

28dBm WCDMA PowerEdge™ Power Amplifier Module

General Description

The RMPA2259 power amplifier module (PAM) is designed for WCDMA applications. The 2 stage PAM is internally matched to 50Ω to minimize the use of external components and features a low power mode to reduce standby current and DC power consumption during peak phone usage. High power-added efficiency and excellent linearity are achieved using our InGaP Heterojunction Bipolar Transistor (HBT) process.

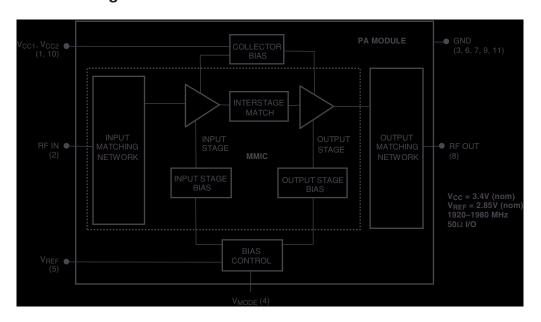
Features

- Single positive-supply operation with low power and shutdown modes
- 40% linear efficiency at +28dBm average output power
- Compact LCC package 4.0 x 4.0 x 1.5mm
- Internally matched to 50Ω and DC blocked RF input/output.
- High-Power/Low-Power operating modes for extended battery life

Device



Module Block Diagram



Absolute Ratings¹

| Symbol | Parameter | Ratings | Units |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|-------|
| V _{CC1} , V _{CC2} | Supply Voltage | 5.0 | V |
| V _{REF} | Reference Voltage | 2.6 to 3.5 | V |
| V _{MODE} | Power Control Voltage | 3.5 | V |
| P _{IN} | RF Input Power | +10 | dBm |
| T _{STG} | Storage Temperature Range | -55 to +150 | °C |

Electrical Characteristics¹

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|-----------|---|--------------------------------|------|-------|------|--------|
| f | Operating Frequency | | 1920 | | 1980 | MHz |
| /CDMA | Operation | | | | | |
| SSg | Small-Signal Gain | Po = 0dBm | | 24 | | dB |
| Gp | Power Gain | Po = +28dBm, Vmode = 0V | | 26.5 | | dB |
| | | Po = +16dBm, Vmode ≥ 2.0V | | 24 | | dB |
| Po | Linear Output Power | Vmode = 0V | 28 | | | dBm |
| | | Vmode ≥ 2.0V | 16 | | | dBm |
| PAEd | PAE (digital) @ +28dBM | Vmode = 0V | | 40 | | % |
| | PAE (digital) @ +16dBM | Vmode ≥ 2.0V | | 9 | | % |
| | PAEd (digital) @ +16dBM | Vmode ≥ 2.0V, Vcc = 1.4V | | 20 | | % |
| Itot | High Power Total Current | Po = +28dBm, Vmode = 0V | | 450 | | mA |
| | Low Power Total Current | Po = +16dBm, Vmode = 2.0V | | 130 | | mA |
| | Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio | 3GPP 3.2 03-00 DPCCH + 1 DPDCH | | | | |
| ACLR1 | ±5.0MHz Offset | Po = +28dBm, Vmode = 0V | | -40 | | dBc |
| | | Po = +16dBm, Vmode ≥ 2.0V | | -43 | | dBc |
| ACLR2 | ±10.0MHz Offset | Po = +28dBm, Vmode = 0V | | -53 | | dBc |
| | | Po = +16dBm, Vmode ≥ 2.0V | | -66 | | dBc |
| General C | Characteristics | | | | | • |
| VSWR | Input Impedance | | | 2.0:1 | | |
| NF | Noise Figure | | | 3 | | dB |
| Rx No | Receive Band Noise Power | Po ≤ +28dBm, 1920 to 1980 MHz | | -139 | | dBm/Hz |
| 2fo-5fo | Harmonic Suppression | Po ≤ +28dBm | | | -30 | dBc |
| S | Spurious Outputs ^{2, 3} | Load VSWR ≤ 5.0:1 | | | -60 | dBc |
| | Ruggedness with Load Mismatch ³ | No permanent damage | | | 10:1 | |
| Tc | Case Operating Temperature | | -30 | | 85 | °C |
| C Chara | cteristics | | • | • | | • |
| Iccq | Quiescent Current | Vmode ≥ 2.0V | | 50 | | mA |
| Iref | Reference Current | Po ≤ +28dBm | | 5 | 8 | mA |
| | | | | - | | + |

Notes: 1: All parameters met at T_C = +25°C, V_{CC} = +3.4V, f = 1950MHz and load VSWR \leq 1.2:1. 2: All phase angles 3: Guaranteed by design

Shutdown Leakage Current No applied RF signal

Icc(off)

μΑ

Note:

1: No permanent damage with only one parameter set at extreme limit. Other parameters set to typical values.

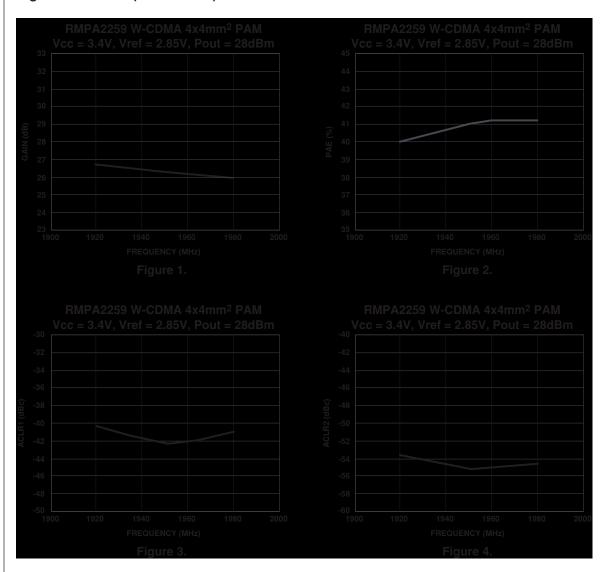
Recommended Operating Conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|-------------------------------------|---|----------|------|------------|------------|
| f | Operating Frequency | 1920 | | 1980 | MHz |
| V _{CC1} , V _{CC2} | Supply Voltage | 3.0 | 3.4 | 4.2 | V |
| V _{REF} | Reference Voltage Operating Shutdown | 2.7 0 | 2.85 | 3.1 0.5 | V |
| V_{MODE} | Bias Control Voltage Low-Power High-Power | 1.8 | 2.0 | 3.0 0.5 | V |
| P _{OUT} | Linear Output Power High-Power Low-Power | | | +28 +16 | dBm dBm |
| T _C | Case Operating Temperature | -30 | | +85 | °C |

Note:
1: RF input power for WCDMA P_{OUT} = +28dBm.

Typical Characteristics

High-Power Mode (Vmode = 0V)



Efficiency Improvement Application

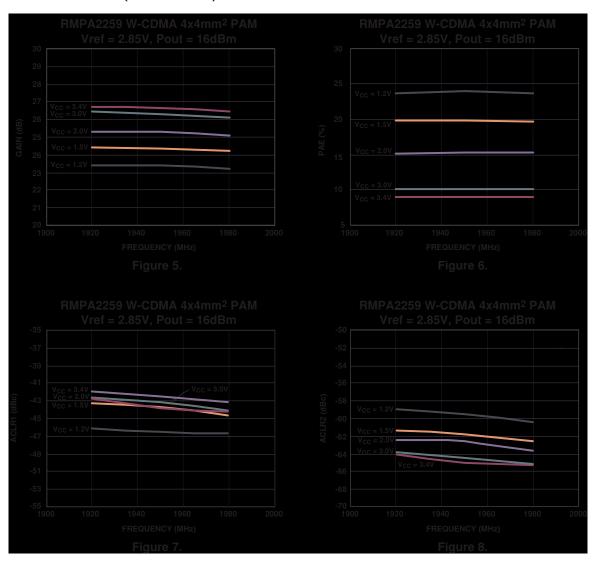
In addition to high-power/low-power bias modes, the efficiency of the PA module can be significantly increased at backed-off RF power levels by dynamically varying the supply voltage (Vcc) applied to the amplifier. Since mobile handsets and power amplifiers frequently operate at 10–20dB back-off, or more, from maximum rated linear power, battery life is highly dependent on the DC power consumed at antenna power levels in the range of 0 to +16dBm. The reduced demand on transmitted RF power allows the PA supply voltage to be reduced for improved efficiency, while still meeting linearity requirements for CDMA modulation with excellent margin. High-efficiency DC-DC converters are now available to implement switched-voltage operation.

The following charts show measured performance of the PA module in low-power mode (Vmode = +2.0V) at +16dBm output power and over a range of supply voltages from 3.4V nominal to 1.2V. Power-added efficiency is more than doubled from 9.5 percent to nearly 25 percent (Vcc = 1.2V) while maintaining a typical ACLR1 of -46dBc and ACLR2 of approximately -60dBc.

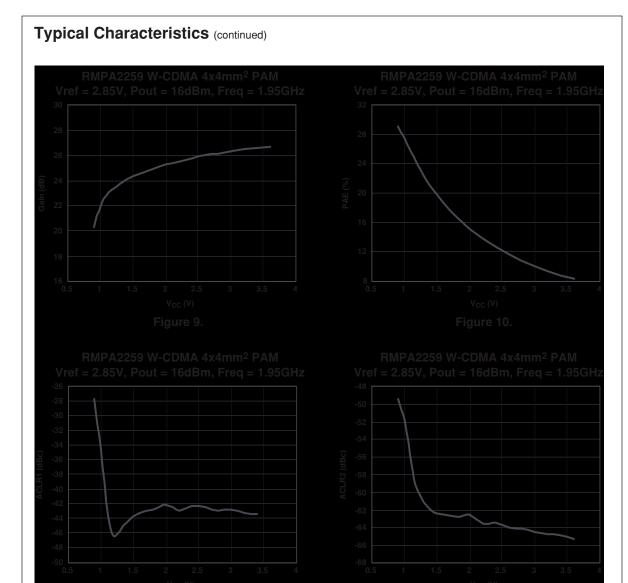
Operation at even lower levels of Vcc supply voltage are possible with a further restriction on the maximum RF output power. As shown below, the PA module can be biased at a supply voltage of as low as 0.7V with an efficiency as high as 10–12 percent at +8dBm output power. Excellent signal linearity is still maintained even under this low supply voltage condition.

Typical Characteristics (continued)

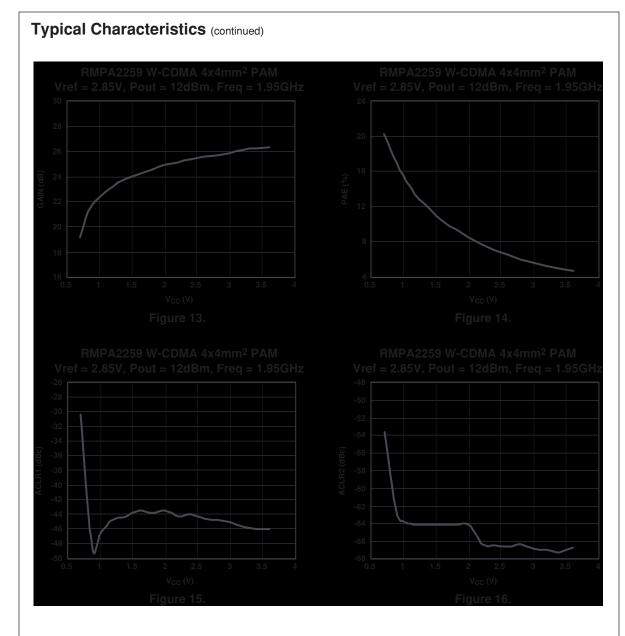
Low-Power Mode (Po = +16dBm)



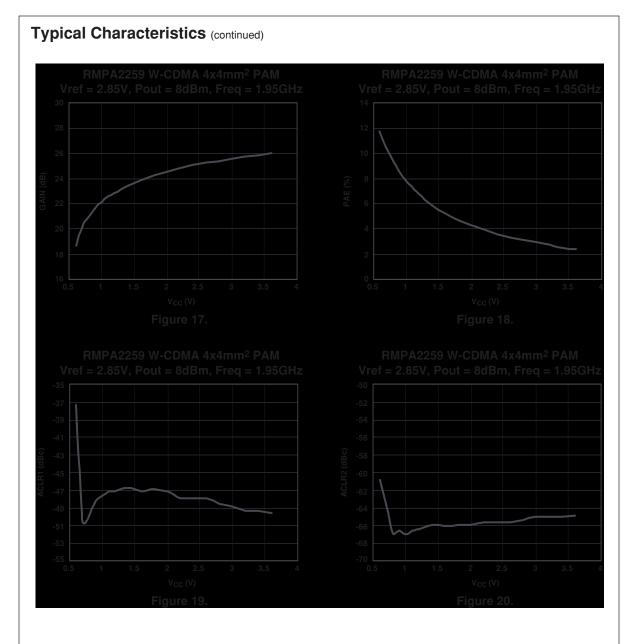
©2004 Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation



RMPA2259 Rev. D



RMPA2259 Rev. D



Applications Information

CAUTION: THIS IS AN ESD SENSITIVE DEVICE.

Precautions to Avoid Permanent Device Damage:

- Cleanliness: Observe proper handling procedures to ensure clean devices and PCBs. Devices should remain in their original packaging until component placement to ensure no contamination or damage to RF, DC and ground contact areas.
- Device Cleaning: Standard board cleaning techniques should not present device problems provided that the boards are properly dried to remove solvents or water residues.
- Static Sensitivity: Follow ESD precautions to protect against ESD damage:
 - A properly grounded static-dissipative surface on which to place devices.
 - Static-dissipative floor or mat.
 - A properly grounded conductive wrist strap for each person to wear while handling devices.
- General Handling: Handle the package on the top with a vacuum collet or along the edges with a sharp pair of bent tweezers. Avoiding damaging the RF, DC, and ground contacts on the package bottom. Do not apply excessive pressure to the top of the lid.
- Device Storage: Devices are supplied in heat-sealed, moisture-barrier bags. In this condition, devices are protected and require no special storage conditions.
 Once the sealed bag has been opened, devices should be stored in a dry nitrogen environment.

Device Usage:

Fairchild recommends the following procedures prior to assembly.

- Dry-bake devices at 125°C for 24 hours minimum. Note: The shipping trays cannot withstand 125°C baking temperature.
- Assemble the dry-baked devices within 7 days of removal from the oven.
- During the 7-day period, the devices must be stored in an environment of less than 60% relative humidity and a maximum temperature of 30°C
- If the 7-day period or the environmental conditions have been exceeded, then the dry-bake procedure must be repeated.

Solder Materials & Temperature Profile:

Reflow soldering is the preferred method of SMT attachment. Hand soldering is not recommended.

Reflow Profile

- Ramp-up: During this stage the solvents are evaporated from the solder paste. Care should be taken to prevent rapid oxidation (or paste slump) and solder bursts caused by violent solvent out-gassing. A typical heating rate is 1- 2°C/sec.
- Pre-heat/soak: The soak temperature stage serves two purposes; the flux is activated and the board and devices achieve a uniform temperature. The recommended soak condition is: 120–150 seconds at 150°C.
- Reflow Zone: If the temperature is too high, then devices may be damaged by mechanical stress due to thermal mismatch or there may be problems due to excessive solder oxidation. Excessive time at temperature can enhance the formation of inter-metallic compounds at the lead/board interface and may lead to early mechanical failure of the joint. Reflow must occur prior to the flux being completely driven off. The duration of peak reflow temperature should not exceed 10 seconds. Maximum soldering temperatures should be in the range 215–220°C, with a maximum limit of 225°C.
- Cooling Zone: Steep thermal gradients may give rise to excessive thermal shock. However, rapid cooling promotes a finer grain structure and a more crackresistant solder joint. The illustration below indicates the recommended soldering profile.

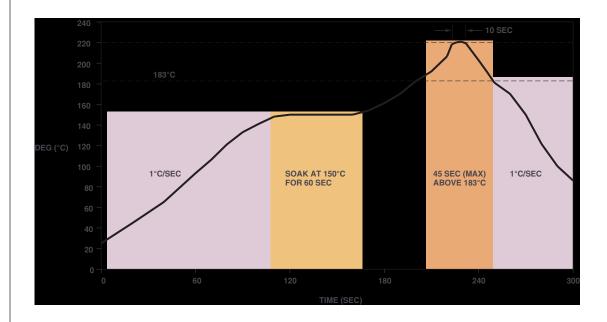
Solder Joint Characteristics:

Proper operation of this device depends on a reliable void-free attachment of the heat sink to the PWB. The solder joint should be 95% void-free and be a consistent thickness.

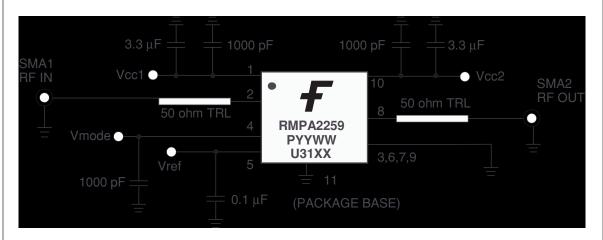
Rework Considerations:

Rework of a device attached to a board is limited to reflow of the solder with a heat gun. The device should not be subjected to more than 225°C and reflow solder in the molten state for more than 5 seconds. No more than 2 rework operations should be performed.

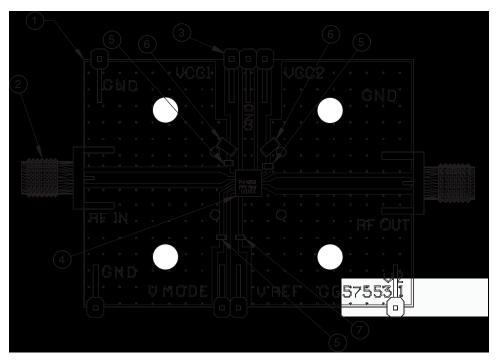
Recommended Solder Reflow Profile



Evaluation Board Schematic



Evaluation Board Layout



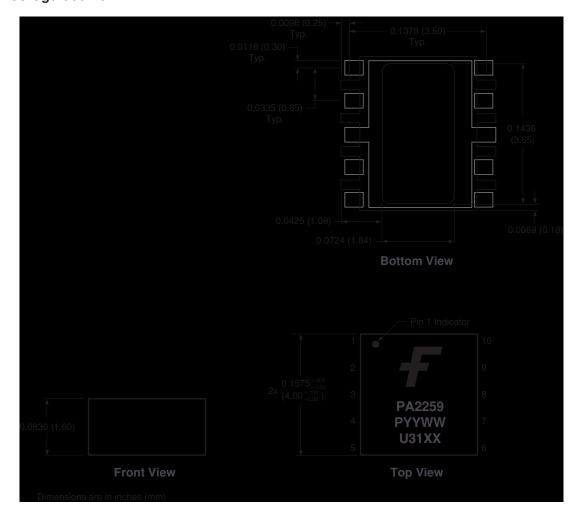
Materials List

| Qty | Item No. | Part Number | Description | Vendor |
|-----|----------|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| 1 | 1 | G657553-1 V2 | PC Board | Fairchild |
| 2 | 2 | #142-0701-841 | SMA Connector | Johnson |
| 3 | 3 | #2340-5211TN | Terminals | 3M |
| Ref | 4 | G65758 4- | Assembly, RMPA1959 | Fairchild |
| 3 | 5 | GRM39XR102KS0V | 1000pF Capacitor (0603) | Murata |
| 3 | 5 (Alt) | ECJ-1V81H102K | 1000pF Capacitor (0603) | Panasonic |
| 2 | 6 | C3216X5R1A335M | 3.3µF Capacitor (1206) | TDK |
| 1 | 7 | GRM39YSV104Z16V | 0.1µF Capacitor (0603) | Murate |
| 1 | 7 (Alt) | ECJ-1VB1CID4K | 0.1µF Capacitor (0603) | Panasonic |
| A/R | 8 | SN63 | Solder Paste | Indium Corp. |
| A/R | 9 | SN96 | Solder Paste | Indium Corp |

DC Turn On Sequence:

- 1. Vcc1 = Vcc2 = 3.4V (typical)
- 2. Vref = 2.85V (typical)
- 3. Vmode = 2.0V (Pout < 16dBm), 0V (Pout > 16dBm)

Package Outline



Package Pinout

| Pin # | Signal Name | Description | |
|-------|-------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Vcc1 | Supply Voltage to Input Stage | |
| 2 | RF In | RF Input Signal | |
| 3 | GND | Ground | |
| 4 | Vmode | High-Power/Low-Power Mode Control | |
| 5 | Vref | Reference Voltage | |
| 6 | GND | Ground | |
| 7 | GND | Ground | |
| 8 | RF Out | RF Output Signal | |
| 9 | GND | Ground | |
| 10 | Vcc2 | Supply Voltage to Output Stage | |
| 11 | GND | Paddle Ground | |

TRADEMARKS

The following are registered and unregistered trademarks Fairchild Semiconductor owns or is authorized to use and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks.

| $ACEx^{TM}$ | FAST® | ISOPLANAR™ | Power247™ | Stealth™ |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| ActiveArray™ | FASTr™ | LittleFET™ | PowerEdge™ | SuperFET™ |
| Bottomless™ | FPS™ | MICROCOUPLER™ | PowerSaver™ | SuperSOT™-3 |
| CoolFET™ | FRFET™ | MicroFET™ | PowerTrench® | SuperSOT™-6 |
| CROSSVOLT™ | GlobalOptoisolator™ | MicroPak™ | QFET® | SuperSOT™-8 |
| DOME™ | GTO™ . | MICROWIRE™ | QS^{TM} | SyncFET™ |
| EcoSPARK™ | HiSeC™ | MSXTM | QT Optoelectronics™ | TinyLogic [®] |
| E ² CMOS TM | I ² C TM | MSXPro™ | Quiet Series™ | TINYOPTO™ |
| EnSigna™ | <i>i-</i> Lo [™] | OCX^{TM} | RapidConfigure™ | TruTranslation™ |
| FACT™ | ImpliedDisconnect™ | OCXPro™ | RapidConnect™ | UHC™ |
| FACT Quiet Serie | | OPTOLOGIC® | ∝SerDes™ | UltraFET [®] |
| Across the board. Around the world.™ The Power Franchise® Programmable Active Droop™ | | OPTOPLANAR™ PACMAN™ POP™ | SILENT SWITCHER® SMART START™ SPM™ | VCX™ |

DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

- 1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the
- 2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

| Datasheet Identification | Product Status | Definition |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Advance Information | Formative or In Design | This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice. |
| Preliminary | First Production | This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design. |
| No Identification Needed | Full Production | This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design. |
| Obsolete | Not In Production | This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only. |

Rev. I13