 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 10 | 1200 | 3000 |
| CDDA40G1W | 568 | 30 | 65 | 30 | 100 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 10 | 3000 | 8000 |
| CDDC40G1W | 568 | 30 | 65 | 30 | 100 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 10 | 3000 | 8000 |
| CDDA40B1W | 470 | 30 | 120 | 30 | 100 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 10 | 1900 | 14000 |
| CDDC40B1W | 470 | 30 | 120 | 30 | 100 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 10 | 1900 | 14000 |





ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Reverse Voltage | 5V | Spectral Line half-width (λ) | nm |
|---------------------------|----------------------|---|----|
| Reverse Current (Vr = 5V) | 100µA | Power Dissipation (PD) | mW |
| Operating Temperature | -40°C~+85°C | Peak Forward Current (Duty 1/10, @ KHz) | mA |
| Storage Temperature | -40°C~+85°C | Recommended Operation Current (IF Rec) | mA |
| Soldering Temperature | 250C~260C for 3 sec. | Average Luminous Intensity (IF=10) | μA |

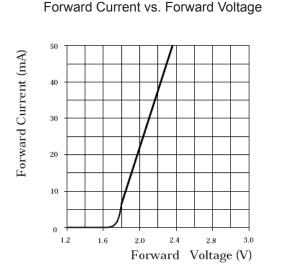


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(TA=25°C)

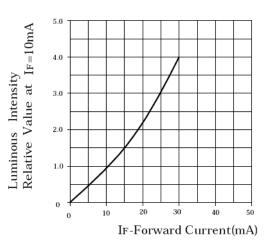


0.28" Four Digit Clock Display 0.28" Four Digit Clock Display OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES - RED

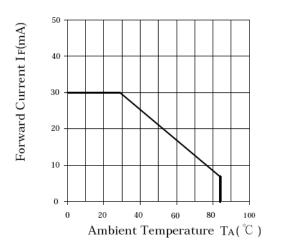


Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

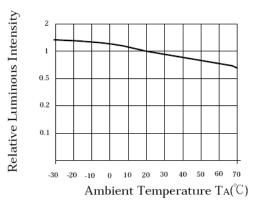
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Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

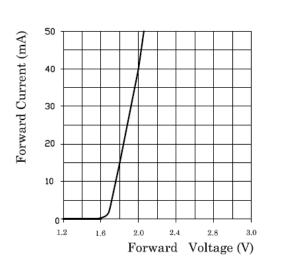






0.28" Four Di

OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES - SUPER RED



Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

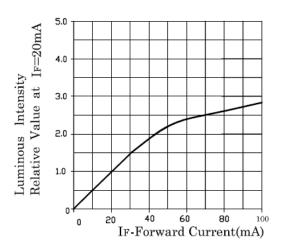
Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

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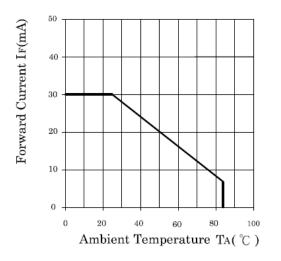
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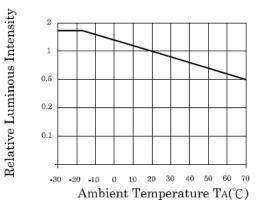
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Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

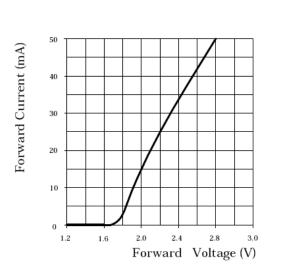


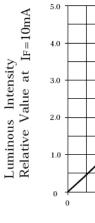




OPTICAL CHARACTER OW IC CUR S Four Digit Clock Display

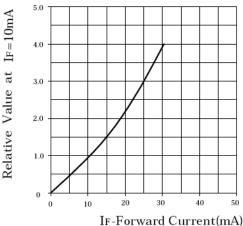
Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



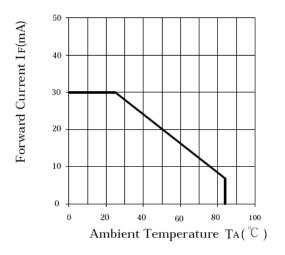


Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

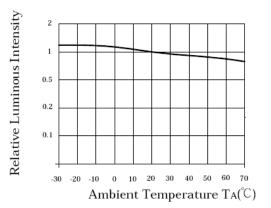
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Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature



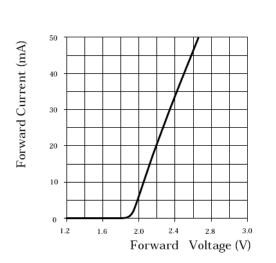


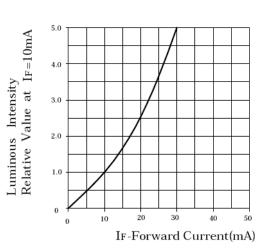


OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES - 영유혼란자

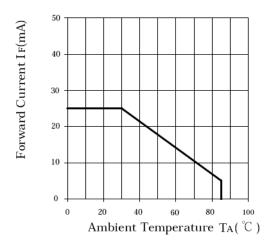
Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

0.28" Four Digit Clock Display

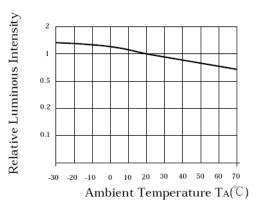




Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature





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Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

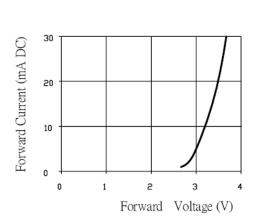
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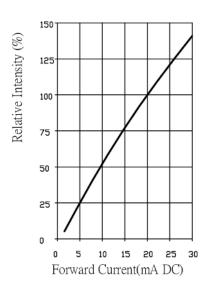


OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES - BLUE

Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

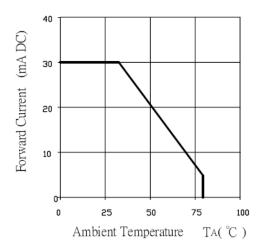


Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

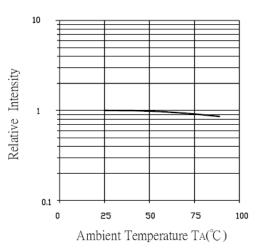


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Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature







SOLDERING CONDITIONS - DISPLAY

- * Solder the LED no closer than 3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb. Soldering beyond the base of the tie bar is recommended.
- * Recommended soldering conditions

| Dip Soldering | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Pre-Heat | 100 °C Max | | |
| Pre-Heat Time | 60 Second Max | | |
| Solder Bath Temperature | 260 °C Max | | |
| Dippng Time | 5 Second Max | | |
| Dipping Position | No lower than 3mm from the base of the epoxy | | |

| Hand Soldering | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 3mm Series | Others | | |
| Temperature Soldering Time Position | 300 °C Max 3 Second Max No closer than 3mm from the base of the epoxy | 350 °C Max 3 Second Max No closer than 3mm from the base of the epoxy | | |

- * Do not apply any stress to the lead. Particularly when heated.
- * The LED must not be repositioned after soldering.
- * After soldering the LEDs, the epoxy bulb should be protected from mechanical shock or vibration until the LEDs return to room temperature.
- * Direct soldering onto a PC board should be avoided. Mechanical stress to the resin may be caused by the PC board warping or from the clinching and cutting of the leadframes. When it is absolutely necessary, the LEDs may be mounted in this fashion, but, the user will assume responsibility for any problems. Direct soldering should only be done after testing has confirmed that no damage, such as wire bond failure or resin deterioration, will occur. LEDs should not be soldered directly to double sided PC boards because the heat will deteriorate the epoxy resin.
- * When it is necessary to clamp the LEDs to prevent soldering failure, it is important to minimize the mechanical stress on the LEDs.
- * Cut the LED leadframes at room temperature. Cutting the leadframes at high temperature may cause LED failure.

