



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR

**AO6608**

**20V Complementary MOSFET**

### General Description

The AO6608 combines advanced trench MOSFET technology with a low resistance package to provide extremely low  $R_{DS(ON)}$ . This device is ideal for load switch and battery protection applications.

- RoHS and Halogen-Free Compliant

### Product Summary

#### N-Channel

$V_{DS} = 30V$   
 $ID = 3.4A$  ( $V_{GS} = 10V$ )  
 $R_{DS(ON)}$   
< 60mΩ ( $V_{GS} = 10V$ )  
< 70mΩ ( $V_{GS} = 4.5V$ )  
< 90mΩ ( $V_{GS} = 2.5V$ )

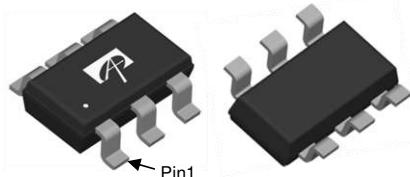
#### P-Channel

-20V  
-3.3A ( $V_{GS} = -4.5V$ )  
 $R_{DS(ON)}$   
< 75mΩ ( $V_{GS} = -4.5V$ )  
< 105mΩ ( $V_{GS} = -2.5V$ )  
< 135mΩ ( $V_{GS} = -1.8V$ )

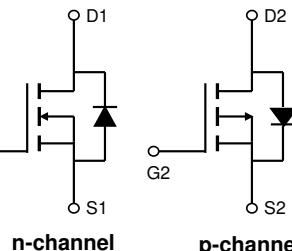
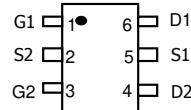


Top View

Bottom View



Top View



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Max n-channel	Max p-channel	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	-20	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 12$	$\pm 8$	V
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$	3.4	-3.3	A
Current		2.7	-2.5	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	20	-13	
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	1.25	1.25	W
		0.80	0.80	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150		°C

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	75	100	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup>		105	130	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JL}$	50	°C/W

**N-Channel Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		1	5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 12\text{V}$			$\pm 100$	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	0.5	1	1.5	V
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=3.4\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		46	60	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=3\text{A}$		50	70	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=2.5\text{V}, I_D=2\text{A}$		62	90	$\text{m}\Omega$
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=3.4\text{A}$		14		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.75	1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				1.5	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		235		pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			35		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			18		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	0.9	1.8	2.7	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=3.4\text{A}$		6	10	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			3		nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge			0.55		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			0.8		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, RL=4.4\Omega, RGEN=3\Omega$		1.5		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			2.5		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			16		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			2		ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=3.4\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		6		ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=3.4\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		1.2		nC

A. The value of  $R_{iJA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ , using  $\leq 10\text{s}$  junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

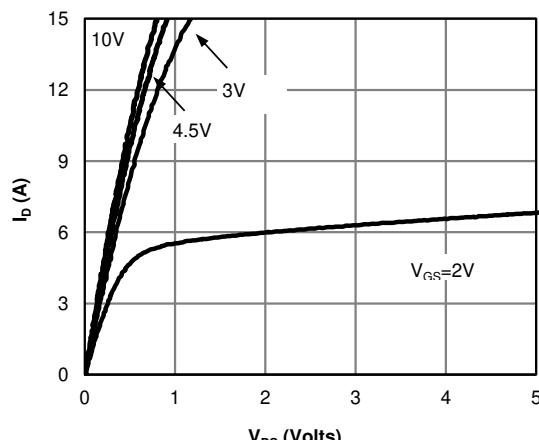
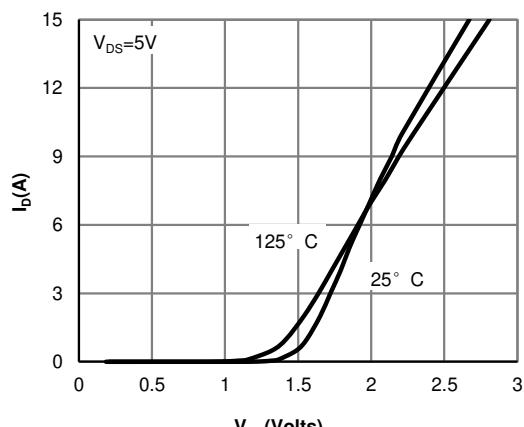
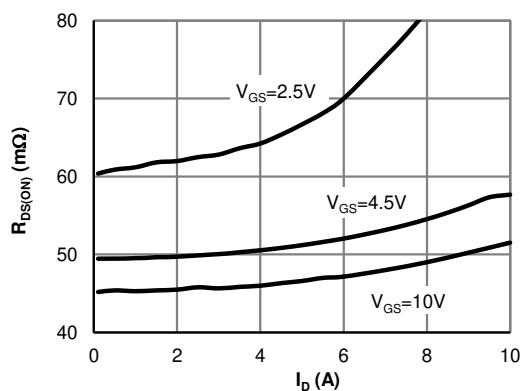
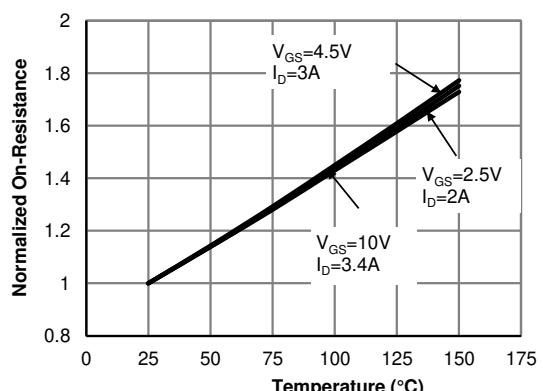
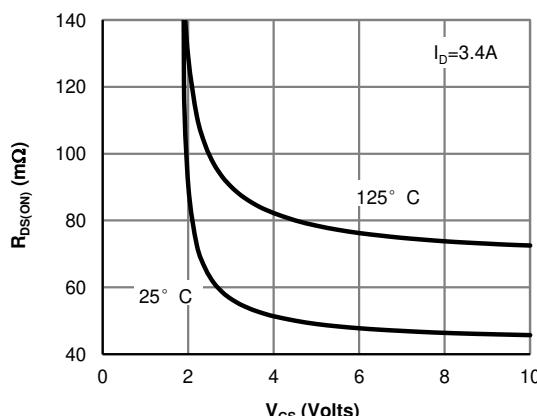
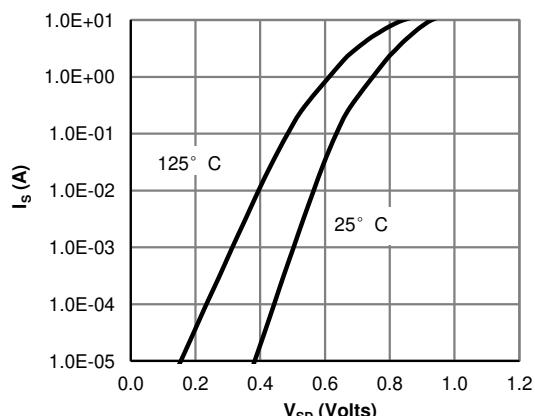
C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

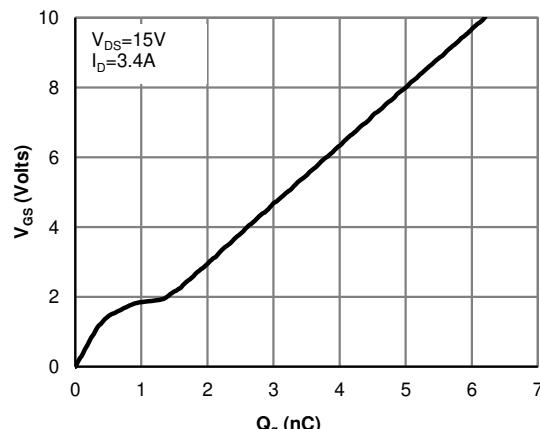
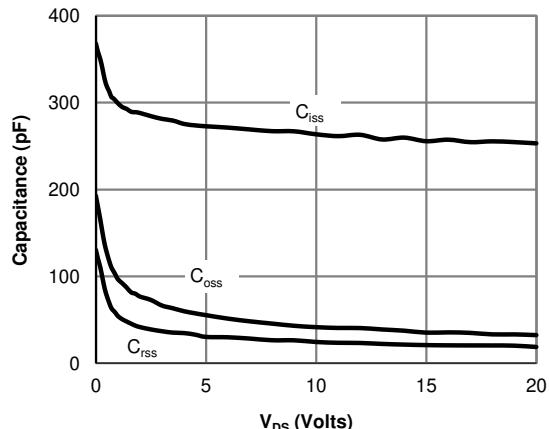
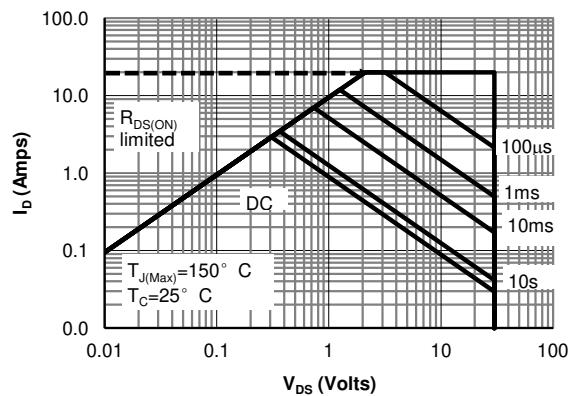
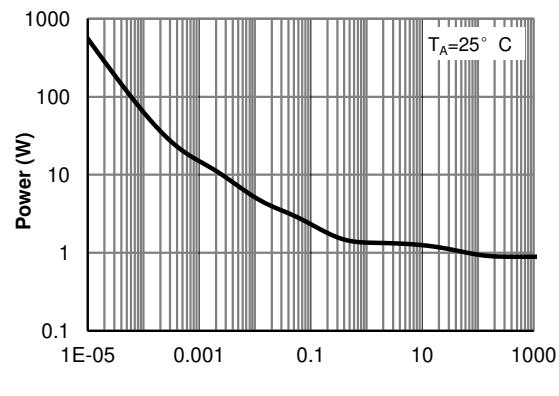
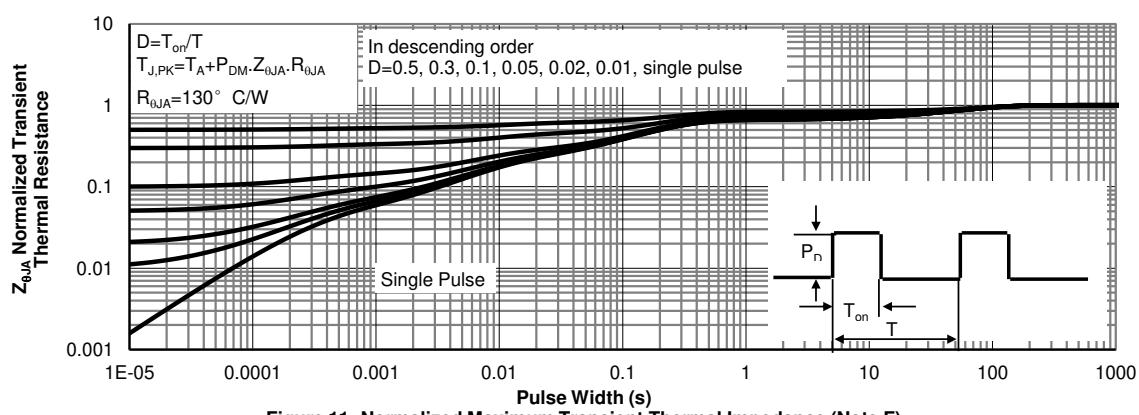
D. The  $R_{iJA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead  $R_{iJL}$  and lead to ambient.

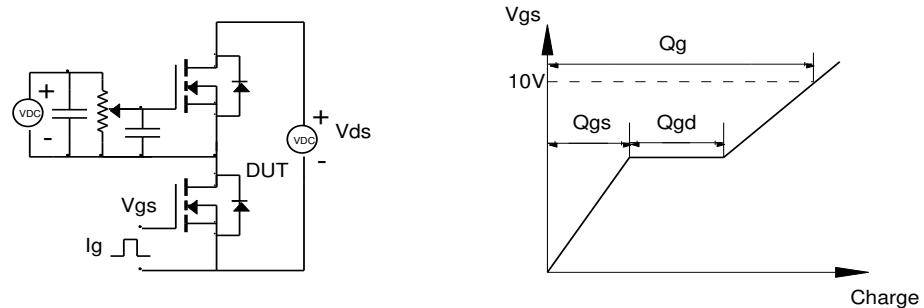
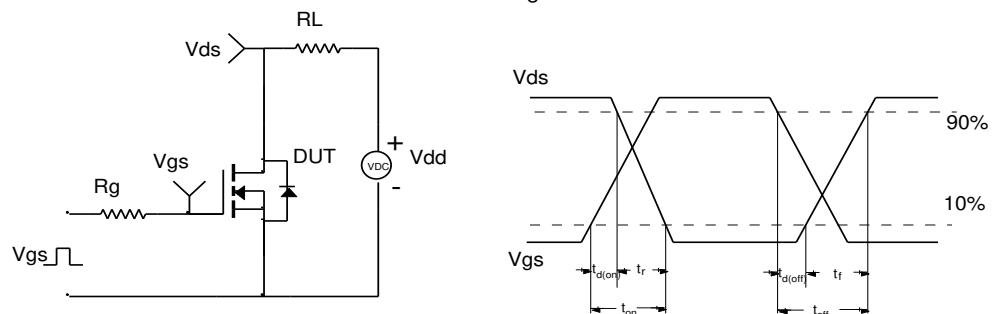
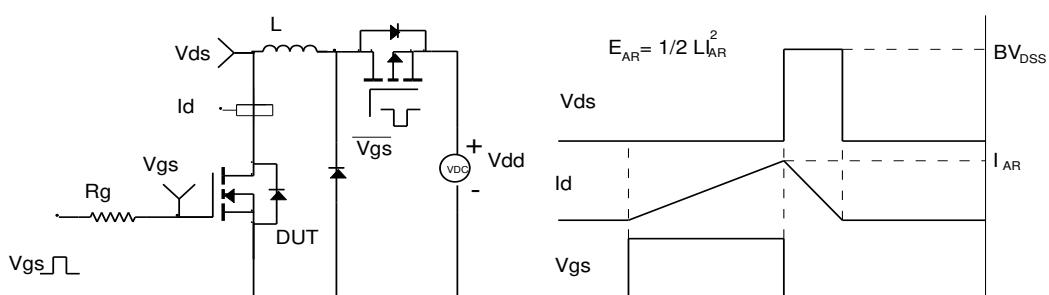
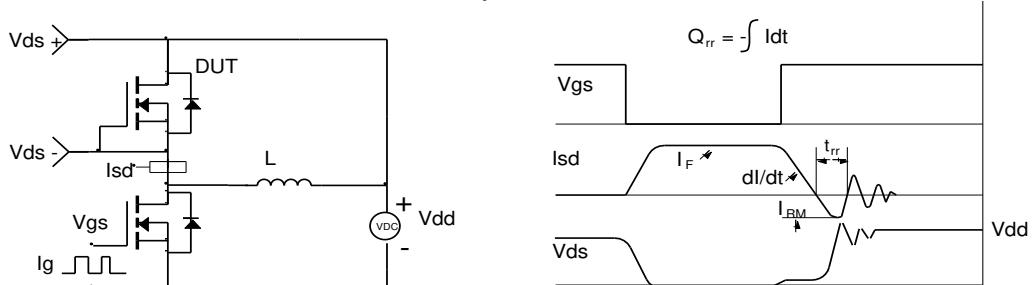
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using  $<300\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-ambient thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

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**N-Channel: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)**

**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)**

**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)**

**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)**

**Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)**

**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)**

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**Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics**

**Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics**

**Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)**

**Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note F)**

**Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)**

**Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform**

**Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms**

**Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms**

**Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms**


**P-Channel Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-20			V
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-20\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		-1	-5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}= \pm 8\text{V}$			$\pm 100$	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-0.4	-0.65	-1	V
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, I_D=-3.3\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	63	75		$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=-2.5\text{V}, I_D=-2.5\text{A}$	78	105		$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=-1.8\text{V}, I_D=-1\text{A}$	96	135		$\text{m}\Omega$
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5\text{V}, I_D=-3.3\text{A}$	13			S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.7	-1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-1.5	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=-10\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		510		pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance		70			pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		50			pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	15	30		$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=-10\text{V}, I_D=-3.3\text{A}$		6	10	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge		0.6			nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge		1.8			nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=-10\text{V}, R_L=4\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=6\Omega$	11			ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time		11			ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		60			ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time		30			ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-3.3\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		16		ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-3.3\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		4		nC

A. The value of  $R_{iJA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

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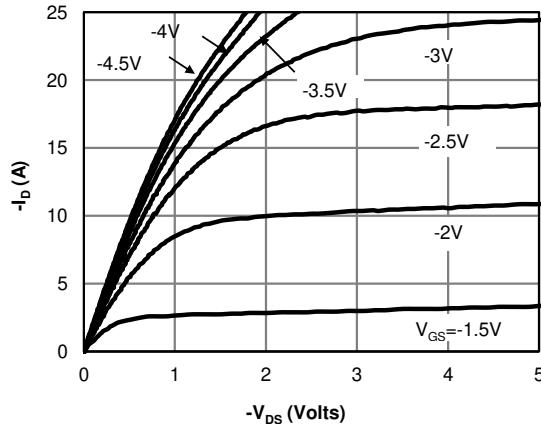
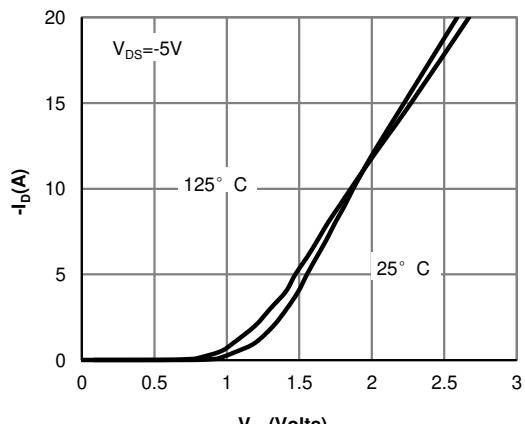
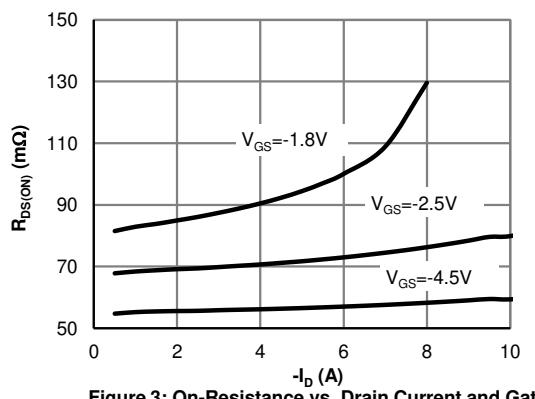
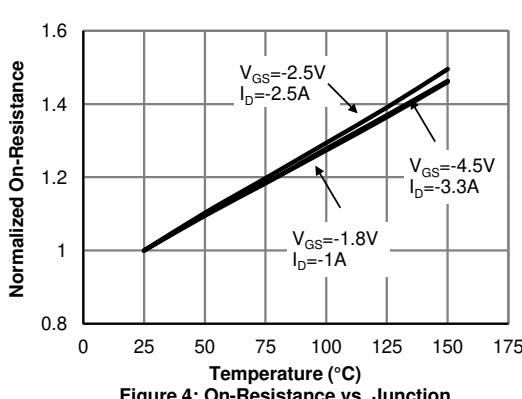
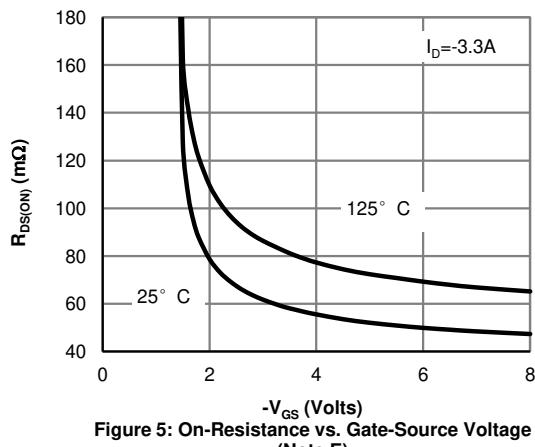
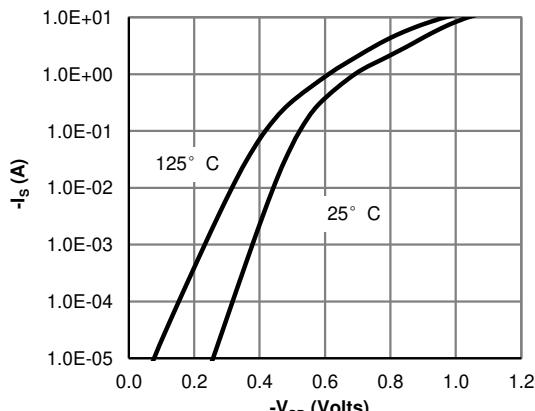
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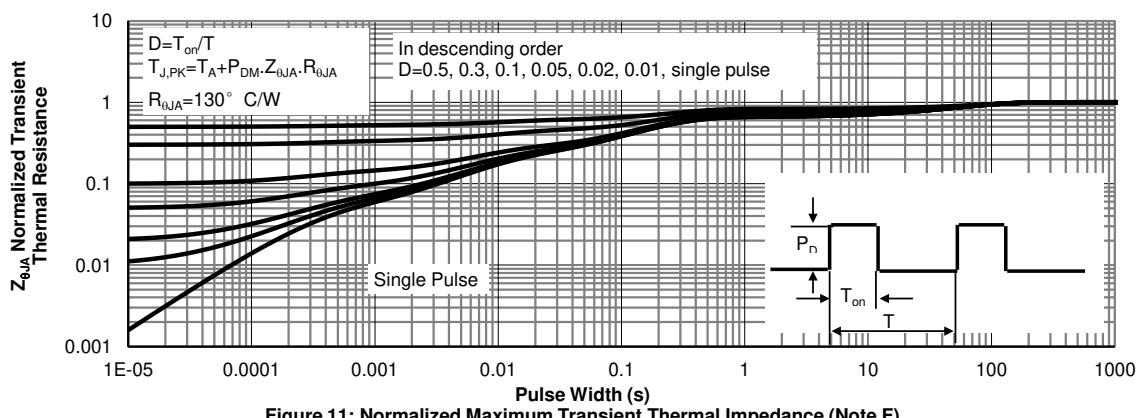
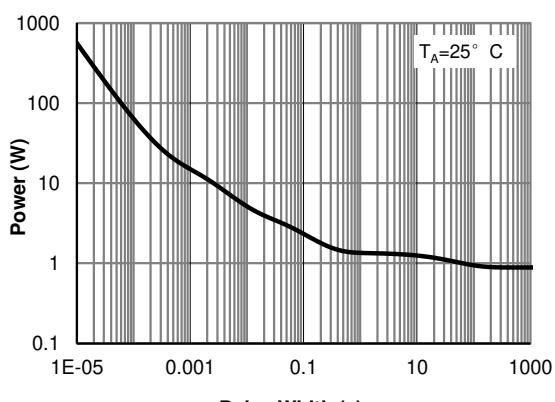
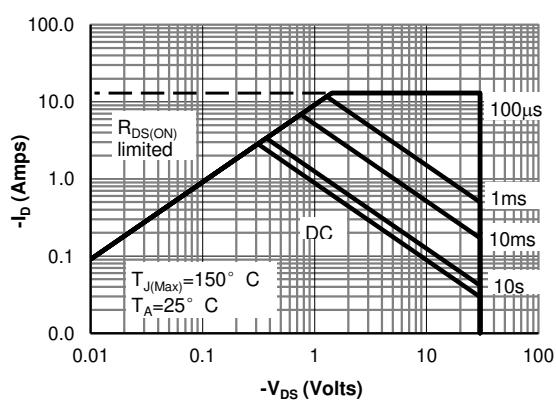
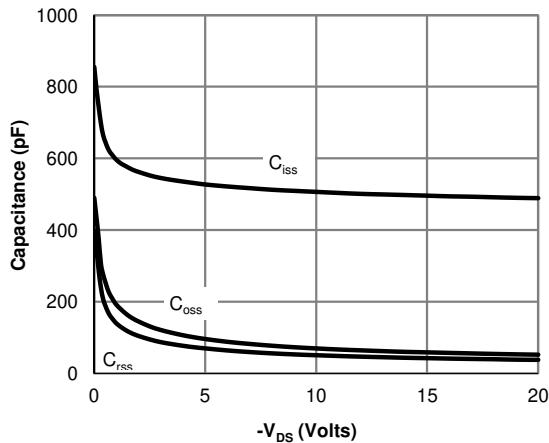
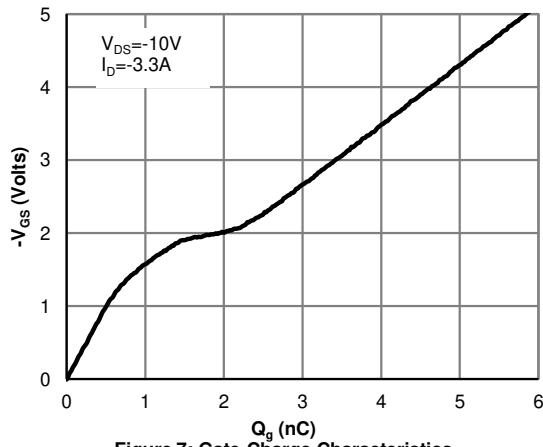
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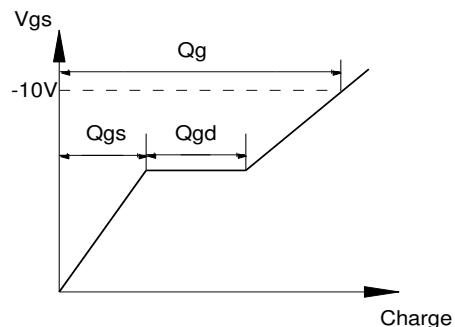
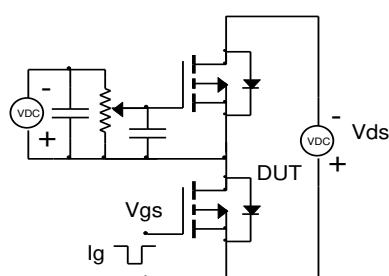
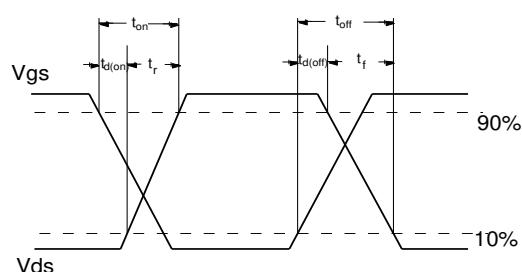
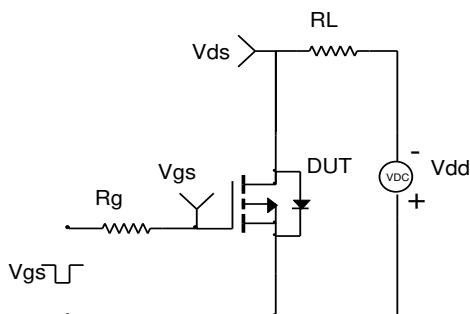
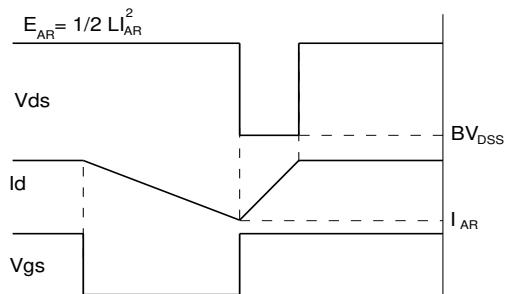
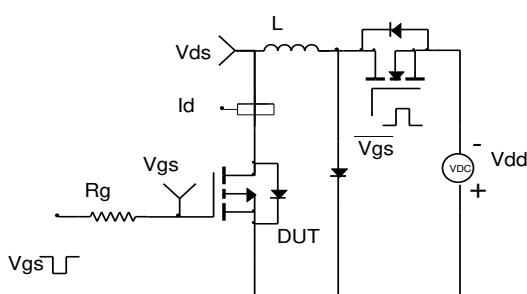
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