

Dual Precision Retriggerable/Resettable Monostable Multivibrator

The MC14538B is a dual, retriggerable, resettable monostable multivibrator. It may be triggered from either edge of an input pulse, and produces an accurate output pulse over a wide range of widths, the duration and accuracy of which are determined by the external timing components, C_X and R_X . Output Pulse Width $T = R_X \cdot C_X$ (secs)

 $R_X = \Omega$

C_X = Farads

Rochester Electronics Manufactured Components

Rochester branded components are manufactured using either die/wafers purchased from the original suppliers or Rochester wafers recreated from the original IP. All re-creations are done with the approval of the Original Component Manufacturer (OCM).

Parts are tested using original factory test programs or Rochester developed test solutions to guarantee product meets or exceeds the OCM data sheet.

Quality Overview

- ISO-9001
- AS9120 certification
- Qualified Manufacturers List (QML) MIL-PRF-35835
 - Class Q Military
 - Class V Space Level
- Qualified Suppliers List of Distributors (QSLD)
 - Rochester is a critical supplier to DLA and meets all industry and DLA standards.

Rochester Electronics, LLC is committed to supplying products that satisfy customer expectations for quality and are equal to those originally supplied by industry manufacturers.

The original manufacturer's datasheet accompanying this document reflects the performance and specifications of the Rochester manufactured version of this device. Rochester Electronics guarantees the performance of its semiconductor products to the original OCM specifications. 'Typical' values are for reference purposes only. Certain minimum or maximum ratings may be based on product characterization, design, simulation, or sample testing.

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The MC14538B is a dual, retriggerable, resettable monostable multivibrator. It may be triggered from either edge of an input pulse, and produces an accurate output pulse over a wide range of widths, the duration and accuracy of which are determined by the external timing components, C_X and R_X . Output Pulse Width $T = R_X \cdot C_X$ (secs)

 $R_X = \Omega$ $C_X = Farads$

Features

- Unlimited Rise and Fall Time Allowed on the A Trigger Input
- Pulse Width Range = 10 μs to 10 s
- Latched Trigger Inputs
- Separate Latched Reset Inputs
- 3.0 Vdc to 18 Vdc Operational Limits
- Triggerable from Positive (A Input) or Negative–Going Edge (B–Input)
- Capable of Driving Two Low-Power TTL Loads or One Low-Power Schottky TTL Load Over the Rated Temperature Range
- Pin-for-pin Compatible with MC14528B and CD4528B (CD4098)
- Use the MC54/74HC4538A for Pulse Widths Less Than 10 μs with Supplies Up to 6 V
- Pb-Free Packages are Available*

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Voltages Referenced to V_{SS})

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{DD}	DC Supply Voltage Range	-0.5 to +18.0	V
V _{in} , V _{out}	Input or Output Voltage Range (DC or Transient)	-0.5 to V _{DD} + 0.5	V
I _{in} , I _{out}	Input or Output Current (DC or Transient) per Pin	±10	mA
P _D	Power Dissipation, per Package (Note 1)	500	mW
T _A	Operating Temperature Range	-55 to +125	°C
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	°C
TL	Lead Temperature (8–Second Soldering)	260	°C

Maximum ratings are those values beyond which device damage can occur. Maximum ratings applied to the device are individual stress limit values (not normal operating conditions) and are not valid simultaneously. If these limits are exceeded, device functional operation is not implied, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. Temperature Derating:

Plastic "P and D/DW" Packages: - 7.0 mW/°C From 65°C To 125°C

This device contains protection circuitry to guard against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, precautions must be taken to avoid applications of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high–impedance circuit. For proper operation, V_{in} and V_{out} should be constrained to the range $V_{SS} \leq (V_{in} \text{ or } V_{out}) \leq V_{DD}$.

Unused inputs must always be tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (e.g., either V_{SS} or V_{DD}). Unused outputs must be left open.



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MARKING DIAGRAMS



PDIP-16 P SUFFIX CASE 648 16<u>ኩሉ ሉሉ ሉሉ ሉ</u> MC14538BCP o AWLYYWWG 1 ሥራ ሁሉ ሁሉ ሁሉ ሁሉ

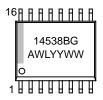


SOIC-16 D SUFFIX CASE 751B





SOIC-16 DW SUFFIX CASE 751G



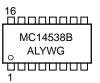


TSSOP-16 DT SUFFIX CASE 948F





SOEIAJ-16 F SUFFIX CASE 966



A = Assembly Location

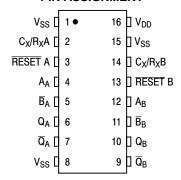
WL, L = Wafer Lot YY, Y = Year WW, W = Work Week G = Pb-Free Indicator

ORDERING INFORMATION

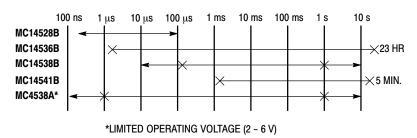
See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 2 of this data sheet.

*For additional information on our Pb–Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

PIN ASSIGNMENT

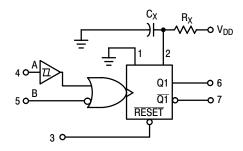


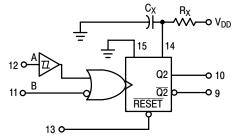
ONE-SHOT SELECTION GUIDE



TOTAL OUTPUT PULSE WIDTH RANGE RECOMMENDED PULSE WIDTH RANGE

BLOCK DIAGRAM





 R_X AND C_X ARE EXTERNAL COMPONENTS. V_{DD} = PIN 16 V_{SS} = PIN 8, PIN 1, PIN 15

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping [†]
MC14538BCP	PDIP-16	500 Units / Rail
MC14538BCPG	PDIP-16 (Pb-Free)	500 Units / Rail
MC14538BD	SOIC-16	48 Units / Rail
MC14538BDG	SOIC-16 (Pb-Free)	48 Units / Rail
MC14538BDR2	SOIC-16	2500 Units / Tape & Reel
MC14538BDR2G	SOIC-16 (Pb-Free)	2500 Units / Tape & Reel
MC14538BDW	SOIC-16 WB	47 Units / Rail
MC14538BDWR2	SOIC-16 WB	1000 Units / Tape & Reel
MC14538BDWR2G	SOIC-16 WB (Pb-Free)	1000 Units / Tape & Reel
MC14538BDTR2	TSSOP-16*	2500 Units / Tape & Reel
MC14538BF	SOEIAJ-16	50 Units / Rail
MC14538BFG	SOEIAJ-16 (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Rail
MC14538BFEL	SOEIAJ-16	2000 Units / Tape & Reel
MC14538BFELG	SOEIAJ-16 (Pb-Free)	2000 Units / Tape & Reel

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

^{*}This package is inherently Pb-Free.

$\textbf{ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS} \ (\text{Voltages Referenced to V}_{SS})$

		V	- 5	5°C		25°C		125	5°C	
Characteristic	Symbol	V _{DD} Vdc	Min	Max	Min	Typ (Note 2)	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Output Voltage "0" Leve	I V _{OL}	5.0 10 15	- - -	0.05 0.05 0.05	- - -	0 0 0	0.05 0.05 0.05	- - -	0.05 0.05 0.05	Vdc
V_{in} = 0 or V_{DD} "1" Leve	I V _{OH}	5.0 10 15	4.95 9.95 14.95	- - -	4.95 9.95 14.95	5.0 10 15	- - -	4.95 9.95 14.95	- - -	Vdc
Input Voltage "0" Level $(V_O = 4.5 \text{ or } 0.5 \text{ Vdc})$ $(V_O = 9.0 \text{ or } 1.0 \text{ Vdc})$ $(V_O = 13.5 \text{ or } 1.5 \text{ Vdc})$	l V _{IL}	5.0 10 15	_ _ _	1.5 3.0 4.0	- - -	2.25 4.50 6.75	1.5 3.0 4.0	- - -	1.5 3.0 4.0	Vdc
$(V_O = 0.5 \text{ or } 4.5 \text{ Vdc})$ $(V_O = 1.0 \text{ or } 9.0 \text{ Vdc})$ $(V_O = 1.5 \text{ or } 13.5 \text{ Vdc})$	I V _{IH}	5.0 10 15	3.5 7.0 11	- - -	3.5 7.0 11	2.75 5.50 8.25	- - -	3.5 7.0 11	- - -	Vdc
Output Drive Current $ (V_{OH} = 2.5 \text{ Vdc}) $ Source $ (V_{OH} = 4.6 \text{ Vdc}) $ $ (V_{OH} = 9.5 \text{ Vdc}) $ $ (V_{OH} = 13.5 \text{ Vdc}) $	I _{OH}	5.0 5.0 10 15	- 3.0 - 0.64 - 1.6 - 4.2	- - -	- 2.4 - 0.51 - 1.3 - 3.4	- 4.2 - 0.88 - 2.25 - 8.8	- - -	- 1.7 - 0.36 - 0.9 - 2.4		mAdc
$(V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ Vdc})$ Sink $(V_{OL} = 0.5 \text{ Vdc})$ $(V_{OL} = 1.5 \text{ Vdc})$	I _{OL}	5.0 10 15	0.64 1.6 4.2	- - -	0.51 1.3 3.4	0.88 2.25 8.8	- - -	0.36 0.9 2.4	- - -	mAdc
Input Current, Pin 2 or 14	I _{in}	15	-	±0.05	-	±0.00001	±0.05	_	±0.5	μAdc
Input Current, Other Inputs	I _{in}	15	-	±0.1	-	±0.00001	±0.1	_	±1.0	μAdc
Input Capacitance, Pin 2 or 14	C _{in}	-	-	_	-	25	-	_	-	pF
Input Capacitance, Other Inputs (V _{in} = 0)	C _{in}	-	-	_	-	5.0	7.5	_	_	pF
Quiescent Current (Per Package) $Q = Low, \overline{Q} = High$	I _{DD}	5.0 10 15	- - -	5.0 10 20		0.005 0.010 0.015	5.0 10 20	- - -	150 300 600	μAdc
Quiescent Current, Active State (Both) (Per Package) $Q = High, \overline{Q} = Low$	I _{DD}	5.0 10 15	- - -	2.0 2.0 2.0	- - -	0.04 0.08 0.13	0.20 0.45 0.70	- - -	2.0 2.0 2.0	mAdc
Total Supply Current at an external load capacitance (C_L) and at external timing network (R_X , C_X) (Note 3)	Ι _Τ	5.0 10		$I_T = (8.0 \text{ s})$ $I_T = (1.25 \text{ where:})$	x 10 ^{–2}) R 5 x 10 ^{–1}) I _T in μA (C _X in μF,	$_{\chi}$ C _{χ} f + 4C _{χ} f $_{\chi}$ C _{χ} f + 9C $_{\chi}$ f R $_{\chi}$ C $_{\chi}$ f + 12C one monosta C $_{L}$ in pF, R $_{\chi}$ the input fre	$+ 2 \times 10^{-}$ $C_X f + 3 \times 1$ able switch in k ohm	⁵ C _L f 0 ^{–5} C _L f hing only),		μAdc

Data labelled "Typ" is not to be used for design purposes but is intended as an indication of the IC's potential performance.
 The formulas given are for the typical characteristics only at 25°C.

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (Note 4) ($C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

		.,		All Types		
Characteristic	Symbol	V _{DD} Vdc	Min	Typ (Note 5)	Max	Unit
Output Rise Time $t_{TLH} = (1.35 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 33 \text{ ns}$ $t_{TLH} = (0.60 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 20 \text{ ns}$ $t_{TLH} = (0.40 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 20 \text{ ns}$	t _{TLH}	5.0 10 15	- - -	100 50 40	200 100 80	ns
Output Fall Time $t_{THL} = (1.35 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 33 \text{ ns}$ $t_{THL} = (0.60 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 20 \text{ ns}$ $t_{THL} = (0.40 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L + 20 \text{ ns}$	t _{THL}	5.0 10 15	- - -	100 50 40	200 100 80	ns
Propagation Delay Time A or B to Q or \overline{Q} t_{PLH} , t_{PHL} = (0.90 ns/pF) C_L + 255 ns t_{PLH} , t_{PHL} = (0.36 ns/pF) C_L + 132 ns t_{PLH} , t_{PHL} = (0.26 ns/pF) C_L + 87 ns	t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	5.0 10 15	- - -	300 150 100	600 300 220	ns
Reset to Q or \overline{Q} t_{PLH} , t_{PHL} = (0.90 ns/pF) C_L + 205 ns t_{PLH} , t_{PHL} = (0.36 ns/pF) C_L + 107 ns t_{PLH} , t_{PHL} = (0.26 ns/pF) C_L + 82 ns		5.0 10 15	- - -	250 125 95	500 250 190	ns
Input Rise and Fall Times Reset	t _r , t _f	5 10 15	- - -	- - -	15 5 4	μs
B Input		5 10 15	- - -	300 1.2 0.4	1.0 0.1 0.05	ms
A Input		5 10 15		No Limit		-
Input Pulse Width A, B, or Reset	t _{WH} , t _{WL}	5.0 10 15	170 90 80	85 45 40	- - -	ns
Retrigger Time	t _{rr}	5.0 10 15	0 0 0	- - -	- - -	ns
Output Pulse Width — Q or \overline{Q} Refer to Figures 8 and 9 C_X = 0.002 μ F, R_X = 100 $k\Omega$	Т	5.0 10 15	198 200 202	210 212 214	230 232 234	μs
$C_X = 0.1 \mu F$, $R_X = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$		5.0 10 15	9.3 9.4 9.5	9.86 10 10.14	10.5 10.6 10.7	ms
C_X = 10 μ F, R_X = 100 $k\Omega$		5.0 10 15	0.91 0.92 0.93	0.965 0.98 0.99	1.03 1.04 1.06	S
Pulse Width Match between circuits in the same package. $C_X = 0.1 \ \mu F, \ R_X = 100 \ k\Omega$	100 [(T ₁ – T ₂)/T ₁]	5.0 10 15	- - -	± 1.0 ± 1.0 ± 1.0	± 5.0 ± 5.0 ± 5.0	%

OPERATING CONDITIONS

External Timing Resistance	R _X	-	5.0	-	(Note 6)	kΩ
External Timing Capacitance	C _X	-	0	-	No Limit	μF
					(Note 7)	

The maximum usable resistance R_X is a function of the leakage of the capacitor C_X, leakage of the MC14538B, and leakage due to board layout and surface resistance. Susceptibility to externally induced noise signals may occur for R_X > 1 MΩ..
 If C_X > 15 μF, use discharge protection diode per Fig. 11.

^{4.} The formulas given are for the typical characteristics only at 25°C.
5. Data labelled "Typ" is not to be used for design purposes but is intended as an indication of the IC's potential performance.

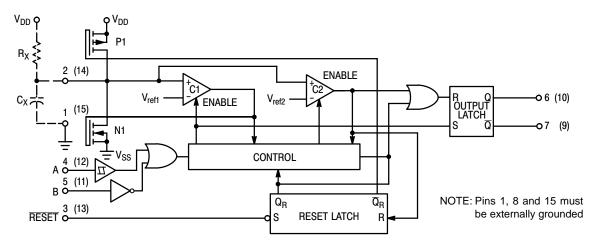


Figure 1. Logic Diagram (1/2 of Devlce Shown)

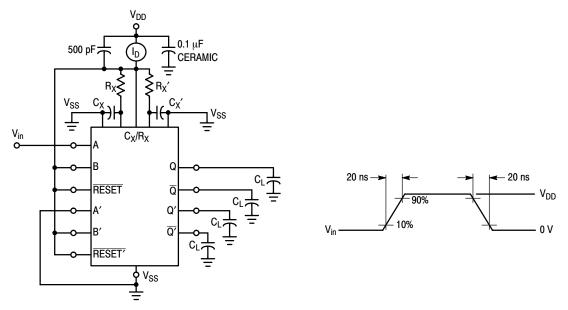


Figure 2. Power Dissipation Test Circuit and Waveforms

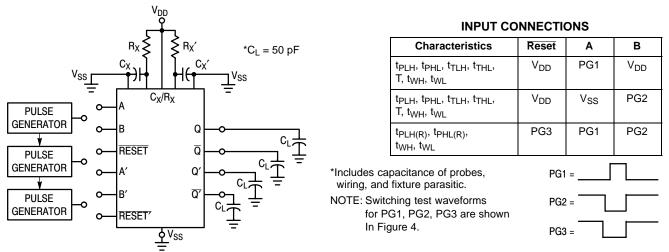


Figure 3. Switching Test Circuit

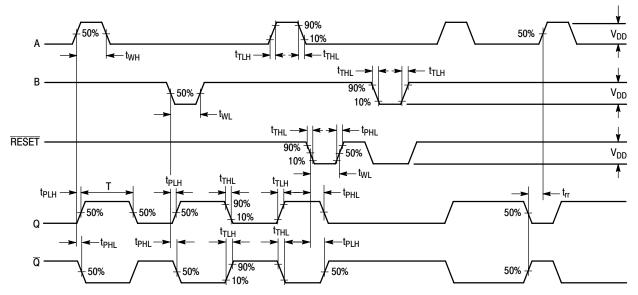


Figure 4. Switching Test Waveforms

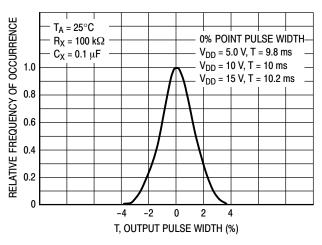


Figure 5. Typical Normalized Distribution of Units for Output Pulse Width

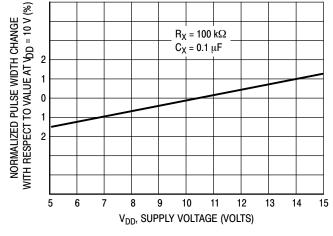


Figure 6. Typical Pulse Width Variation as a Function of Supply Voltage V_{DD}

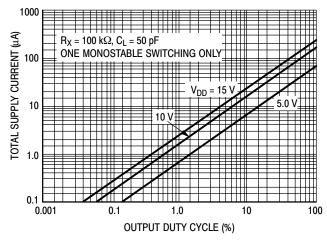


Figure 7. Typical Total Supply Current versus Output Duty Cycle

FUNCTION TABLE

	Inputs	Outputs			
Reset	Α	В	Q	Q	
H H	\ L	τ	片	디디	
H H			Not Triggered Not Triggered		
H H	L, H, ~ L	H L, H, <i>-</i> ∕⁻	Not Triggered Not Triggered		
L ~/	X X	X X	L Not Tr	H iggered	

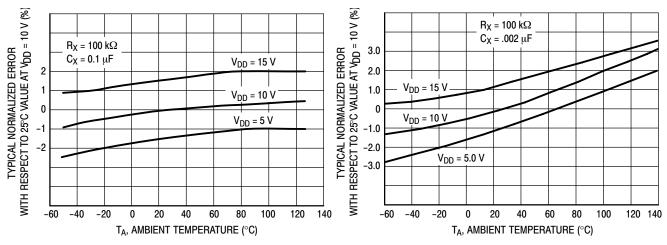


Figure 8. Typical Error of Pulse Width Equation versus Temperature

Figure 9. Typical Error of Pulse Width Equation versus Temperature

THEORY OF OPERATION

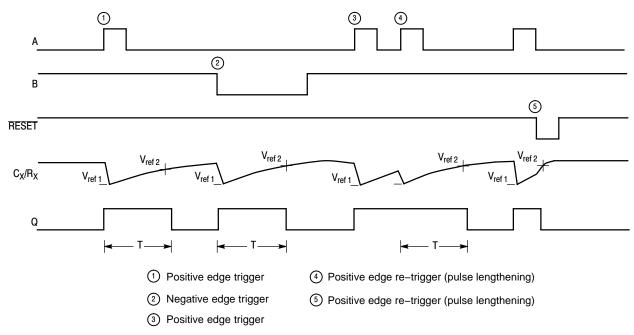


Figure 10. Timing Operation

TRIGGER OPERATION

The block diagram of the MC14538B is shown in Figure 1, with circuit operation following.

As shown in Figure 1 and 10, before an input trigger occurs, the monostable is in the quiescent state with the Q output low, and the timing capacitor C_X completely charged to V_{DD} . When the trigger input A goes from V_{SS} to V_{DD} (while inputs B and \overline{Reset} are held to V_{DD}) a valid trigger is recognized, which turns on comparator C1 and N-channel transistor N1 ①. At the same time the output latch is set. With transistor N1 on, the capacitor C_X rapidly discharges toward V_{SS} until V_{ref1} is reached. At this point the output of comparator C1 changes state and transistor N1 turns off. Comparator C1 then turns off while at the same time comparator C2 turns on. With transistor N1 off, the capacitor C_X begins to charge through the timing resistor, R_X , toward V_{DD} . When the voltage across C_X equals V_{ref2} , comparator C2 changes state, causing the output latch to reset (Q goes low) while at the same time disabling comparator C2 ②. This ends at the timing cycle with the monostable in the quiescent state, waiting for the next trigger.

In the quiescent state, C_X is fully charged to V_{DD} causing the current through resistor R_X to be zero. Both comparators are "off" with total device current due only to reverse junction leakages. An added feature of the MC14538B is that the output latch is set via the input trigger without regard to the capacitor voltage. Thus, propagation delay from trigger to Q is independent of the value of C_X , R_X , or the duty cycle of the input waveform.

RETRIGGER OPERATION

The MC14538B is retriggered if a valid trigger occurs $\$ followed by another valid trigger $\$ before the Q output has returned to the quiescent (zero) state. Any retrigger, after the timing node voltage at pin 2 or 14 has begun to rise from $V_{ref~1}$, but has not yet reached $V_{ref~2}$, will cause an increase in output pulse width T. When a valid retrigger is initiated $\$, the voltage at C_X/R_X will again drop to $V_{ref~1}$ before progressing along the RC charging curve toward V_{DD} . The Q output will remain high until time T, after the last valid retrigger.

RESET OPERATION

The MC14538B may be reset during the generation of the output pulse. In the reset mode of operation, an input pulse

on \overline{Reset} sets the reset latch and causes the capacitor to be fast charged to V_{DD} by turning on transistor P1 $\footnote{\circ}$. When the voltage on the capacitor reaches $V_{ref~2}$, the reset latch will clear, and will then be ready to accept another pulse. It the \overline{Reset} input is held low, any trigger inputs that occur will be inhibited and the Q and \overline{Q} outputs of the output latch will not change. Since the Q output is reset when an input low level is detected on the \overline{Reset} input, the output pulse T can be made significantly shorter than the minimum pulse width specification.

POWER-DOWN CONSIDERATIONS

Large capacitance values can cause problems due to the large amount of energy stored. When a system containing the MC14538B is powered down, the capacitor voltage may discharge from V_{DD} through the standard protection diodes at pin 2 or 14. Current through the protection diodes should be limited to 10 mA and therefore the discharge time of the V_{DD} supply must not be faster than (V_{DD}) . (C)/(10 mA). For example, if V_{DD} = 10 V and C_X = 10 μF , the V_{DD} supply should discharge no faster than (10 V) x (10 μF)/(10 mA) = 10 ms. This is normally not a problem since power supplies are heavily filtered and cannot discharge at this rate.

When a more rapid decrease of V_{DD} to zero volts occurs, the MC14538B can sustain damage. To avoid this possibility use an external clamping diode, D_X , connected as shown in Fig. 11.

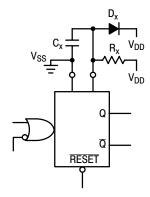
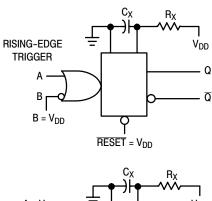


Figure 11. Use of a Diode to Limit Power Down Current Surge

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS



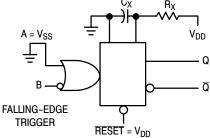


Figure 12. Retriggerable Monostables Circuitry

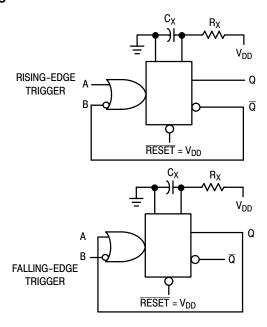


Figure 13. Non-Retriggerable Monostables Circuitry

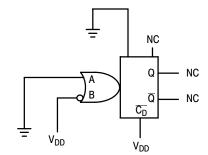
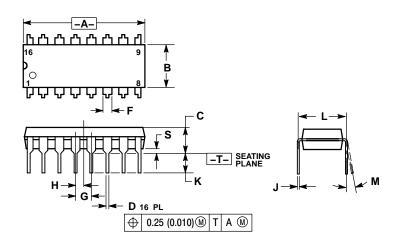


Figure 14. Connection of Unused Sections

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

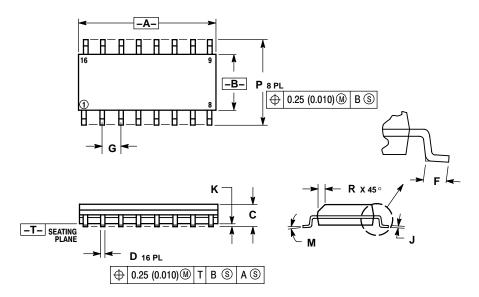
PDIP-16 **P SUFFIX** PLASTIC DIP PACKAGE CASE 648-08 **ISSUE T**



- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 3. DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEADS WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.
 4. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
 5. ROUNDED CORNERS OPTIONAL.

	INC	HES	MILLIN	IETERS	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.740	0.770	18.80	19.55	
В	0.250	0.270	6.35	6.85	
С	0.145	0.175	3.69	4.44	
D	0.015	0.021	0.39	0.53	
F	0.040	0.70	1.02	1.77	
G	0.100	BSC	2.54 BSC		
Н	0.050	BSC	1.27 BSC		
J	0.008	0.015	0.21	0.38	
K	0.110	0.130	2.80	3.30	
L	0.295	0.305	7.50	7.74	
M	0°	10 °	0 °	10 °	
S	0.020	0.040	0.51	1.01	

SOIC-16 **D SUFFIX** PLASTIC SOIC PACKAGE CASE 751B-05 **ISSUE J**



- NOTES:

 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.

 3. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.

 4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) DED SIDE.

- PER SIDE.

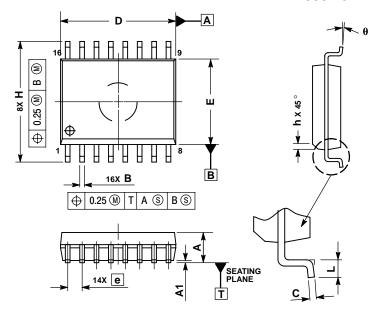
 5. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR
 PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR
 PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 (0.005) TOTAL
 IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT
 MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

	MILLIMETERS		INC	HES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	9.80	10.00	0.386	0.393	
В	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157	
С	1.35	1.75	0.054	0.068	
D	0.35	0.49	0.014	0.019	
F	0.40	1.25	0.016	0.049	
G	1.27	BSC	0.050 BSC		
J	0.19	0.25	0.008	0.009	
K	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.009	
M	0°	7°	0°	7°	
P	5.80	6.20	0.229	0.244	
R	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.019	

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOIC-16 WB **DW SUFFIX**

PLASTIC SOIC PACKAGE CASE 751G-03 **ISSUE C**



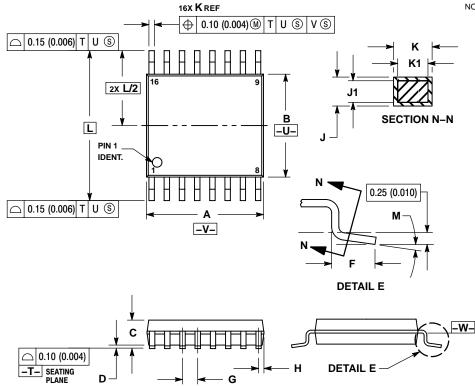
NOTES:

- NOTES:

 1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
 2. INTERPRET DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
 3. DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INLCUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
 4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 PER SIDE.
 5. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. BALLI BE 0.13 TOTAL IN PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.13 TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE B DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

	MILLIMETERS					
DIM	MIN	MAX				
Α	2.35	2.65				
A1	0.10	0.25				
В	0.35	0.49				
С	0.23	0.32				
D	10.15	10.45				
Е	7.40	7.60				
е	1.27	BSC				
Н	10.05	10.55				
h	0.25	0.75				
Ĺ	0.50	0.90				
q	0 °	7 °				

TSSOP-16 **DT SUFFIX** PLASTIC TSSOP PACKAGE CASE 948F-01 **ISSUE A**



NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982. 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER. 3. DIMENSION A DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.

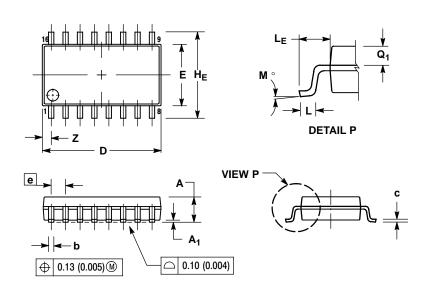
 4. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE
- INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION.
 INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL
- NOT EXCEED 0.25 (0.010) PER SIDE.

 5. DIMENSION K DOES NOT INCLUDE
 DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE
 DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08 (0.003) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE K
 DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
- 6. TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY. 7. DIMENSION A AND B ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE -W-.

	MILLIMETERS		INC	HES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	4.90	5.10	0.193	0.200	
В	4.30	4.50	0.169	0.177	
С		1.20		0.047	
D	0.05	0.15	0.002	0.006	
F	0.50	0.75	0.020	0.030	
G	0.65	BSC	0.026 BSC		
Н	0.18	0.28	0.007	0.011	
J	0.09	0.20	0.004	0.008	
J1	0.09	0.16	0.004	0.006	
K	0.19	0.30	0.007	0.012	
K1	0.19	0.25	0.007	0.010	
L	6.40 BSC			BSC	
М	0°	8°	0°	8 °	

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOEIAJ-16 F SUFFIX PLASTIC EIAJ SOIC PACKAGE CASE 966-01 ISSUE O



NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
- DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE
 MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS AND ARE
 MEASURED AT THE PARTING LINE. MOLD FLASH
 OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15
 (0.006) PER SIDE.
 4. TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR
- TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
 THE LEAD WIDTH DIMENSION (b) DOES NOT
- 5. THE LEAD WIDTH DIMENSION (b) DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08 (0.003) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE LEAD WIDTH DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION. DAMBAR CANNOT BE LOCATED ON THE LOWER RADIUS OR THE FOOT. MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN PROTRUSIONS AND ADJACENT LEAD TO BE 0.46 (0.018).

	MILLIMETERS		INC	HES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α		2.05		0.081	
A ₁	0.05	0.20	0.002	0.008	
b	0.35	0.50	0.014	0.020	
C	0.18	0.27	0.007	0.011	
D	9.90	10.50	0.390	0.413	
E	5.10	5.45	0.201	0.215	
е	1.27	BSC	0.050 BSC		
HE	7.40	8.20	0.291	0.323	
L	0.50	0.85	0.020	0.033	
LE	1.10	1.50	0.043	0.059	
M	0 °	10 °	0 °	10°	
Q ₁	0.70	0.90	0.028	0.035	
Z		0.78		0.031	

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