

## Dual Channel Sensorless Motor Control IC for Appliances

### Features

- **MCE™ (Motion Control Engine) - Hardware based computation engine for high efficiency sinusoidal sensorless control of permanent magnet AC motor**
- **Integrated Power Factor Correction control**
- **Supports both interior and surface permanent magnet motors**
- **Built-in hardware peripheral for single shunt current feedback reconstruction**
- **No external current or voltage sensing operational amplifier required**
- **Dual channel three/two-phase Space Vector PWM**
- **Three-channel analog output (PWM)**
- **Embedded 8-bit high speed microcontroller (8051) for flexible I/O and man-machine control**
- **JTAG programming port for emulation/debugger**
- **Two serial communication interface (UART)**
- **I<sup>2</sup>C/SPI serial interface**
- **Watchdog timer with independent analog clock**
- **Three general purpose timers/counters**
- **Two special timers: periodic timer, capture timer**
- **Internal 'One-Time Programmable' (OTP) memory and internal RAM for final production usage**
- **Pin compatible with IRMCF312 RAM version**
- **1.8V/3.3V CMOS**

### Product Summary

Maximum crystal frequency	60 MHz
Maximum internal clock (SYSCLK) frequency	128 MHz
Maximum 8051 clock frequency	33 MHz
Sensorless control computation time	11 µsec typ
MCE™ computation data range	16 bit signed
8051 OTP Program memory	56K bytes
MCE program and Data RAM	8K bytes
GateKill latency (digital filtered)	2 µsec
PWM carrier frequency counter	16 bits/ SYSCLK
A/D input channels	11
A/D converter resolution	12 bits
A/D converter conversion speed	2 µsec
8051 instruction execution speed	2 SYSCLK
Analog output (PWM) resolution	8 bits
UART baud rate (typ)	57.6K bps
Number of I/O (max)	36
Package (lead-free)	QFP100
Operating temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C

### Description

IRMCK312 is a high performance OTP based motion control IC designed primarily for appliance applications. IRMCK312 is designed to achieve low cost and high performance control solutions for advanced inverterized appliance motor control. IRMCK312 contains two computation engines. One is Motion Control Engine (MCE™) for sensorless control of permanent magnet motors; the other is an 8-bit high-speed microcontroller (8051). Both computation engines are integrated into one monolithic chip. The MCE™ contains a collection of control elements such as Proportional plus Integral, Vector rotator, Angle estimator, Multiply/Divide, Low loss SVPWM, Single Shunt IFB. The user can program a motion control algorithm by connecting these control elements using a graphic compiler. Key components of the sensorless control algorithms, such as the Angle Estimator, are provided as complete pre-defined control blocks implemented in hardware. A unique analog/digital circuit and algorithm to fully support single shunt current reconstruction is also provided. The 8051 microcontroller performs 2-cycle instruction execution (16MIPS at 33MHz). The MCE and 8051 microcontroller are connected via dual port RAM to process signal monitoring and command input. An advanced graphic compiler for the MCE™ is seamlessly integrated into the MATLAB/Simulink environment, while third party JTAG based emulator tools are supported for 8051 developments. IRMCK312 comes with a small QFP100 pin lead-free package.

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# 1 Overview

IRMCK312 is a new International Rectifier integrated circuit device primarily designed as a one-chip solution for complete inverter controlled appliance dual motor control applications. Unlike a traditional microcontroller or DSP, the IRMCK312 provides a built-in closed loop sensorless control algorithm using the unique Motion Control Engine (MCE™) for permanent magnet motors. The MCE™ consists of a collection of control elements, motion peripherals, a dedicated motion control sequencer and dual port RAM to map internal signal nodes. IRMCK312 also employs a unique single shunt current reconstruction circuit to eliminate additional analog/digital circuitry and enables a direct shunt resistor interface to the IC. The sensorless control is the same for both motors with a single shunt current sensing capability. Motion control programming is achieved using a dedicated graphical compiler integrated into the MATLAB/Simulink™ development environment. Sequencing, user interface, host communication, and upper layer control tasks can be implemented in the 8051 high-speed 8-bit microcontroller. The 8051 microcontroller is equipped with a JTAG port to facilitate emulation and debugging tools. Figure 1 shows a typical application schematic using IRMCK312.

IRMCK312 is intended for volume production purpose and contains 64K bytes of OTP (One Time Programming) ROM, which can be programmed through a JTAG port. For a development purpose use, IRMCF312 contains a 48k byte of RAM in place of program OTP to facilitate an application development work. Both IRMCF312 and IRMCK312 come in the same 100-pin QFP package with identical pin configuration to facilitate PC board layout and transition to mass production

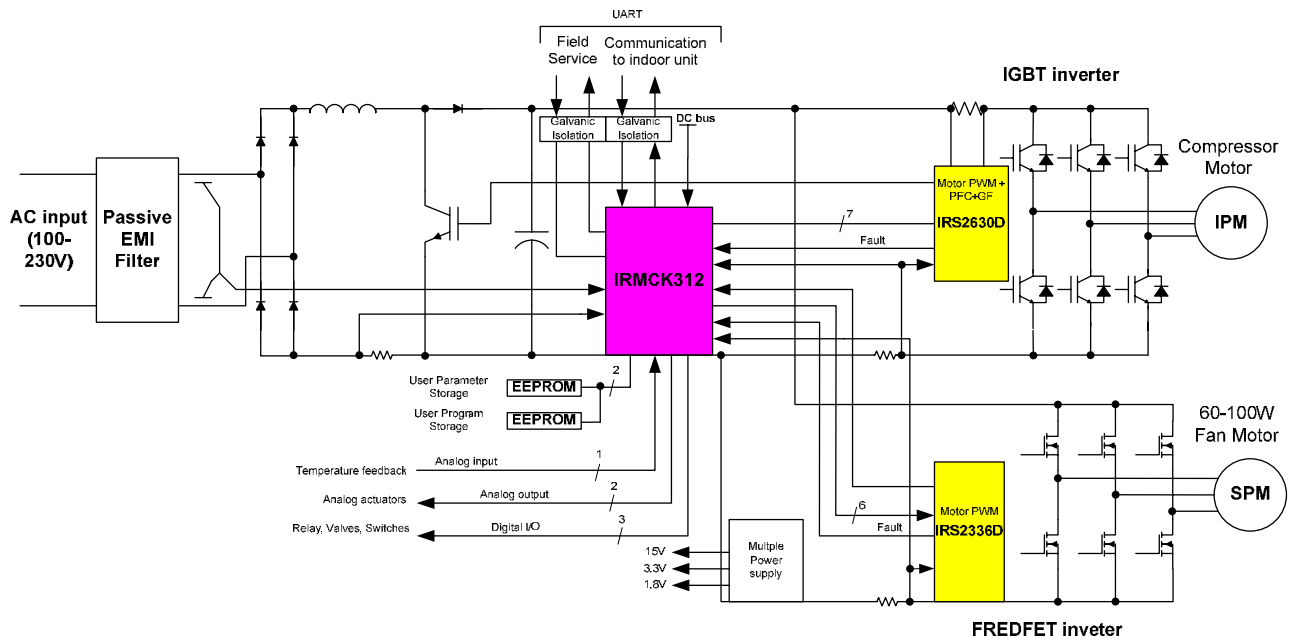


Figure 1. Typical Application Block Diagram Using IRMCK312

## 2 IRMCK312 Block Diagram and Main Functions

IRMCK312 block diagram is shown in Figure 2.

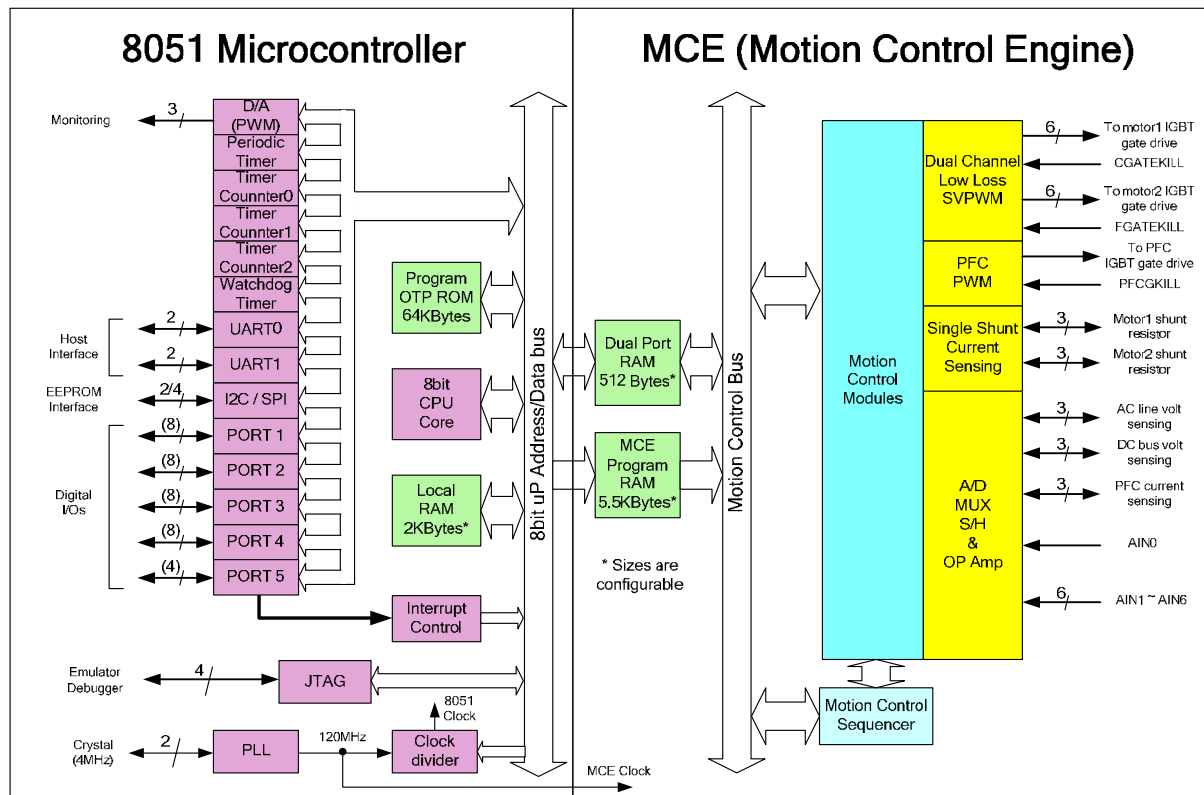


Figure 2. IRMCK312 Internal Block Diagram

IRMCK312 contains the following functions for sensorless AC motor control applications:

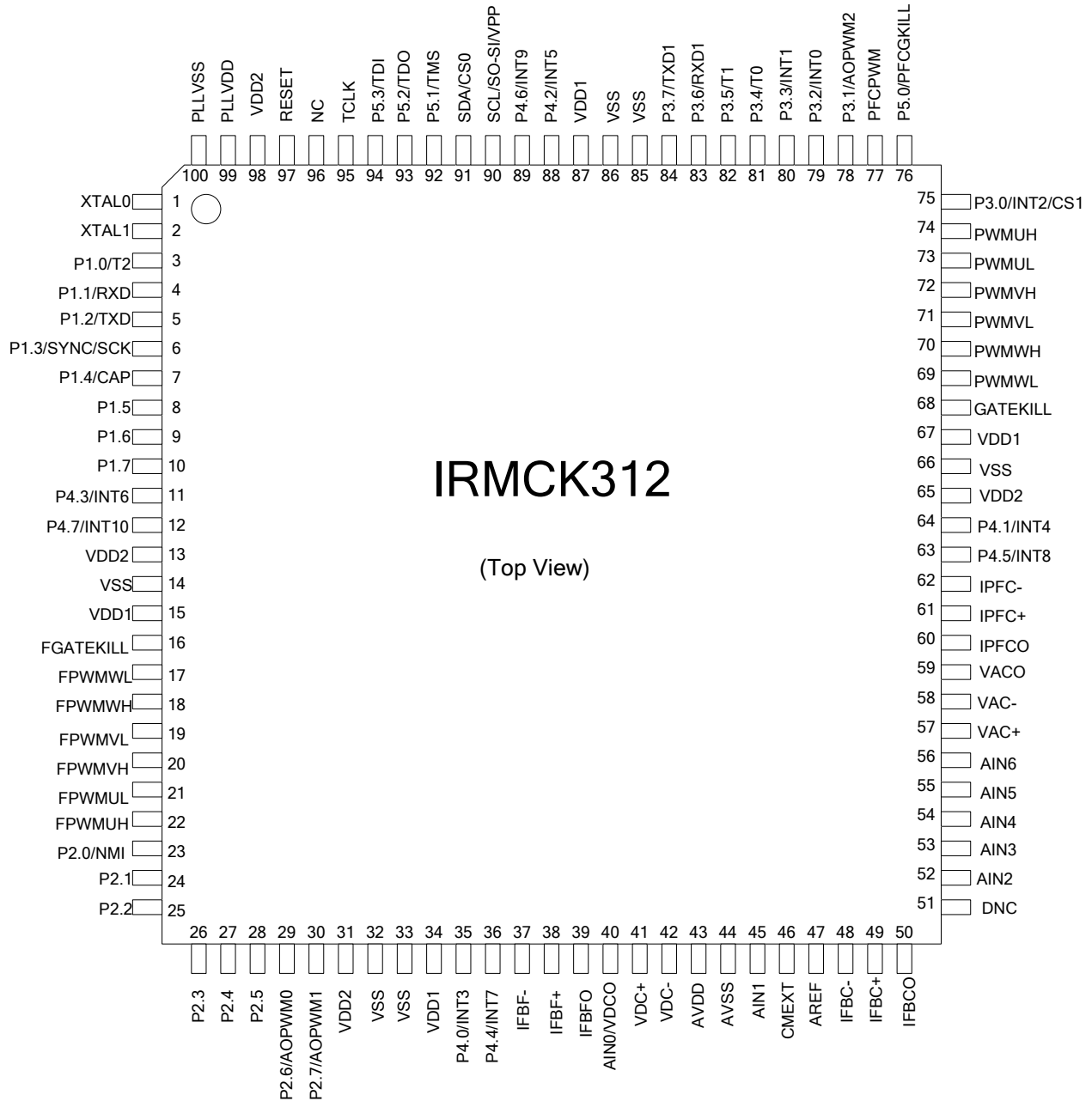
- Motion Control Engine (MCE™)
  - Proportional plus Integral block
  - Low pass filter
  - Differentiator and lag (high pass filter)
  - Ramp
  - Limit
  - Angle estimate (sensorless control)
  - Inverse Clark transformation
  - Vector rotator
  - Bit latch
  - Peak detect
  - Transition
  - Multiply-divide (signed and unsigned)
  - Divide (signed and unsigned)

- Adder
  - Subtractor
  - Comparator
  - Counter
  - Accumulator
  - Switch
  - Shift
  - ATAN (arc tangent)
  - Function block (any curve fitting, nonlinear function)
  - 16-bit wide Logic operations (AND, OR, XOR, NOT, NEGATE)
  - MCE™ program and data memory (6K byte). <sup>Note 1</sup>
  - MCE™ control sequencer
- 8051 microcontroller
    - Three 16-bit timer/counters
    - 16-bit periodic timer
    - 16-bit analog watchdog timer
    - 16-bit capture timer
    - Up to 36 discrete I/Os
    - Eleven-channel 12-bit A/D
      - Five buffered channels (0 – 1.2V input)
      - Six unbuffered channels (0 – 1.2V input)
    - JTAG port (4 pins)
    - Up to three channels of analog output (8-bit PWM)
    - Two UART
    - I<sup>2</sup>C/SPI port
    - 64K byte <sup>Note 1</sup> program One-Time Programmable memory
    - 2K byte data RAM. <sup>Note 2</sup>

Note 1: Total size of OTP memory is 64K byte, however MCE program occupies maximum 8K byte which will be loaded into internal RAM at a powerup/boot process. Therefore only 56K byte OTP memory area is usable for 8051 microcontroller.

Note 2: Total size of RAM is 8K byte including MCE program, MCE data, and 8051 data. Different sizes can be allocated depending on applications.

### 3 Pinout



**Figure 3. IRMCK312 Pin Configuration**

**Attention:** Pin 51 must be left floating. Do not connect.



## 4 Input/Output of IRMCK312

All I/O signals of IRMCK312 are shown in Figure 4. All I/O pins are 3.3V logic interface except A/D interface pins.

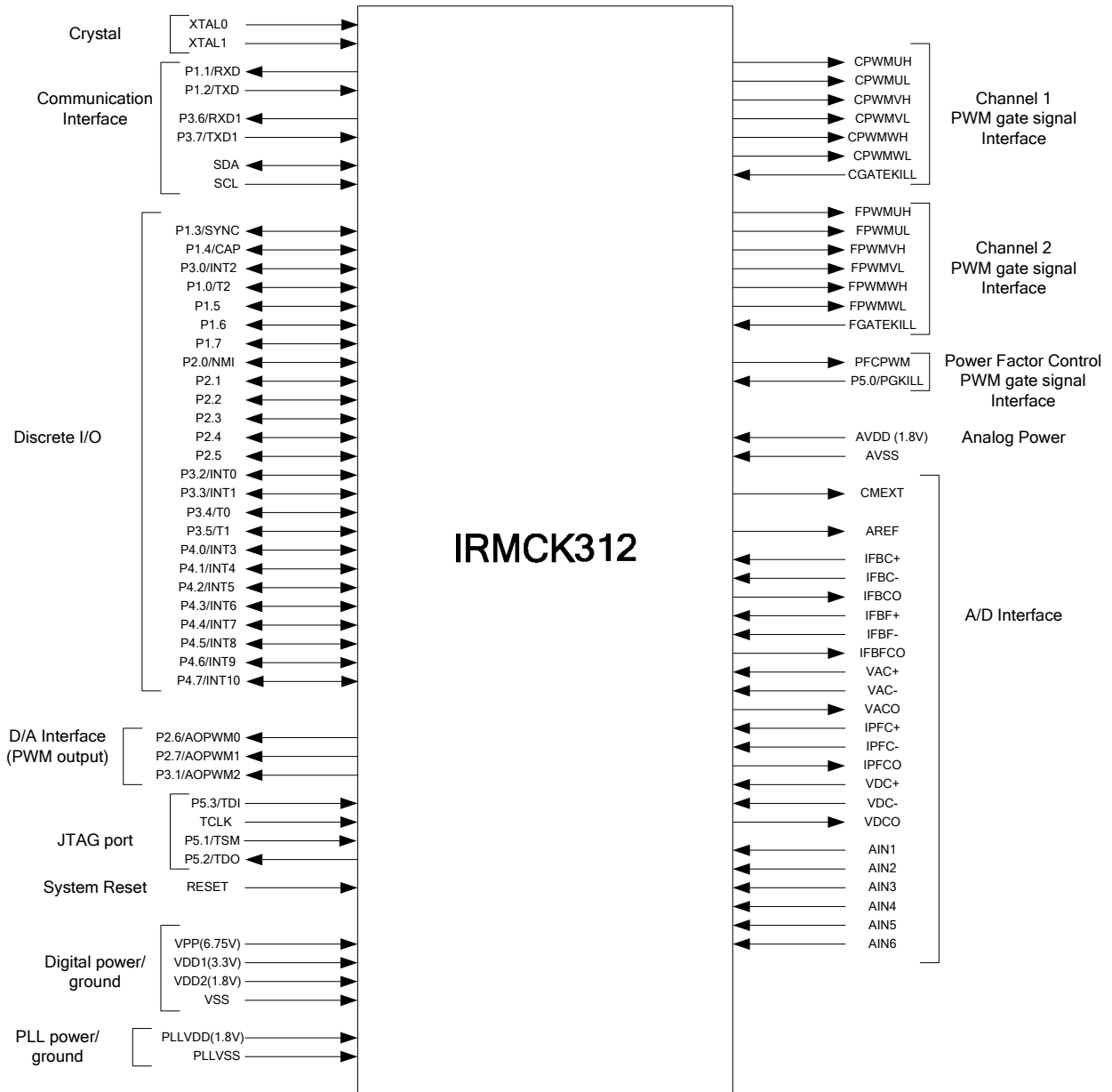


Figure 4. Input/Output of IRMCK312

## 4.1 8051 Peripheral Interface Group

### UART Interface

P1.1/RXD	Input, Receive data to IRMCK312, can be configured as P1.1
P1.2/TXD	Output, Transmit data from IRMCK312, can be configured as P1.2
P3.6/RXD1	Input, 2 <sup>nd</sup> channel Receive data to IRMCK312, can be configured as P3.6
P3.7/TXD1	Output, 2 <sup>nd</sup> channel Transmit data from IRMCK312, can be configured as P3.7

### Discrete I/O Interface

P1.0/T2	Input/output port 1.0, can be configured as Timer/Counter 2 input
P1.3/SYNC/SCK	Input/output port 1.3, can be configured as SYNC output or SPI clock
P1.4/CAP	Input/output port 1.4, can be configured as Capture Timer input
P1.5	Input/output port 1.5
P1.6	Input/output port 1.6
P1.7	Input/output port 1.7
P2.0/NMI	Input/output port 2.0, can be configured as non-maskable interrupt
P2.1	Input/output port 2.1
P2.2	Input/output port 2.2
P2.3	Input/output port 2.3
P2.4	Input/output port 2.4
P2.5	Input/output port 2.5
P3.0/INT2/CS1	Input/output port 3.0, can be configured as external interrupt 2 or SPI chip select 1
P3.2/INT0	Input/output port 3.2, can be configured as external interrupt 0
P3.3/INT1	Input/output port 3.3, can be configured as external interrupt 1
P3.4/T0	Input/output port 3.4, can be configured as Timer/Counter 0 input
P3.5/T1	Input/output port 3.5, can be configured as Timer/Counter 1 input
P4.0/INT3	Input/output port 4.0, can be configured as external interrupt 3
P4.1/INT4	Input/output port 4.1, can be configured as external interrupt 4
P4.2/INT5	Input/output port 4.2, can be configured as external interrupt 5
P4.3/INT6	Input/output port 4.3, can be configured as external interrupt 6
P4.4/INT7	Input/output port 4.4, can be configured as external interrupt 7
P4.5/INT8	Input/output port 4.5, can be configured as external interrupt 8
P4.6/INT9	Input/output port 4.6, can be configured as external interrupt 9
P4.7/INT10	Input/output port 4.7, can be configured as external interrupt 10
P5.0/PFCGKILL	Input/output port 5.0, can be configured as PFCGKILL
P5.1/TMS	Input/output port 5.1, can be configured as JTAG TMS pin
P5.2/TDO	Input/output port 5.2, can be configured as JTAG TDO pin
P5.3/TDI	Input/output port 5.3, can be configured as JTAG TDI pin

### Analog Output Interface

P2.6/AOPWM0	Input/output, can be configured as 8-bit PWM output 0 with programmable carrier frequency
P2.7/AOPWM1	Input/output, can be configured as 8-bit PWM output 1 with programmable carrier frequency
P3.1/AOPWM2	Input/output, can be configured as 8-bit PWM output 2 with programmable carrier frequency

**Crystal Interface**

XTAL0 Input, connected to crystal  
 XTAL1 Output, connected to crystal

**Reset Interface**

RESET Inout, system reset, needs to be pulled up to VDD1 but doesn't require external RC time constant

**I<sup>2</sup>C/SPI Interface**

SCL/SO-SI/PP Output, I<sup>2</sup>C clock output, SPI SO-SI  
 SDA/CS0 Input/output, I<sup>2</sup>C Data line, Chip Select 0 of SPI  
 P3.0/INT2/CS1 Input/output port 3.0, can be configured as external interrupt 2 or SPI chip select 1  
 P1.3/SYNC/SCK Input/output port 1.3, can be configured as SYNC output or SPI clock

**4.2 Motion Peripheral Interface Group**

**PWM**

CPWMUH Output, motor 1 PWM phase U high side gate signal  
 CPWMUL Output, motor 1 PWM phase U low side gate signal  
 CPWMVH Output, motor 1 PWM phase V high side gate signal  
 CPWMVL Output, motor 1 PWM phase V low side gate signal  
 CPWMWH Output, motor 1 PWM phase W high side gate signal  
 CPWMWL Output, motor 1 PWM phase W low side gate signal  
 FPWMUH Output, motor 2 PWM phase U high side gate signal  
 FPWMUL Output, motor 2 PWM phase U low side gate signal  
 FPWMVH Output, motor 2 PWM phase V high side gate signal  
 FPWMVL Output, motor 2 PWM phase V low side gate signal  
 FPWMWH Output, motor 2 PWM phase W high side gate signal  
 FPWMWL Output, motor 2 PWM phase W low side gate signal  
 PFCPWM Output, PFC PWM

**Fault**

CGATEKILL Input, upon assertion, this negates all six PWM signals for motor 1, programmable logic sense  
 P5.0/PFCGKILL Input, upon assertion, this negates PFCPWM signal, programmable logic sense, can be configured as discrete I/O in which case CGATEKILL negates PFCPWM  
 FGATEKILL Input, upon assertion, this negates all six PWM signals for motor 2, programmable logic sense

**4.3 Analog Interface Group**

AVDD Analog power (1.8V)  
 AVSS Analog power return  
 AREF Buffered 0.6V output  
 CMEXT Unbuffered 0.6V, input to the AREF buffer, capacitor needs to be connected.

IFBC+	Input, Operational amplifier positive input for shunt resistor current sensing of motor 1
IFBC-	Input, Operational amplifier negative input for shunt resistor current sensing of motor 1
IFBCO	Output, Operational amplifier output for shunt resistor current sensing of motor 1
IFBF+	Input, Operational amplifier positive input for shunt resistor current sensing of motor 2
IFBF-	Input, Operational amplifier negative input for shunt resistor current sensing of motor 2
IFBFO	Output, Operational amplifier output for shunt resistor current sensing of motor 2
IPFC+	Input, Operational amplifier positive input for PFC current sensing
IPFC-	Input, Operational amplifier negative input for PFC current sensing
IPFO	Output, Operational amplifier output for PFC current sensing
VAC+	Input, Operational amplifier positive input for PFC AC voltage sensing
VAC-	Input, Operational amplifier negative input for PFC AC voltage sensing
VACO	Output, Operational amplifier output for PFC AC voltage sensing
VDC+	Input, Operational amplifier positive input for DC bus voltage sensing
VDC-	Input, Operational amplifier negative input for DC bus voltage sensing
AIN0/VDCO	Input/Output, Analog input channel 0 or Operational amplifier output for DC bus voltage sensing
AIN1	Input, Analog input channel 1 (0-1.2V), needs to be pulled down to AVSS if unused
AIN2	Input, Analog input channel 2 (0-1.2V), needs to be pulled down to AVSS if unused
AIN3	Input, Analog input channel 3 (0-1.2V), needs to be pulled down to AVSS if unused
AIN4	Input, Analog input channel 4 (0-1.2V), needs to be pulled down to AVSS if unused
AIN5	Input, Analog input channel 5 (0-1.2V), needs to be pulled down to AVSS if unused
AIN6	Input, Analog input channel 6 (0-1.2V), needs to be pulled down to AVSS if unused

#### 4.4 Power Interface Group

VDD1	Digital power for I/O (3.3V)
VDD2	Digital power for core logic (1.8V)
VSS	Digital common
PLLVD	PLL power (1.8V)
PLLVSS	PLL ground return
SCL/SO-SI/VPP	OTP programming supply. Can be left open in OTP read mode (normal)

#### 4.5 Test Interface

P5.3/TDI	Input, JTAG test data input
P5.1/TMS	Input, JTAG test mode select
TCK	Input, JTAG test clock
P5.2/TDO	Output, JTAG test data output

## 5 Application Connections

Typical application connection is shown in Figure 5. All components necessary to implement a complete sensorless drive control algorithm are shown connected to IRMCK312.

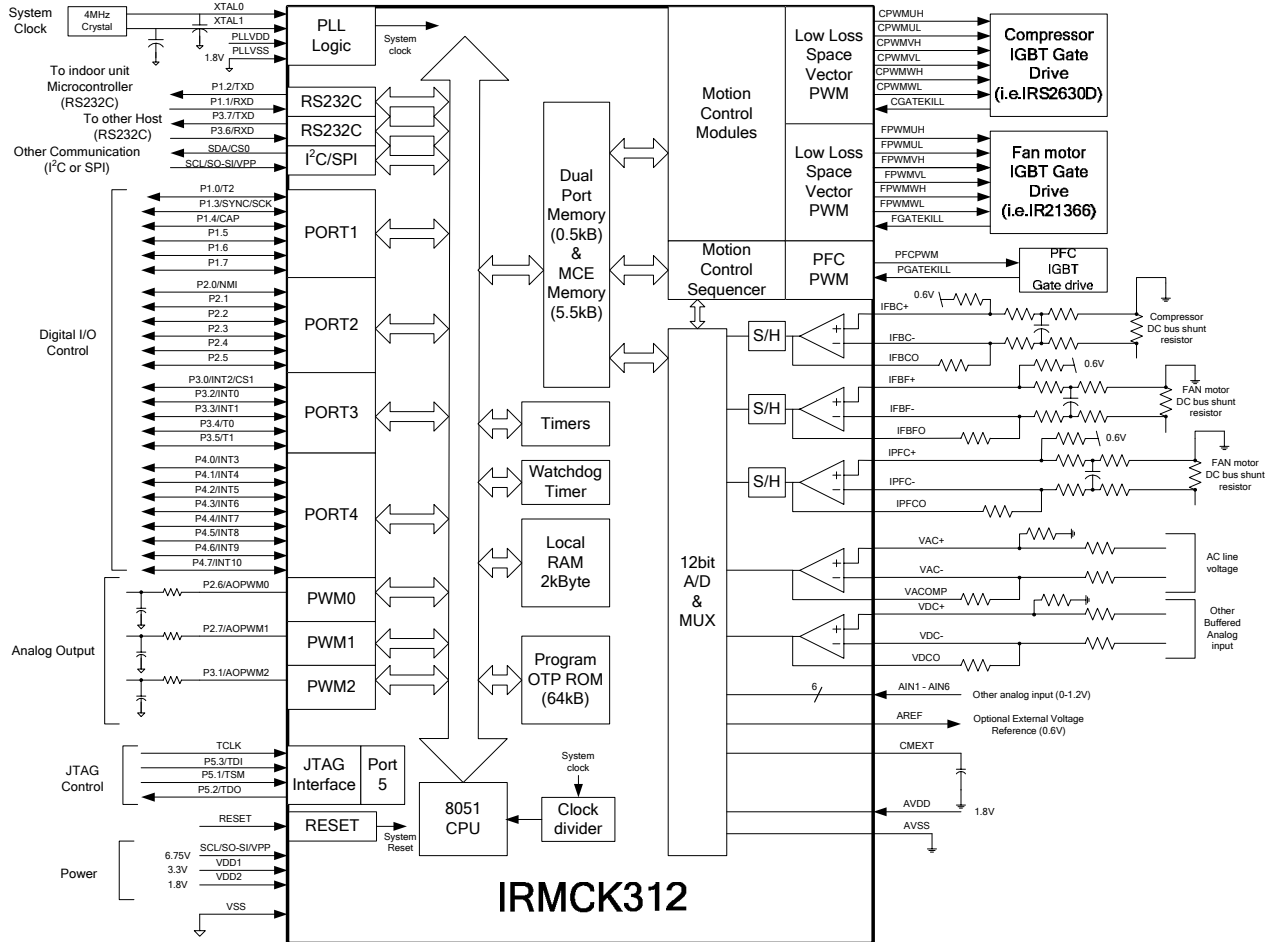


Figure 5. Application Connection of IRMCK312

## 6 DC Characteristics

### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Condition
V <sub>DD1</sub>	Supply Voltage	-0.3 V	-	3.6 V	Respect to VSS
V <sub>DD2</sub>	Supply Voltage	-0.3 V	-	1.98 V	Respect to VSS
V <sub>PP</sub>	OTP Programming Voltage	-0.3V	-	7.0V	Respect to VSS
V <sub>IA</sub>	Analog Input Voltage	-0.3 V	-	1.98 V	Respect to AVSS
V <sub>ID</sub>	Digital Input Voltage	-0.3 V	-	3.65 V	Respect to VSS
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient Temperature	-40 °C	-	85 °C	
T <sub>S</sub>	Storage Temperature	-65 °C	-	150 °C	

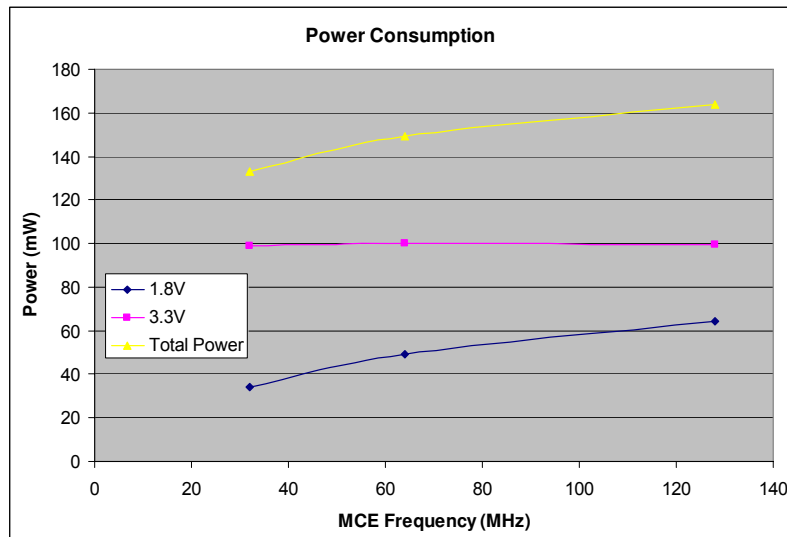
**Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

**Caution:** Stresses beyond those listed in “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and function of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications are not implied.

### 6.2 System Clock Frequency and Power Consumption

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
SYSCLK	System Clock	32	-	128	MHz
8051CLK	8051 Clock	-	-	32	MHz

**Table 2. System Clock Frequency**



**Figure 6. Clock Frequency vs. Power Consumption**

### 6.3 Digital I/O DC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Condition
V <sub>DD1</sub>	Supply Voltage	3.0 V	3.3 V	3.6 V	Recommended
V <sub>DD2</sub>	Supply Voltage	1.62 V	1.8 V	1.98 V	Recommended
V <sub>PP</sub>	OTP Programming voltage	6.50V	6.75V	7.0V	Recommended
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage	-0.3 V	-	0.8 V	Recommended
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage	2.0 V		3.6 V	Recommended
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input capacitance	-	3.6 pF	-	(1)
I <sub>L</sub>	Input leakage current		±10 nA	±1 µA	V <sub>O</sub> = 3.3 V or 0 V
I <sub>OL1</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Low level output current	8.9 mA	13.2 mA	15.2 mA	V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4 V (1)
I <sub>OH1</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	High level output current	12.4 mA	24.8 mA	38 mA	V <sub>OH</sub> = 2.4 V (1)
I <sub>OL2</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>	Low level output current	17.9 mA	26.3 mA	33.4 mA	V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4 V (1)
I <sub>OH2</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>	High level output current	24.6 mA	49.5 mA	81 mA	V <sub>OH</sub> = 2.4 V (1)

**Table 3. Digital I/O DC Characteristics**

**Note:**

- (1) Data guaranteed by design.
- (2) Applied to SCL/SO-SI, SDA/CS0 pins.
- (3) Applied to P1.0/T2, P1.1/RXD, P1.2/TXD, P1.3/SYNC/SCK, P1.4/CAP, P1.5, P1.6, P1.7, P2.0/NMI, P2.1, P2.2, P2.3, P2.4, P2.5, P2.6/AOPWM0, P2.7/AOPWM1, P3.0/INT2/CS1, P3.1/AOPWM2, P3.2/INT0, P3.3/INT1, P3.4/T0, P3.5/T1, P3.6/RXD1, P3.7/TXD1, P4.0/INT3, P4.1/INT4, P4.2/INT5, P4.3/INT6, P4.4/INT7, P4.5/INT8, P4.6/INT9, P4.7/INT10, P5.0/PFCGKILL, P5.1/TMS, P5.2/TDO, P5.3/TDI, CGATEKILL, FGATEKILL, CPWMUL, CPWMUH, CPWMVL, CPWMVH, CPWMWL, CPWMWH, FPWMUL, FPWMUH, FPWMVL, FPWMVH, FPWMWL, FPWMWH, and PFCPWM pins.

## 6.4 PLL and Oscillator DC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Condition
$V_{PLLVD D}$	Supply Voltage	1.62 V	1.8 V	1.92 V	Recommended
$V_{IL OSC}$	Oscillator Input Low Voltage	$V_{PLL VSS}$	-	0.2* $V_{PLL VDD}$	$V_{PLL VDD} = 1.8 V$ (1)
$V_{IH OSC}$	Oscillator Input High Voltage	0.8* $V_{PLL VDD}$		$V_{PLL VDD}$	$V_{PLL VDD} = 1.8 V$ (1)

**Table 4. PLL DC Characteristics**

Note:

(1) Data guaranteed by design.

## 6.5 Analog I/O DC Characteristics

- OP amps for current sensing (IFBC+, IFBC-, IFBCO, IFBF+, IFBF-, IFBFO, IPFC+, IPFC-, IPFCO)

$C_{AREF} = 1nF$ ,  $C_{MEXT} = 100nF$ . Unless specified,  $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Condition
$V_{AVDD}$	Supply Voltage	1.71 V	1.8 V	1.89 V	Recommended
$V_{OFFSET}$	Input Offset Voltage	-	-	26 mV	$V_{AVDD} = 1.8 V$
$V_I$	Input Voltage Range	0 V		1.2 V	Recommended
$V_{OUTSW}$	OP amp output operating range	50 mV (1)	-	1.2 V	$V_{AVDD} = 1.8 V$
$C_{IN}$	Input capacitance	-	3.6 pF	-	(1)
$R_{FDBK}$	OP amp feedback resistor	5 k $\Omega$	-	20 k $\Omega$	Requested between op amp output and negative input
OP $GAIN_{CL}$	Operating Close loop Gain	80 db	-	-	(1)
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	-	80 db	-	(1)
$I_{SRC}$	Op amp output source current	-	1 mA	-	$V_{OUT} = 0.6 V$ (1)
$I_{SNK}$	Op amp output sink current	-	100 $\mu A$	-	$V_{OUT} = 0.6 V$ (1)

**Table 5. Analog I/O DC Characteristics**

Note: (1) Data guaranteed by design.



## 6.6 Under Voltage Lockout DC Characteristics

- Based on AVDD (1.8V)

Unless specified,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Condition
$UV_{CC+}$	UVcc positive going Threshold <sup>1)</sup>	1.53 V	1.66 V	1.71 V	$V_{DD1} = 3.3\text{ V}$
$UV_{CC-}$	UVcc negative going Threshold	1.52 V	1.62 V	1.71 V	$V_{DD1} = 3.3\text{ V}$
$UV_{CCH}$	UVcc Hysteresys	-	40 mV	-	

**Table 6. UVcc DC Characteristics**

Note:

1) Data guaranteed by design.

## 6.7 AREF Characteristics

$C_{AREF} = 1\text{nF}$ ,  $C_{MEXT} = 100\text{nF}$ . Unless specified,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Condition
$V_{AREF}$	AREF Output Voltage	495 mV	600 mV	700 mV	$V_{AVDD} = 1.8\text{ V}$
$\Delta V_o$	Load regulation ( $V_{DC}-0.6$ )	-	1 mV	-	<sup>(1)</sup>
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	-	75 db	-	<sup>(1)</sup>

**Table 7. AREF DC Characteristics**

Note:

(1) Data guaranteed by design.

## 7 AC Characteristics

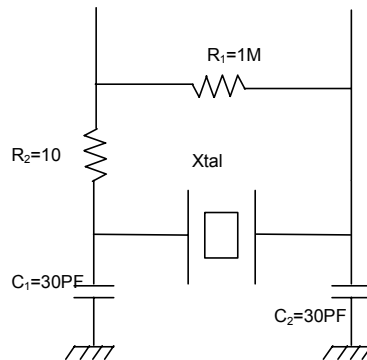
### 7.1 PLL AC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Condition
F <sub>CLKIN</sub>	Crystal input frequency	3.2 MHz	4 MHz	60 MHz	<sup>(1)</sup> (see figure below)
F <sub>PLL</sub>	Internal clock frequency	32 MHz	50 MHz	128 MHz	<sup>(1)</sup>
F <sub>LWPPW</sub>	Sleep mode output frequency	F <sub>CLKIN</sub> ÷ 256	-	-	<sup>(1)</sup>
J <sub>S</sub>	Short time jitter	-	200 psec	-	<sup>(1)</sup>
D	Duty cycle	-	50 %	-	<sup>(1)</sup>
T <sub>LOCK</sub>	PLL lock time	-	-	500 μsec	<sup>(1)</sup>

**Table 8. PLL AC Characteristics**

Note:

(1) Data guaranteed by design.



**Figure 7 Crystal oscillator circuit**

## 7.2 Analog to Digital Converter AC Characteristics

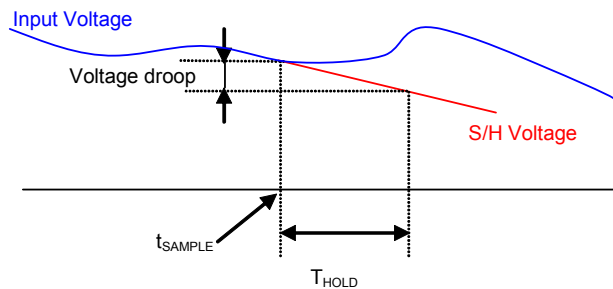
Unless specified,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Condition
$T_{\text{CONV}}$	Conversion time	-	-	2.05 $\mu\text{sec}$	(1)
$T_{\text{HOLD}}$	Sample/Hold maximum hold time	-	-	10 $\mu\text{sec}$	Voltage droop $\leq$ 15 LSB (see figure below)

**Table 9. A/D Converter AC Characteristics**

Note:

(1) Data guaranteed by design.



**Figure 8 Voltage droop of sample and hold**

## 7.3 Op Amp AC Characteristics

- OP amps for current sensing (IFBC+, IFBC-, IFBCO, IFBF+, IFBF-, IFBFO, IPFC+, IPFC-, IPFCO)

Unless specified,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

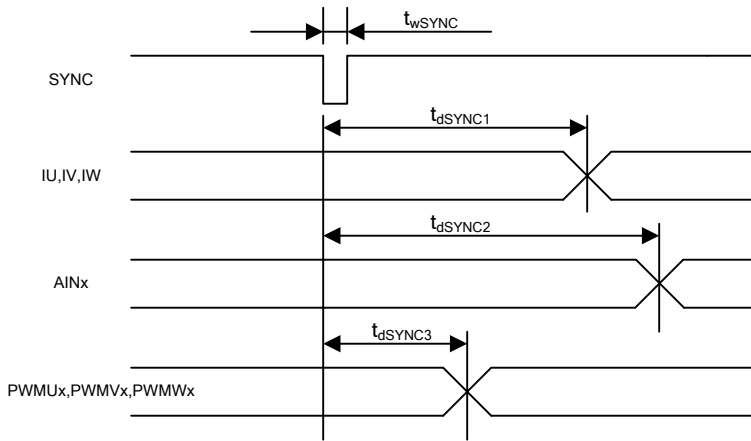
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Condition
$OP_{\text{SR}}$	OP amp slew rate	-	10 V/ $\mu\text{sec}$	-	$V_{\text{AVDD}} = 1.8\text{ V}$ , $CL = 33\text{ pF}$ (1)
$OP_{\text{IMP}}$	OP input impedance	-	$10^8\ \Omega$	-	(1)
$T_{\text{SET}}$	Settling time	-	400 ns	-	$V_{\text{AVDD}} = 1.8\text{ V}$ , $CL = 33\text{ pF}$ (1)

**Table 10. Current Sensing OP Amp AC Characteristics**

Note:

(1) Data guaranteed by design.

### 7.4 SYNC to SVPWM and A/D Conversion AC Timing



**Figure 9 SYNC to SVPWM and A/D conversion AC Timing**

Unless specified,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{wSYNC}$	SYNC pulse width	-	32	-	SYSClk
$t_{dSYNC1}$	SYNC to current feedback conversion time	-	-	100	SYSClk
$t_{dSYNC2}$	SYNC to AIN0-6 analog input conversion time	-	-	200	SYSClk <sup>(1)</sup>
$t_{dSYNC3}$	SYNC to PWM output delay time	-	-	2	SYSClk

**Table 11. SYNC AC Characteristics**

Note:

(1) AIN1 through AIN6 channels are converted once every 6 SYNC events

### 7.5 GATEKILL to SVPWM AC Timing

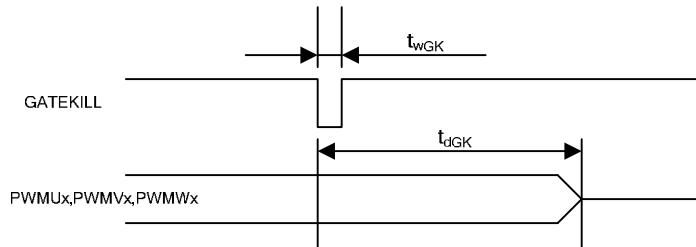


Figure 10 GATEKILL to SVPWM AC Timing

Unless specified, Ta = 25°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t <sub>wGK</sub>	GATEKILL pulse width	32	-	-	SYSCCLK
t <sub>dGK</sub>	GATEKILL to PWM output delay	-	-	100	SYSCCLK

Table 12. GATEKILL to SVPWM AC Timing

### 7.6 Interrupt AC Timing

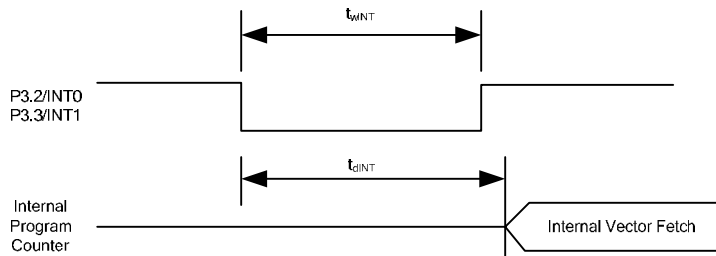


Figure 11 Interrupt AC Timing

Unless specified, Ta = 25°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t <sub>wINT</sub>	INT0, INT1 Interrupt Assertion Time	4	-	-	SYSCCLK
t <sub>dINT</sub>	INT0, INT1 latency	-	-	4	SYSCCLK

Table 13. Interrupt AC Timing

## 7.7 I<sup>2</sup>C AC Timing

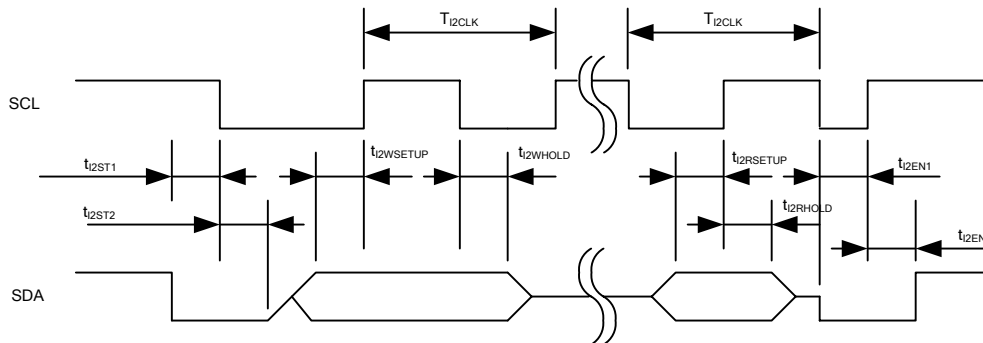


Figure 12 I<sup>2</sup>C AC Timing

Unless specified, Ta = 25°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T <sub>I2CLK</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C clock period	10	-	8192	SYCLK
t <sub>I2ST1</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C SDA start time	0.25	-	-	T <sub>I2CLK</sub>
t <sub>I2ST2</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C SCL start time	0.25	-	-	T <sub>I2CLK</sub>
t <sub>I2WSETUP</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C write setup time	0.25	-	-	T <sub>I2CLK</sub>
t <sub>I2WHOLD</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C write hold time	0.25	-	-	T <sub>I2CLK</sub>
t <sub>I2RSETUP</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C read setup time	I <sup>2</sup> C filter time <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	SYCLK
t <sub>I2RHOLD</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C read hold time	1	-	-	SYCLK

Table 14. I<sup>2</sup>C AC Timing

Note:

- (1) I<sup>2</sup>C read setup time is determined by the programmable filter time applied to I<sup>2</sup>C communication.

## 7.8 SPI AC Timing

### 7.8.1 SPI Write AC timing

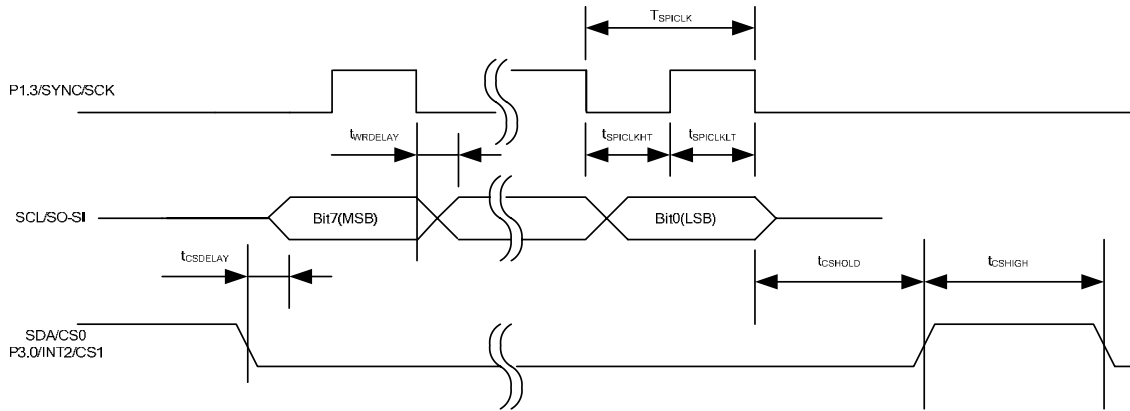


Figure 13 SPI AC Timing

Unless specified,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$T_{\text{SPICLK}}$	SPI clock period	4	-	-	SYSClk
$t_{\text{SPICLKHT}}$	SPI clock high time	-	1/2	-	$T_{\text{SPICLK}}$
$t_{\text{SPICLKLT}}$	SPI clock low time	-	1/2	-	$T_{\text{SPICLK}}$
$t_{\text{CSDELAY}}$	CS to data delay time	-	-	10	nsec
$t_{\text{WRDELAY}}$	CLK falling edge to data delay time	-	-	10	nsec
$t_{\text{CSHIGH}}$	CS high time between two consecutive byte transfer	1	-	-	$T_{\text{SPICLK}}$
$t_{\text{CSHOLD}}$	CS hold time	-	1	-	$T_{\text{SPICLK}}$

Table 15. SPI Write AC Timing

7.8.2 SPI Read AC Timing

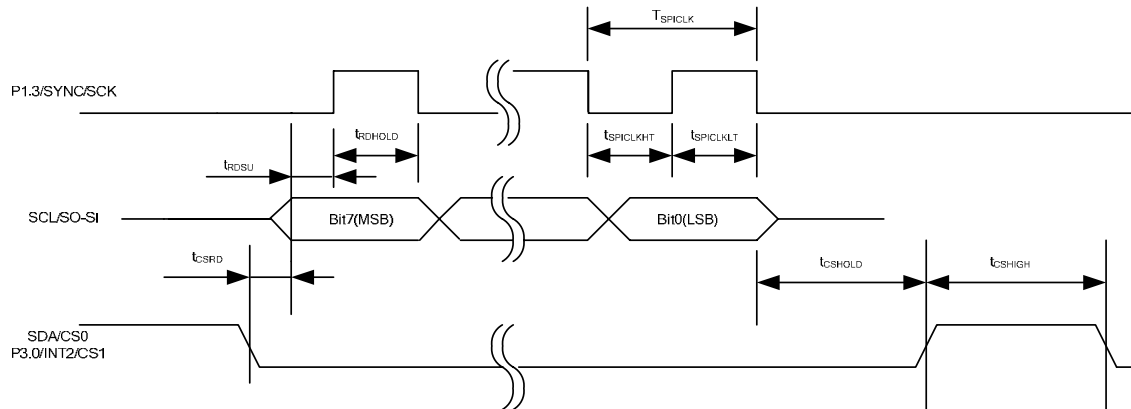


Figure 14 SPI Read AC Timing

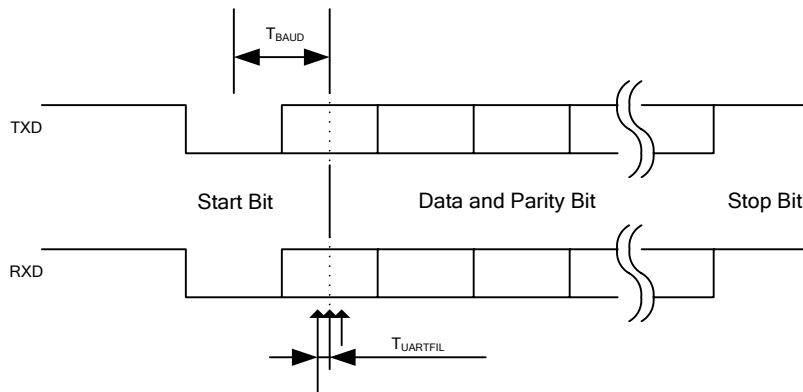
Unless specified, Ta = 25°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$T_{SPICLK}$	SPI clock period	4	-	-	SYSClk
$t_{SPICLKHT}$	SPI clock high time	-	1/2	-	$T_{SPICLK}$
$t_{SPICLKLT}$	SPI clock low time	-	1/2	-	$T_{SPICLK}$
$t_{CSRd}$	CS to data delay time	-	-	10	nsec
$t_{RDSU}$	SPI read data setup time	10	-	-	nsec
$t_{RDHOLD}$	SPI read data hold time	10	-	-	nsec
$t_{CSHIGH}$	CS high time between two consecutive byte transfer	1	-	-	$T_{SPICLK}$
$t_{CSHOLD}$	CS hold time	-	1	-	$T_{SPICLK}$

Table 16. SPI Read AC Timing



## 7.9 UART AC Timing



**Figure 15 UART AC Timing**

Unless specified,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$T_{BAUD}$	Baud Rate Period	-	57600	-	bit/sec
$T_{UARTFIL}$	UART sampling filter period <sup>(1)</sup>	-	1/16	-	$T_{BAUD}$

**Table 17. UART AC Timing**

Note:

- (1) Each bit including start and stop bit is sampled three times at center of a bit at an interval of  $1/16 T_{BAUD}$ . If three sampled values do not agree, then UART noise error is generated.

### 7.10 CAPTURE Input AC Timing

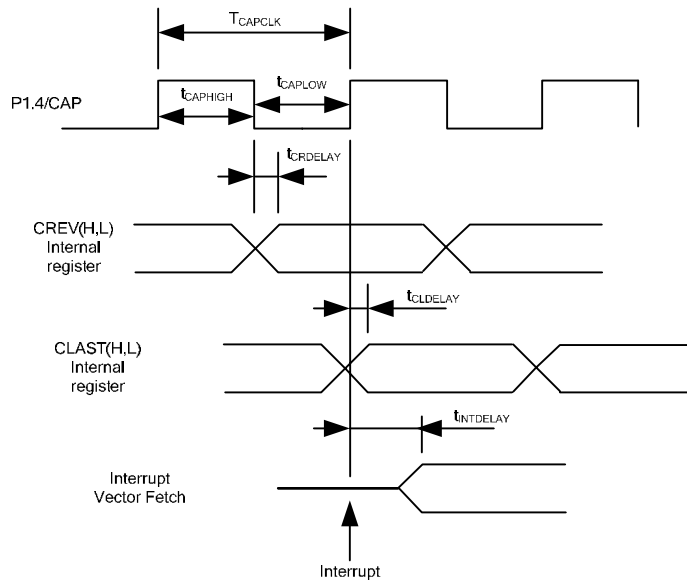


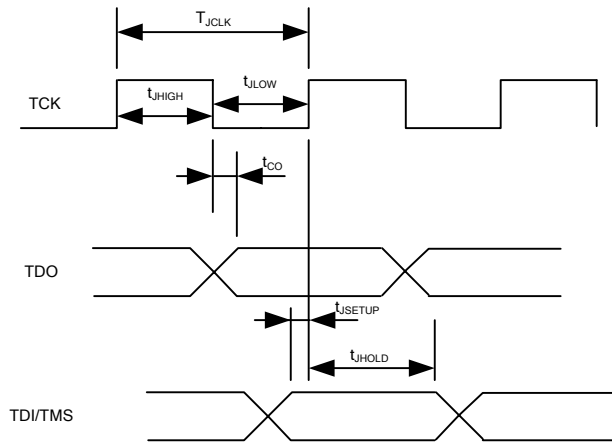
Figure 16 CAPTURE Input AC Timing

Unless specified,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$T_{CAPCLK}$	CAPTURE input period	8	-	-	SYSClk
$t_{CAPHIGH}$	CAPTURE input high time	4	-	-	SYSClk
$t_{CAPLOW}$	CAPTURE input low time	4	-	-	SYSClk
$t_{CRDELAY}$	CAPTURE falling edge to capture register latch time	-	-	4	SYSClk
$t_{CLDELAY}$	CAPTURE rising edge to capture register latch time	-	-	4	SYSClk
$t_{INTDELAY}$	CAPTURE input interrupt latency time	-	-	4	SYSClk

Table 18. CAPTURE AC Timing

### 7.11 JTAG AC Timing



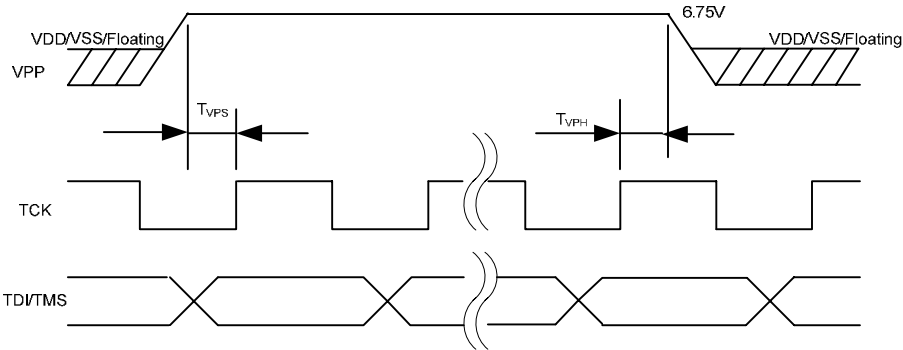
**Figure 17 JTAG AC Timing**

Unless specified,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$T_{JCLK}$	TCK Period	-	-	50	MHz
$t_{JHIGH}$	TCK High Period	10	-	-	nsec
$t_{JLOW}$	TCK Low Period	10	-	-	nsec
$t_{CO}$	TCK to TDO propagation delay time	0	-	5	nsec
$t_{JSETUP}$	TDI/TMS setup time	4	-	-	nsec
$t_{JHOLD}$	TDI/TMS hold time	0	-	-	nsec

**Table 19. JTAG AC Timing**

### 7.12 OTP Programming Timing



**Figure 18 OTP Programming Timing**

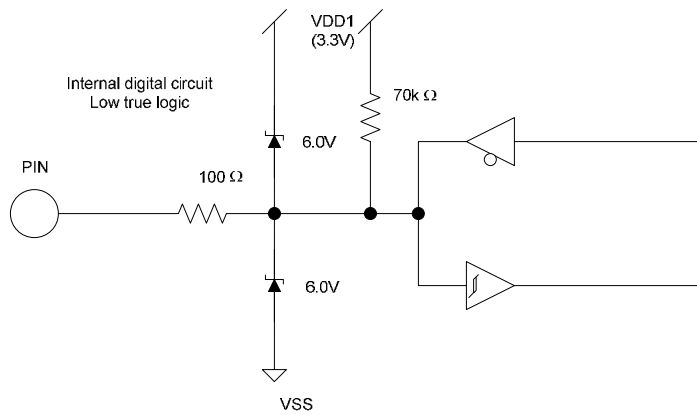
Unless specified, Ta = 25°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T <sub>VPS</sub>	VPP Setup Time	10	-	-	nsec
T <sub>VPH</sub>	VPP Hold Time	15	-	-	nsec

**Table 20. OTP Programming Timing**

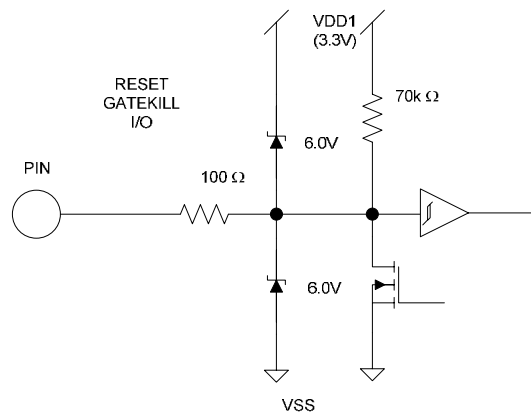
## 8 I/O Structure

The following figure shows the motor PWM and digital I/O structure except the motor PWM output



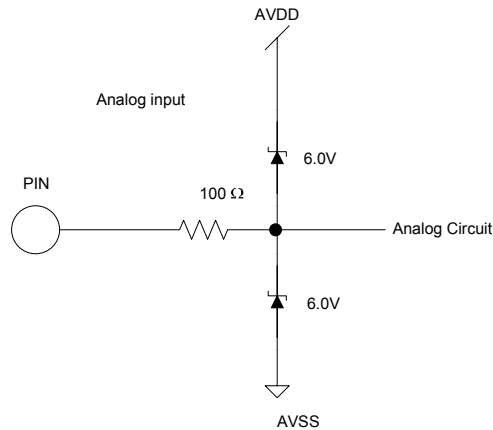
**Figure 19 All digital I/O except motor PWM output**

The following figure shows RESET and GATEKILL I/O structure.



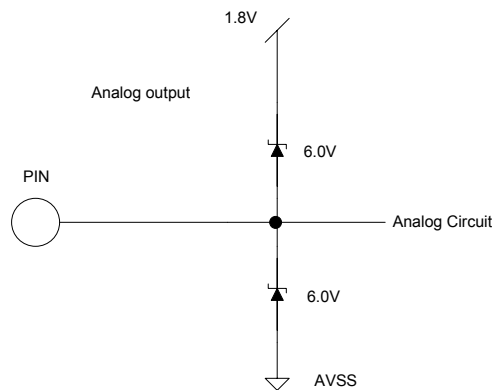
**Figure 20 RESET, GATEKILL I/O**

The following figure shows the analog input structure.



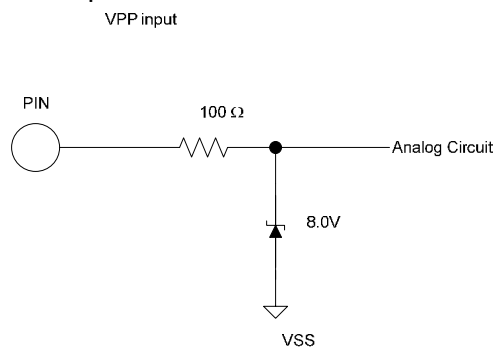
**Figure 21 Analog input**

The following figure shows all analog operational amplifier output pins and AREF pin I/O structure.



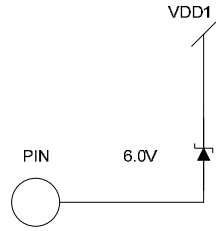
**Figure 22 Analog operational amplifier output and AREF I/O structure**

The following figure shows the VPP pin I/O structure



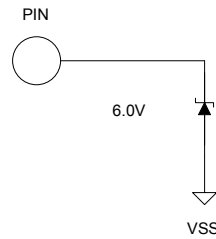
**Figure 23 VPP programming pin I/O structure**

The following figure shows the VSS, AVSS and PLLVSS pin structure



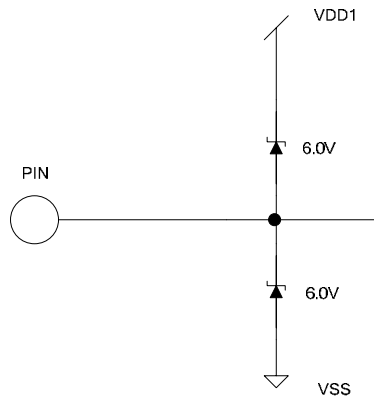
**Figure 24 VSS, AVSS and PLLVSS pin structure**

The following figure shows the VDD1, VDD2, AVDD and PLLVDD pin structure



**Figure 25 VDD1, VDD2, AVDD and PLLVDD pin structure**

The following figure shows the XTAL0 and XTAL1 pins structure



**Figure 26 XTAL0/XTAL1 pins structure**

## 9 Pin List

Pin Number	Pin Name	Internal IC Pull-up /Pull-down	Pin Type	Description
1	XTAL0		I	Crystal input
2	XTAL1		O	Crystal output
3	P1.0/T2		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or Timer/Counter 2 input
4	P1.1/RXD		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or UART receive input
5	P1.2/TXD		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or UART transmit output
6	P1.3/SYNC/ SCK		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or SYNC output or SPI clock output
7	P1.4/CAP		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or Capture Timer input
8	P1.5		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O
9	P1.6		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O
10	P1.7		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O
11	P4.3/INT6		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or Interrupt 6
12	P4.7/INT10		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or Interrupt 10
13	VDD2		P	1.8V digital power
14	VSS		P	Digital common
15	VDD1		P	3.3V digital power
16	FGATEKILL		I	Fan PWM shutdown input, 2- $\mu$ sec digital filter, configurable either high or low true.
17	FPWMWL	70 k $\Omega$ Pull up	O	Fan PWM gate drive for phase W low side, configurable either high or low true
18	FPWMWH	70 k $\Omega$ Pull up	O	Fan PWM gate drive for phase W high side, configurable either high or low true
19	FPWMVL	70 k $\Omega$ Pull up	O	Fan PWM gate drive for phase V low side, configurable either high or low true
20	FPWMVH	70 k $\Omega$ Pull up	O	Fan PWM gate drive for phase V high side, configurable either high or low true
21	FPWMUL	70 k $\Omega$ Pull up	O	Fan PWM gate drive for phase U low side, configurable either high or low true
22	FPWMUH	70 k $\Omega$ Pull up	O	Fan PWM gate drive for phase U high side, configurable either high or low true
23	P2.0/NMI		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or Non Maskable Interrupt
24	P2.1		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O
25	P2.2		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O
26	P2.3		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O
27	P2.4		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O
28	P2.5		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O
29	P2.6/ AOPWM0		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or analog output 0 (PWM)
30	P2.7/ AOPWM1		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or analog output 1 (PWM)
31	VDD2		P	1.8V digital power



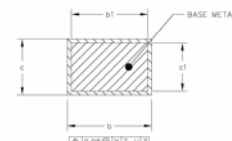
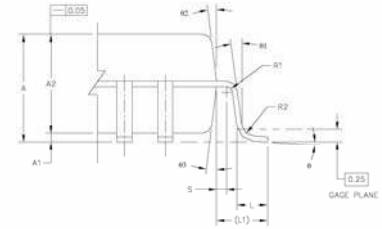
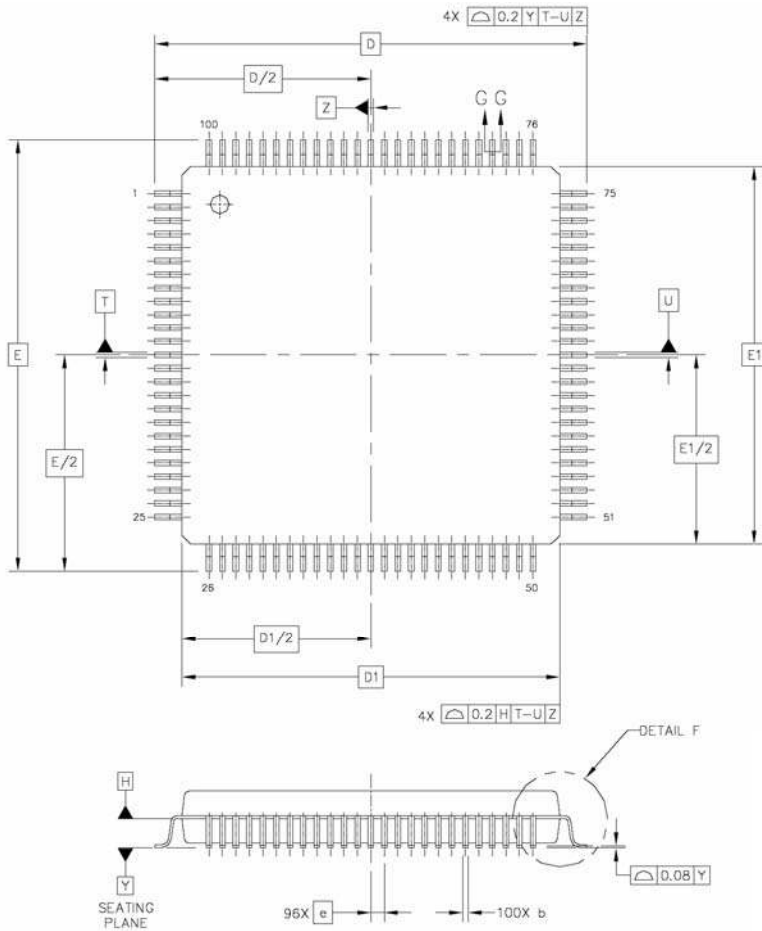
Pin Number	Pin Name	Internal IC Pull-up /Pull-down	Pin Type	Description
32	VSS		P	Digital common
33	VSS		P	Digital common
34	VDD1		P	3.3 V digital power
35	P4.0/INT3		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or Interrupt 3
36	P4.4/INT7		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or Interrupt 7
37	IFBF-		I	Fan single shunt current sensing OP amp input (-)
38	IFBF+		I	Fan single shunt current sensing OP amp input (+)
39	IFBFO		O	Fan single shunt current sensing OP amp output
40	AIN0/VDCO		O	Analog input channel 0 or DC bus voltage sensing OP amp output
41	VDC+		I	DC bus voltage sensing OP amp input (+)
42	VDC-		I	DC bus voltage sensing OP amp input (-)
43	AVDD		P	Analog power (1.8V)
44	AVSS		P	Analog common
45	AIN1		I	Analog input channel 1, 0-1.2V range, needs to be pulled down to AVSS if unused
46	CMEXT		O	Unbuffered analog reference voltage output (0.6V)
47	AREF		O	Analog reference voltage output (0.6V)
48	IFBC-		I	Compressor single shunt current sensing OP amp input (-)
49	IFBC+		I	Compressor single shunt current sensing OP amp input (+)
50	IFBCO		O	Compressor single shunt current sensing OP amp output
51	DNC		-	Do not connect.
52	AIN2		I	Analog input channel 2, 0-1.2V range, needs to be pulled down to AVSS if unused
53	AIN3		I	Analog input channel 2, 0-1.2V range, needs to be pulled down to AVSS if unused
54	AIN4		I	Analog input channel 2, 0-1.2V range, needs to be pulled down to AVSS if unused
55	AIN5		I	Analog input channel 2, 0-1.2V range, needs to be pulled down to AVSS if unused
56	AIN6		I	Analog input channel 2, 0-1.2V range, needs to be pulled down to AVSS if unused
57	VAC+		I	AC input voltage sensing OP amp input (+)
58	VAC-		I	AC input voltage sensing OP amp input (-)
59	VACO		O	AC input voltage sensing OP amp output
60	IPFCO		O	PFC shunt current sensing OP amp output
61	IPFC+		I	PFC shunt current sensing OP amp input (+)
62	IPFC-		I	PFC shunt current sensing OP amp input (-)
63	P4.5/INT8		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or Interrupt 8
64	P4.1/INT4		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or Interrupt 4
65	VDD2		P	1.8 V digital power

Pin Number	Pin Name	Internal IC Pull-up /Pull-down	Pin Type	Description
66	VSS		P	Digital common
67	VDD1		P	3.3V digital power
68	CGATEKILL		I	Compressor PWM shutdown input, 2- $\mu$ sec digital filter, configurable either high or low true.
69	CPWMWL	70 k $\Omega$ Pull up	O	Compressor PWM gate drive for phase W low side, configurable either high or low true
70	CPWMWH	70 k $\Omega$ Pull up	O	Compressor PWM gate drive for phase W high side, configurable either high or low true
71	CPWMVL	70 k $\Omega$ Pull up	O	Compressor PWM gate drive for phase V low side, configurable either high or low true
72	CPWMVH	70 k $\Omega$ Pull up	O	Compressor PWM gate drive for phase V high side, configurable either high or low true
73	CPWMUL	70 k $\Omega$ Pull up	O	Compressor PWM gate drive for phase U low side, configurable either high or low true
74	CPWMUH	70 k $\Omega$ Pull up	O	Compressor PWM gate drive for phase U high side, configurable either high or low true
75	P3.0/INT2/ CS1		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or INT2 digital input or SPI Chip Select 1
76	P5.0/ PFCGKILL		I	Discrete programmable I/O or PFC PWM shutdown input, 2- $\mu$ sec digital filter, configurable either high or low true.
77	PFCPWM	70 k $\Omega$ Pull up	O	PFC PWM gate drive, configurable either high or low true
78	P3.1/ AOPWM2		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or analog output 2 (PWM)
79	P3.2/INT0		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or external interrupt 0
80	P3.3/INT1		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or external interrupt 1
81	P3.4/T0		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or Timer/Counter 0 input
82	P3.5/T1		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or Timer/Counter 1 input
83	P3.6/RXD1		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or 2 <sup>nd</sup> UART receive input
84	P3.7/TXD1		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or 2 <sup>nd</sup> UART transmit output
85	VSS		P	Digital common
86	VSS		P	Digital common
87	VDD1		P	3.3V digital power
88	P4.2/INT5		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or Interrupt 5
89	P4.6/INT9		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or Interrupt 9
90	SCL/SO- SI/VPP		I/O	I <sup>2</sup> C clock output or SPI data or OTP power supply during programming
91	SDA/CS0		I/O	I <sup>2</sup> C data or SPI Chip Select 0
92	P5.1/TMS		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or JTAG test mode select
93	P5.2/TDO		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or JTAG port test data output

Pin Number	Pin Name	Internal IC Pull-up /Pull-down	Pin Type	Description
94	P5.3/TDI		I/O	Discrete programmable I/O or JTAG test data input
95	TCK		I	JTAG test clock
96	TSTMOD	58 kΩ pull down	I	Test mode. Must be tied to VSS. Factory use only
97	RESET		I/O	Reset, low true, Schmitt trigger input
98	VDD2		P	1.8V digital power
99	PLLVD		P	1.8V PLL power.
100	PLLVSS		P	PLL ground.

**Table 21. Pin List**

# 10 Package Dimensions

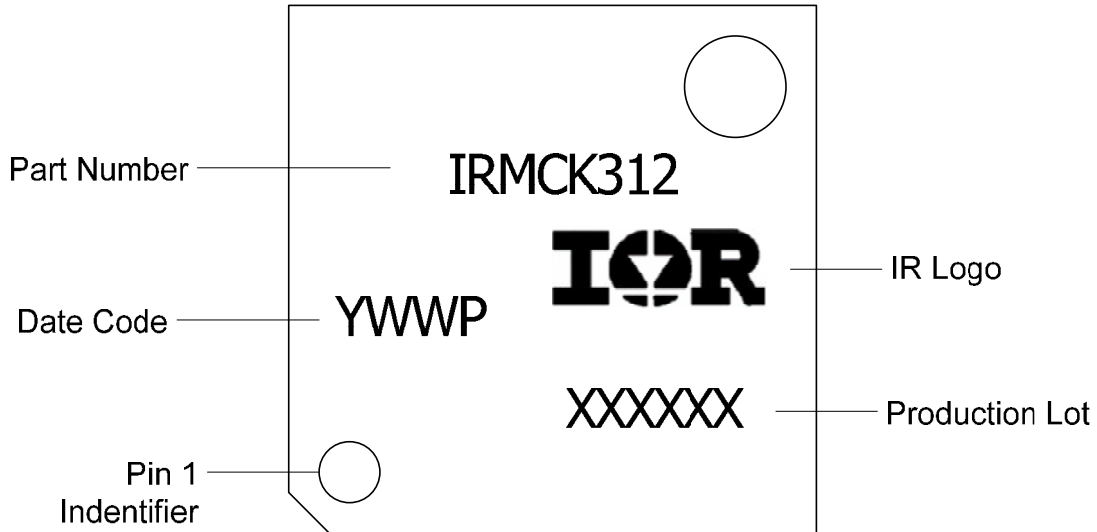


NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONS D1 AND E1 DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION, ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION IS 0.25mm PER SIDE. DIMENSIONS D1 AND E1 ARE MAXIMUM PLASTIC BODY SIZE DIMENSIONS INCLUDING MOLD MISMATCH.
2. DIMENSION b DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT CAUSE THE LEAD WIDTH TO EXCEED THE MAXIMUM b DIMENSION BY MORE THAN 0.08mm. DAMBAR CANNOT BE LOCATED ON THE LOWER RADIUS OR THE FOOT. MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN PROTRUSION AND AN ADJACENT LEAD IS 0.07mm FOR 0.4mm AND 0.5mm PITCH PACKAGES.

DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX	DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX	DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	---		1.6	L1		1 REF					
A1	0.05		0.15	R1	0.08		---				
A2	1.35	1.4	1.45	R2	0.08		0.2				
b	0.17	0.2	0.27	S		0.2	---				
b1	0.17		0.23	θ	0°	3.5°	7°				
c	0.09		0.2	θ1	0°		---				
c1	0.09		0.16	θ2	11°	12°	13°				
D		16 BSC		θ3	11°	12°	13°				
D1		14 BSC									
e		0.5 BSC									
E		16 BSC									
E1		14 BSC									
L	0.45	0.6	0.75								
			UNIT			DIMENSION AND TOLERANCES			REFERENCE DOCUMENT		
			MM			ASME Y14.5M			64-06-A000-PT03-C		
TITLE: LQFP 100 LD 14X14X1.4 PKG 0.5 PITCH POD 2mm FOOTPRINT (JEDEC)											

## 11 Part Marking Information



## 12 Ordering Information

**Lead-Free Part in 100-lead QFP**  
**Moisture sensitivity rating – MSL3**

Part number	Order quantities
IRMCK312TR	1000 parts on tape and reel in dry pack

International  
**IOR** Rectifier

The LQFP-100 is MSL3 qualified  
 This product has been designed and qualified for the industrial level  
 Qualification standards can be found at [www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com) <<http://www.irf.com>>  
**IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS:** 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, Tel: (310) 252-7105  
 Data and specifications subject to change without notice. 12/25/2007