

SEMICONDUCTOR

## FSB32560 Motion SPM<sup>®</sup> 3 Series

## Features

- UL Certified No. E209204 (UL1557)
- 600 V 25 A 3-Phase IGBT Inverter with Integral Gate Drivers and Protection
- · Low-Loss, Short-Circuit Rated IGBTs
- · Low Thermal Resistance Using Ceramic Substrate
- · Dedicated Vs Pins Simplify PCB Layout
- Separate Open-Emitter Pins from Low-Side IGBTs for Three-Phase Current Sensing
- Single-Grounded Power Supply
- Isolation Rating: 2500 V<sub>rms</sub> / min.

## **Applications**

· Motion Control - Home Appliance / Industrial Motor

## **Related Resources**

· AN-9035 - Motion SPM 3 Series Ver.2 User's Guide



## **General Description**

FSB32560 is a Motion SPM<sup>®</sup> 3 module providing a fullyfeatured, high-performance inverter output stage for AC Induction, BLDC, and PMSM motors. These modules integrate optimized gate drive of the built-in IGBTs to minimize EMI and losses, while also providing multiple on-module protection features including under-voltage lockouts, over-current shutdown, and fault reporting. The built-in, high-speed HVIC requires only a single supply voltage and translates the incoming logic-level gate inputs to the high-voltage, high-current drive signals required to properly drive the module's internal IGBTs. Separate negative IGBT terminals are available for each phase to support the widest variety of control algorithms.

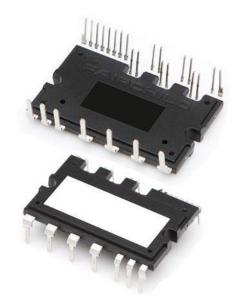


Figure 1. Package Overview

## Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device	Device Marking	Package	Packing Type	Quantity
FSB32560	FSB32560	SPMBA-027	Rail	10

## **Integrated Power Functions**

• 600 V - 25 A IGBT inverter for three-phase DC / AC power conversion (please refer to Figure 3)

## Integrated Drive, Protection and System Control Functions

- For inverter high-side IGBTs: gate drive circuit, high-voltage isolated high-speed level shifting
  control circuit Under-Voltage Lock-Out Protection (UVLO)
  Note: Available bootstrap circuit example is given in Figures 10 and 11.
- For inverter low-side IGBTs: gate drive circuit, Short-Circuit Protection (SCP)
  control supply circuit Under-Voltage Lock-Out Protection (UVLO)
- · Fault signaling: corresponding to UVLO (low-side supply) and SC faults
- · Input interface: active-HIGH interface, works with 3.3 / 5 V logic, Schmitt-trigger input

## **Pin Configuration**

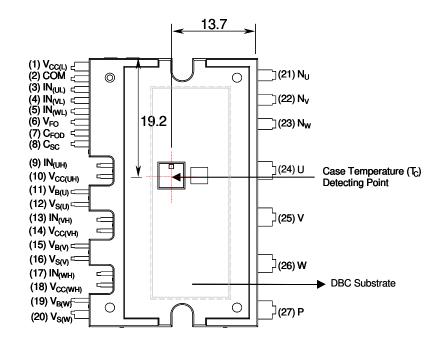


Figure 2. Top View

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Description
1	V <sub>CC(L)</sub>	Low-Side Common Bias Voltage for IC and IGBTs Driving
2	COM	Common Supply Ground
3	IN <sub>(UL)</sub>	Signal Input for Low-Side U-Phase
4	IN <sub>(VL)</sub>	Signal Input for Low-Side V-Phase
5	IN <sub>(WL)</sub>	Signal Input for Low-Side W-Phase
6	V <sub>FO</sub>	Fault Output
7	C <sub>FOD</sub>	Capacitor for Fault Output Duration Selection
8	C <sub>SC</sub>	Capacitor (Low-pass Filter) for Short-Circuit Current Detection Input
9	IN <sub>(UH)</sub>	Signal Input for High-Side U-Phase
10	V <sub>CC(UH)</sub>	High-Side Bias Voltage for U-Phase IC
11	V <sub>B(U)</sub>	High-Side Bias Voltage for U-Phase IGBT Driving
12	V <sub>S(U)</sub>	High-Side Bias Voltage Ground for U-Phase IGBT Driving
13	IN <sub>(VH)</sub>	Signal Input for High-Side V-Phase
14	V <sub>CC(VH)</sub>	High-Side Bias Voltage for V-Phase IC
15	V <sub>B(V)</sub>	High-Side Bias Voltage for V-Phase IGBT Driving
16	V <sub>S(V)</sub>	High-Side Bias Voltage Ground for V-Phase IGBT Driving
17	IN <sub>(WH)</sub>	Signal Input for High-Side W Phase
18	V <sub>CC(WH)</sub>	High-Side Bias Voltage for W-Phase IC
19	V <sub>B(W)</sub>	High-Side Bias Voltage for W-Phase IGBT Driving
20	V <sub>S(W)</sub>	High-Side Bias Voltage Ground for W-Phase IGBT Driving
21	NU	Negative DC-Link Input for U-Phase
22	N <sub>V</sub>	Negative DC-Link Input for V-Phase
23	N <sub>W</sub>	Negative DC-Link Input for W-Phase
24	U	Output for U-Phase
25	V	Output for V-Phase
26	W	Output for W-Phase
27	Р	Positive DC-Link Input

FSB32560 Motion SPM® 3 Series

#### Internal Equivalent Circuit and Input/Output Pins P (27) (19) V<sub>B()</sub> VB (18) V<sub>CC(WH)</sub> VCC OUT COM (17) IN<sub>0</sub> W (26) vs IN (20) V<sub>S(W)</sub> (15) V<sub>B(V)</sub> VB ) (14) V<sub>CC(VH</sub> VCC OUT COM (13) IN<sub>(VH</sub> vs IN V (25) (16) V<sub>S(V)</sub> (11) V<sub>B(U)</sub> VB (10) V<sub>CC(UH)</sub> VCC OUT COM (9) IN<sub>(UH</sub> vs U (24) IN (12) V<sub>S(U)</sub> (8) C<sub>SC</sub> C(SC) OUT(WL) (7) C<sub>FOD</sub> C(FOD) N<sub>w</sub> (23) (6) V<sub>FO</sub> VFO (5) IN<sub>(WL)</sub> IN(WL) OUT(VL) (4) IN<sub>(VL)</sub> N<sub>v</sub> (22) IN(VL) (3) IN<sub>(UL)</sub> IN(UL) (2) COM COM OUT(UL (1) V<sub>CC(L)</sub> vcc

## Figure 3. Internal Block Diagram

 $V_{\rm SL}$ 

N<sub>U</sub> (21)

### 1st Notes:

1. Inverter low-side is composed of three IGBTs, freewheeling diodes for each IGBT, and one control IC. It has gate drive and protection functions.

2. Inverter power side is composed of four inverter DC-link input terminals and three inverter output terminals.

3. Inverter high-side is composed of three IGBTs, freewheeling diodes, and three drive ICs for each IGBT.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings (T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

### **Inverter Part**

Symbol	Parameter Conditions		Rating	Unit	
V <sub>PN</sub>	Supply Voltage	Applied between P- N <sub>U</sub> , N <sub>V</sub> , N <sub>W</sub>	450	V	
V <sub>PN(Surge)</sub>	Supply Voltage (Surge)	rge) Applied between P- N <sub>U</sub> , N <sub>V</sub> , N <sub>W</sub>		V	
V <sub>CES</sub>	Collector - Emitter Voltage		600	V	
± I <sub>C</sub>	Each IGBT Collector Current	$T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C$	25	А	
		$T_{\rm C} = 100^{\circ}{\rm C}$	12	А	
P <sub>C</sub>	Collector Dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C per Chip	29	W	
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature	(2nd Note 1)	-20 ~ 125	°C	

### 2nd Notes:

1. The maximum junction temperature rating of the power chips integrated within the Motion SPM<sup>®</sup> 3 product is 150°C (at T<sub>C</sub> ≤ 100°C). However, to insure safe operation of the Motion SPM 3 product, the average junction temperature should be limited to T<sub>J(ave)</sub> ≤ 125°C (at T<sub>C</sub> ≤ 100°C)

### **Control Part**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Rating	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Control Supply Voltage	Applied between $V_{CC(UH)},V_{CC(VH)},V_{CC(WH)},V_{CC(L)}$ - COM	20	V
$V_{BS}$	High-Side Control Bias Voltage	Applied between $V_{B(U)}$ - $V_{S(U)},V_{B(V)}$ - $V_{S(V)},V_{B(W)}$ - $V_{S(W)}$	20	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Signal Voltage	Applied between $\rm IN_{(UH)},~\rm IN_{(VH)},~\rm IN_{(WH)},~\rm IN_{(UL)},~\rm IN_{(VL)},~\rm IN_{(VL)},~\rm IN_{(WL)}$ - COM	-0.3 ~ 17	V
V <sub>FO</sub>	Fault Output Supply Voltage	Applied between V <sub>FO</sub> - COM	-0.3 ~ V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
I <sub>FO</sub>	Fault Output Current	Sink Current at V <sub>FO</sub> Pin	5	mA
V <sub>SC</sub>	Current-Sensing Input Voltage	Applied between C <sub>SC</sub> - COM	$-0.3 \sim V_{CC} + 0.3$	V

## **Total System**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Rating	Unit
V <sub>PN(PROT)</sub>	Self-Protection Supply Voltage Limit (Short-Circuit Protection Capability)	$V_{CC} = V_{BS} = 13.5 \sim 16.5 V$ T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C, Non-Repetitive, < 2 µs	400	V
т <sub>с</sub>	Module Case Operation Temperature	-20°C $\leq$ T <sub>J</sub> $\leq$ 125°C, See Figure 2	-20 ~ 100	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature		-40 ~ 125	°C
V <sub>ISO</sub>	Isolation Voltage	60 Hz, Sinusoidal, AC 1 Minute, Connect Pins to Heat Sink Plate	2500	V <sub>rms</sub>

## Thermal Resistance

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
R <sub>th(j-c)Q</sub>		Inverter IGBT Part (per 1 / 6 module)	-	-	3.5	°C/W
R <sub>th(j-c)F</sub>	Resistance	Inverter FWD Part (per 1 / 6 module)	-	-	4.7	°C/W

2nd Notes:

2. For the measurement point of case temperature(T\_C), please refer to Figure 2.

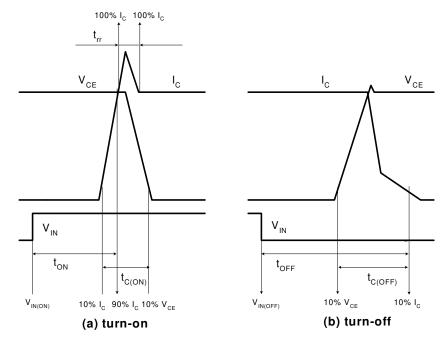
## **Electrical Characteristics** ( $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise specified.)

### **Inverter Part**

S	ymbol	Parameter	Cond	itions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V	CE(SAT)	Collector - Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CC} = V_{BS} = 15 V$ $V_{IN} = 5 V$	$I_{\rm C} = 25 \text{ A}, \text{ T}_{\rm J} = 25^{\circ} \text{C}$	-	2.15	2.85	V
	V <sub>F</sub>	FWDi Forward Voltage	$V_{IN} = 0 V$	$I_{\rm C} = 25 \text{ A}, \text{ T}_{\rm J} = 25^{\circ} \text{C}$	-	2.20	2.90	۷
HS	t <sub>ON</sub>	Switching Times	$V_{PN} = 300 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = V_{BS} = 15 \text{ V}$		-	0.31	-	μS
	t <sub>C(ON)</sub>		$I_{C} = 12 \text{ A}$ $V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V} \leftrightarrow 5 \text{ V}, \text{ Induc}$	tive Load	-	0.15	-	μS
	t <sub>OFF</sub>		$V_{\rm IN} = 0.0 \leftrightarrow 3.0$ , inductive Load (2nd Note 3)		-	0.90	-	μS
	t <sub>C(OFF)</sub>				-	0.34	-	μS
	t <sub>rr</sub>				-	0.10	-	μS
LS	t <sub>ON</sub>		$V_{PN}$ = 300 V, $V_{CC}$ = $V_B$	<sub>S</sub> = 15 V	-	0.58	-	μS
	t <sub>C(ON)</sub>		$I_{C} = 12 \text{ A}$ $V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V} \leftrightarrow 5 \text{ V}, \text{ Induc}$	tive Load	-	0.30	-	μS
	t <sub>OFF</sub>		(2nd Note 3)		-	0.96	-	μS
	t <sub>C(OFF)</sub>				-	0.37	-	μS
	t <sub>rr</sub>				-	0.10	-	μS
	I <sub>CES</sub>	Collector - Emitter Leakage Current	V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>CES</sub>		-	-	250	μA

### 2nd Notes:

3. t<sub>ON</sub> and t<sub>OFF</sub> include the propagation delay of the internal drive IC. t<sub>C(ON)</sub> and t<sub>C(OFF)</sub> are the switching time of IGBT itself under the given gate driving condition internally. For the detailed information, please see Figure 4.



### Figure 4. Switching Time Definition

## **Electrical Characteristics** ( $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise specified.)

## **Control Part**

Symbol	Parameter	Co	nditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
IQCCL	Quiescent V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 15 V IN <sub>(UL, VL, WL)</sub> = 0 V	V <sub>CC(L)</sub> - COM	-	-	23	mA
IQCCH		V <sub>CC</sub> = 15 V IN <sub>(UH, VH, WH)</sub> = 0 V	$V_{CC(UH)}, V_{CC(VH)}, V_{CC(WH)}$ - COM	-	-	200	μA
I <sub>QBS</sub>	Quiescent V <sub>BS</sub> Supply Current	V <sub>BS</sub> = 15 V IN <sub>(UH, VH, WH)</sub> = 0 V	$ \begin{array}{l} V_{B(U)} \text{ - } V_{S(U)},  V_{B(V)} \text{ - } V_{S(V)}, \\ V_{B(W)} \text{ - } V_{S(W)} \end{array} $	-	-	500	μA
V <sub>FOH</sub>	Fault Output Voltage	$V_{SC}$ = 0 V, $V_{FO}$ Circu	it: 4.7 k $\Omega$ to 5 V Pull-up	4.5	-	-	V
V <sub>FOL</sub>		V <sub>SC</sub> = 1 V, V <sub>FO</sub> Circu	it: 4.7 k $\Omega$ to 5 V Pull-up	-	-	0.8	V
V <sub>SC(ref)</sub>	Short Circuit Current Trip Level	V <sub>CC</sub> = 15 V (2nd Note 4)		0.45	0.50	0.55	V
UV <sub>CCD</sub>	Supply Circuit Under-Voltage	Detection Level		10.7	11.9	13.0	V
UV <sub>CCR</sub>	Protection	Reset Level		11.2	12.4	13.2	V
UV <sub>BSD</sub>		Detection Level		10	11	12	V
UV <sub>BSR</sub>		Reset Level		10.5	11.5	12.5	V
t <sub>FOD</sub>	Fault-out Pulse Width	C <sub>FOD</sub> = 33 nF (2nd Note 5)		1.0	1.8	-	ms
V <sub>IN(ON)</sub>	ON Threshold Voltage	Applied between IN <sub>(UH)</sub> , IN <sub>(VH)</sub> , IN <sub>(WH)</sub> , IN <sub>(UL)</sub> ,		3.0	-	-	V
V <sub>IN(OFF)</sub>	OFF Threshold Voltage	IN <sub>(VL)</sub> , IN <sub>(WL)</sub> - COM		-	-	0.8	V

### 2nd Notes:

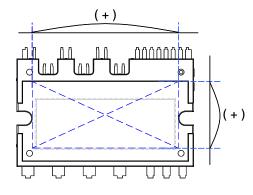
4. Short-circuit protection is functioning only at the low-sides.

5. The fault-out pulse width  $t_{FOD}$  depends on the capacitance value of  $C_{FOD}$  according to the following approximate equation:  $C_{FOD} = 18.3 \times 10^{-6} \times t_{FOD}$  [F]

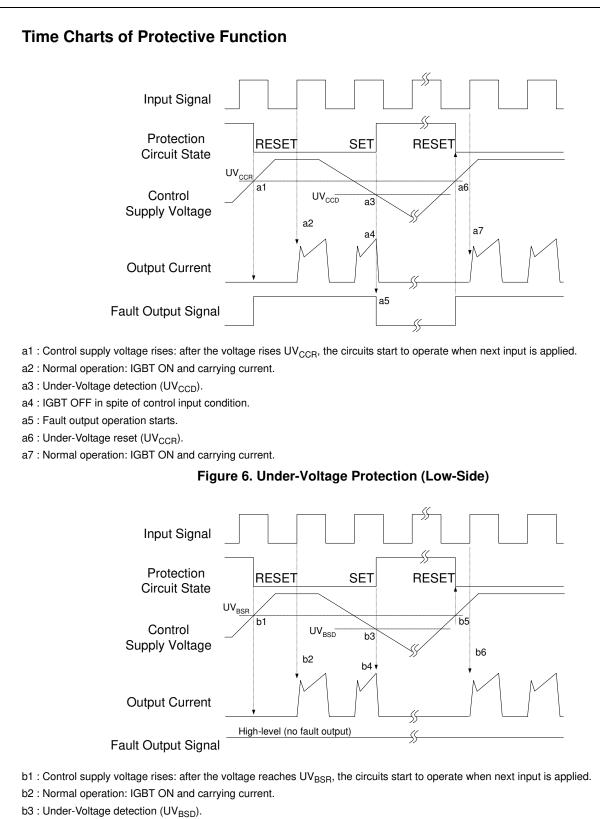
## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>PN</sub>	Supply Voltage	Applied between P - N <sub>U</sub> , N <sub>V</sub> , N <sub>W</sub>	-	300	400	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	Control Supply Voltage	Applied between V <sub>CC(UH)</sub> , V <sub>CC(VH)</sub> , V <sub>CC(WH)</sub> , V <sub>CC(WH)</sub> , V <sub>CC(L)</sub> - COM	13.5	15	16.5	V
V <sub>BS</sub>	High-Side Bias Voltage	Applied between $V_{B(U)}$ - $V_{S(U)},\ V_{B(V)}$ - $V_{S(V)},\ V_{B(W)}$ - $V_{S(W)}$	13.0	15	18.5	V
$\frac{dV_{CC}}{dV_{BS}}/\frac{dt}{dt}$	Control Supply Variation		-1	-	1	V / μs
t <sub>dead</sub>	Blanking Time for Preventing Arm-Short	For Each Input Signal	2.0	-	-	μS
f <sub>PWM</sub>	PWM Input Signal	$-20^\circ C \leq T_C \leq 100^\circ C, \ -20^\circ C \leq T_J \leq 125^\circ C$	-	-	20	kHz
V <sub>SEN</sub>	Voltage for Current Sensing	Applied between N <sub>U</sub> , N <sub>V</sub> , N <sub>W</sub> - COM (Including Surge Voltage)	-4		4	V

Mechanical Characteristics and Ratings						
Parameter	Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Mounting Torque	Mounting Screw: M3	Recommended 0.62 N•m	0.51	0.62	0.72	N•m
Device Flatness		See Figure 5	0	-	+120	μm
Weight			-	15.40	-	g



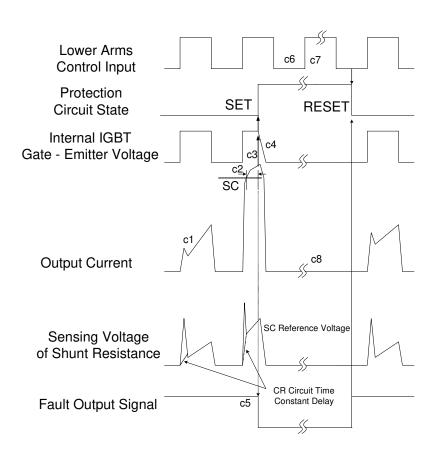




b5 : Under-Voltage reset (UV  $_{\rm BSR}$ ).

b6 : Normal operation: IGBT ON and carrying current.

## Figure 7. Under-Voltage Protection (High-Side)



(with the external shunt resistance and CR connection)

c1 : Normal operation: IGBT ON and carrying current.

c2 : Short-Circuit current detection (SC trigger).

c3 : Hard IGBT gate interrupt.

c4 : IGBT turns OFF.

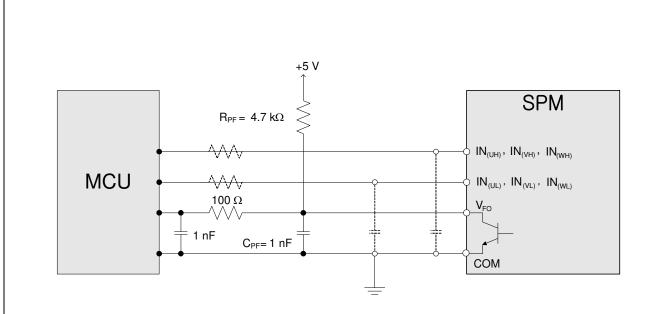
c5 : Fault output timer operation starts: the pulse width of the fault output signal is set by the external capacitor  $C_{FO}$ .

c6 : Input "LOW": IGBT OFF state.

c7 : Input "HIGH": IGBT ON state, but during the active period of fault output, the IGBT doesn't turn ON.

c8 : IGBT OFF state.

## Figure 8. Short-Circuit Protection (Low-Side Operation Only)

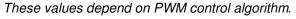


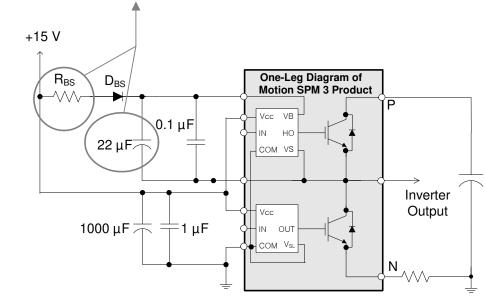
### Figure 9. Recommended MCU I/O Interface Circuit

### 3rd Notes:

1. RC coupling at each input (parts shown dotted) might change depending on the PWM control scheme in the application and the wiring impedance of the application's printed circuit board. The Motion SPM<sup>®</sup> 3 Product input signal section integrates a 3.3 kΩ(typ.) pull-down resistor. Therefore, when using an external filtering resistor, pay attention to the signal voltage drop at input terminal.

2. The logic input works with standard CMOS or LSTTL outputs.





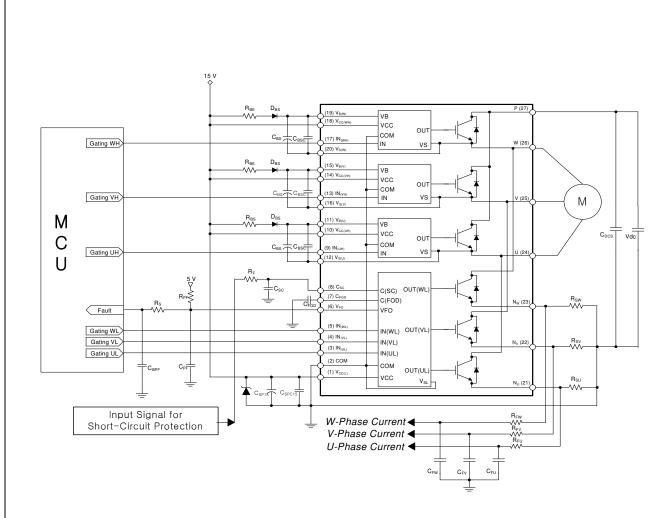
#### 3rd Notes:

3. It would be recommended that the bootstrap diode, D<sub>BS</sub>, has soft and fast recovery characteristics.

4. The ceramic capacitor placed between V<sub>CC</sub> - COM should be over 1 µF and mounted as close to the pins of the Motion SPM 3 product as possible.

Figure 10. Recommended Bootstrap Operation Circuit and Parameters

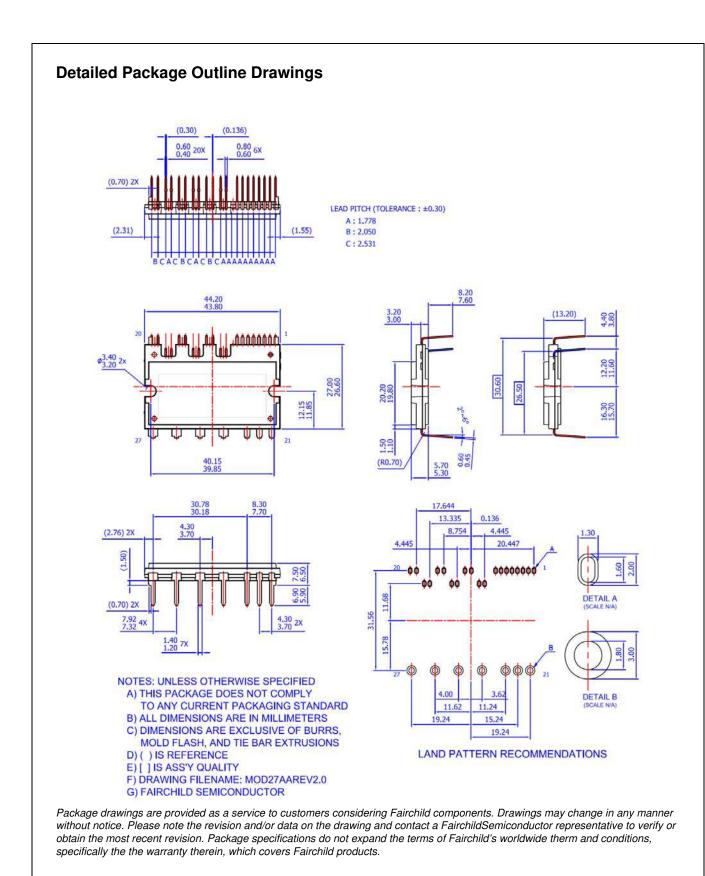
FSB32560 Motion SPM® 3 Series



## Figure 11. Typical Application Circuit

### 4th Notes:

- 1. To avoid malfunction, the wiring of each input should be as short as possible (less than 2 3 cm).
- 2. By virtue of integrating an application-specific type of HVIC inside the Motion SPM<sup>®</sup> 3 product, direct coupling to MCU terminals without any optocoupler or transformer isolation is possible.
- 3. V<sub>FO</sub> output is open-collector type. This signal line should be pulled up to the positive side of the 5 V power supply with approximately 4.7 kΩ resistance (please refer to Figure 9).
- 4.  $C_{\text{SP15}}$  of around seven times larger than bootstrap capacitor  $C_{\text{BS}}$  is recommended.
- 5. V<sub>FO</sub> output pulse width should be determined by connecting an external capacitor (C<sub>FOD</sub>) between C<sub>FOD</sub> (pin 7) and COM (pin 2). (Example : if C<sub>FOD</sub> = 33 nF, then t<sub>FO</sub> = 1.8 ms (typ.)) Please refer to the 2nd note 5 for calculation method.
- 6. Input signal is active-HIGH type. There is a 3.3 kΩ resistor inside the IC to pull down each input signal line to GND. When employing RC coupling circuits, set up such RC couple that input signal agree with turn-off / turn-on threshold voltage.
- 7. To prevent errors of the protection function, the wiring around  $\mathsf{R}_\mathsf{F}$  and  $\mathsf{C}_\mathsf{SC}$  should be as short as possible.
- 8. In the short-circuit protection circuit, please select the  $R_F C_{SC}$  time constant in the range 1.5 ~ 2  $\mu s.$
- 9. Each capacitor should be mounted as close to the pins of the Motion SPM 3 product as possible.
- 10. To prevent surge destruction, the wiring between the smoothing capacitor and the P & GND pins should be as short as possible. The use of a high-frequency non-inductive capacitor of around 0.1 ~ 0.22 μF between the P & GND pins is recommended.
- 11. Relays are used in almost every systems of electrical equipment in home appliances. In these cases, there should be sufficient distance between the MCU and the relays.
- 12.  $C_{SPC15}$  should be over 1  $\mu\text{F}$  and mounted as close to the pins of the Motion SPM 3 product as possible.



Always visit Fairchild Semiconductor's online packaging area for the most recent package drawings:

http://www.fairchildsemi.com/dwg/MO/MOD27AA.pdf

FSB32560 Motion SPM® 3 Series

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#### ANTI-COUNTERFEITING POLICY

Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation's Anti-Counterfeiting Policy. Fairchild's Anti-Counterfeiting Policy is also stated on our external website, www.fairchildsemi.com, under Sales Support.

Counterfeiting of semiconductor parts is a growing problem in the industry. All manufacturers of semiconductor products are experiencing counterfeiting of their parts. Customers who inadvertently purchase counterfeit parts experience many problems such as loss of brand reputation, substandard performance, failed applications, and increased cost of production and manufacturing delays. Fairchild is taking strong measures to protect ourselves and our customers from the proliferation of counterfeit parts. Fairchild strongly encourages customers to purchase Fairchild parts either directly from Fairchild or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors who are listed by country on our web page cited above. Products customers buy either from Fairchild directly or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors are genuine parts, have full traceability, meet Fairchild's quality standards for handling and storage and provide access to Fairchild's full range of up-to-date technical and product information. Fairchild and our Authorized Distributors will stand behind all warranties and will appropriately address any warranty issues that may arise. Fairchild will not provide any warranty coverage or other assistance for parts bought from Unauthorized Sources. Fairchild to combat this global problem and encourage our customers to do their part in stopping this practice by buying direct or from authorized distributors.

### PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition		
Advance Information	Formative / In Design	Datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.		
Preliminary	First Production	Datasheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design.		
No Identification Needed	Full Production	Datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve the design.		
Obsolete	Not In Production	Datasheet contains specifications on a product that is discontinued by Fairchild Semiconductor. The datasheet is for reference information only.		

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