SGLS206A – OCTOBER 2003 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2009

Inputs Meet or Exceed the Requirements of

Replacement for the National DS90CR215

DGG PACKAGE

(TOP VIEW)

ANSI EIA/TIA-644 Standard

 $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $85^{\circ}C$ 

**Industrial Temperature Qualified** 

- Controlled Baseline

   One Assembly/Test Site, One Fabrication Site
- Enhanced Diminishing Manufacturing Sources (DMS) Support
- Enhanced Product-Change Notification
- Qualification Pedigree<sup>†</sup>
- 21:3 Data Channel Compression at up to 1.36 Gigabits per Second Throughput
- Suited for Point-to-Point Subsystem Communication With Very Low EMI
- 21 Data Channels Plus Clock in Low-Voltage TTL and 3 Data Channels Plus Clock Out Low-Voltage Differential
- Operates From a Single 3.3-V Supply and 250 mW (Typ)
- 5-V Tolerant Data Inputs
- 'LVDS95 Has Rising Clock Edge Triggered Inputs
- Bus Pins Tolerate 6-kV HBM ESD
- Packaged in Thin Shrink Small-Outline Package With 20 Mil Terminal Pitch
- Consumes <1 mW When Disabled
- Wide Phase-Lock Input Frequency Range 20 MHz to 68 MHz
- No External Components Required for PLL

<sup>†</sup> Component qualification in accordance with JEDEC and industry standards to ensure reliable operation over an extended temperature range. This includes, but is not limited to, Highly Accelerated Stress Test (HAST) or biased 85/85, temperature cycle, autoclave or unbiased HAST, electromigration, bond intermetallic life, and mold compound life. Such qualification testing should not be viewed as justifying use of this component beyond specified performance and environmental limits.

#### description/ordering information

The SN65LVDS95 LVDS serdes (serializer/deserializer) transmitter contains three 7-bit parallel-load serial-out shift registers, a 7× clock synthesizer, and four low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS) line drivers in a single integrated circuit. These functions allow 21 bits of single-ended LVTTL data to be synchronously transmitted over 4 balanced-pair conductors for receipt by a compatible receiver, such as the SN65LVDS96.

When transmitting, data bits D0 through D20 are each loaded into registers of the SN65LVDS95 on the rising edge of the input clock signal (CLKIN). The frequency of CLKIN is multiplied seven times and then used to serially unload the data registers in 7-bit slices. The three serial streams and a phase-locked clock (CLKOUT) are then output to LVDS output drivers. The frequency of CLKOUT is the same as the input clock, CLKIN.



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PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.



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D4 [	1	48	D3
V <sub>CC</sub>	2	47	D2
D5 [	3	46	GND
D6 [	4	45	] D1
GND [	5	44	] D0
D7 [	6	43	] NC
D8 [	7	42	LVDSGND
Vcc [	8	41	] Y0M
D9 [	9	40	] Y0P
D10 [	10	39	] Y1M
GND [	11	38	] Y1P
D11 [	12	37	LVDSV <sub>CC</sub>
D12 [	13	36	LVDSGND
NC [	14	35	] Y2M
D13 [	15	34	] Y2P
D14 [	16	33	CLKOUTM
GND [	17	32	CLKOUTP
D15 [	18	31	LVDSGND
D16 [	19	30	PLLGND
D17 [	20	29	] PLLV <sub>CC</sub>
V <sub>CC</sub>	21	28	PLLGND
D18 [	22	27	SHTDN
D19 [	23	26	CLKIN
GND [	24	25	D20
			l

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#### description/ordering information (continued)

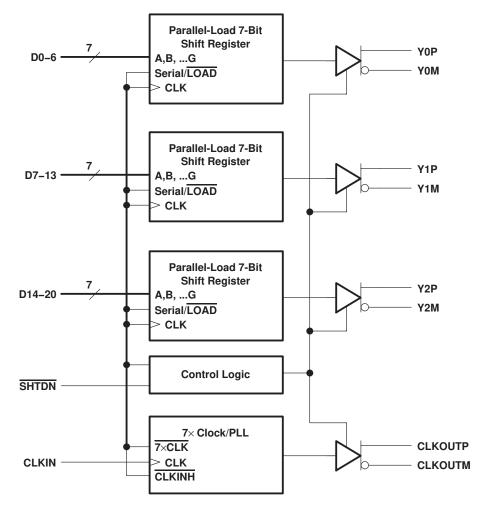
The SN65LVDS95 requires no external components and little or no control. The data bus appears the same at the input to the transmitter and output of the receiver with data transmission transparent to the user(s). The only user intervention is the possible use of the shutdown/clear (SHTDN) active-low input to inhibit the clock and shut off the LVDS output drivers for lower power consumption. A low level on this signal clears all internal registers to a low level.

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

T <sub>A</sub>	PACK	AGET	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING						
–40°C to 85°C	TSSOP – DGG	Tape and reel	SN65LVDS95DGGREP	65LVDS95EP						
+ Package drawing	Package drawings standard packing quantities thermal data symbolization and PCR design									

T Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.

#### functional block diagram





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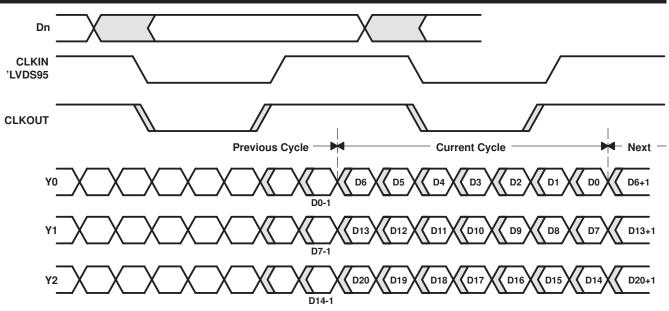
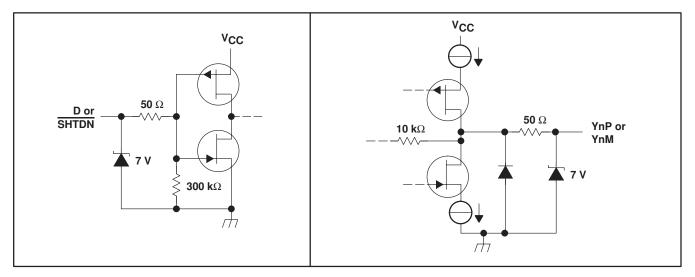


Figure 1. 'LVDS95 Load and Shift Sequences

## equivalent input and output schematic diagrams





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#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Supply voltage range, $V_{CC}$ (see Note 1)	
Voltage range at any input terminal, $V_1$	
Electrostatic discharge (see Note 2): Bus pins (Class 3A)	
Bus pins (Class 2B)	400 V
All pins (Class 3A)	
All pins (Class 2B)	
Continuous total power dissipation	(see Dissipation Rating Table)
Operating free-air temperature range, T <sub>A</sub>	
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>	–65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. All voltage values are with respect to the GND terminals.

2. This rating is measured using MIL-STD-883C Method, 3015.7.

#### DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 25°C	DERATING FACTOR <sup>‡</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C	T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C
	POWER RATING	ABOVE T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	POWER RATING	POWER RATING
DGG	1316 mW	13.1 mW/°C	724 mW	526 mW

<sup>‡</sup> This is the inverse of the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance when board-mounted and with no air flow.

#### recommended operating conditions

	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>	3	3.3	3.6	V
High-level input voltage, VIH	2			V
Low-level input voltage, VIL			0.8	V
Differential load impedance, ZL	90		132	Ω
Operating free-air temperature, TA	-40		85	°C



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## electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYPT	MAX	UNIT
VIT	Input voltage threshold			1.4		V
V <sub>OD</sub>	Differential steady-state output voltage magnitude		247		454	
$\Delta  V_{OD} $	Change in the steady-state differential output voltage magnitude between opposite binary states	$R_L = 100 \Omega$ , See Figure 3			50	mV
V <sub>OC(SS)</sub>	Steady-state common-mode output voltage		1.125		1.375	V
V <sub>OC(PP)</sub>	Peak-to-peak common-mode output voltage	See Figure 3		80	150	mV
IIН	High-level input current	VIH = VCC			20	μA
۱ <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input current	$V_{IL} = 0 V$			±10	μA
		V <sub>OY</sub> = 0 V			±24	mA
IOS	Short-circuit output current	$V_{OD} = 0 V$			±12	mA
loz	High-impedance state output current	$V_{O} = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CC}$			±10	μA
		Disabled, all inputs at GND			280	μA
ICC(AVG)	Quiescent current (average)	Enabled, $R_L = 100 \Omega$ (4 places), Worst-case pattern (see Figure 4), $t_c = 15.38$ ns		85	110	mA
Ci	Input capacitance			3		рF

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V,  $T_A$  = 25°C.

## timing requirements

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>c</sub>	Input clock period	14.7	t <sub>c</sub>	50	ns
tw	High-level input clock pulse width duration	0.4t <sub>C</sub>		0.6t <sub>C</sub>	ns
tt	Input signal transition time			5	ns
t <sub>su</sub>	Data setup time, D0 through D27 before CLKIN $\uparrow$ ('95) (see Figure 2)	3			ns
th	Data hold time, D0 through D27 after CLKIN $\uparrow$ ('95) (see Figure 2)	1.5			ns



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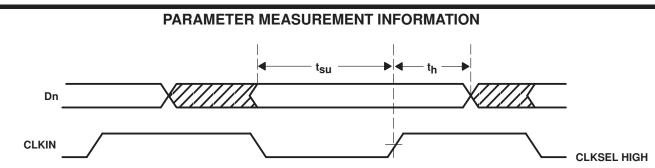
### switching characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>0</sub>	Delay time, CLKOUT serial bit position 0		-0.20	0	0.20	ns
t1	Delay time, CLKOUT↑ serial bit position 1		1/7t <sub>C</sub> -0.20		1/7t <sub>C</sub> +0.20	ns
t <sub>2</sub>	Delay time, CLKOUT↑ serial bit position 2		2/7t <sub>C</sub> -0.20		2/7t <sub>C</sub> +0.20	ns
tg	Delay time, CLKOUT↑ serial bit position 3	$t_{\rm C} = 15.38 \text{ ns} (\pm 0.2\%),$	3/7t <sub>C</sub> -0.20		3/7t <sub>C</sub> +0.20	ns
t <sub>4</sub>	Delay time, CLKOUT↑ serial bit position 4	∣Input clock jitter∣ < 50 ps‡, See Figure 5	4/7t <sub>c</sub> -0.20		4/7t <sub>C</sub> +0.20	ns
t <sub>5</sub>	Delay time, CLKOUT↑ serial bit position 5		5/7t <sub>C</sub> -0.20		5/7t <sub>C</sub> +0.20	ns
t <sub>6</sub>	Delay time, CLKOUT↑ serial bit position 6		6/7t <sub>C</sub> -0.20		6/7t <sub>C</sub> +0.20	ns
t <sub>sk(o)</sub>	Output skew, t <sub>n</sub> –n/7 t <sub>C</sub>		-0.20		0.20	ns
t7	Delay time, CLKIN↑ to CLKOUT↑	t <sub>C</sub> = 15.38 ns (±0.2%),  Input clock jitter∣ < 50 ps <sup>‡</sup> , See Figure 5		4.2		ns
	O to take to the to see to "the &	$t_{C} = 15.38 \text{ ns} + 0.75 \sin(2\pi 500\text{E3t})$ ±0.05 ns, See Figure 6		±80		ps
∆tC(O)	Output clock cycle-to-cycle jitter§	$\begin{array}{l} t_{C} = 15.38 \text{ ns} + 0.75 \text{ sin}(2\pi2E6t) \\ \pm 0.05 \text{ ns},  \text{See Figure 6} \end{array}$		±300		ps
tw	High-level output clock pulse duration			4/7 t <sub>C</sub>		ns
tt	Differential output voltage transition time (tr or tf)	See Figure 3	260	700	1500	ps
t <sub>en</sub>	Enable time, $\overline{\text{SHTDN}}$ to phase lock (Yn valid)	See Figure 7		1		ms
<sup>t</sup> dis	Disable time, $\overline{SHTDN}\downarrow$ to off-state (CLKOUT low)	See Figure 8		250		ns

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

‡ |Input clock jitter| is the magnitude of the change in the input clock period.

\$ The output clock jitter is the change in the output clock period from one cycle to the next cycle observed over 15,000 cycles.



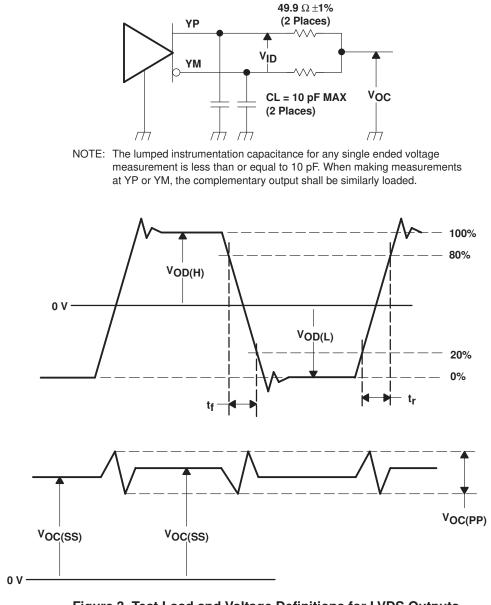
NOTE: All input timing is defined at 1.4 V on an input signal with a 10% to 90% rise or fall time of less than 5 ns.

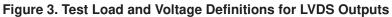
Figure 2. Setup and Hold Time Definition

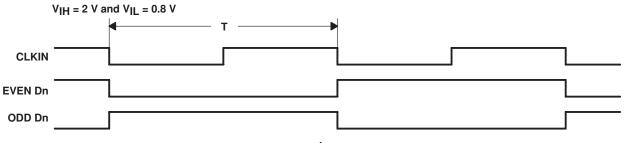


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### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION





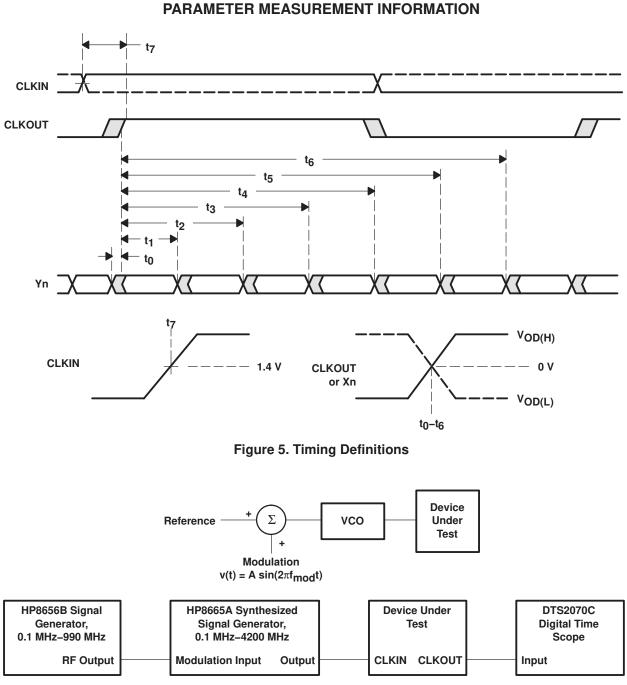


### Figure 4. Worst-Case<sup>‡</sup> Power Test Pattern

<sup>‡</sup> The worst-case test pattern produces nearly the maximum switching frequency for all of the LV-TTL outputs.



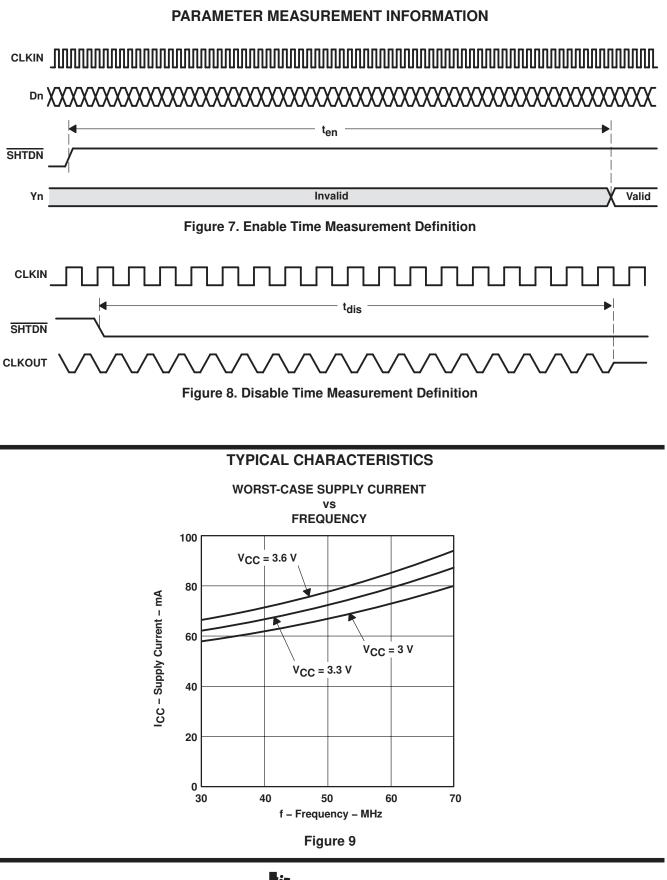
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### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

#### 16-bit bus extension

In a 16-bit bus application (Figure 10), TTL data and clock coming from bus transceivers that interface the backplane bus arrive at the Tx parallel inputs of the LVDS serdes transmitter. The clock associated with the bus is also connected to the device. The on-chip PLL synchronizes this clock with the parallel data at the input. The data is then multiplexed into three different line drivers which perform the TTL to LVDS conversion. The clock as conversion and clock at the receiver, which recovers the LVDS data and clock, performs a conversion back to TTL. Data is then demultiplexed into a parallel format. An on-chip PLL synchronizes the received clock with the parallel data, and then all are presented to the parallel output port of the receiver.

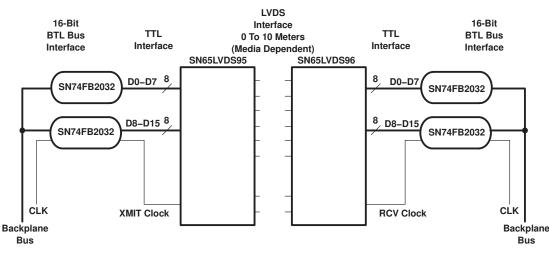


Figure 10. 16-Bit Bus Extension

### 16-bit bus extension with parity

In the previous application we did not have a checking bit that would provide assurance that the data crosses the link. If we add a parity bit to the previous example, we would have a diagram similar to the one in Figure 11. The device following the SN74FB2032 is a low cost parity generator. Each transmit-side transceiver/parity generator takes the LVTTL data from the corresponding transceiver, performs a parity calculation over the byte, and then passes the bits with its calculated parity value on the parallel input of the LVDS serdes transmitter. Again, the on-chip PLL synchronizes this transmit clock with the eighteen parallel bits (16 data + 2 parity) at the input. The synchronized LVDS data/parity and clock arrive at the receiver.

The receiver performs the conversion from LVDS to LVTTL and the transceiver/parity generator performs the parity calculations. These devices compare their corresponding input bytes with the value received on the parity bit. The transceiver/parity generator will assert its parity error output if a mismatch is detected.



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#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

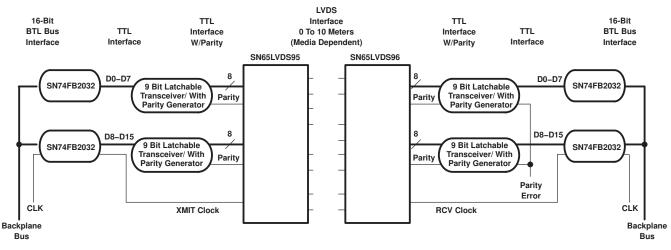


Figure 11. 16-Bit Bus Extension With Parity

#### low cost virtual backplane transceiver

Figure 12 represents LVDS serdes in an application as a virtual backplane transceiver (VBT). The concept of a VBT can be achieved by implementing individual LVDS serdes chipsets in both directions of subsystem serialized links.

Depending on the application, the designer will face varying choices when implementing a VBT. In addition to the devices shown in Figure 12, functions such as parity and delay lines for control signals could be included. Using additional circuitry, half-duplex or full-duplex operation can be achieved by configuring the clock and control lines properly.

The designer may choose to implement an independent clock oscillator at each end of the link and then use a PLL to synchronize LVDS serdes's parallel I/O to the backplane bus. Resynchronizing FIFOs may also be required.

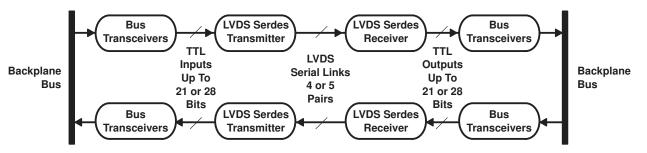


Figure 12. Virtual Backplane Transceiver





10-Dec-2020

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
SN65LVDS95DGGREP	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	65LVDS95EP	Samples
V62/04643-01XE	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	65LVDS95EP	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

<sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

<sup>(6)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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# PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

10-Dec-2020

#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN65LVDS95-EP :

- Catalog: SN65LVDS95
- Automotive: SN65LVDS95-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog TI's standard catalog product
- Automotive Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

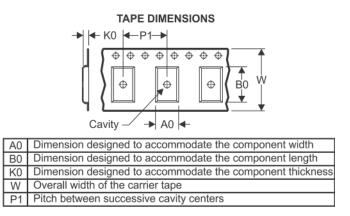
# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



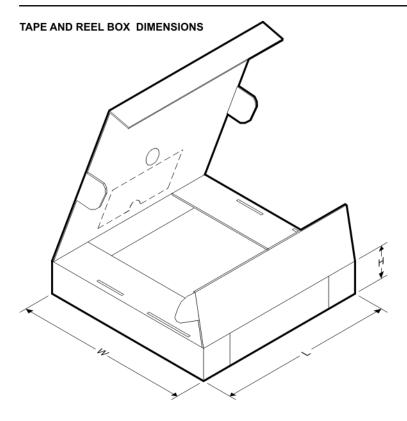
*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN65LVDS95DGGREP	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	330.0	24.4	8.6	13.0	1.8	12.0	24.0	Q1

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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

20-Feb-2019



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN65LVDS95DGGREP	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	350.0	350.0	43.0

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