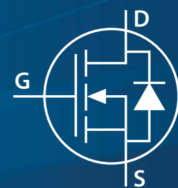
EPC2206 – Automotive 80 V (D-S) Enhancement Mode Power Transistor

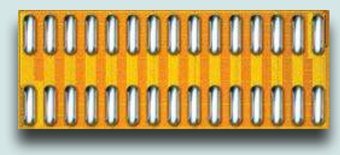
V_{DS} , 80 V
$R_{DS(on)}$, 2.2 mΩ
I_D , 90 A
AEC-Q101



EFFICIENT POWER CONVERSION

RoHS Halogen-Free

Gallium Nitride's exceptionally high electron mobility and low temperature coefficient allows very low $R_{DS(on)}$, while its lateral device structure and majority carrier diode provide exceptionally low Q_G and zero Q_{RR}. The end result is a device that can handle tasks where very high switching frequency, and low on-time are beneficial as well as those where on-state losses dominate.



EPC2206 eGaN® FETs are supplied only in passivated die form with solder bars.
Die Size: 6.05 x 2.3 mm

Applications

- 48 V Automotive Power
- Open Rack Server Architectures
- High Power Density DC-DC Converters
- Isolated Power Supplies
- Class D Audio
- Low Inductance Motor Drive

Benefits

- Ultra High Efficiency
- No Reverse Recovery
- Ultra Low Q_G
- Small Footprint

Maximum Ratings

	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
V_{DS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage (Continuous)	80	V
I_D	Continuous (T_A = 25°C)	90	A
	Pulsed (25°C, T_{PULSE} = 300 µs)	390	
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	6	V
	Gate-to-Source Voltage	-4	
T_J	Operating Temperature	-40 to 150	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature	-40 to 150	

Thermal Characteristics

	PARAMETER	TYP	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	0.4	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Board	1.1	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1)	42	

Note 1: $R_{\theta JA}$ is determined with the device mounted on one square inch of copper pad, single layer 2 oz copper on FR4 board.
See https://epc-co.com/epc/documents/product-training/Appnote_Thermal_Performance_of_eGaN_FETs.pdf for details.

Static Characteristics (T_J = 25°C unless otherwise stated)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	V_{GS} = 0 V, I_D = 500 µA	80			V
I_{DSS}	Drain-Source Leakage	V_{GS} = 0 V, V_{DS} = 80 V		20	200	µA
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	V_{GS} = 6 V, T_J = 25°C		0.02	4	mA
	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage#	V_{GS} = 6 V, T_J = 125°C		0.1	9	mA
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	V_{GS} = -4 V		20	200	µA
$V_{GS(TH)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 13 mA	0.7	1.2	2.5	V
$R_{DS(on)}$	Drain-Source On Resistance	V_{GS} = 5 V, I_D = 29 A		1.8	2.2	mΩ
V_{SD}	Source-Drain Forward Voltage#	I_S = 0.5 A, V_{GS} = 0 V		1.5		V

All measurements were done with substrate connected to source.
Defined by design. Not subject to production test.

Dynamic Characteristics# (T_J = 25°C unless otherwise stated)						
PARAMETER		**TEST CONDITIONS**	**MIN**	**TYP**	**MAX**	**UNIT**
C_{ISS}	Input Capacitance	V_{DS} = 40 V, V_{GS} = 0 V		1610	1940	pF
C_{RSS}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			15		
C_{OSS}	Output Capacitance			1100	1650	
$C_{OSS(ER)}$	Effective Output Capacitance, Energy Related (Note 2)	V_{DS} = 0 to 40 V, V_{GS} = 0 V		1450		
$C_{OSS(TR)}$	Effective Output Capacitance, Time Related (Note 3)			1790		
R_G	Gate Resistance			0.3		Ω
Q_G	Total Gate Charge	V_{DS} = 40 V, V_{GS} = 5 V, I_D = 29 A		15	19	nC
Q_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Charge	V_{DS} = 40 V, I_D = 29 A		4.1		
Q_{GD}	Gate-to-Drain Charge			3		
$Q_{G(TH)}$	Gate Charge at Threshold			2.7		
Q_{OSS}	Output Charge	V_{DS} = 40 V, V_{GS} = 0 V		72	108	
Q_{RR}	Source-Drain Recovery Charge			0		

All measurements were done with substrate connected to source.
Defined by design. Not subject to production test.
Note 2: $C_{OSS(ER)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{OSS} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 50% BV_{DSS}.
Note 3: $C_{OSS(TR)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{OSS} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 50% BV_{DSS}.

Figure 1: Typical Output Characteristics at 25°C

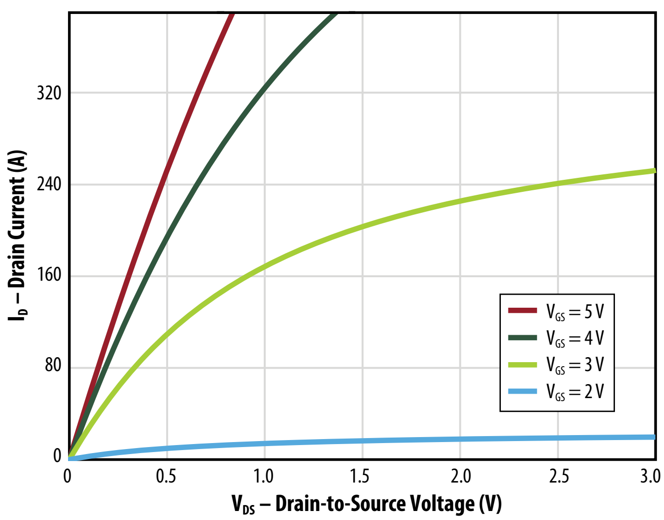


Figure 2: Typical Transfer Characteristics

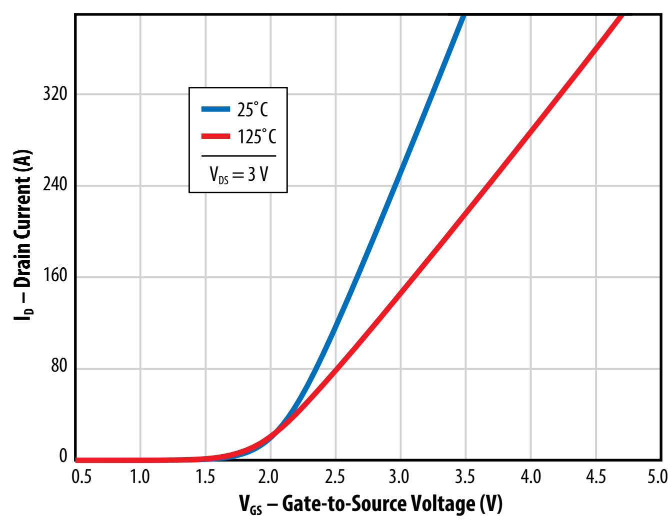


Figure 3: $R_{DS(on)}$ vs. V_{GS} for Various Drain Currents

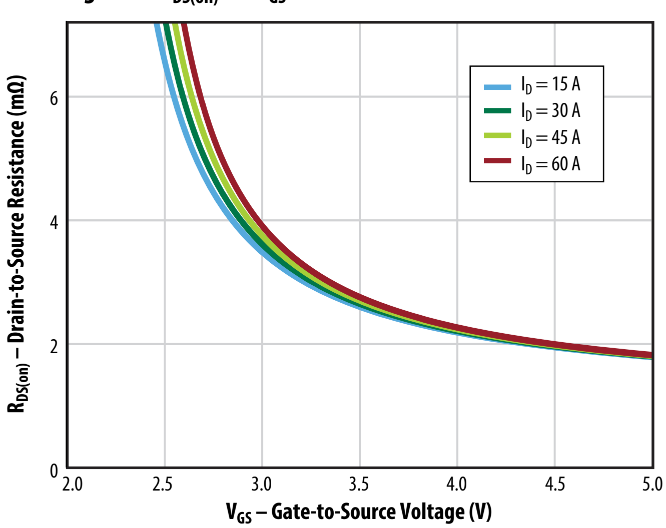


Figure 4: $R_{DS(on)}$ vs. V_{GS} for Various Temperatures

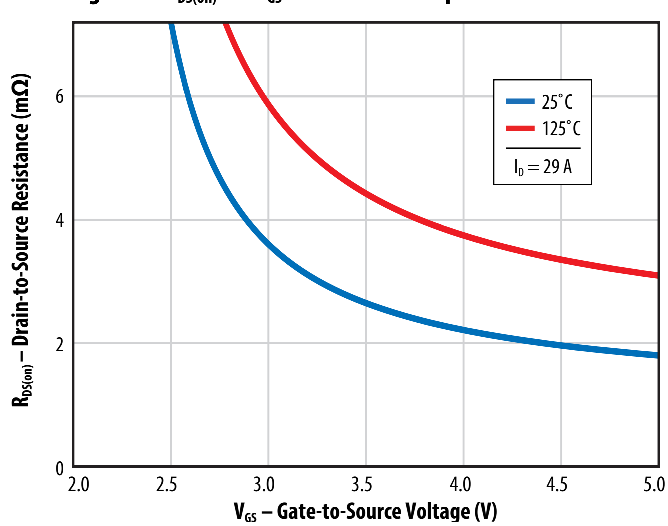


Figure 5a: Typical Capacitance (Linear Scale)

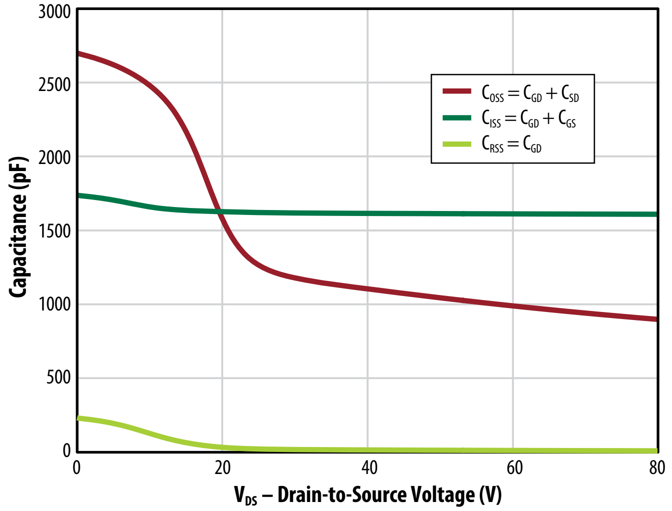


Figure 5b: Typical Capacitance (Log Scale)

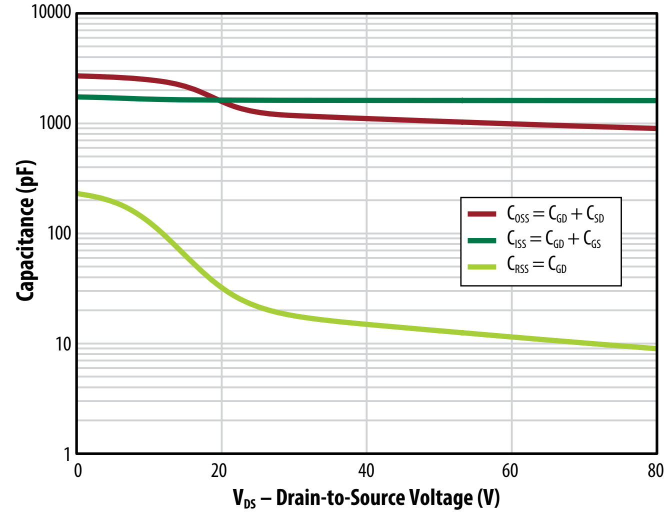


Figure 6: Typical Output Charge and C_{OSS} Stored Energy

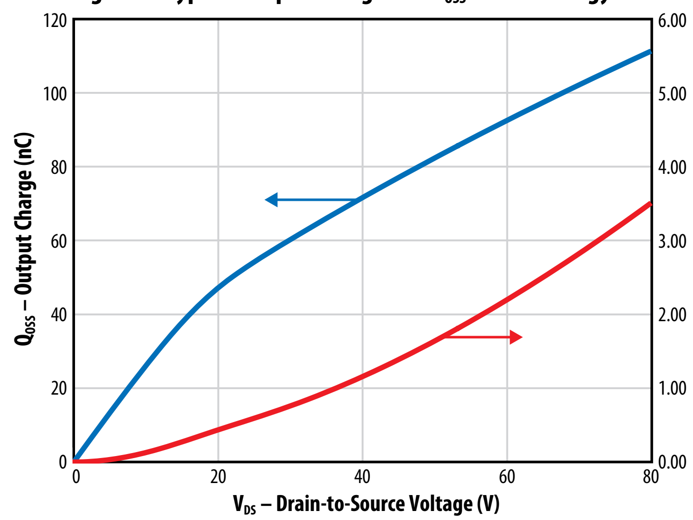


Figure 7: Typical Gate Charge

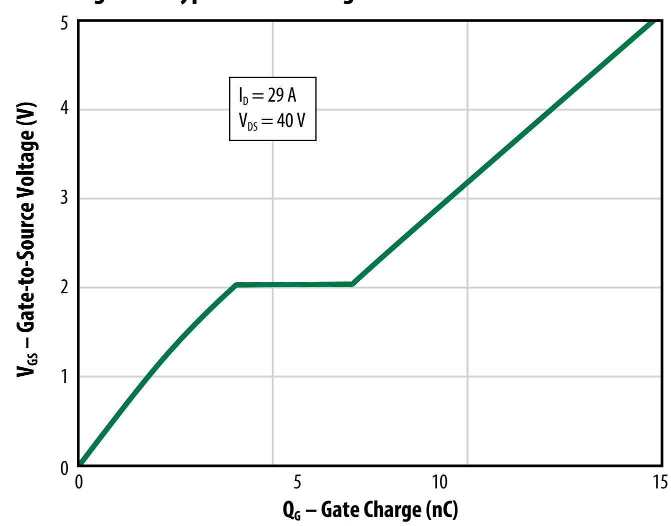
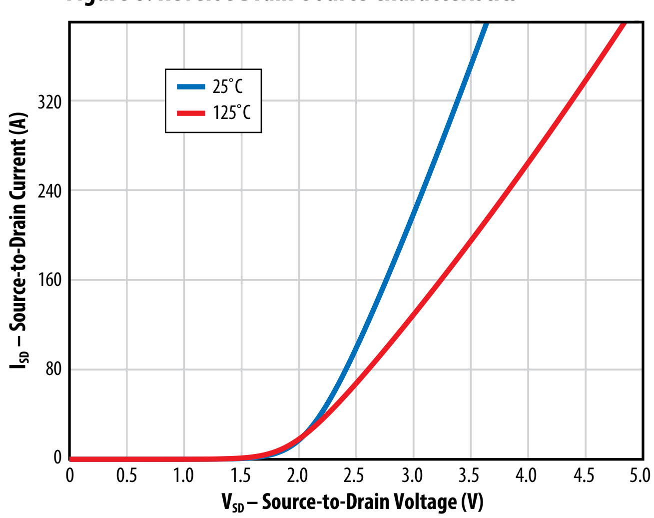


Figure 8: Reverse Drain-Source Characteristics



Note: Negative gate drive voltage increases the reverse drain-source voltage.
EPC recommends 0 V for OFF.

Figure 9: Normalized On-State Resistance vs. Temperature

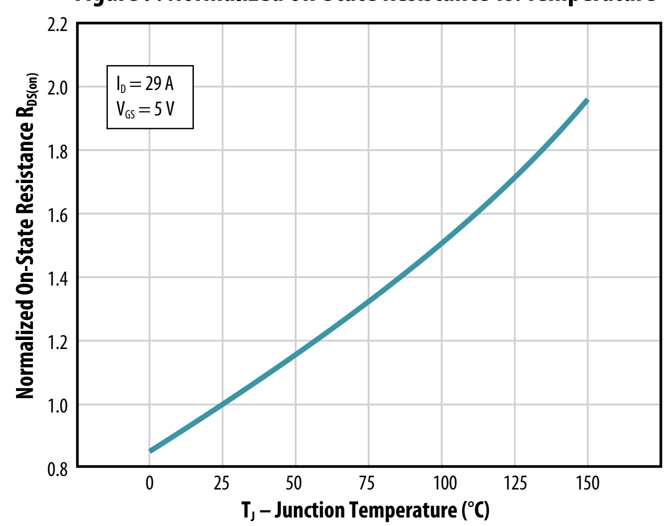


Figure 10: Normalized Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

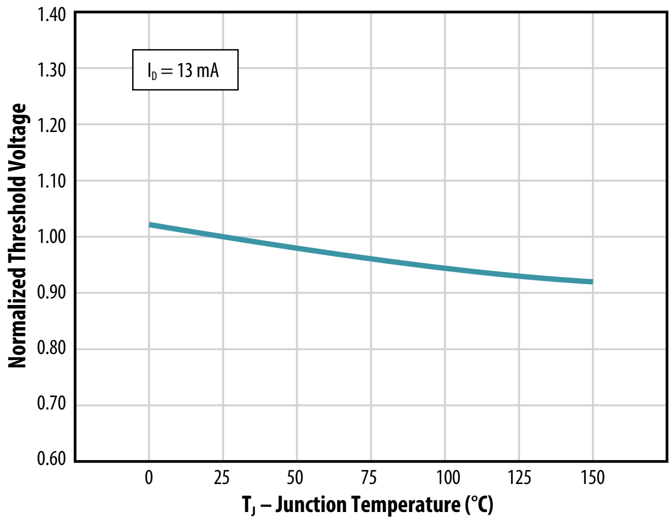
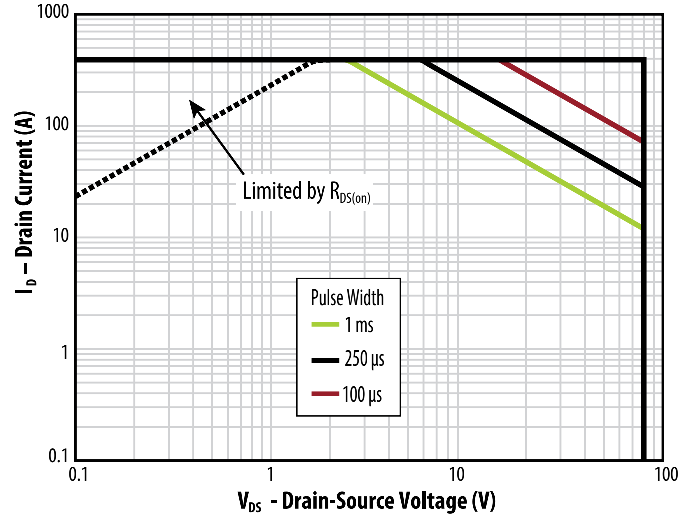


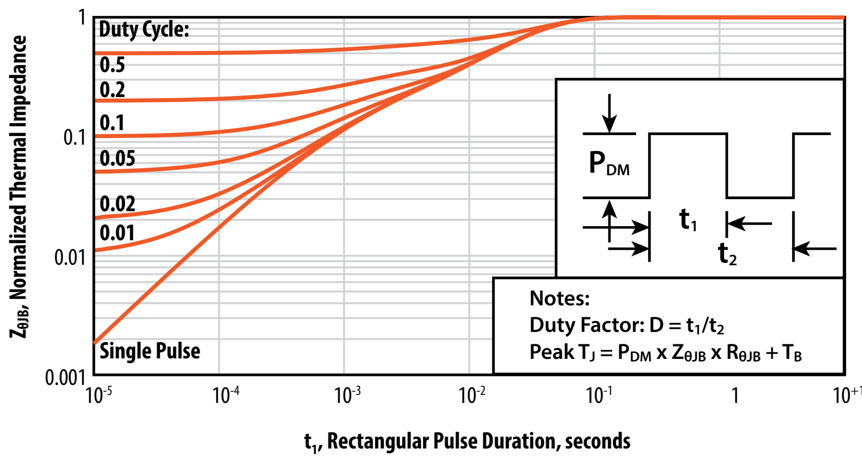
Figure 11: Safe Operating Area



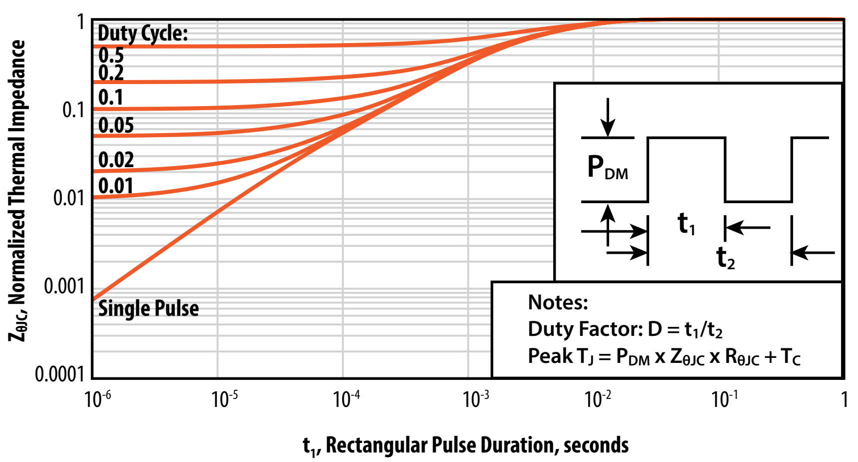
T_J = Max Rated, T_C = +25°C, Single Pulse

Figure 12: Transient Thermal Response Curves

Junction-to-Board

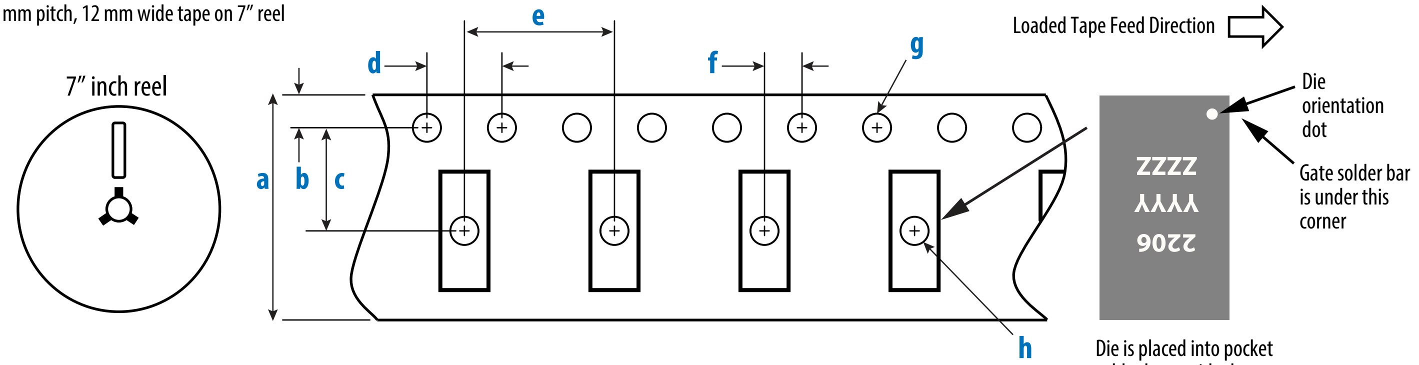


Junction-to-Case



TAPE AND REEL CONFIGURATION

8 mm pitch, 12 mm wide tape on 7" reel

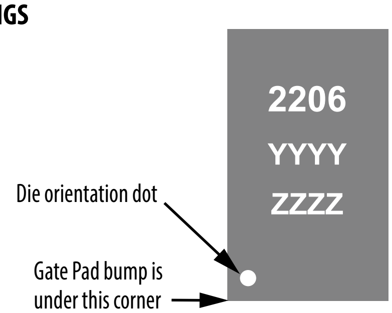


	Dimension (mm)		
EPC2206 (Note 1)	**Target**	**MIN**	**MAX**
a	12.00	11.90	12.30
b	1.75	1.65	1.85
c (Note 2)	5.50	5.45	5.55
d	4.00	3.90	4.10
e	8.00	7.90	8.10
f (Note 2)	2.00	1.95	2.05
g	1.50	1.50	1.60
h	1.50	1.50	1.75

Note 1: MSL 1 (moisture sensitivity level 1) classified according to IPC/JEDEC industry standard.

Note 2: Pocket position is relative to the sprocket hole measured as true position of the pocket, not the pocket hole.

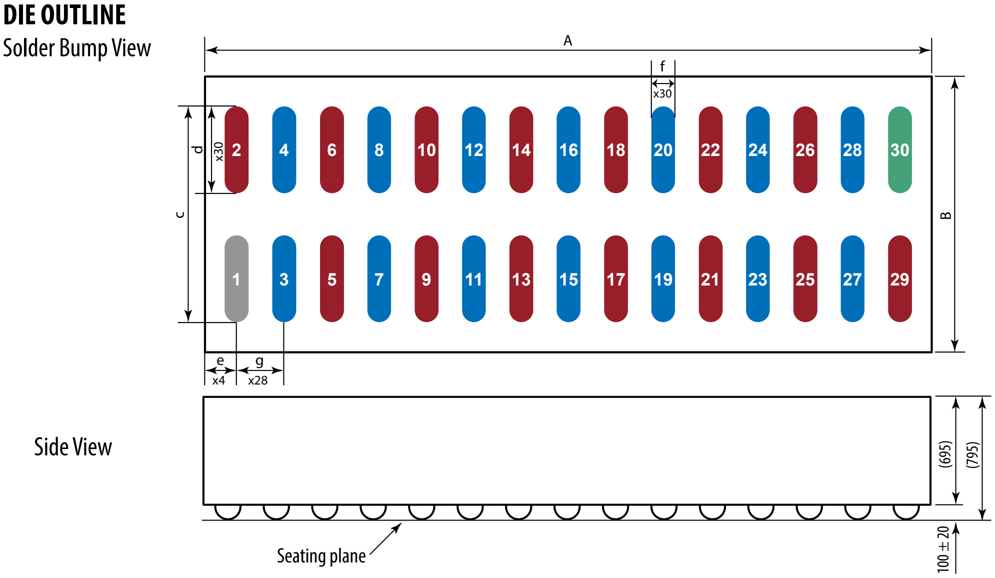
DIE MARKINGS



Part Number	Laser Markings		
	Part # Marking Line 1	**Lot_Date Code Marking Line 2**	**Lot_Date Code Marking Line 3**
EPC2206	2206	YYYY	ZZZZ

DIE OUTLINE

Solder Bump View



DIM	Micrometers		
	MIN	**Nominal**	**MAX**
A	6020	6050	6080
B	2270	2300	2330
c	2047	2050	2053
d	717	720	723
e	210	225	240
f	195	200	205
g	400	400	400

Pad 1 is Gate;

Pads 2 ,5, 6, 9, 10, 13, 14, 17, 18, 21, 22, 25, 26, 29 are Source;

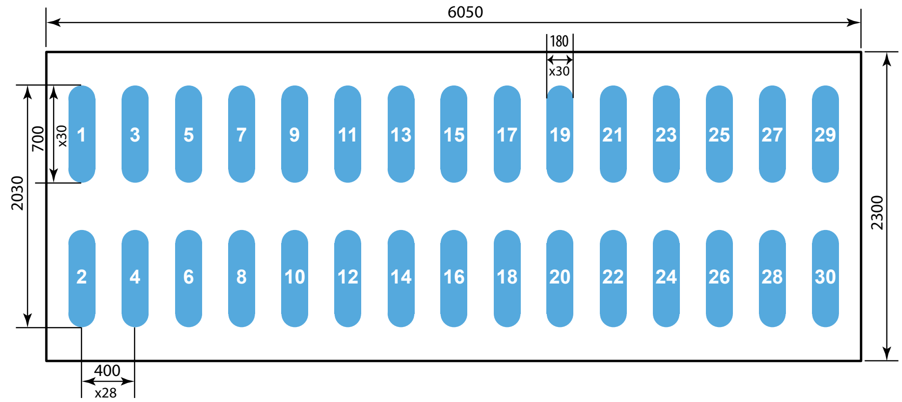
Pads 3, 4, 7, 8, 11, 12, 15, 16, 19, 20, 23, 24, 27, 28 are Drain;

Pad 30 is Substrate.*

*Substrate pin should be connected to Source

RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

(units in µm)



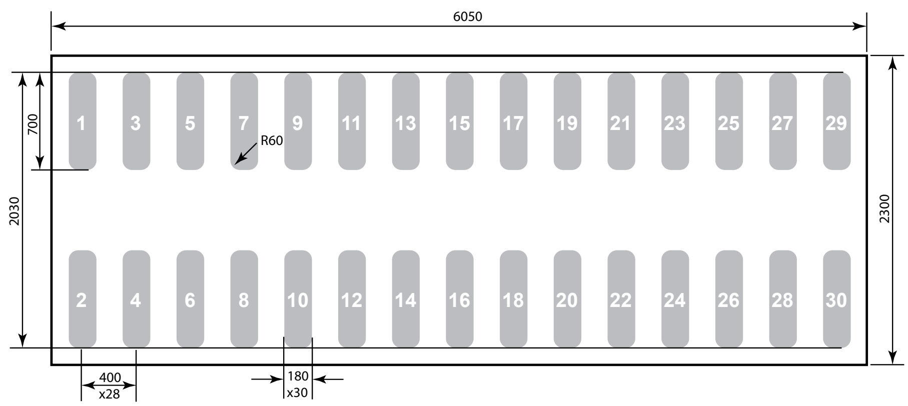
Land pattern is solder mask defined.

Pad 1 is Gate;
Pads 2, 5, 6, 9,10,13,14, 17, 18, 21, 22, 25, 26, 29 are Source;
Pads 3, 4, 7, 8, 11, 12, 15, 16, 19, 20, 23, 24, 27, 28 are Drain;
Pad 30 is Substrate.*

*Substrate pin should be connected to Source

RECOMMENDED STENCIL DRAWING

(units in µm)



Recommended stencil should be 4 mil (100 µm) thick, must be laser cut, openings per drawing.

Intended for use with SAC305 Type 4 solder, reference 88.5% metals content.

Additional assembly resources available at https://epc-co.com/epc/DesignSupport/AssemblyBasics.aspx