

Structure Silicon Monolithic Integrated Circuit

Product Name Sound Generator for Cellular Phone

Product No. **BU8788KN**

Features 32 polyphony 128 sounds + drum set 47 sounds generation
ADPCM decode functions are mounted, and mixing with sounds is possible

○Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit | Remarks |
|-----------------------------|--------|-------------------|------|---------|
| Power supply voltage | VDD | -0.3 ~ +4.5 | V | |
| Voltage applied to pin | VIN | GND-0.3 ~ VDD+0.3 | V | |
| Input current | IIN | -1 ~ +1 | mA | |
| Allowable dissipation | Pd | 450 (*1) | mW | |
| Storage temperature range | Tstg | -50 ~ 125 | °C | |
| Operating temperature range | Topr | -40 ~ 85 | °C | |

(*1) When Ta is above 25°C, reduce 4.5mW per 1°C.

○Recommended operating conditions(unless otherwise noted, Ta = 25°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | | | Unit | Remarks |
|---------------------------|--------|--------|------|------|------|--------------------------------|
| | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | | |
| Power supply voltage | VDD | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.6 | V | |
| Ambient temperature | Ta | -40 | 25 | 85 | °C | |
| MCLK input frequency | FMCLK | 3.9 | - | 20 | MHz | Scale precision is within 0.2% |
| SCLK input frequency | FSCLK | - | - | 12 | MHz | |
| MCLK duty | DMCLK | 40 | 50 | 60 | % | |
| SCLK duty | DSCLK | 40 | 50 | 60 | % | |
| ANOUT pin load resistance | ZAN | 50 | - | - | kΩ | AC load resistance |

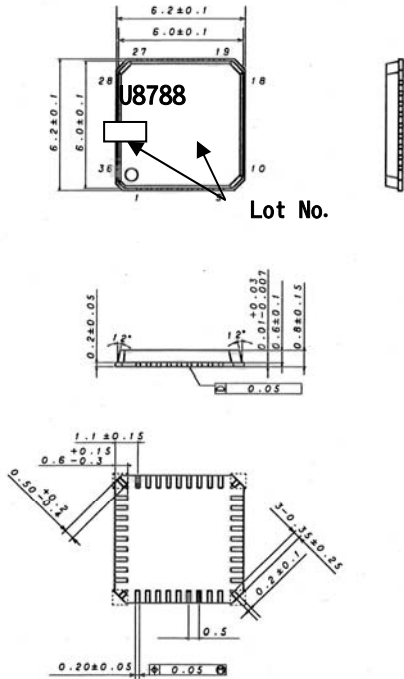
This chip is not designed to protect itself against radioactive rays.

○Electrical Characteristics

(unless otherwise noted, Ta = 25°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | | | Unit | Remarks |
|--|--------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------|---|
| | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | | |
| Digital DC characteristics | | | | | | |
| High-level input voltage | VIH | 0.8VDD | - | - | V | |
| Low-level input voltage | VIL | - | - | 0.2VDD | V | |
| High-level input current | IIH | | | 10 | μA | VIH=VDD |
| Low-level input current | IIL | -10 | - | - | μA | VIL=GND |
| High-level output voltage | VOH | VDD -0.3 | - | - | V | IOH=-0.8mA |
| Low-level output voltage | VOL | - | - | GND +0.3 | V | IOL=0.8mA |
| Analog DC characteristics | | | | | | |
| VREF pin voltage | VAGND | 0.475 VDD | 0.5VDD | 0.525 VDD | V | IOUT=0A (no load) |
| ANOUT pin voltage | VOUT | 0.47 VDD | 0.5VDD | 0.53 VDD | V | IOUT=0A (no load) |
| General characteristics | | | | | | |
| VREF pin rise time | TRVR | - | 70 | 100 | mS | When Capa=1μF between VREF and Avss, RESET=L -> H |
| PLL pin rise time | TRPLL | - | - | 10 | mS | After releasing RESET or STANDBY mode (When Capa=4.7μF between PLL-Filter and DVss) |
| Analog (ANOUT pin) characteristics | | | | | | |
| ANOUT amplitude | VMAX | - | 0.667 VDD | - | Vp-p | Theoretical value of dynamic range |
| Current consumption Vdd=3V, Internal operation frequency=12.5MHz | | | | | | |
| Analog Idd | IDD1 | - | 1 | 2 | mA | Playing |
| Digital Idd | IDD2 | - | 33 | 50 | mA | Playing |
| Analog Idd | IDD3 | - | - | 5 | μA | Standby mode |
| Digital Idd | IDD4 | - | - | 5 | μA | Standby mode |

○ External measure and View



VQFN36

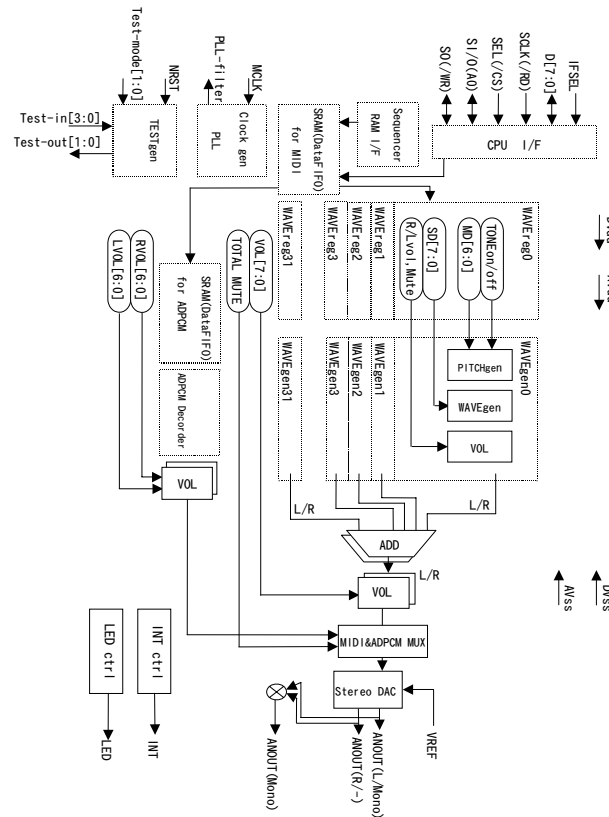
(Unit: mm)

○ Pin layout diagram

| Pin NO. | Pin name | Pin NO. | Pin name |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------|--------------------|
| 1,36 | Test-out[1:0] | 20 | AVdd |
| 2 | INT | 21 | Mono-out (Mono) |
| 3 | LED | 22, 23 | Test-mode[1:0] |
| 4,5,6, 7,10, 11,12, 13 | D[7:0] | 27 | PLL-Filter |
| 8,26 | DVdd | 29 | MCLK |
| 9,28 | DVss | 30 | IFSEL |
| 14,15 24,25 | Test-in[3:0] | 31 | SO(WR) |
| 16 | Out-R (R) | 32 | SI/O(A0) |
| 17 | VREF | 33 | SCLK(/RD) |
| 18 | Out-L (L/Mono) | 34 | SEL(/CS) |
| 19 | AVss | 35 | NRST |

* Use the chip with the same voltage of DVDD (digital power supply) and AVDD (analog power supply)

○ Block diagram



○ Cautions on use

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

An excess in the absolute maximum ratings, such as supply voltage, temperature range of operating conditions, etc., can break down devices, thus making impossible to identify breaking mode such as a short circuit or an open circuit. If any special mode exceeding the absolute maximum ratings is assumed, consideration should be given to take physical safety measures including the use of fuses, etc.

(2) Operating conditions

These conditions represent a range within which characteristics can be provided approximately as expected. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

(3) Reverse connection of power supply connector

The reverse connection of power supply connector can break down ICs. Take protective measures against the breakdown due to the reverse connection, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply terminal.

(4) Power supply line

Design PCB pattern to provide low impedance for the wiring between the power supply and the GND lines. In this regard, for the digital block power supply and the analog block power supply, even though these power supplies has the same level of potential, separate the power supply pattern for the digital block from that for the analog block, thus suppressing the diffraction of digital noises to the analog block power supply resulting from impedance common to the wiring patterns. For the GND line, give consideration to design the patterns in a similar manner.

Furthermore, for all power supply terminals to ICs, mount a capacitor between the power supply and the GND terminal. At the same time, in order to use an electrolytic capacitor, thoroughly check to be sure the characteristics of the capacitor to be used present no problem including the occurrence of capacity dropout at a low temperature, thus determining the constant.

(5) GND voltage

Make setting of the potential of the GND terminal so that it will be maintained at the minimum in any operating state. Furthermore, check to be sure no terminals are at a potential lower than the GND voltage including an actual electric transient.

(6) Short circuit between terminals and erroneous mounting

In order to mount ICs on a set PCB, pay thorough attention to the direction and offset of the ICs. Erroneous mounting can break down the ICs. Furthermore, if a short circuit occurs due to foreign matters entering between terminals or between the terminal and the power supply or the GND terminal, the ICs can break down.

(7) Operation in strong electromagnetic field

Be noted that using ICs in the strong electromagnetic field can malfunction them.

(8) Inspection with set PCB

On the inspection with the set PCB, if a capacitor is connected to a low-impedance IC terminal, the IC can suffer stress. Therefore, be sure to discharge from the set PCB by each process. Furthermore, in order to mount or dismount the set PCB to/from the jig for the inspection process, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then mount the set PCB to the jig. After the completion of the inspection, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then dismount it from the jig. In addition, for protection against static electricity, establish a ground for the assembly process and pay thorough attention to the transportation and the storage of the set PCB.

(9) Input terminals

In terms of the construction of IC, parasitic elements are inevitably formed in relation to potential. The operation of the parasitic element can cause interference with circuit operation, thus resulting in a malfunction and then breakdown of the input terminal. Therefore, pay thorough attention not to handle the input terminals, such as to apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the GND respectively, so that any parasitic element will operate. Furthermore, do not apply a voltage to the input terminals when no power supply voltage is applied to the IC. In addition, even if the power supply voltage is applied, apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the power supply voltage or within the guaranteed value of electrical characteristics.

(10) Ground wiring pattern

If small-signal GND and large-current GND are provided, It will be recommended to separate the large-current GND pattern from the small-signal GND pattern and establish a single ground at the reference point of the set PCB so that resistance to the wiring pattern and voltage fluctuations due to a large current will cause no fluctuations in voltages of the small-signal GND. Pay attention not to cause fluctuations in the GND wiring pattern of external parts as well.

(11) External capacitor

In order to use a ceramic capacitor as the external capacitor, determine the constant with consideration given to a degradation in the nominal capacitance due to DC bias and changes in the capacitance due to temperature, etc.

(12) Others

In case of use this LSI, please peruse some other detail documents, we called , Technical note, Functional description, Application note.

Notes

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