

FM336Plus

V.34/Group 3 High Performance Fax Modem Family

The Conexant[™] FM336Plus High Performance Fax Modem family offers ITU-T V.34 halfduplex mode operation that supports synchronous Group 3 facsimile send and receive speeds up to 33600 bits per second (bps). The FM336Plus-D and FM336Plus-D90 support ITU-T V.34 duplex data and synchronous/asynchronous modes with rates up to 33600 bps. The FM336Plus-D90 also supports ITU-T V.90 PCM mode, which can receive data at speeds up to 56 kbps.

The device has low voltage operation and is housed in a 100-pin Plastic Quad Flat Package (PQFP). The modem's small size and low power consumption allow the design of compact system enclosures for use in industrial, office, and home environments. Table 1 lists the FM336Plus Modem Family models and features.

Utilizing V.34 and V.90 techniques to optimize modem configuration for line conditions, the modem connects at the optimal selected data rate that the channel can support from 2400 bps up to 56 kbps. The modem can operate over the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) through a line terminator provided by a Data Access Arrangement (DAA).

The FM336Plus is backward pin compatible with the previous Conexant FM336 fax modem, and supports all features of the FM336 family. The FM336Plus also has numerous feature and performance enhancements. For more information on the enhancements, refer to the FM336Plus High Performance Fax Modem Designer's Guide (Doc No. 101360A).

Table 1. FM336Plus Modem Family Models and Feature
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Modem Model	Part Number	V.34	Duplex	V.90	Clock/Crystal Input	
		Fax Mode	Data Mode	PCM Mode	Clock Oscillator	Crystal
FM336Plus	CX06832-11	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
FM336Plus	CX06832-12	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
FM336Plus-D	CX06832-13	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
FM336Plus-D	CX06832-14	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
FM336Plus-D90	CX06832-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
FM336Plus-D90	CX06832-16	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

Features (Entire FM336Plus Family)

- 2-wire half-duplex fax modem modes with send and receive data rates up to 33600 bps
 - V.34 half-duplex, V.17, V.33, V.29, V.27 ter, and V.21 channel 2
 - Short train option in V.17 and V.27 ter
- 2-wire duplex data modem modes
 - V.21, V.23 (75 bps TX/1200 bps RX or 1200 bps TX/75 bps RX)
- PSTN session starting
 V.8 and V.8bis signaling
- HDLC support at all speeds
 - Flag generation, 0-bit stuffing, ITU-T CRC-16 or CRC-32 calculation and generation
 - Flag detection, 0-bit deletion, ITU-T CRC-16 or CRC-32 check sum error detection
 - FSK flag pattern detection during highspeed receiving
- Tone modes and features
 - Programmable single or dual tone generation
 - DTMF receiver
 - Tone detection with three programmable tone detectors
- · Serial synchronous data
- Parallel synchronous data
- Automatic Rate Adaptation (ARA) in V.34 half-duplex
- Auto-dial and auto-answer control
- TTL and CMOS compatible DTE interface – ITU-T V.24 (EIA/TIA-232-E)
 - (data/control) – Microprocessor bus
 - (data/configuration/control)
- Receive dynamic range:
 - 0 dBm to -43 dBm for V.17, V.33, V.29,
 V.27 ter and V.21
 - -9 to -43 dBm for V.34 half-duplex
- Caller ID Demodulation
- Single tone detection in Data Mode
- ADPCM Voice Mode (Conexant Proprietary)

Features (Entire FM336Plus Family-Continued)

- · Programmable RLSD turn-on and turn-off thresholds
- Programmable transmit level: 0 to -15 dBm
- · Adjustable speaker output to monitor received signal
- DMA support for interrupt lines
- Two 16-byte FIFO data buffers for burst data transfer with extension up to 255 bytes
- Diagnostic capability
- V.21 Channel 1 Flag detect
- V.21 Channel 2 Flag detect
- +3.3 V operation with +5 V tolerant inputs
- +5 V analog signal interface
- 100-pin PQFP package
- Typical power consumption
 - Normal mode:
 - VDD1 = 250 mW (+3.3V for DSP); VDD = 35 mW (+5 V for IA)
 - Sleep mode:
 - VDD1 = 20 mW (+3.3V for DSP); VDD = 0.1 mW (+5 V for IA)

Distinguishing Features (-D / -D90)

- 2-wire duplex data modem modes with send and receive rates up to 33600 bps
 - V.34 duplex (33.6 kbps), V.32 bis, V.32, V.22 bis, and V.22
 - Bell 208, 212A, and 103
- Serial asynchronous data
- Parallel asynchronous data
- In-band secondary channel (V.34 duplex and V.32 bis)
- Automatic Rate Adaptation (ARA) in V.34 duplex and V.32 bis
- Automatic Mode Selection (AMS)
- Digital near-end and far-end echo cancellation
- Bulk delay for satellite transmission
- Receive dynamic range:
 - -9 dBm to -43 dBm for V.34 duplex, V.32 bis, V.32, V.22 bis, V.22, and V.23
- 511 pattern generation/detection
- V.13 signaling
- · Diagnostic capability
 - V.54 inter-DCE signaling
 - V.54 local analog and remote digital loopback

Distinguishing Features (-D90 only)

- 2-wire duplex data modem modes with receive data rates up to 56 kbps and send data rates as specified in the V.34 specification
 - V.90 PCM mode

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Group 3 Facsimile Modem (Entire FM336Plus Family)

The modem satisfies the requirements specified in ITU-T Recommendations V.34 half-duplex, V.17, V.33, V.29, V.27 ter, V.21, and meets the binary signaling requirements of V.8 and T.30 with Annex F.

Internal HDLC support eliminates the need for an external serial input/output (SIO) device in the DTE for products incorporating error detection and T.30 protocol. The modem can perform HDLC framing per T.30 at all data speeds. CRC generation/checking along with zero insertion/deletion enhances SDLC/HDLC frame operations. Two FSK (V.21 Ch. 1 and V.21 Ch. 2) flag pattern detectors facilitate FSK detection during high-speed reception. The modem features a programmable DTMF transmitter/receiver and three programmable tone detectors.

Duplex Data Mode (-D / -D90)

The duplex data mode supports Internet facsimile applications. The modem can connect at the highest data rate up to 33600 bps with auto fall back to V.32 bis. The FM336Plus-D and FM336Plus-D90 modems satisfy the requirements specified in ITU-T Recommendations V.34, V.32 bis, V.32, V.22 bis, V.22, V.23, V.21, Bell 208, Bell 212A, and Bell 103.

ITU-T V.90 PCM Mode (-D90)

The ITU-T V.90 PCM mode can receive data at speeds up to 56 kbps from a digitally connected V.90 central site modem. The FM336Plus-D90 takes advantage of the PSTN which is primarily digital to the central office local loop (except for the client modem) and is ideal for applications such as remote access to an Internet Service Provider (ISP), online service, or corporate intranet. The modem can send upstream data at speeds up to the V.34 rate.

Technical Specifications

The FM336Plus modem provides the processing core for a complete facsimile modem design.

Configurations and Rates

Selectable modem configurations, signaling rates, and data rates are listed in Table 2.

Automatic Mode Selection (-D / -D90)

When Automatic Mode Selection (AMS) is enabled, the modem configures itself to the highest compatible data rate supported by the remote modem. Automode operation is supported in V.90 (-D90 only), V.34, V.32 bis, V.32, V.22 bis, V.22, V.21, V.23, Bell 208, Bell 212A, and Bell 103 modes.

Automatic Rate Adaptation

In V.34 duplex, V.34 half-duplex, and V.32 bis modes, Automatic Rate Adaptation (ARA) can be enabled to select the optimal highest acceptable data rate based on the Eye Quality Monitor (EQM). This selection occurs during startup.

Two ARA modes are available. ARA in ROM is an adaptive selection made by the modem based upon a fixed ROM table. ARA in RAM is based on the host programmable RAM table and can be changed by the user.

Data Encoding

The data encoding conforms to ITU-T Recommendations V.90 (-D90 only), V.34, V.32 bis, V.32, V.17, V.33, V.29, V.27 ter, V.22 bis, V.22, V.23, or V.21, and is compatible with Bell 208, 212A, or 103, depending on the configuration.

Tone Generation

The modem can generate single or dual voice-band tones from 0 Hz to 3600 Hz with a resolution of 0.15 Hz and an accuracy of \pm 0.01%. Tones over 3000 Hz are attenuated. DTMF tone generation allows the modem to operate as a programmable DTMF dialer.

Supervisory Tone Detection

Three parallel tone detectors (A, B, and C) are provided for supervisory tone detection. The signal path to these detectors is separate from the main received signal path.

Each tone detector consists of two cascaded second order IIR biquad filters. The coefficients are host programmable. Each fourth order filter is followed by a level detector which has host programmable turn-on and turn-off thresholds allowing hysteresis. A pre-filter and squarer precede tone detector C. This circuit is useful for detecting a tone with a frequency equal to the difference between two tones that may be simultaneously present on the line. The SQDIS bit may disable the squarer causing tone detector C to be an eight-order filter. The tone detectors are disabled in data mode.

The tone detection sample rate is 9600 Hz in V.8 and V.34 modes and is 7200 Hz in non-V.34 modes. The default call progress filter coefficients are based on a 7200 Hz sampling rate and apply to non-V.34 modes only. The maximum detection bandwidth is equal to one-half the sample rate.

Auto-Dialing and Auto-Answering Control

Features are provided to allow the host to perform autodialing and auto-answering. These functions include DTMF or pulse dialing, ring detection, and a comprehensive supervisory tone detection scheme. The major control parameters are host programmable.

Transmitted Data Spectrum

The transmitter spectrum is shaped by raised cosine filter functions, either the square root of 12.5% (V.34, V.32 bis, V.32), 20% (V.17, V.33, and V.29), 50% (V.27 ter, Bell 208), or 75% (V.22 bis, Bell 212A).

Scrambler/Descrambler

A self-synchronizing scrambler/descrambler is used in accordance with the selected configuration.

Transmit Level

The transmitter output level is selectable from 0 dBm to -15 dBm in 1 dB steps and is accurate to ± 0.5 dB when used with an external hybrid. The output level can also be tuned by changing a gain constant in the modem DSP RAM. The maximum V.34 transmit level for acceptable receive performance should not exceed -9 dBm.

Answer Tone (-D / -D90)

When the NV25 bit is a zero, the modem generates a 2100 Hz answer tone at the beginning of the answer handshake for 5.0 seconds (V.8) or 3.6 seconds (V.32 bis, V.32, V.22 bis, V.22, V.23, and V.21). The answer tone has 180° phase reversals every 0.45 seconds to disable network echo cancellers (V.8, V.32 bis, and V.32).

Receive Level

The modem satisfies performance requirements for received line signal levels from 0 dBm to -43 dBm measured at the receiver analog (TIP and RING) input in V.17, V.33, V.29, V.27 ter, and DTMF modes. In V.90, V.34, V.32 bis, V.32, V.22 bis, V.22, and V.23 modes, the receive level range is from -9 dBm (-15 dBm at RIN) to -43 dBm. (A 6 dB pad is required between TIP/RING and RIN; RIN is 6 dB lower than TIP and RING.)

Carrier Recovery

The carrier recovery circuit can track a \pm 7 Hz frequency offset in the received carrier.

Clamping

Received Data (RXD) is clamped to a constant mark whenever the Received Line Signal Detector (RLSD) is off. RLSD can be clamped off (RLSDE bit).

Echo Canceller (-D / -D90)

A data echo canceller with near-end and far-end echo cancellation is included for 2-wire duplex V.90/V.34/ V.32 bis/V.32 operation. The combined echo span of near and far cancellers can be up to 40 ms. The proportion allotted to each end is automatically determined by the modem. The delay between near-end and far-end echoes can be up to 1.2 seconds.

Configuration	Modulation	Carrier Frequency (Hz) ±0.01%	Data Rate (bps) ±0.01%	Symbol Rate (Symbols/Sec)	Bits/Symbol Data	Bits/Symbol TCM	Constellation Points
V.90 PCM	PCM	_	56000 R/V.34 rates T (Note 4)	8000	Dynamic	—	_
V.34 33600 TCM ³	TCM	Note 2	33600	3429 only	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2
V.34 31200 TCM ³	TCM	Note 2	31200	3200 min	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2
V.34 28800 TCM3	TCM	Note 2	28800	3000 min	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2
V.34 26400 TCM ³	TCM	Note 2	26400	2800 min	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2
V.34 24000 TCM ³	TCM	Note 2	24000	2800 min	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2
V.34 21600 TCM3	TCM	Note 2	21600	2400 min	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2
V.34 19200 TCM ³	TCM	Note 2	19200	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2
V.34 16800 TCM ³	TCM	Note 2	16800	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2
V.34 14400 TCM ³	TCM	Note 2	14400	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2
V.34 12000 TCM ³	TCM	Note 2	12000	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2
V.34 9600 TCM ³	TCM	Note 2	9600	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2
V.34 7200 TCM ³	TCM	Note 2	7200	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2
V.34 4800 TCM ³	TCM	Note 2	4800	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2
V.34 2400 TCM ³	TCM	Note 2	2400	2400 only	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2
V.32 bis 14400 TCM	TCM	1800	14400	2400	6	1	128
V.32 bis 12000 TCM	TCM	1800	12000	2400	5	1	64
V.32 bis 9600 TCM	TCM	1800	9600	2400	4	1	32
V.32 bis 7200 TCM	TCM	1800	7200	2400	3	1	16
V.32 bis 4800	QAM	1800	4800	2400	2	0	4
V.32 9600 TCM	ТСМ	1800	9600	2400	4	1	32
V.32 9600	QAM	1800	9600	2400	4	0	16
V.32 4800	QAM	1800	4800	2400	2	0	4
V 22 bis 2400	QAM	1200/2400	2400	600	4	0	16
V 22 bis 1200	DPSK	1200/2400	1200	600	2	0	4
V 22 1200	DPSK	1200/2400	1200	600	2	0	
V.22 1200		1200/2400	600	600	1	0	4
V.22 000	EQK	1200/2400	1200/75	1200	1	0	
V.23 1200/75	FOR	1/00/420	1200/75	1200	1	0	_
V.Z I	FSK	1000/1750	0p to 300	300	1	0	
Bell 200 4000	DPSK	1000	4000	1600	3	0	0
Bell 212A	DPSK	1200/2400	1200	600	2	0	4
Bell 103	FSK	1170/2125	Up to 300	300	1	0	—
V.17 14400	ТСМ	1800	14400	2400	6	1	128
1CM/V.33	7011	1000	(0000	0.400			
V.17 12000	ICM	1800	12000	2400	5	1	64
1010// V.33	тсм	1800	9600	2400	Λ	1	30
V 17 7200 TCM	TCM	1800	7200	2400	3	1	16
V.17 7200 TOW		1700	0600	2400	3	0	16
V.29 9000		1700	7200	2400	4	0	0
V.297200		1700	1200	2400	3	0	0
V.23 4000		1900	4000	2400	2	0	4
V.27 ter 4000	DPSK	1000	4000	1000	<u> </u>	0	0
V.27 (ef 2400	DPSK	1000	2400	1200	<u> </u>	0	4
V.21 Channel 2	FSK	1750	300	300	I	0	_
Notes:							
Modulation legend: TCM: Trellis-Coded Modulation FSK: Frequency Shift Keying QAM: Quadrature Amplitude Modulation DPSK: Differential Phase Shift Keying PCM: Pulse Coded Modulation							
2. Auaptive, establis	2. Adaptive, established during handshake:						
Sym	DOI Rate (Baud) V.34 L	.ow Carrier Frequency (Hz	2) V.3	4 High Carrier Fr	equency (Hz)	
	2400		1600		1800		
	2800		1000		1867		
	3000 3200		1000		2000		
	3200		1029		1920		
3 For both duplay a	3 For both duplex and half-duplex modes						
Δ Maximum data rate							
4. Maximum data rate.							

Data Formats

Serial Synchronous Data

- Data rate: 300-56000 bps (-D90) or 300-33600 bps ±0.01%
- Selectable clock: Internal, external, or slave

Serial Asynchronous Data (-D / -D90)

- Data rate: 300-56000 bps (-D90) or 300-33600 bps +1%/-2.5% or +2.3%/-2.5%; up to 300 bps (V.21 and Bell 103); 1200/75 bps (V.23)
- Bits per character (including Start Bit, Parity Bit, and Stop Bit): 7, 8, 9, 10, or 11

Parallel Synchronous Data

- Normal sync: 8-bit data for transmit and receive
- Data rate: 300-56000 bps (-D90) or 300-33600 bps ±0.01%
- SDLC/HDLC support:
 - Transmitter: Flag generation, 0-bit stuffing, CRC-16 or CRC-32 generation
 - Receiver: Flag detection, 0-bit deletion, CRC-16 or CRC-32 checking

Parallel Asynchronous Data (-D / -D90)

- Data rate: 300-56000 bps (-D90) or 300-33600 bps +1%/-2.5% or +2.3%/-2.5%; 1200, 300, or 75 bps (FSK)
- Data bits per character: 5, 6, 7, or 8
- · Parity generation/checking: Odd, Even, or 9th data bit

Async/Sync and Sync/Async Conversion (-D / -D90)

An asynchronous-to-synchronous converter is provided in the transmitter and a synchronous-to-asynchronous converter is provided in the receiver. The converters operate in both serial and parallel modes. The asynchronous character format is 1 start bit, 5 to 8 data bits, an optional parity bit, and 1 or 2 stop bits. Valid character size, including all bits, is 7, 8, 9, 10, or 11 bits per character. Two ranges of signaling rates are provided:

- Basic range: +1% to -2.5%
- Extended overspeed range: +2.3% to -2.5%

When the transmit converter is operating at the basic signaling rate, no more than one stop bit will be deleted per eight consecutive characters. When operating at the extended rate, no more than one stop bit will be deleted per four consecutive characters. Break handling is performed as described in V.14.

Asynchronous characters are accepted on the TXD serial input and are issued on the RXD serial output.

V.54 Inter-DCE Signaling (-D / -D90)

The modem supports V.56 inter-DCE signaling procedures in synchronous and asynchronous configuration. Transmission and detection of the preparatory, acknowledgment, and termination phases as defined in V.54 are provided. Three control bits (VT54T, V54A, and V54P) in the transmitter allow the host to send the appropriate bit patterns. Three control bits (V54TE, V54AE, and V54PE) in the receiver are used to enable one of the three bit pattern detectors. A status bit (V54DT) indicates when the selected pattern detector has found the corresponding bit pattern.

V.13 Remote RTS Signaling (-D / -D90)

The modem supports V.13 remote RTS signaling. Transmission and detection of signaling bit patterns in response to a change of state in the RTS bit or the /RTS input signal are provided. This feature may be used to clamp/unclamp the local/RLSD and RXD signals in response to a change in the remote /RTS signal in order to simulate controlled carrier operation in a constant carrier environment. The modem automatically clamps and unclamps /RLSD.

511 Pattern Generation/Detection (-D / -D90)

In synchronous mode, a 511 pattern can be generated and detected (control bit S511). Use of this bit pattern during self-test eliminates the need for external test equipment.

In-Band Secondary Channel (-D / -D90)

A duplex in-band secondary channel is provided in V.34 (all speeds) and V.32 bis/V.32 (7200 bps and above) modes. The secondary channel operates in parallel data mode with independent transmit and receive interrupts and data buffers. The main channel may operate in parallel or serial mode.

In V.34 modes, the secondary channel rate is 200 bps.

In V.32 bis/V.32 modes, the secondary channel rate is 150 bps. This rate is also host programmable in V.32 bis/V.32 modes.

Transmit FIFO Buffer and Receive FIFO Buffer

Two 16-byte first-in first-out (FIFO) data buffers allow the DTE/host to output up to 16 bytes of transmit data to the Transmit FIFO Buffer (TXFIFO) and input up to 16 bytes of accumulated received data from the Receive FIFO Buffer (RXFIFO). The RXFIFO is always enabled. The host can enable the TXFIFO. Status bits indicate when the TXFIFO is not full, the TXFIFO is half-full (eight or more bytes loaded), the RXFIFO is empty, and the RXFIFO is halffull. An interrupt mask register allows an interrupt request to be generated whenever the status bits change state.

Transmit Extended FIFO Buffer and Receive Extended FIFO Buffer

The TXFIFO and RXFIFO can be extended up to an additional 255 bytes with the Transmit Extended FIFO Buffer (TXEFIFO) and the Receive Extended FIFO Buffer (RXEFIFO). The size of the FIFO extension is 255 bytes overall and can be divided between the two extended FIFOs in any proportion.

DMA Support for Interrupt Request Lines

DMA support is available in synchronous data modes. When DMA support is enabled, the modem /RI and /DSR lines are assigned to Transmitter Request (TXRQ) and Receiver Request (RXRQ) hardware output interrupt request lines, respectively. The TXRQ and RXRQ signals follow the assertion of the Transmit Data Buffer Empty (TDBE) and Receive Data Buffer Full (RDBF) interrupt bits, thereby allowing the DTE/host to respond immediately to the interrupt request without masking out status bits to determine the interrupt source.

NRZI Encoding/Decoding

NRZI data encoding/decoding may be selected in synchronous modes instead of the default NRZ via control bit NRZIEN. In NRZ encoding, a 1 (one) is represented by a high level and 0 (zero) is represented by a low level. In NRZI encoding, a 1 is represented by no change in level and a 0 is represented by a change in level.

ITU-T CRC-32 Support

ITU-T CRC-32 generation/checking may be selected instead of the default ITU-T CRC-16 in HDLC mode using DSP RAM access.

ADPCM Voice Mode (Conexant Proprietary)

A Conexant proprietary Adaptive Differential Pulse Code Modulation (ADPCM) voice coder and decoder (codec) is provided to compress and decompress voice signals for efficient digital storage of voice messages. The codec operates at 32 Kbps, 24 Kbps, or 16 Kbps (4-bit, 3-bit, or 2-bit quantization, respectively) with an 8.0 kHz sampling rate.

Caller ID Demodulation

Caller ID information can be demodulated in the V.23 1200 receive configuration and presented to the DTE/host in serial (RXD) or parallel (RBUFFER) form.

Single Tone Detection in Data Mode

A tone detector is provided to perform single tone detection and is available in V.90, V.34, V.32bis, V.32, V.17, V.29, and V.27ter modes. By default, single tone level down to approximately -28 dBm can be detected. The detector can tolerate near-end echo levels up to 10 dB above the call waiting tone level.

Telephone Line Interface

Line Transformer Interface. V.90/V.34 places high requirements upon the Data Access Arrangement (DAA) connection to the telephone line. Due to the wider bandwidth requirement of V.90 and V.34, the DAA must maintain linearity from 150 to 3950 Hz for V.34, and from 10 to 4000 Hz for V.90.

Relay Control. Direct control of the off-hook and talk/data relays is provided. Internal relay drivers allow direct connection to the off-hook and talk/data relays. The talk/data relay output can optionally be used for pulse dial.

Speaker Interface. A SPKR output is provided with on/off and volume control logic incorporated in the modem, requiring only an external amplifier to drive a speaker.

Clock Sources

The modem is offered in two configurations depending upon the selected clock source. One configuration utilizes a crystal source and the other uses an oscillator source.

For the crystal configuration, the crystal is connected to XTALI (pin 85) and XTALO (pin 86). For the oscillator source, the oscillator is connected to CLKIN (pin 85) and XTALO (pin 86) is not connected.

Hardware Interface Signals

Figure 1 illustrates the functional interface signals. In this diagram, an active low signal is indicated by a forward slash "/" (e.g., /RESET). A clock intended to activate logic on its rising edge (low-to-high transition) is called active high (e.g., TDCLK), while a clock intended to activate logic on its falling edge (high-to-low transition) is called active low (e.g., /RDCLK).

Figure 2 illustrates the modem pin assignments.

Table 3 provides the signal descriptions.

Electrical and Environmental Specifications

Table 4 lists the operating conditions.

Table 5 lists the absolute maximum ratings.

Table 6 lists the current and power requirements.

Package Dimensions

Figure 3 shows the package dimensions.

Additional Information

Additional design information is described in the FM336Plus V.34/Group3 High Performance Fax Modem Designer's Guide (Doc No. 101360A).

Figure 1. Functional Interface Signals







Table 3. Signal Descriptions

ind type	Interface
1 RESERVED — NC 51 RESERVED —	NC
2 RS2 IA HOST Interface 52 VSUB GND	—
3 RS3 IA HOST Interface 53 VSS GND	—
4 RS4 IA HOST Interface 54 NC -	NC
5 /CS IA HOST Interface 55 NC —	NC
6 /WR IA HOST Interface 56 Sleep MI	Modem Interconnect
7 /RD IA HOST Interface 57 VDD1 PWR	_
8 /RDCLK OA DTE Serial Interface 58 NC	NC
9 /RLSD OA DTE Serial Interface 59 RESERVED —	NC
10 TDCLK OA DTE Serial Interface 60 RESERVED —	NC
11 TXD IA DTE Serial Interface 61 SR1IO MI	Modem Interconnect
12 /CTS OA DTE Serial Interface 62 VCORE PWR	_
13 VDD1 PWR 63 VDD1 PWR	_
14 RESERVED NC 64 XTCLK IA	DTE Serial Interface
15 RESERVED NC 65 VSS GND	_
16 VSS GND 66 RESERVED	NC
17 NC NC 67 RXD OA	DTE Serial Interface
18 /RESET IA Modem Interconnect 68 //DTR IA	DTE Serial Interface
19 SR4OUT OA Modem Interconnect 69 VDD1 PWR	_
20 NC NC 70 IA SLEEP MI	Modem Interconnect
21 SR4IN IA Modem Interconnect 71 VGG PWR	_
22 CLK OUT OA Modem Interconnect 72 YCLK OA	Overhead Signal
23 EYESYNC OA Diagostic Signal 73 XCLK OA	Overhead Signal
24 FYECI K OA Diagnostic Signal 74 FYEXY OA	Diagnostic Signal
25 MAVSS GND - 75 //SR OA	DTE Serial Interface
26 MAVDD PWR — 76 /RI OA	Telephone Line
27 SPKR O(DF) Telephone Line Interface 77 RINGD IA	Telephone Line Interface
28 TXA2 O(DD) Telephone Line Interface 78 /RTS IA	DTE Serial Interface
29 TXA1 O(DD) Telephone Line Interface 79 IRQ OA	HOST Interface
30 VREF MI Modem Interconnect 80 VSS GND	_
31 VC MI Modem Interconnect 81 GP00 MI	Modem Interconnect
32 RIN I(DA) Telephone Line Interface 82 RESERVED -	NC
33 MAVSS AGND - 83 RESERVED -	NC
34 /POR IA Modem Interconnect 84 VDD1 PWR	_
35 RESERVED - NC 85 XTALI/CLKIN I	Overhead Signal
36 RESERVED NC 86 XTALO O	Overhead Signal
37 /TALK O(DD) Telephone Line Interface 87 D0 IA/OB	HOST Interface
38 VDD PWB — 88 D1 IA/OB	HOST Interface
39 RESERVED - NC 89 D2 IA/OB	HOST Interface
40 RESERVED NC 90 D3 IA/OB	HOST Interface
41 NC	HOST Interface
42 M CNTRI SIN IA Modem interconnect 92 VDD1 PWR	_
43 M CI KIN I A Modem Interconnect 93 D5 IA/OB	HOST Interface
44 M TXSIN IA Modem Interconnect 94 D6 IA/OB	HOST Interface
45 M SCK IA Model Interconnect 95 D7 IA/OB	HOST Interface
46 M RXQUIT IA Modem Interconnect 96 RS0 IA/OB	HOST Interface
47 M STROBE IA Modem Interconnect 97 RS1 IA/OB	HOST Interface
50 VDD PWR — 100 PU GND GND	-

Table 3. Signal Descriptions (Continued)

No	tes:
1.	I/O types:
	MI = Modem interconnect
	IA, IB = Digital input
	OA, OB = Digital output
	I(DA) = Analog input
	O(DD), O(DF) = Analog output
2.	NC = No external connection required. RESERVED = No external connection allowed.
3.	Interface Legend:
	HOST = Modem Control Unit (Host)
	DTE = Data Terminal Equipment

Table 4. Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units
DSP Supply Voltage	V _{DD1}	3.0	3.3	3.6	VDC
IA Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	4.75	5.0	5.25	VDC
Operating Ambient Temperature	т _А	0	25	70	°C

Table 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Units
Supply Voltage	V _{DD1}	-0.5 to +3.8	V
Digital Input Voltage	V _{IND}	-0.5 to (+5VD +0.5)	V
Operating Temperature Range	т _А	-0 to +70	°C
Storage Temperature Range	TSTG	-55 to +125	C°
Analog Input Voltage	V _{INA}	-0.3 to (+5VA + 0.3)	V
Voltage Applied to Outputs in High Impedance (Off) State	V _{HZ}	-0.5 to (+5VD + 0.5)	V
DC Input Clamp Current	lik	±20	mA
DC Output Clamp Current	Iок	±20	mA
Static Discharge Voltage (25°C)	V _{ESD}	±2500	V
Latch-up Current (25°C)	ITRIG	±200	mA

Table 6. Current and Power Requirements

Power Supply	Typical Current @ 25°C	Maximum Current @ 0°C	Typical Power @ 25°C	Maximum Power @ 0°C				
VDD1 (+3.3V for DSP)								
Normal Mode	76 mA	88 mA	250 mW	320 mW				
Sleep Mode	6 mA	8 mA	20 mW	30 mW				
VDD (+5 V for IA)								
Normal Mode	7 mA	10 mA	35 mW	53 mW				
Sleep Mode	20 µA	24 μA	0.1 mW	0.13 mW				
Note:								
Test conditions: VDD1 (for DSP) = +3.3 VDC for typical values; VDD1 = +3.6 VDC for maximum values.								
VDD (for IA) = +5 VDC for typical values; VDD = +5.25 VDC for maximum values.								

Figure 3. Package Dimensions-100-Pin PQFP



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